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CARPETS AND RUGS.
ILTON VELVETS — Goods
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LTON RUGS—We are posi-
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complete line in this city. The
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Wabash & Adams

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 129. WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1900—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ST. LOUIS CAR LINES TIED UP.

Traction Company's Employes Go Out on Strike and Rioting Quickly Follows.

MOB DEFIES THE POLICE.

Two Men and a Boy Shot and Many Others Are Injured by Clubs and Stones.

EFFORTS FOR PEACE FAIL.

St. Louis, Mo., May 8.—[Special.]—The employés of the St. Louis Transit company today made good their threat to tie up street railway traffic of the city. In doing so they not only paralyzed the business of the company, which operates all the electric and cable roads in the city, with the exception of those owned by the St. Louis and Suburban railway company, on which a strike has been in progress for ten days past, but brought matters to a standstill in half a dozen other lines of business as well.

The strike included everybody—conductors, motormen, wipers, cleaners, shopmen, barnmen, and common laborers. It was the most complete tieup ever seen in St. Louis.

Riotous proceedings began almost immediately. When the company tried to take out cars from the various barns of the system the non-union men who had undertaken the task were immediately surrounded and urged not to make the attempt. If they persisted the cars were surrounded by a howling mob, and, as if by magic, sticks and stones filled the air, forcing the men in charge to desert their posts. During the fusillade windows in the cars were broken, while their sides would be scarred and dented by the missiles.

Some of the Injured.

A partial list of those injured in the various encounters today follows:

Garuth, John, motorman, Bellefontaine line; struck in face with brick.
Gilberth, Hurd, barkeeper; shot in arm and lung by passenger on Suburban car.
Granath, John, driver; hurt in collision.
Kohring, Joseph; shot by Conductor McClellan; not serious.
Bellers, Stephen, conductor Suburban line; eye knocked out.

The following arrests have been reported:

Conductor George H. McClellan, for shooting Joseph Kohring.
Nicholas Doyle, Union line motorman, for rioting.
Willie Rickey, 14 years, charged with throwing stones.
Unknown man, refused to give name.
John Walsh, 13 years, stone-throwing.
Charles Senne, 14 years.
Frank Tule, 18 years, stone-throwing.
Henry Beck.
—— McMahon.
James Kelly.
John C. Creighton.

At 9 o'clock tonight as a Suburban car was crossing Taylor avenue a big crowd gathered. Some one in it pulled the trolley from the wire, and this action so enraged a passenger, at present unknown, that he drew a revolver and fired three shots into the crowd.

Hurd Gilberth, a barkeeper, an onlooker, received one of the bullets in the arm and another in the lung. He was taken to the City Hospital, where his wounds were pronounced mortal.

At first the storm centers were confined to these remote points. By and by a few cars managed to slip away from the crowds around the power-houses and car barns and make their way down-town. Then the theater of activity was transferred to Washington avenue, Locust, and other down-town thoroughfares.

Rioting Down-Town.

The same tactics were resorted to down-town that had proved so effective about the barns. A crowd would surround each car, and while the boys and young men would shout at the motorman and conductor, from further back in the throng would come a volley of stones and brickbats, smashing the windows and frightening the men in charge from their posts.

John Kohring, a 16-year-old boy, who was in a crowd in Park avenue, was shot and seriously wounded by Conductor George McClellan, in charge of a car on the Park avenue division. The boy was removed to the City Hospital and Conductor McClellan was arrested. As the car was passing the corner of Thirteenth and Washington avenue about 10:30 o'clock some one threw a stone. Others quickly followed suit and several windows were broken. This so enraged the conductor that he rushed to the rear platform, drew a revolver, and fired into a crowd of several hundred persons gathered there. Kohring was struck in the right leg, near the thigh.

The most serious personal injuries sustained up to nightfall were received in riots of this character which took place on Washington avenue, from Sixth to Eighth streets. In one of them a boy was shot by a non-union conductor who was trying to push his car through the crowd. In the fracas further down a motorman was seriously injured by a brick thrown by some one in the crowd. A man was shot at Grand and Franklin avenues. Tonight still another man was shot near the crossing of the Suburban tracks and Taylor avenue. The police were powerless in the face of the mob, which was augmented at noon by thousands of clerks from business houses and workmen from factories. Many women also gathered with the crowds.

Rescue a Prisoner.

At Park and Jefferson avenues, where two lines cross, a crowd of strikers gathered at 7:30 a. m. and attempted to stop three cars on the Park avenue division by putting heavy stones on the track. A squad of police arrested Charles Doyle, but the mob attacked the officers and released him. Doyle was finally recaptured and taken to the Park Avenue Police Station, followed by a great crowd.

Ten cars of the same division were blocked at Park avenue and Nebraska street by a crowd of 200 strikers and sympathizers, who pulled down the trolleys and cut the ropes. Several hundred strikers at Mississippi and Park avenues attacked passing cars with sticks and stones. The cars were loaded with men and women, and although several windows were broken nobody was seriously hurt.

Shortly before 9 o'clock the strikers gathered in force at the De Hodiamont station of the Suburban and as fast as cars were started the strikers boarded them and pulled the motormen and conductors off. As a result the cars were stopped. By 10 o'clock traffic on the Suburban line down-town had been virtually suspended.

This afternoon two cars were sent east

(Continued on fourth page.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

ILLINOIS REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Anti-machine men won first fight in convention. J. J. Brown, State committee's candidate for temporary chairman, defeated by C. G. Dawes by 790 to 725. Cook gave 250 votes to Dawes, one more than claimed by Cullom's friends. Dawes' address urged party harmony, in view of national issues.

Hanecy's boom believed to be in collapse because of Lorimer's poor showing in Cook County in vote on temporary organization.

Committee on Credentials seated Cullom delegations from Sangamon and Edgar; gave Tanner men 22½ of the 65 contested seats.

Committee on Credentials was not ready to report in evening and convention adjourned until today.

Committee on Permanent Organization unanimously selected Fifer for permanent chairman.

Platform of Committee on Resolutions indorses Cullom and Tanner and ignores Mason.

Committee to select delegates-at-large agreed on Cannon, Brown, Smyth, Judson.

Tanner machine lost Paul, Snively, and Rannells from State committee.

POLITICS.

Democratic County committee set dates as follows: Primaries, June 22; county convention, June 23; drainage convention, June 28; Senatorial and Congressional conventions, June 30. Several changes made in committeemen.

Vice Presidency is only issue before Sioux Falls Populist convention. Towne is favorite, but delegates differ as to means of nomination. Probably a committee will be appointed to coöperate with Democrats.

Republican leaders will dine with Hanna Thursday and discuss party affairs.

Middle of the Road Populists may nominate Ignatius Donnelly.

DOMESTIC.

Every class of employés of St. Louis street railways struck. Mobs attacked the few cars run and several people were injured. Attempt being made to arrange arbitration.

F. U. Adams' cigar-shaped train went eighteen miles in sixteen minutes on its trial trip on Baltimore and Ohio road.

Porto Rican planters need loans of at least $10,000,000 to put plantations in order.

Forest fires in Wisconsin and Michigan destroyed millions of feet of lumber.

Threatened poverty led to suicide together of an aged Brooklyn couple.

Cuban Department of Posts admits Neeley's shortage is $75,000.

Judges for "Hall of Fame" selected.

Dewey goes to Nashville today.

Princeton won debate with Yale.

ARMY AND NAVY.

Union Veteran union of Peoria petitioned for appointment of General Lloyd Wheaton as Brigadier General in regular army. He is Illinois' only general officer of volunteers.

American garrison of twenty at Barotac attacked by 400 Filipinos and three killed before relieved by reinforcements from the Twenty-sixth Regiment.

General Buffington may be reprimanded for his insinuations against Miles.

Work on battleship Wisconsin is at least two years behind time.

FOREIGN.

Austrian Parliament reopened. Czechs refused to permit reading of government bill regulating language question in Bohemia.

Franz Josef intends to constitutionalize Austrian succession regulations so as to bar Countess Choutek's possible children.

Promoter Hooley said to be head of an English syndicate granted mining concession by Czar.

Severe rain-storms delay completion of Paris fair. Time for installation of exhibits extended.

Elected members of Jamaica's Council will continue fight against Chamberlain's policy.

German colonists in Mexico, Central America, and Brazil said to be loyal to Kaiser.

Vesuvius in eruption. People of neighboring towns sleep in streets ready for flight.

Republican coalition in Paris. Waldeck-Rousseau suspects plot against republic.

Patrie declares Kaiser's coquetry with England is due to fear of America.

Emperor William assumed rank of General Field Marshal in Prussian army.

Lord Curzon reported 5,000,000 persons receiving famine relief in India.

Humbert opens Naples exposition today.

Dreyfus is regaining his health.

BOER-BRITISH WAR.

At official closing of session of 1899 Volksraad Kruger said he had desired peace and would do everything to restore it.

Mayor Van Wyck will welcome Boer Peace Commissioners to New York.

Buller is expected to begin an advance within four days.

Conditions in Mafeking reported improved.

Hunter occupied Fourteen Streams.

LOCAL.

J. W. Ela forced new mental examination of 1,372 policemen who had passed civil service test. Ela refused to permit employés to be discharged except for unfitness and insists that sessions of board shall be open.

Joseph Brychta, postal order clerk at Pullman, accused of raising $4,000 by illegally filling out and cashing blank orders.

Fire destroyed Mrs. William G. Hibbard's collection of Dutch furniture and bric-à-brac.

Professor Farrington of Field Museum said Paris exposition is not as good as Chicago's.

Residents near St. Paul's Episcopal Church complain of mischief done by choir boys.

Assessors will add penalty without sending second notices to property-owners.

Labor leaders hope to secure indictment of contractors on charge of conspiracy.

RELIGIOUS.

Dr. Jennings' accusers expect to present memorial to General Conference asking review of Book committee's methods in investigation of charges. Defeat expected for consolidation of benevolences. Laymen lost fight for equal representation in annual conferences. Date for adjournment of General Conference set for May 29.

Directors of Chicago Theological Seminary found no harm in Dr. Gilbert's teachings and gave him leave of absence with pay for year to complete his exegesis of New Testament.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Lake Street "L" company will apply on Monday to United States Supreme Court to take jurisdiction of Farmers' Loan and Trust company foreclosure case. Intimation of settlement with Zeigler, which latter company retards.

By vote of 762 to 11 Bricklayers' union refused to withdraw from Building Trades council. Gubbins unanimously indorsed.

Rain needed for crops north of Ohio and Missouri Rivers. Further east, south, and west conditions are better.

Dividend of $5,625,300, or 30 per cent, said to have been voted to owners of Alton road's old stock.

Better showing of Nickel-Plate said to be due to discontinuance of rebates.

SPORTING.

Chicago won brilliant ten-inning game with Pittsburg, 2 to 1. St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 7. New York, 13; Boston, 4. Philadelphia, 10; Brooklyn, 3.

Choynski unable to rise for third round against Sharkey.

Mesmerist last in Toboggan handicap.

Kansas City, 8; Chicago, 7

BUFFINGTON IN BAD ODOR

ORDNANCE CHIEF MAY BE REBUKED FOR ATTACK ON MILES.

Commanding General Explains to Secretary Root He Is Not Behind the Plan for a Veterinary Corps—House Orders Secretary Gage to Reveal Secrets of the Manufacture of Oleomargarine—Unusual Delay in Completion of Battleship Wisconsin.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., May 8.

May Rebuke General Buffington.

General Buffington, army chief of ordnance, may be reprimanded for the insinuations he has made publicly against General Miles and the criticism he has visited upon the Senate Committee on Appropriations, before which General Buffington appeared some days ago and opposed General Miles' recommendations for the purchase of thorite and a high explosive shell.

General Buffington to some interviewers today denied he had commented on the controversy between his office and that of General Miles. He expressed surprise that any one should quote him as possessing information which he intended to make public in his annual report. As a matter of fact, yesterday afternoon General Buffington authorized the statement made in these dispatches that he was in possession of important information bearing upon the disappearing gun carriage controversy and other matters which have caused friction between the Ordnance office and the headquarters of the army.

Today, when confronted with the denial, he admitted he authorized the statement of Saturday, and reiterated the implied charges against General Miles and the criticism of the Senate committee. He refused, however, to divulge the nature of the information beyond saying it would acquit his bureau of the charges of ignorance and prejudice. The formal denial given by General Buffington to the representatives of the Associated Press has served to disarm General Miles, who, of course, must accept the repudiation of the original statement as final. With the later reiteration by General Buffington of all he said yesterday it is possible that General Miles will find it necessary to ask for redress, and in any event Secretary Root may deem it in the interest of military discipline to remind General Buffington of the inadvisability of discussing official controversies through the newspapers.

Miles Explains to Secretary Root.

General Miles returned from New York this morning and called on Secretary Root when the latter reached his desk after the Cabinet meeting. He desired to explain his own innocence of the publicity which had attended certain letters relating to the gun carriage controversy. He was able to show Secretary Root he had nothing to do with the publication of official papers. He also straightened out another matter which threatened to widen the breach between the Secretary of War and the General commanding. It has been supposed that General Miles was back of the provision incorporated in the army reorganization bill for a veterinary corps at the head of which should be a Colonel. On the floor of the Senate Mr. Kenny quoted General Miles as being anxious to secure this legislation, to which it was well known Secretary Root was opposed. General Miles assured the Secretary he had nothing to do with the provision and was, in fact, in favor of quite another arrangement, which he had first suggested four years ago, when he recommended the appointment of veterinary surgeons, who should be a part of the Quartermaster's or medical department. The highest grade officer among the surgeons was to be a Second Lieutenant.

"In my judgment Mr. Shively of Indiana would make a good running mate for Mr. Bryan," said Representative Miers of Indiana. "He is a strong man. He comes from the right section of the country, and is an excellent campaigner."

To Reveal Oleomargarine Secrets.

Today the House adopted a resolution calling upon the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish information concerning the kind and amounts of ingredients used in the manufacture of oleomargarine. This is a defeat for the Ways and Means committee and a victory for the Dairymen's association. The majority of the Ways and Means committee was opposed to asking for this information, contending that it had been furnished the government under a promise of secrecy for the protection of those engaged in the manufacture of oleomargarine.

The majority of the committee made an unfavorable report upon the resolution. Representatives Tawney and Dolliver did not agree with the majority of the committee, however, and made a minority report favoring the adoption of the resolution. When it was called up today there was quite a sharp fight on the floor of the House, Representative Dalzell attempting to have the resolution tabled, but was unsuccessful in his effort. The House refused to table the resolution by a vote of 82 to 136. Then the House adopted it and Secretary Gage will now be required to furnish the desired information, and it can then be determined just what ingredients are used in making oleomargarine and whether anything deleterious to health is used.

The dairy interests are elated over their victory, claiming the vote today is a fair test of their strength. They hope to get a report from the Committee on Agriculture on the Grout bill and have it adopted. The prevailing opinion, however, is that nothing will be done with this measure at this session.

Slow Work on the Battleship Wisconsin.

Naval authorities are greatly dissatisfied with the lack of progress made on the Wisconsin, the battleship under construction at the Newport News shipyards. The contract called for the completion of the vessel by June, 1901. The ship is but 2 per cent completed, and it will be at least three years before it is ready for its official trial. Some weeks ago, in anticipation of the delay, the Navy department reminded the contractors of the provisions of their contract and urged them to use their facilities in finishing the ship within a reasonable time. The contract was made on what is known as emergency conditions, and the ship was to be completed six months earlier than such work is ordinarily done. The contractors, however, have had a great deal of other work on hand, and the naval officers say they have neglected the government work, trusting to the leniency of the officials and the liberality of Congress to relieve them from any of the time penalties.

Official and resident society is planning its summer outing. Mrs. Grant, her daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, and Miss Sartoris will spend

(Continued on fourth page.)

PLACE THREE $80,000 ROBBERS

Detectives Say Perpetrators of a Recent Spectacular Paris Theft Are in Chicago.

Two Chicago detectives believe they have located the men who perpetrated an $80,000 robbery which, they say, took place in Paris six weeks ago. They say the crime undoubtedly was committed by well known Chicago thieves.

According to the report received by the local detectives, two thieves, late in March, committed a robbery in Paris so daring as to be almost humorous, taking gold coin amounting in value to $80,000, and weighing approximately 250 pounds, from the seat of a cab. They left no clew by which the Paris detectives could trace them.

Besides asserting that they know the names of three crooks who were implicated in the theft, the detectives state that a Chicago woman now residing in Paris was an important figure in the plot. Her name is withheld.

The three crooks, the detectives say, left Chicago last summer and spent the fall and winter at Monte Carlo and Paris. Through the woman in the case they obtained an entree to many homes of Parisians.

Late in March Paris was startled by the account of a theft of a bag of gold containing $80,000, belonging to the Bank of France. Two men had approached a cabdriver standing beside his horse at the curb. The men gesticulated wildly to the cabby to look at some feigned occurrence in a remote spot. The driver turned in the direction indicated and the thieves snatched from the cab a bag of gold which had been left by a bank clerk. They succeeded in eluding all pursuit and with their booty got safely away.

Three weeks ago, the detectives say, the three crooks arrived in Chicago. Money was immediately seen to be the main possession of the trio. A mortgage on some South Side property owned by the aged mother of one was paid off. Another began buying large quantities of wine. Central Station detectives investigated, and now say their evidence of the men's guilt in the Paris robbery is conclusive. The French police have made no request for the arrest of the crooks.

RIVAL SIGNS CAUSE RIOT CALL.

Dispute Over Yiddish Theater Lease Takes Form of Placards That Draw a Noisy Crowd.

Two patrol wagons, filled with police from the Maxwell Street and Canalport Avenue Stations, answered a riot call that resulted last evening from the long-standing dispute between Ellis Glickman and Joseph Phillipson over a lease to Metropolitan Hall, the Yiddish Theater at Jefferson and O'Brien streets. Rival displays of signs, by which each sought to deride the other, attracted a crowd that became clamorous, and the riot call followed.

Glickman is the manager of Metropolitan Hall, which is between two stores conducted by Phillipson. Marks Nathan owns the hall, and Glickman claims to have his verbal agreement to extend the theater lease to April 15, 1901. Phillipson wants the hall for added store space. He offered more rent and Nathan brought suit to eject Glickman. This suit is now pending.

Phillipson displayed in his store windows in the morning two signs, one of which said, "Watch Us Grow," and the other, "For sale—Opera chairs, benches, and scenery of this hall. This building is going to be remodeled into lofts."

Glickman at once made a display in the window of a saloon in the block of a dozen old hats, one of which was marked, "$2 with a hatpin," old shoes, old clothes, and many signs, among them the following: "We don't sell at one price," "A drink with every sale," "Dishes sold at cost or any old price," "Please don't get mad if our goods don't suit you."

These signs blockaded the sidewalk for several hours, and when the police came Phillipson caused Glickman's arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct.

TEST OF F. U. ADAMS' TRAIN.

Baltimore and Ohio Tries the Cars Designed to Reduce Atmospheric Pressure—Result Is Successful.

Baltimore, Md., May 8.—[Special.]—A strange looking railroad train, designed to reduce the atmospheric pressure to a minimum and thus greatly accelerate the speed of railroad travel, was satisfactorily tested today on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad between this city and Washington Junction.

A locomotive of the ordinary style was used. The train was composed of six cars, all of which and the tender were covered completely with wood and steel screens extending in one piece from the roof to within a few inches of the ground. The steps and platform were inclosed, strong lattice being closely woven over the aperture, while the rear end of the train tapered down to a thin wedge. As it sped over the rails at a speed of over a mile a minute it looked like a huge cigar. The greatest speed attained was eighteen miles in sixteen minutes.

Frederick U. Adams of Chicago, a former newspaper man, is the inventor. Accompanying him on the trial trip were a number of prominent Baltimore and Ohio officials. All were pleased with the test, which showed that the speed of passenger trains can largely be increased by the use of Adams' invention.

On the steepest grades the speed maintained was nearly double that of ordinary trains drawn by the fastest locomotives. Mr. Adams declares his system will enable trains easily to make a speed of a hundred miles an hour.

COMPLAIN OF ST. PAUL'S CHOIR.

Residents Say the Boys Do Much Mischief Evenings After Rehearsals and Ask Police Interference.

Rehearsals of the boys' choir of St. Paul's Church, Fiftieth street and Madison avenue, are likely to be held under the supervision of the police, if the protests of residents of that neighborhood prevail. The choir has the reputation of being one of the best trained in Chicago. The members range in age from 8 to 15. When the boys doff the surplice they make their presence known with a variety of boyish diversions which are the source of complaints to the police. The boys are credited with upsetting garbage barrels, tearing pickets off fences, and occasionally breaking a window.

WANT TO EXTRADITE STINSON.

Canadians Who Lost Money in His Defunct Bank Seeking a Way to Punish Him.

Hamilton, Ont., May 8.—[Special.]—A meeting of the creditors of the defunct Stinson's Bank was held in the Board of Trade Building tonight to discuss matters of interest to depositors. It was decided, if the laws permit, to extradite James Stinson of Chicago, owner of the bank, and try him here on a charge of criminal fraud.

IN DANGER FROM VESUVIUS

VOLCANO AGAIN BECOMES ALARMINGLY ACTIVE.

Towns of Torre del Greco, Portici, and Resina in Peril—Inhabitants Fearful of Remaining Indoors—Guide Station at Pompeii Destroyed—Volumes of Lava Being Cast Out by the Crater—Rumbling and Roar of the Eruption Heard for Miles.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY OSCAR DURANTE.]

ROME, May 8.—Mount Vesuvius is again in eruption, and the disturbance is assuming alarming proportions. The main crater throws out volleys of burning stones, which are rolling down the sides of the mountain and endangering the surrounding towns. The rumbling can be heard for miles away.

The panic-stricken inhabitants of Torre del Greco, Portici, and Resina have abandoned their houses and sleep in the streets, and frightened women kneel about in the open and pray for the eruption to stop.

The lava has destroyed the guide station at Pompeii and the depot of the tourist cable road.

Vesuvius, which by its various eruptions has cost the lives of over 210,000 people, owes its origin to an upheaval in the earth's crust which hurled it up from submarine depths. Throughout its history it has been the seat of turbulence and a constant terror to the changing races that have inhabited its vicinity.

The first great recorded eruption of the volcanic mountain that stands as the most striking object, visible from the Bay of Naples, was that of the year 79 A. D., when the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum were overwhelmed in a night and over 200,000 lives destroyed, including that of the elder Pliny. Since that time the volcano has been intermittently active, with no less than forty-six violent eruptions, and lava from its crater has overflowed and rendered valueless thousands of acres of vineyards and cultivated lands.

Torre del Greco Thrice Wiped Out.

Three times the City of Torre del Greco has been wiped out by the eruptions of the volcano, the first time with a loss of over 4,000 lives. This was on Dec. 17, 1631.

In June, 1794, the top of the mountain fell, forming a crater two miles in circumference, and again Torre del Greco was burned, though its people were warned in time and escaped. The third and last destruction of this city was that of December, 1861.

There was almost constant eruption of the volcano from Nov. 12, 1867, till the end of 1868, and in May, 1872, sixty lives were lost during a violent eruption that lasted several days.

A new crater was formed by the crumbling of the top of the mountain on June 8, 1891, and the next month a Brazilian tourist who was inspecting the new crater fell in and perished.

A memorable eruption of the volcano was that of 1822, when the vapors from the crater rose to a height of 10,000 feet and emitted flashes of lightning and rained showers of hot water, flooding the Villages of San Sebastiano and Massa.

Pompeii's Part in History.

Pompeii, the greatest city destroyed by Vesuvius, was founded in 600 B. C. by the Oscans, and was the seaport at the mouth of the River Sarnus. Later it was occupied by the Tyrrheno-Pelasgians, and these were succeeded by the Samnites, who, in turn, were dispossessed by the Romans in the year 80 B. C. It was then frequented by the aristocracy of Rome, who erected triumphal arches in the city to Caligula and Nero. It became the seat of costly temples erected to the gods of the Romans, and its life was typical of the degenerate social conditions in the capital of the empire till, with earthquake shocks, the people were awakened at night to confront a doom from which there was no escape.

IRELAND AND KERENS CONFER.

Archbishop and Politician Meet in the Great Northern Hotel—Former Denies Any Party Significance.

Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul and R. C. Kerens of St. Louis, Republican National Committeeman from Missouri, were in conference at the Great Northern Hotel yesterday. Archbishop Ireland came in quietly from St. Paul and did not register. He said his meeting with Mr. Kerens was a chance one, and that the purpose of his visit was to look after private matters. The close relations Mr. Kerens is credited with sustaining with the administration gave rise to the rumor the meeting had to do with political affairs.

"JACK THE CLIPPER" AT WORK.

Margaret Sheehan, 12 Years Old, Robbed of One of Her Long Braids—Miscreant Escapes.

"Jack the Clipper" resumed operations in Chicago last night, and as a result Margaret Sheehan, who lives with her parents at Archer avenue and Thirty-ninth street, is minus a braid of hair. Margaret is 12 years of age. She started for a grocery store a block away at 8 o'clock. When she was half way there a man emerged from a thick growth of bushes at the edge of the pavement, threw her to the ground, drew a knife, and cut off one of her long braids. He then released her and made his escape down the street. The Brighton Park police were notified, but no trace of the man was found.

TEST OF SOFT-CAPPED SHELL.

It Goes Through Fourteen Inches of Harveyized Steel at the Indian Head Grounds.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—With one of the soft, metal-capped shells of American manufacture, developed by the Naval Ordnance bureau, a six-inch naval rifle today plugged a clean hole through a plate of harveyized armor fourteen inches thick. This marvelous achievement was witnessed by Assistant Secretary Hackett, for whom the trial was made at Indian Head. The gun was charged with smokeless powder enough to give the shell a velocity of 2,580 feet per second, or 25 per cent above ordinary proof velocity.

HARD WORK TO RAISE MONEY.

Philadelphia Making No Progress in Completing the $100,000 Fund for Its National Convention.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 8.—[Special.]—Despite the appeals of the Mayor and the persistent efforts of the Citizens' Finance committee no progress has been made this week toward the completion of the $100,000 convention fund. Of this amount $94,000 has been raised, and, as was the case last week, the prospect of raising the remaining $6,000 is gloomy.

DENIES PRISONER BRIDE'S YARN

Engineer James Glover Declares Romance Between Himself and Miss Stangland All Imaginary.

Engineer James Glover says it was not love's young dream that was shattered when his housekeeper, Miss Margaret Stangland, married another man. Mr. Glover says that story is the romantic way in which Miss Stangland excuses her own actions which led him to cause her arrest on the ground of obtaining money under false pretenses.

"There wasn't no love affair at all," said Glover. "I did not give any money or presents to the woman on the understanding that she soon was to marry me. I did ask her a year and a half ago to marry me and she refused. After that she was in my home in Grand Crossing as housekeeper and had charge of my two little children. I did not renew my proposal of marriage and the matter never was referred to again by either of us. She left two months ago and my sister came to manage my house. Then my sister was obliged to go away and I sent for Miss Stangland to be housekeeper until I could find somebody else. She came back and borrowed money of me with the understanding that she would either pay it back or have it charged up against the money that would be due her in the future as wages. I advanced her about $38. I knew she was to marry Mr. Jackson and the young man called frequently on his future wife at my house. She assured me, however, that she would not marry and leave my house until she had paid off the money she owed me. She disappeared suddenly without paying the debt. That's all there is to the matter."

Mrs. Jackson could not be found. Her story was that she was engaged to Mr. Glover and bought the trousseau, but married Mr. Jackson instead and went to live at 3842 Elmwood avenue. She says it was through pique at her marrying some one else that Glover had her arrested.

FEAR HARM TO ANNE CULLY.

Police Miss Old Woman Who Has Lodged Nightly at East Chicago Station for Three Years.

Anne Cully, who since May 9, 1897, has been a lodger nightly at the East Chicago Avenue Police Station, has not been seen since Saturday. The police will make an effort to find her today. It is feared she may be ill or dead.

Mrs. Cully spent many days in the Probate Court, waiting, she said, for her estate to be reached. She declared that when she came into her own she would be wealthy, and frequently pointed out costly residences, declaring they would be hers some day.

Although old, she frequently wandered long distances from the station, being seen in Rogers Park on several occasions, but never before did she fail to return to the station at night.

CROWD FALLS WITH SIDEWALK.

Several People Hurt at the Auctioning Off of a House at 3209 Halsted Street.

While an old house at 3209 Halsted street was being auctioned off by the city to make room for a new street, the sidewalk in front of it broke and a score of people fell eight feet into the mud below. Several were hurt, among them being:

Mrs. Anna Everett, 48 years old, 3212 Emerald avenue; ankle sprained.
Mrs. Margaret Lee, 36 years old, 3156 Emerald avenue; ankle sprained.
Mrs. A. Konchissay, 34 years old, 3261 Halsted street; back and hip injured.
Mrs. Helen Zepkie, 3159 Emerald avenue; ankle bruised and hand cut.

MAY HAVE TO PAY $5,000,000.

Veterans of Spanish-American War Want That Amount as Members of New York's Militia.

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—John C. Judge, a lawyer, with an office in the Germania Building, Brooklyn, has been retained by 5,000 militiamen who served in the Spanish-American war to secure for them pay for their services from the State, in addition to the regular pay they received from the federal government. He has brought a test case in the Court of Claims at Albany, which will be argued on May 15. On the basis of $1.25 a day it would take $5,000,000 to settle with all the volunteers.

BULLETIN OF The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:
Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Thursday.
Sun rises at 4:46; sets at 7:06.
Moon sets at 2:03 a. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.
1 St. Louis Car Lines Tied Up.
Buffington May Be Called Down.
Vesuvius Causes Alarm.
Anti-Tanner Forces Win.
2 How Tanner Lost First Fight.
Committees Lost to Tanner.
3 Committee Seats Cullom Men.
Vice President Sioux Falls Issue.
Fire Wrecks Hibbard Dutch Room.
4 General News of New York.
Havana Postal Frauds.
Vote to Stay in Trades Council.
5 Attempt to Bring Up Jennings' Case.
Action on Professor Gilbert's Case.
6 Sharkey Wins in Two Rounds.
Mesmerist Finishes Last.
Crosby Wins L. C. Smith Cup.
7 Chicagos Win in Ten Innings.
Alton Pays 30 Per Cent Dividend.
8 Ela Changes Merit Board Ways.
9 Buller Again in the Field.
Czar and Hooley Partners.
Rain Delays Paris Fair.
To Define Austrian Succession.
Czechs Row in Reichsrath.
Forest Fires in Europe.
London Times' News and Views.
11 Porto Rico Needs a Loan.
Germany and the New World.
13 Weekly Report on Crops.

Pages.		Pages.	
7	Railroads.	13	Insurance.
7	Lake Marine.	16	Literature.
7	Courts.	16	Fontenoy.
10	Commercial.	16	Short Story.
12	Editorial.	16	Amusements.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
AUCKLAND	Moana	
BREMEN	Bremen	
GENOA	K. Wilhelm II.	
GIBRALTAR		Werra.
LIVERPOOL		Ultonia.
LIZARD	Saale	
NEW YORK	Europe	K. W. der Gr'se.
NEW YORK	Ethiopian	
NEW YORK	Southwark	
SAN FRAN'CO	Connemaugh	
SAN FRAN'CO	Czarina	

HARD KNOCKS TO TANNER MACHINE

Dawes Made Temporary Chairman and the Opposition Controls the Committees at Peoria.

HANECY IN A MINORITY.

First Test of Strength Shows Falsity of Claims of the Organization Leaders.

RECESS TILL THIS MORNING.

FOR TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN.

Charles G. Dawes, anti-Tanner-Hanecy candidate 799
John J. Brown, machine candidate 725
Dawes' majority, 74.

FOR PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

Committee's choice (anti-machine) .... Joseph W. Fifer

CONTESTED DELEGATES.

Cullom faction allowed .... 42½ votes
Tanner-Hanecy faction allowed .... 22½ votes

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, May 8.—[Special.]—The beginning of the end of John R. Tanner's control over the Republican party of Illinois, according to those who are fighting the machine, was accomplished today, when Charles Gates Dawes easily defeated John J. Brown for the temporary chairmanship of the State convention.

For the first time in the history of the party in the State the recommendation of the State Central committee for the temporary chairman was not only opposed but was vigorously rejected.

Governor Tanner was present in the conventon hall when the vote was taken, a mourner at his own political funeral. He looked the incarnation of dejection, and he took up his hat and left as soon as the vote had been announced.

Dismay for Tanner Crowd.

The victory of Mr. Dawes for temporary chairman, with the selection of the convention committees and the State Central committee, was as far as the convention went today. But this was far enough to discourage Tannerites and to raise the anti-machine men to a point of exultation.

The convention adjourned until 4 p. m., after the selection of Mr. Dawes, then took a recess until 8 tonight, and then adjourned until 10 tomorrow morning, the reason being the large amount of detail work before the Credentials committee, which, however, at a late hour tonight announced its decision.

By this decision Sangamon is wrested from Tanner's control, as is Edgar, from which the Hitch delegation is seated. The other contests were settled in a spirit of conciliation.

Reduced to votes, it means that the Tanner crowd gets 22½ votes and the opposition 42½ votes of the contested delegates.

Forced to Grant Roll Call.

Early today the Tanner-Hanecy managers, who controlled the State committee, had announced that they would grant a roll call on the proposed motion to substitute the name of Controller Dawes for that of Mr. Brown for the position. They had not reached that conciliatory spirit willingly, but because they feared the effect of a refusal. Moreover, they had made the claim of possessing a majority of the convention so often that their followers had reached the point of believing the statement, and even the leaders thought that on a roll call they might be able to make their boasts good.

They could not consistently refuse the roll call and at the same time keep up their cry of from 850 to 900 delegates. So they took what proved to be the fatal risk, and went out to make battle. The roll call which overthrew them was carried on amid a scene of excitement rarely witnessed on any convention floor.

Showing of Hands.

The result of the contest meant a great deal more than the mere naming of a temporary chairman. It meant a showing of hands, a demonstration of the truth or falsity of the claims the Tanner-Hanecy crowd had been making of its strength, not only in Cook but in the other counties of the State.

It meant that if the Tanner machine was beaten it could not hope to organize the convention, and, further, would be sure to lose votes on every successive ballot. The average machine politician is not fond of sticking to a losing cause.

On the other hand, it was clear that if the unexpected should happen and the Tanner people win the first contest of the convention, then the day would be theirs. Instead of losing votes on subsequent ballots they would gain them. It would be a band wagon procession from that time on, and the only thing for the winners to do would be to select the names they wanted to put on the ticket.

Accordingly the Tanner people put all their eggs into one basket and accepted the roll call. Tonight these eggs are all broken and the basket itself is a wreck.

Dawes beat Brown by 74 votes, the roll call being Dawes, 799; Brown, 725. On this roll call the Tanner votes in the contested counties were allowed by Chairman Rannells of the State committee to participate, and forty-six of the fifty-six of these votes were cast for Brown. Edgar County, with ten votes, did not vote.

Analysis of the Vote.

The vote for Dawes for temporary chairman showed a practical combination of the Carter-Reeves-Yates forces. Of 157 delegates instructed for Yates 132 voted for Dawes and 25 for Brown. Adams County, which instructed for Yates, gave 16 of its 22 votes for the Tanner-Hanecy candidate. Cass, another of the instructed Yates counties, divided its delegation, giving Brown 3 and Dawes 2. The Brown men got 1 of the Yates votes in Greene, 2 in Morgan, and 3 in Montgomery. All the other Yates votes went to Dawes.

Of the 160 delegates pledged to Reeves all but 13 voted for Dawes. In Winnebago County the convention instructed the 21 delegates to vote as a unit and also for Reeves. By calling for a poll of the delegation this morning the Tanner men succeeded in voting 8 of the instructed Reeves delegates from there for the Tanner candidate. In addition to these the Hanecy men succeeded in capturing one of the Reeves delegates in Car-

roll County and 4 of those in Christian County.

Vote of Uninstructed Ones.

Of the uninstructed delegates outside of Cook County 297 voted for Brown and 271 for Dawes. The Tanner machine captured 11 of the delegation in Champaign County and 10 of the 11 in Coles County. It was evident that both Williamson's friends in Knox and Aspinwall's in Stephenson were trying to curry favor with the Tanner men. Eighteen of the 19 votes in Knox County were cast for Brown and the other man did not vote at all. Stephenson County gave its 12 votes also to Brown. Peoria gave Cullom a long way the best of it, casting 19 of its 26 votes for Dawes. Perhaps the vote which occasioned the most surprise was that of Lawrence County. It has but 5 votes and these were instructed for Hanecy. On the roll call these votes were cast for Dawes for temporary chairman.

Of the 56 contested votes in the convention 10—those from Edgar—did not vote. The other 46 were cast solidly for Brown

Shown by the Roll Call.

The roll call by counties and Chicago wards was:

County.	Brown.	Dawes.
Adams	16	5
Alexander	7	..
Bond	5	..
Boone	8	..
Brown	..	3
Bureau	..	14
Calhoun	..	2
Carroll	1	7
Cass	3	2
Champaign	11	6
Christian	4	6
Clark	..	7
Clay	5	..
Clinton	5	..
Coles	10	1
Cook—First Ward	10	..
Second Ward	7	7
Third Ward	15	..
Fourth Ward	13	4
Fifth Ward	11	..
Sixth Ward	11	..
Seventh Ward	10	..
Eighth Ward	8	..
Ninth Ward	11	..
Tenth Ward	20	..
Eleventh Ward	15	..
Twelfth Ward	18	11
Thirteenth Ward	..	17
Fourteenth Ward	..	20
Fifteenth Ward	..	20
Sixteenth Ward	..	14
Seventeenth Ward	7	..
Eighteenth Ward	9	..
Nineteenth Ward	11	..
Twentieth Ward	2	7
Twenty-first Ward	4	7
Twenty-second Ward	1	10
Twenty-third Ward	10	..
Twenty-fourth Ward	..	14
Twenty-fifth Ward (two not voting)	1	18
Twenty-sixth Ward	2	15
Twenty-seventh Ward	2	7
Twenty-eighth Ward	7	1
Twenty-ninth Ward	8	..
Thirtieth Ward	18	8
Thirty-first Ward	7	12
Thirty-second Ward	18	11
Thirty-third Ward	13	..
Thirty-fourth Ward	9	19
First Com. Dist.	8	1
Second Com. Dist.	7	..
Third Com. Dist.	5	3
Fourth Com. Dist.	11	9
Fifth Com. Dist.	6	..
Sixth (Evanston)	..	8
Crawford	5	..
Cumberland	..	5
De Kalb	..	14
De Witt	..	6
Douglas	7	..
Du Page	..	10
Edgar (not voting)	..	..
Edwards	4	..
Effingham	2	8
Fayette	7	..
Ford	..	7
Franklin	..	5
Fulton	12	3
Gallatin	3	1
Greene	1	5
Grundy	4	4
Hamilton	4	..
Hancock	..	11
Hardin	1	1
Henderson	..	4
Henry	6	9
Iroquois	..	13
Jackson	10	..
Jasper	..	5
Jefferson	7	..
Jersey	..	4
Jo Daviess	4	5
Johnson	1	4
Kane	12	23
Kankakee	15	5
Kendall	..	5
Knox (one not voting)	18	..
Lake	3	10
La Salle	..	29
Lawrence	..	5
Lee	..	12
Livingston	..	14
Logan	..	9
Macon	..	16
Macoupin	..	12
Madison	15	4
Marion	..	7
Marshall	..	6
Mason	..	5
Massac	3	2
McDonough	10	..
McHenry	13	..
McLean	..	25
Menard	..	4
Mercer	8	..
Monroe	2	2
Montgomery	3	6
Morgan	2	9
Moultrie	..	4
Ogle	..	13
Peoria	7	19
Perry	6	..
Piatt	..	6
Pike	..	8
Pope	3	2
Pulaski	5	..
Putnam	..	2
Randolph	8	..
Richland	..	4
Rock Island	10	8
Saline	4	3
Sangamon	22	..
Schuyler	..	5
Scott	..	3
Shelby	4	4
Stark	..	4
St. Clair	2	20
Stephenson	12	..
Tazewell	1	8
Union	5	..
Vermilion	22	..
Wabash	3	..
Warren	3	5
Washington	..	6
Wayne	6	1
White	..	7
Whiteside	..	14
Will	23	..
Williamson	..	8
Winnebago	8	13
Woodford	..	6
Totals	725	799

Not voting—13.

As to the Candidates.

Little talk is heard as to the different candidates for the Governorship. The conditions in this particular are not materially changed except in reference to one man. The friends and foes of Judge Hanecy are almost a unit on the proposition that Hanecy's boom is in collapse. The countrymen now know they have been deluded as to Hanecy's strength in Cook.

Instead of bringing Cook County united to this convention, as was promised at the love feast, Judge Hanecy at his best could only control 316 of its votes.

The question now seems to be where will the Tanner men and the Lorimer faction in Cook County go when it is apparent on a roll call that Hanecy is no longer a factor in this contest.

Judge Yates expects to be the residuary legatee to some extent.

The Hanecy people are in a quandary. They do not know what to do or where to turn. The counties in Egypt where Tanner was strong by reason of his patronage are almost ready to fly to cover. They want to go to Reeves, but Tanner hates Reeves. They would go to Yates, but they will exact from him a mortgage on almost all the offices the Governor has at his disposal as the price of their allegiance.

Yates delegates, with the exception of nine from Adams, were elected on an anti-Tanner basis, and this makes it seem improbable they can be cajoled by the Hanecy people.

Judge Yates says he is confident of success, and so say Judge Carter and Congressman Reeves. The Hanecy people make a show of expectancy, but they are half-hearted about it and their protestations of ability to win are feeble in comparison with the claims they made up to the time the roll call came between Brown and Dawes.

Lorimer After Patronage.

Lorimer undoubtedly will attempt to throw the Hanecy forces over to somebody who will promise to recognize "Tommie" Jamieson & Co. in Cook and the Tanner officeholders out in the State.

It is noticeable, too, that there is no ill-feeling between the friends of Yates, Carter, and Reeves. With few exceptions the followers of these three candidates lined up as against John J. Brown.

It is believed now that unless the Hanecy people are able to combine on some formidable candidate Yates, Carter, and Reeves will make the contest in a friendly but none the less spirited way. Who the Hanecy men will "spring" is a matter of conjecture.

Reeves Crowd Jubilant.

At midnight the Reeves people were in high feather. They had heard stories that the Hanecy people were attempting to go over to Yates, with a view of punishing Mr. Reeves. They sent men out to investigate the truth of this statement and claimed to have assurances that some of Hanecy's strongest followers in Cook would not be traded off and that the same conditions obtained in various parts of the State.

Among the evidences of dissolution of the Tanner machine is the fact that many of the friends both in and out of the convention of the Tanner-Hanecy combine from counties other than Cook are looking wistfully into the headquarters of other leading candidates for Governor.

It has been a matter of common notoriety [illegible] that Northcott, Rose, McCullough, and Akin were in perfect accord with Tanner and Hanecy. It has been charged again and again that every man who gets his pay out of the State Treasury, the judiciary alone excepted, is a Hanecy man.

Of late this charge has been denied by the friends of the incumbents of the State offices. The roll call as between Brown and Dawes proved the truth of the charge. Akin threw his vote for Brown, McCullough and Rose did the best they could in that direction.

The result of the vote in the counties controlled by these men shows the plain fact, but before the figures could be given out Northcott rushed over to Senator Cullom and assured him that he had been Cullom's friend all the time. He forgets the conference of his friends held at the Planters' Hotel in St. Louis two weeks ago, where an anti-Cullom man, Travous, was selected for the Committee on Credentials from the Eighteenth District, and the sentiment of the delegates present was anti-Cullom.

Minor Office Outlook.

If Hanecy should win, all these men would be renominated, but tonight there is a current in the tide of events. Men in control here who have no love for Tanner or Hanecy think it time they had a new order of things, and they purpose, if they can, to remove the barnacles from the hull of the Republican party.

Northcott has few votes, and the talk is now that Senator Chapman of Jerseyville would make an acceptable candidate for Lieutenant Governor.

Willoughby of St. Clair will likely be nominated for Secretary of State.

"Tom" Lawler of Rockford is spoken of for State Auditor. But Lawler says he is a soldier with two arms, and he will not be a candidate for any office against McCullough, because McCullough is a one-armed soldier. McCullough, it is said, has been uninterruptedly in office since 1886.

Moses Williamson of Knox County is a candidate for State Treasurer. He let some of his counties get away from him on the Brown-Dawes roll-call, and his chances for nomination were thereby impaired.

It is within the possibilities, too, that the nomination for State Treasurer may go to Fred Busse of Cook. Busse was heartily cheered when he walked in on the floor of the convention today.

The fight for Attorney General is now between Berry and Hamlin. Berry voted his county (Hancock) for Dawes, but there is against him his open and avowed championship of John R. Tanner in and out of season. Hamlin is looming up, and there is some talk tonight about him as a prospective candidate for the Governorship. No reference has been made anywhere today of William E. Mason, junior United States Senator from Illinois. His picture, as big as the side of a barn, hangs on the inside of the convention hall in close proximity to that of ex-Governor Hamilton.

Simon Stands by Carter.

Congressman Lorimer made another attempt tonight to draw Recorder Simon away from the support of Judge Carter, but failed utterly. Simon received what in diplomacy might be called an ultimatum. He was told that if he persisted in standing by Judge Carter he could not be renominated for Recorder, while if he joined the Hanecy ranks he could have the nomination.

Mr. Simon called his friends from Lake View together, told them of the communication, and said that as far as he was concerned he intended to stay where he was and would stick by Judge Carter to the end.

He also added that in his opinion after today's ballot it was a poor time to get into the Hanecy column. His friends on the delegation from Lake View told him they would stay with him, and the "incident" was closed.

In the meanwhile today's results here have materially changed the outlook for the Cook County convention on Saturday. Both Pease and Hertz are now confident they will go back to Chicago with Judge Hanecy beaten for the nomination, and under these conditions there are prospects for a different result in the county convention of Saturday than was expected on the adjournment of that body.

DRAFT OF PLATFORM MADE.

Senator Cullom "Indorsed," and on This Plank a Fight May Develop.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—Congressman A. J. Hopkins of Aurora late tonight completed the draft of the platform to be presented to the Committee on Resolutions at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. It was approved by the Subcommittee on Resolutions and is expected to be adopted virtually in its present form by the general body.

It is possible, however, there may be an attempt made to change the form of resolution referring to Senator Cullom. The Committee on Resolutions organized after the convention by electing Congressman Hopkins chairman and appointing a subcommittee composed of Mr. Hopkins and Martin B. Madden and R. W. Patterson of Chicago to make the draft of the platform.

This draft as now completed indorses the administration of Governor Tanner as "wise and business-like" and strongly commends the course of Senator Cullom in the United States Senate. It does not, however, instruct for his reëlection.

There are two chances for fights on this Cullom resolution in the committee tomorrow. Some of the Senator's friends may strive to make it stronger by inserting the word "instruct" for that of "indorse," while some of Governor Tanner's friends may object to any indorsement whatever.

It is not believed, however, that as long as the resolution remains in its present form the Tanner people will oppose it, as they have an offset in the indorsement of the Governor's administration.

The draft furthermore warmly commends the administration of President McKinley and indorses all its acts. The four Delegates-at-Large are also instructed to vote for the renomination of Mr. McKinley.

On the question of trusts the draft condemns all combinations of capital for unlawful purposes and recommends the passage of such laws as will stop all such unlawful combinations.

The full Committee on Resolutions is as follows:

First District—M. B. Madden.
Second—Daniel Munn.
Third—George A. Gibbs.
Fourth—W. H. R. Curran.
Fifth—Not represented.
Sixth—R. W. Patterson.
Seventh—H. H. C. Miller.
Eighth—A. J. Hopkins.
Ninth—Alfred Taggart.
Tenth—George Murray.
Eleventh—Homer J. Clark.
Twelfth—Martin Bailey.
Thirteenth—F. M. Wright.
Fourteenth—E. M. Wayne.
Fifteenth—George C. Rankin.
Sixteenth—W. K. Mertz.
Seventeenth—J. T. Foster.
Eighteenth—John J. Brenholt.
Nineteenth—Thomas J. Golden.
Twentieth (contested)—Carl Roeder (Tanner), T. J. Mooneyhan (Cullom).
Twenty-first—Henry H. Hosmer.
Twenty-second—D. G. Thompson.

COMMITTEE FIXES ON FIFER.

Former Governor Unanimously Selected to Be Permanent Chairman of the Convention.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The Committee on Permanent Organization by a unanimous vote tonight selected ex-Governor Joseph W. Fifer for permanent chairman of the convention. No name but that of Governor Fifer was mentioned in this connection.

Charles Peters of Cook was chosen for secretary of the convention, with David E. Shanahan, also of Cook, John Gibbons of Moultrie, and half a dozen others as assistants.

The committee which took this action was made up as follows:

First District—D. H. Kochersperger.
Second—Thomas Boyer.
Third—Frank Cloidt.
Fourth—F. M. Blount.
Fifth—Not determined.
Sixth—J. F. Going.
Seventh—Miles T. Laney.
Eighth—M. J. Walsh.
Ninth—William Ripon.
Tenth—William Parker.
Eleventh—H. Kerrick.
Twelfth—L. G. Dutt.
Thirteenth—George J. Ingham.
Fourteenth—M. C. King.
Fifteenth—H. G. Vandventer.
Sixteenth—Henry Smith.
Seventeenth—Thomas Reep.
Eighteenth—W. G. Cochran.
Nineteenth—S. F. Wilson.
Twentieth—Contested. Rudolph Smith (Tanner), J. W. Dowling (Cullom).
Twenty-first—Henry H. Hosmer.
Twenty-second—D. G. Thompson.

TANNER'S FIRST SETBACK

STORY OF THE ROLL CALL THAT DEFEATED HIS CANDIDATE.

First Serious Reverse to the Machine Comes When It Develops That the Hanecy Claims in Cook County Are Exaggerated—Vain Hope in Delay After the Vote Is Cast—Several Surprises Shown by the Balloting—Eclipse of Van Cleave.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The convention should have got together at 10 o'clock this morning, but of course it did not. Conventions never do meet in time as advertised. Even Sergeant-at-Arms Turner and his assistants were late, and both delegates and spectators who reached the auditorium at the hour set found closed doors, and had to wait awhile until they were opened.

The crowd rushed in and quickly filled every inch of available space. The air inside was close, so the people nearest the windows promptly broke out all the glass. A policeman tried to stop the first exponent of this new method of ventilating a building, but while he was arguing with him the crashing of glass was going on at all three sides of the hall in which windows were placed, and the officers gave the matter up as a bad job, themselves glad, perhaps, of the change in the atmosphere.

The first arrival to attract attention was former Governor Joseph W. Fifer. When he appeared back of the platform erected for the presiding officer he was heartily greeted, as was Congressman Reeves, who came in soon afterward. There were also cheers for Congressman Lorimer, confined, however, to the Cook County delegates, and Judge Hanecy was also well received.

The man, however, who provoked the most applause was Fred Busse of Chicago. Not only did his own townsmen cheer him, but delegates in the rear of the hall from far away southern counties followed their example.

Tanner Comes by Rear Door.

Governor Tanner came in quietly through a rear door, and was hardly recognized until after he had taken a seat directly back of the position that Chairman Rannells of the State Central committee was to occupy during the troublesome times of the morning session. It may not have been the Governor's intention to plant himself where he could see that Rannells did as he was told, but it looked that way.

Finally in came James Reuben Bailey Van Cleave with a bundle of roll calls under one arm and a list of contested delegates under the other, and when he had stationed himself behind the secretary's desk with Dave Revell of Chicago as his assistant the convention was ready for business.

Everybody knew what was coming, and the only thing uncertain was the result. Perhaps the most important fight of the whole convention was to ensue then and there, and when Chairman Rannells stepped forward the second time the big auditorium, with thousands of people jammed into it, was almost depressingly quiet.

Mr. Rannells said he was instructed by the State committee to name John J. Brown of Fayette County as the temporary chairman. Sol H. Bethea of Dixon was on a chair in a moment yelling to attract Mr. Rannells' attention. During the morning Rannells had agreed not only to allow the nomination of a candidate for temporary chairman other than the one put forward by the State committee, but also that there should be a roll call on the nominations.

Dawes Named by Bethea.

So he recognized Mr. Bethea, who, without any fuss or feathers, named Charles G. Dawes as an opposition candidate to Brown for the position in question. On this he asked that the roll be called by counties. Secretary Van Cleave cleared his throat and began calling the roll, while the convention was orderly enough.

Adams started off with only five votes for Dawes, showing that while the delegation was instructed for Yates, yet it was loaded down with Tanner followers. "Dan" Hogan delivered Alexander to Brown, and Brown got quite a start until Bureau County was reached. Bureau went into the Dawes column.

Champaign, which is in Congressman Cannon's district, gave Dawes six votes out of seventeen, more than were expected, but there was nothing remarkable with the roll call until Cook County was reached. Then everybody held his breath and waited to see how much of the truth there was in the Lorimer claim that 400 and odd votes from Cook were to be counted in the Hanecy column.

The First Ward, of course, was for Brown and the Second caused some surprise by giving Dawes seven of its fourteen votes, when the Carter people had been claiming only four votes in the ward. The rest of the wards voted exactly as it was shown they would by the figures given in The Tribune the morning after the primaries, until the Thirtieth was reached. The Thirtieth's eight votes broke away from Deneen and voted for Dawes. When the country districts of Cook County were reached they split up twenty-one for Dawes and thirty-seven for Brown, the Thirty-fifth Ward being included in the Cicero vote.

The total of the Cook County vote was 244 for Dawes and 316 for Brown, practically the figures which have been claimed by the Carter people all along.

Setback for Hanecy.

It was a great setback to the Hanecy campaign, as it demonstrated that the claims made here by Lorimer and his followers in regard to the vote in Cook were all wrong. It was argued that if the claims of Tanner as to the counties outside of Cook were no nearer right than those of Lorimer for Cook the Governor was beaten, and for the first time since the roll was started the anti-Tanner people felt really confident of winning.

Then came some surprises. Cumberland voted five for Dawes, and De Kalb threw in fourteen. Du Page added ten, and then Edgar County was called.

Edgar was the first of the contested counties reached, and Mr. Bethea at once objected to its being counted. He claimed that the counties in which contests existed should stand aside while the uncontested counties settled the controversy.

Rannells replied that the State committee had authorized the committeemen from the districts in which the contested counties existed to distribute the tickets and badges to the delegates whom they considered entitled to seats, and that they would be allowed to vote on the first roll call.

This meant fifty-three votes for the Tanner proposition, and Bethea objected strongly, finally taking an appeal from the decision of the chair and demanding a roll call on the appeal. Rannells refused to entertain the appeal, and then Secretary Van Cleave promptly called Edgar County again. Then came another surprise. One of the Edgar County delegates stood on his chair in the rear of the hall and cast the ten votes of that county for Dawes. Hardly anything would have caused more surprise. Van Cleave took on the hue of a ghost, and simply stopped calling the roll. He did not even answer back the announced result of the vote.

Tanner's Son on Skirmish.

Governor Tanner sent his son, Colonel Mack, on a run up the aisle to find out what was the matter with Edgar County, and every anti-Tanner delegate in the convention stood up and yelled: "Call the roll."

Henry Hertz demanded that the roll call proceed and recalled to the chairman's attention his ruling of a few moments before. Rannells at first told Van Cleave to go on, and he called Edwards County, but before he could get an answer Rannells, perhaps at the suggestion of the Governor, reversed himself and explained that, while it was true that during a roll call nothing else could be done, there was an exception in the case of verifying the results where the vote of a county had been challenged.

"But this county has not been challenged," yelled a hundred voices at once, while Hertz made the point of order that even if it had been it was too late to recognize it, as the secretary had already called the next county. But Van Cleave simply would not put those ten votes in the Dawes column.

At this time Committeeman Barnes of the Nineteenth District, in which Edgar County is situated, got up and said:

"I have the tickets and badges to the delegates whom I consider entitled to seats, but at the same time I recognize that if I should make an arbitrary ruling in the case of Edgar County it would result in destroying party harmony in the district, and so, in fairness and for the good of the party, it has been agreed that Edgar County shall not vote until the claims of the contesting delegates are settled by the Committee on Credentials."

This statement was cheered, and by common consent Edgar County was passed, but the Governor and his friends looked on Committeeman Barnes with anything but friendly eyes, evidently regarding him as a man failing in the ability to do away with all conscientious scruples when the good of the State machine demanded.

Dawes Gains on Poll.

Then the roll call jogged along until Fulton County was reached, and its vote was fifteen for Brown. Lucien Gray of Lewiston challenged this announcement at once.

"I voted for Dawes," said he.

The Tanner crowd tried to howl him down, but Lucien Gray is not that kind of a man. He has more than a local reputation as a convention fighter, and not only knows his rights, but, knowing, dares maintain them. Van Cleave then tried new tactics.

"Do you want your vote recorded for Dawes?" asked he. "No," said Gray, "I want the Fulton County delegation polled," and he kept on insisting until he had it polled, with the result of twelve votes for Brown and three for Dawes. Then Gray sat down, satisfied.

Hancock County surprised everybody by casting eleven solid votes for Dawes. Hancock is the home county of Orville F. Berry, who wants to be Attorney General. Attorney General Akin, who wants the same office again, managed to land his county with the minority.

Iroquois County, in Congressman Cannon's district, gave thirteen solid votes for Dawes, and then Kane, Congressman Hopkins' home, gave Dawes twenty-three out of thirty-five.

The vote of Kankakee was anonunced as sixteen for Brown and four for Dawes, but Delegate Lensestey got a poll of this county and produced another Dawes vote.

Van Cleave here tried to confuse the roll call and slip in an extra vote for Brown, but somehow or other the delegates in that convention did not seem to have much confidence in the fat secretary. They all watched him, and every time he called a vote wrong a hundred voices corrected him.

Macoupin and McLain, Yates counties, went solidly for Dawes, showing the Yates forces were in line also, and Peoria gave the Tanner people a jolt by casting nineteen of its twenty-six votes for Dawes.

About this time one delegate created a diversion by announcing his vote as being cast for Chester M. Dawes, evidently being better acquainted with the general solicitor of the Burlington railroad than he is with the Controller of the Currency.

Trials of Van Cleave.

After Sangamon had cast its twenty-two votes in favor of Brown nobody seemed to know exactly how the roll call stood except, perhaps, Van Cleave, who, through long practice, had learned to keep tab on votes. His actions, however, were not reassuring to the Tanner people. His face was as red as a prairie sunset. He had lost his temper quite a while before, and evidently did not care to conceal the fact.

St. Clair County, the home of ex-Commissioner of the Penitentiary Henry Bader, did not improve Van Cleave's temper when it gave Dawes twenty votes out of twenty-two, but he rallied a trifle when Vermilion, Congressman Cannon's home, put twenty-two votes into the Brown column. It was then, however, too late to do much.

Whiteside, a Reeves county, gave Dawes fourteen, and then Tom Lawler of Winnebago announced its vote as twenty-one for Dawes. There was a howl at once. There were eight Tanner delegates in the delegation and they wanted to vote for Brown. Lawler explained that his delegation had been instructed to vote as a unit, but Van Cleave had those eight votes down in the Brown column before he got half way through the explanation. Then Woodford was called, it voted for Dawes, and the roll call was over.

Tanner's Hope in Delay.

Van Cleave, however, did not announce that result. He picked up some telegrams lying on his desk and began calling out the names of the people to whom they were addressed, asking if they were present, and inviting them to come out and get their messages. He allowed "Dave" Revell to add up the totals. "Dave," not being a master at figures, took quite a while. The delegates were yelling: "Announce the vote!" but no announcement was made.

It was known in a rough way all over the hall that Dawes had over 790 votes, but Van Cleave was delaying matters in the forlorn hope that perhaps enough delegations might change their minds to reverse this vote.

It was useless, however, as the Tanner people had cast all possible votes on that roll call. They had exhausted their strength, and there was not a delegate left. So, when it was evident that it was no use of waiting any longer, Van Cleave handed Rannells the roll call, and the chairman announced the result as 720 for Brown and 793 for Dawes, a total of 1,513 votes. Even here Van Cleave was wrong, because the real totals were 725 for Brown and 799 for Dawes, a total of 1,524 votes.

Then came the yell. Delegates stood on their chairs and howled and shrieked. It was a long while before the cheering stopped, and then it was renewed when a delegate in the extreme left shouted out: "Hurrah for McKinley!"

Finally Chairman Rannells announced, as he presented Mr. Dawes with the gavel, that he "took great pleasure in introducing the temporary chairman of the convention."

Somehow or other the delegates seemed to regard this statement as merely a figure of speech, and many of them laughed.

As Mr. Dawes stepped to the front, immediately below to the left of him stood J. J. Brown of Vandalia, the Tanner nominee for the chairmanship. Mr. Brown didn't seem to be in an amiable frame of mind, and his pocket bulged with a speech of 3,000 words which the night before he had read to a youthful reporter, who had no chance to get away. It is one of the speeches which will never be delivered.

Some Political Astronomy.

When Mr. Dawes had finished came the eclipse of Van Cleave. In Cook County or Illinois conventions Van Cleave has acted as secretary, either temporary or permanent, and generally both from the time he first held a job in the office of the collector of customs of the port of Chicago. As his friend and colaborer, Francis Patrick Gleason, of the First Ward, once claimed: "Van has got to go to conventions, because if he does not he can't act as secretary, and if he is not secretary there can't be no convention."

Mr. Bethea made the motion that Charles W. Peters of the Fifteenth Ward, in the City of Chicago, be the temporary secretary of the convention. Martin B. Madden put in an amendment that David Shanahan be assistant secretary, and Bethea accepted it. It was carried on a vive voce vote, and Peters and Shanahan took the secretary's desk.

GAVEL IS VOTED TO DAWES.

Evanston Man Made Temporary Chairman Over Brown, the Tanner-Hanecy Candidate.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—Chairman Rannells of the State committee called the convention to order at 11:05 a. m. The proceedings were opened with prayer by John Faville, pastor of the First Congregational Church of Peoria, and then Chairman Rannells began the trouble with this statement:

"Gentlemen of the Convention: In accordance with long established custom the Republican State committee of Illinois has directed me to name the Hon. John J. Brown of Vandalia as temporary chairman. Are there any other nominations?"

S. H. Bethea here secured the floor and said:

"I desire to present the name of the Hon. Charles G. Dawes for the position of temporary chairman. Upon this subject I move you that the roll be called by counties."

Martin B. Madden made the point of order that the call of the State committe provides that the County of Cook shall be called by wards. This was assented to, and Secretary Van Cleave of the State committee began the roll call.

Adams County, the first on the list, which had been instructed at its county convention for Yates and Cullom, led off with sixteen votes for Brown and five For Dawes. The call then proceeded without interruption until Cook County was reached.

Cook County's Vote.

The Cullom managers had been promised 240 votes for Dawes from Cook County, but he got 230, one more than had been hoped for. The Carter delegates, of course, voted for Dawes.

When Edgar County was reached it had become apparent that Sol Bethea, United States District Attorney, was to champion the rights of Senator Cullom and Controller Dawes on the floor. Mr. Bethea arose to a point of order, and asked for a ruling of the chair on the subject of contested delegates participating in the temporary organization of the convention.

He made the point of order that as there were two sets of delegates from Edgar County neither of them should be permitted to vote upon the question of temporary organization.

"The chair," responded Chairman Rannells, "overrules the gentleman's objection on the ground that the State committee, in accordance with a long-established custom, has given certain delegates from Edgar County seats in this convention, and has decided that those delegates have a right to vote on the preliminary organization."

"I appeal from the decision of the chair," quickly shouted Mr. Bethea.

E. H. Morris, a delegate from Cook County, attempted to make a speech in reply to Mr. Bethea's appeal, but the cries of "sit down" and "roll call" were so loud and the confusion was so great that Mr. Morris was compelled to take his seat.

Sustains Point of Order.

Chairman Rannells was just in the act of ordering a roll call on Mr. Bethea's appeal from his decision, when Charles W. Fuller, one of the Tanner-Hanecy delegates from Boone County, raised the point of order that as the convention was in the midst of a roll call it could not take up another roll call on a different subject until the one pending should have been completed.

Chairman Rannells ruled this last point of order well taken, and announced that the ruling of the chair on the question of the contested delegation from Edgar County would stand until the present roll call had been completed and determined, thus disposing of Mr. Bethea's appeal from his former decision.

Secretary Van Cleave then called for the vote from Edgar County. The convention then became quiet, everybody straining every nerve to hear the result of the vote.

There was a pause in the proceedings, and then some delegate from Edgar County who had been shut out by the ruling of Chairman Rannells, got up and announced the vote: "Ten for Dawes."

Convention in Confusion.

The announcement of the vote from Edgar had the effect of throwing the convention in the wildest confusion. Instantly dozens of delegates were upon their chairs shouting for recognition and making points of order until it was impossible for any one to be heard.

"I desire," said D. E. Shanahan, "to know how Edgar County is recorded."

The confusion was so great that Mr. Shanahan was unable to hear what Chairman Rannells said.

"I arise to a question of personal privilege," then shouted Mr. Shanahan. The Cullom-Reeves forces demanded that Secretary Van Cleave proceed with the roll call. Henry Hertz of Chicago rushed up the center aisle.

"The chair has just ruled on Mr. Fuller's motion," said Mr. Hertz, "that the roll call cannot be interrupted. Now go on with your talk."

Mr. Hertz was joined in his demand for a continuation of the roll call by hundreds of Cullom-Reeves followers, but Secretary Van Cleave stood immovable. Out of the din came a voice from Edgar County challenging the correctness of the call.

Quiet was then restored and Chairman Rannells responded to Mr. Hertz's point of order as follows:

"The chair has decided that the roll call could not be interrupted for certain things; but when the county's vote is thus challenged it is according to custom that it be verified. The clerk will therefore verify the roll call of Edgar County."

The last ruling of the chair again threw the convention into disorder.

Protest by Hertz.

"A point of order," shouted Mr. Hertz. "Edgar County has been called and has voted ten votes for Dawes. I insist that the vote shall stand."

Judge P. W. Barnes of Lawrence County, member of the Republican State committee from the Nineteenth District, then got the attention of the chair.

"I am the member of the Republican State committee from the Nineteenth District," said Mr. Barnes. "We have had trouble down there with some contested delegates and the State committee left it with me to decide the way I thought was right. I tried to decide it in the interest of justice and harmony, and told these contestants that neither of them would be permitted to vote on the temporary organization of this convention, and they agreed to stay out."

After Mr. Barnes' explanation, by consent, the ten votes cast for Mr. Dawes from Edgar County were not counted.

Edwards County, the next on the roll call, also had a contesting delegation, but the Tanner-Hanecy delegates had been given seats on the floor of the convention, and their votes were recorded for Brown. The vote was challenged, but under the ruling of the chair it was not changed.

The call then proceeded with frequent interruptions, and when all was said and done the secretary tabulated the vote and handed it up to Chairman Rannells, who announced the result.

Some slight errors were made in additions, which, being straightened out later, left the vote standing 799 for Dawes and 725 for Brown.

Dawes Takes the Gavel.

The announcement of the selection of Mr. Dawes was received with tremendous cheering. When the confusion had subsided Chairman Rannells introduced Mr. Dawes, who, on taking the gavel, addressed the convention, saying:

"I deeply appreciate the high honor of being called upon to preside at this great assembly of the Republicans of Illinois, gathered together at the beginning of one of the most critical campaigns in the history of our party in this State or in the nation.

"In this campaign the Republican party is neither depending upon its past success nor is it fighting on the defensive. While it points to the fulfilled promises of its last national platform and the national prosperity of the day, it does not urge them as the paramount reasons for its continuance in power, but as evidence of its ability to cope with the tremendous responsibilities which new national problems impose upon the next administration, whether it be Republican or Democratic.

Must Regulate Trusts.

"Before the few words which I wish to say upon the paramount issues of the campaign, I wish to state that I do not agree with those who maintain that the question of trusts is not a political question. It is true that trusts have their origin in industrial conditions for which neither political party is responsible. It is likewise true that the great masses of both political parties believe that some legislation is necessary in order to protect the public from the evils which must result from the monopolistic control of the production and distribution of some of the necessaries and comforts of life. I believe that people are willing to recognize the benefits which may come in the way of cheaper prices to a community through a limited and proper combination of capital and effort, and they are not opposed to any corporation simply because it is large.

"But when by combination competition is suppressed and the saving which combination makes possible is not only appropriated by the corporation but in addition an unreasonable level of prices is maintained, the people demand and shall secure governmental interference and regulation.

"The difference between the two great political parties, if any, will be as to the nature of the remedy and not in the desire to find it or to enforce it when found. And on this great question we must and shall stand with the people, first, for the passage of those laws regulating trusts, which will aim to protect the public from extortion and wrong, and then, in case such regulations after fair trial prove a failure, for the enforced creation of competition by the disintegration of trusts.

Great Problem Pending.

"But important as this industrial problem is, it is not the most important which now confronts us. There are certain times in a nation's life when the turning of the paths is reached, and it must decide irrevocably between the right and the wrong. At such a time, the mind and moral nature of the nation is torn, but out of such struggles come the great national judgments which mark the upward steps of liberty and regulate the progress of mankind for centuries.

"In the years preceding 1776 this nation went through its first great moral conflict, and it culminated in the Declaration of Independence and the constitution of the United States. In the years preceding 1861 the nation went through its second great moral conflict, and, in the minds and hearts of the people of the North and South, for decades, there smoldered the fires of wrath. Weak men sought to ignore that approaching crisis, and strong men to avert it, but for over a hundred long, dark years millions of people had lain in chains, and when from the prairies of Illinois the voice of Abraham Lincoln said to the people of the country: 'This government cannot endure permanently, half slave and half free,' they knew that the leader had come, and the long deferred decision was at hand. The blood of the North and the blood of the South was shed, but the nation and its sovereignty lived, and the great decision was registered in the fifteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States.

Destiny of Millions.

"And now, my friends, this people of ours for a third time in their history are approaching a decision, and it is one fraught with consequences as vast to millions living and millions unborn as were the two great decisions which went before. An administration placed in power upon domestic issues by a people at peace with itself and the world, within two years from its beginning found that duty to humanity demanded that the wrongs of Cuba should be righted. And, intent upon that task, it was not until it was completed that this administration realized that it must start to deal with problems upon whose proper solution depends the future welfare of millions of men and women, and the progress of civilization, not only in the islands of the Eastern and Western oceans but in this country itself.

"Now, after two years of war and of mental and moral conflict, our people for the first time are to register in November their decision upon the great principles involved in that struggle. In the coming campaign the Republican party will maintain that the Philippine Islands, which have come to us as a direct result of the Spanish war and its settlements, and which have been retained for us through the heroism of our American soldiers, shall not now be abandoned, nor our sovereignty withdrawn from them.

"Our party maintains that this nation cannot honorably refuse the responsibility of protecting the life, liberty, and property of those semi-civilized people, divided as they are into hostile tribes and absolutely unfitted for self-government by hundreds of years of Spanish misrule. The Republican party maintains that the sovereignty of this nation in these islands must be exercised with a free hand; and that the maintenance of this sovereignty will assure to these benighted peoples the blessings of liberty and the guaranties of equal justice under the laws to all, and at the same time will make the United States the great leader among the nations of the earth in the extension of commerce and civilization.

"The soldiers of the United States in the Philippines were fired on by the natives they had liberated from Spain, and in order that the sovereignty of the United States might be maintained they fought and died in as just a war as was ever waged by an attacked nation.

Depends on the Voters.

"It depends now upon your efforts in this campaign whether or not the United States, in possession of the Philippines as a natural and logical result of the war with Spain, turns its back on these soldiers and all their sacrifices, and, under the leadership of those advocating a misconstruction of our constitution, turns over these great islands to the anarchy of tribal war or to the spoil of foreign nations.

"In this great conflict all lesser questions will sink into comparative insignificance, for the Republican party has taken its stand for the moral and material progress of the nation, and the Democratic party has taken its stand against it. The great lesson which we, as Republicans, must learn—and learn it before November if we are to succeed—is that we must sink differences on nonessentials and unite on these great underlying principles.

"Let the man who would carry party strife outside of this convention hall when such great issues are at stake think of the patriotism of the soldier who for those principles left his wife and his children and his friends, and, thousands of miles away in the tropics, laid down his strong life on the altar of his country's needs. It was given to some to follow the flag of our country two years ago in Cuba and this year in the Philippines. They have done their full duty in contending for these principles, and it is our turn now. The victory of their opponents in the field of war could have been no more dangerous to these principles than victory of Democracy in November over us.

"We must remember that we will fight next fall what our soldiers fought for in the Philippines, and that the nation's honor is in our party's keeping. We cannot risk internal divisions or separate on petty issues. We must stand unitedly behind the President's policy, and to that end I would plead for party harmony in Illinois and for party harmony in the country; that together we sustain and lift up the hands of the President who has led us so patiently and so well; that we forget personal differences and lift our eyes to high principles; and that we firmly resolve that in this time of national crisis the great Republican party of Illinois, with unbroken ranks, as in the days of Lincoln, will rally behind the nation's sovereignty."

Routine Taken Up.

At the conclusion of Chairman Dawes' address G. W. Peters of Chicago was elected temporary secretary and David E. Shanahan, also of Chicago, as secretary, both without opposition.

The several committees selected in the morning before the convention met by the delegates from various Congressional districts were then announced, and at 12:45 o'clock the convention adjourned until 4 p. m. to allow the various committees to meet and take action.

When the convention reconvened at 4 o'clock Chairman Dawes announced that the Committee on Credentials had sent word that thus far it had settled only one contested case, while four others remained to be acted on, and that it would not be ready to report before 8 o'clock this evening.

A motion was made that the convention take a recess until 8 o'clock this evening. Sol Bethea moved as an amendment that the convention take a recess until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. He, however, withdrew the amendment after being assured that the Committee on Credentials would be ready to report at 8 o'clock, and the motion to take a recess until that hour carried.

TAKES RECESS TILL MORNING.

Committee on Credentials Not Ready to Report and Convention Adjourns.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The evening session of the convention was called to order at 8:15 o'clock. Chairman Dawes announced that the Committee on Credentials had just sent word to him that of the ten contested cases before it, it had succeeded thus far in disposing of only five.

"The committee," said Mr. Dawes, "says it will be impossible to dispose of the remaining five before the hour of 10 o'clock tomorrow morning."

"I am of opinion," said Charles E. Fuller, "that if the Committee on Credentials would make a little haste it would be able to report tonight. All of these delegates are here in their seats waiting on that committee. I do not believe it is necessary that it should have as much time as it requests, and I move you, Mr. Chairman, that the Committee on Credentials be requested to make its report to this convention at 9 o'clock tonight, and on that motion I demand a roll call."

Henry Hertz arose and said he wanted to give the Committee on Credentials all the time it requested.

"If you desire," said he, "to give this committee a show to do its work, so that everybody shall have ample opportunity to be heard before it and this convention shall not have to listen to a lot of talk afterwards, then you ought to give it a chance."

Delegate Walker of Rock Island made the point of order that the convention, as constituted, had no control over the Committee on Credentials, and that therefore it could not compel that committee to make a report by 9 o'clock.

Chairman Dawes ruled the point of order not well taken and then a motion was made to amend, to the effect that the committee be requested to report to the convention at 10 a. m. The roll call was demanded and had proceeded as far as the Fifth Ward of Chicago when Mr. Fuller withdrew his motion and the convention took a recess until tomorrow morning at 10.

ALL GO AGAINST TANNER.

MACHINE MEN IN A MINORITY ON THE COMMITTEES.

Meeting of the Congressional District Caucuses Results in Gains for the Anti-Organization Party and Loss to the Governor of Committeemen Rannells, Paul, and Snively—Deadlock in Fifth District, Chicago, and Coin Is Flipped for Chairman.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The Tanner machine got much the worst of it in the Congressional district caucuses early this morning. The lively fights which were anticipated did not develop, but in a number of instances Tanner men fell by the wayside.

The Governor lost Clarence Paul from the State committee in the Seventeenth District Rannells in the Sixteenth, and C. E. Snively in the Fourteenth.

The Committee on Credentials resulted in a majority for the anti-Tanner people, and all the other committees of the convention went the same way.

The feature among these caucuses was that of the Fifth District on the West Side of Chicago, where the convention stood 31 to 31, and nothing was done except to select William J. Moxley of the Eleventh Ward as Presidential Elector. In this district the selections went over.

John M. Smyth, who lives on the North Side now, was in this meeting attempting to convince the delegates that the best thing they could do was to put Alderman Johnson of the Seventeenth Ward on the Committee on Credentials. Johnson was opposed by Isador Hines of the Sixteenth Ward, who is an anti-Tanner man. Johnson had the Eleventh, Seventeenth, and Eighteenth Wards, while Hines was supported by the Thirteenth and Sixteenth.

The meeting was called to order by Adam Wolf and Fred S. Baird was pitted against James Burke for chairman. Burke had thirty-one votes and Baird an equal number. After balloting awhile it was discovered that neither could be elected, so half a dollar was flipped, and Baird won.

W. J. Moxley of the Eleventh Ward was, by acclamation, selected as a candidate for Presidential Elector, an office with emoluments and power in inverse ratio to the compliment involved. The delegates realized it was useless to attempt to agree on any proposition other than Moxley's election, and the delegates adjourned subject to the call of the chairman, when it will reassemble and try to make a selection. Meanwhile, on all the temporary committees of the convention the district is not represented.

Tanner Plans Upset.

In the Twelfth District caucus some well laid plans of the Tanner-Hanecy machine were upset. The program had slated Howard Snapp of Will County for member of the State committee to succeed "Len" Small of Kankakee. Vermilion County, under the leadership of "Bill" Cannon, brother of the Danville Congressman, had promised Snapp its support. Vermilion and Will together control the district.

Since the success of the Will County leader in bringing in a solid delegation for the machine the Tanner-Lorimer leaders have been regarding him as the most available man for chairman of the State committee. But when the Congressional caucus assembled Small demanded that he be reëlected, and threatened that if he was not Kankakee's twenty delegates would not vote for Attorney General Akin's renomination.

This put Snapp in an unpleasant position, but the Will County delegation was determined to fight the matter out in his behalf. Then Cannon informed Will County that he could not deliver the solid Vermilion County delegation. At most all he could do was to give sixteen out of the twenty-two votes. It seemed rather remarkable to the Will County people that Cannon should have any difficulty in rounding up the solid delegation in Vermilion, as he had never been troubled that way before.

There were some warm words in the conference, and finally Cannon suggested that Small and Snapp draw lots, otherwise Vermilion would go to the Kankakee man. Snapp got the short straw, Small went back on the committee, and the plans to make Snapp chairman of the State committee went glimmering.

This fight called to mind a similar one two years ago, when John Lambert, President of the American Steel and Wire company, was a candidate for the same position. He had Will County with him, but Vermilion went over to Kankakee, and Small won. At that time Mr. Snapp was opposed to Lambert, and it is said that he knew something of the way in which Lambert's aspirations were defeated.

C. E. Snively Turned Down.

The Hanecy-Tanner combine has been at work for many months endeavoring to capture the Fourteenth District, which is represented in the committee by C. E. Snively, a member of the Canal board. When the district caucus got together this morning, however, it was apparent to everybody that not only was the Tanner party in a decided minority but an evident desire manifested itself to defeat Snively.

Realizing the inevitable, Snively's friends acceded to the selection for committeeman of John S. Stephens of Peoria, a pronounced Cullom man. To make matters still worse, Senator Robert B. Fort, who hates the Tanner outfit, was chosen as the member of the important Committee on Credentials. This is the finish to the Tanner ring in this district.

The Fifteenth District reëlected by acclamation J. Marck Sholl to the State committee, and by a vote of 48 to 14 selected C. V. Chandler, a Tanner man and one of the trustees of the Soldiers' Home at Quincy, for the Committee on Credentials. An anti-Tanner man—J. Y. Whiteman of Henderson—received fourteen votes.

There was every prospect of a row in the Eighteenth District, but trouble was avoided by the consultation of the opposing factions with Charles Travous, who was an aspirant for the Committee on Credentials. Travous promised in case of his selection to act in a fair manner on the committee. His assurances were accepted and his selection was made without trouble. A new man, Judge George Turner, was placed on the State committee, and everybody seemed satisfied with the selections.

The Sixteenth District turned down Charles S. Rannells for State committeeman, giving the much coveted position to Harry Grigsby of Pike County. Rannells did not have a delegate from Morgan at his back, and the position had been promised to Grigsby for some time.

Hitch Keeps His Promise.

Charles P. Hitch showed up, as he promised, with the Nineteenth District delegation at his back. He lost eleven delegates from Coles, five from Crawford, and one from Cumberland. The Coles County delegates are friends of Seaton C. Pemberton, chairman of the delegation. Pemberton has had more patronage out of the Tanner administration in a small way than any other man. He is a candidate for reëlection to the Senate. He got on the wrong side of the fence this time.

The Crawford County delegates were selected, and dominated by A. H. Jones, who is Tanner's Pure Food Commissioner for a short period. Hitch had his district with him, without Edgar County, which was in contest. Pemberton voted his delegation for Hitch for reëlection to the State committee, but on the floor of the convention he plumped them over to John J. Brown.

Committeeman Barnes was turned down and his delegation was voted for his law partner, S. J. Gee, for Committee on Credentials. Barnes is for Tanner and Hanecy and so is Gee. Hitch went back on the State committee by a vote of 37 to 10.

In the Twentieth District member of the State committee was not decided on, although J. H. Miller of McLeansboro was announced in the convention as the man. There are three contested delegations in the district, and the vote on member of the State committee will explain the condition of affairs. The Tanner candidate was J. H. Miller and the Cullom man M. C. Bainum.

The Twenty-second District got along peaceably in its meeting. John Herbert called it to order, and the anti-Hanecy delegates from Jackson objected to leaving the room. Judge Vickers appeared for them, but by a unanimous agreement both factions from Jackson left the room. Dan Hogan was reëlected committeeman, and Senator Warder, a Hanecy man, sent to the Committee on Resolutions.

In the other districts the proceedings were without especial feature

TANNER'S MEN [illegible]

SANGAMON AND E[illegible] LOST TO THE [illegible]

Committee on Cred[illegible] Opposition Deleg[illegible] Other Contests A[illegible] tlement on a Basi[illegible] Divided 42½ for [illegible] 22½ for the Orga[illegible] Scores a Victory [illegible]

[BY A STAFF COR[illegible]]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[illegible] rand, a Cullom man, w[illegible] of the Committee on C[illegible] Christopher Mamer, a T[illegible] vote of 12 to 9. S. J. G[illegible] tary.

The first contest to c[illegible] mittee was that from S[illegible] was likewise the only o[illegible] judicated tonight, wit[illegible] Edgar, in which the co[illegible] Tanner in its makeup, [illegible] view to conciliation. [illegible] tests were acted on in [illegible] desire to heal breache[illegible] than to aggravate the[illegible]

The makeup of the [illegible] dentials is as follows:

First District—E. H. Mo[illegible]
Second—William Lorime[illegible]
Third—D. E. Shannahan[illegible]
Fourth—Chris Mamer.
Fifth—Not represented.
Sixth—Graeme Stewart.
Seventh—Fred L. Wilke.
Eighth—H. H. Hopkins.
Ninth—R. S. Farrand.
Tenth—F. C. Rice.
Eleventh—H. W. Johnso[illegible]
Twelfth—Leon McDonal[illegible]
Thirteenth—J. S. Neville[illegible]
Fourteenth—R. B. Fort.
Fifteenth—C. V. Chandl[illegible]
Sixteenth—Colonel S. M[illegible]
Seventeenth—I. R. Mills.
Eighteenth—Charles Tra[illegible]
Nineteenth—S. J. Gee.
Twentieth (contested)—[illegible] T. H. Creighton (Cullom.)
Twenty-first—W. R. Smi[illegible]
Twenty-second—Walter [illegible]

At a late hour toni[illegible] completed its work. [illegible] sidered. The seats of [illegible] had been contested. Th[illegible] gives forty-two and a [illegible] twenty-two and a half [illegible] This was reached by [illegible] earlier action on the Ed[illegible] the seating of the Hitch[illegible]

Contest in S[illegible]

In the Sangamon Cou[illegible] A. Connolly and A. G. [illegible] case for the Cullom d[illegible] Grout and William B[illegible] delegation. Mr. Conn[illegible] were ninety-one regula[illegible] in the Cullom-conventi[illegible] tive of Sherman Towns[illegible] Louis Phaxton, whose [illegible] sustained afterward [illegible] publican voters of She[illegible] that in some of the S[illegible] were enough Democra[illegible] half of Tanner d[illegible] the ward, and tha[illegible] ocratic votes were [illegible] count, the result wo[illegible] election of Cullom d[illegible] that in the First Ward[illegible] tion received a majorit[illegible] had affidavits from si[illegible] they are Democrats. [illegible] had a majority of 37, [illegible] three affidavits from D[illegible]

Mr. Grout, on the o[illegible] affidavits from ninety-[illegible] ing that they staid in th[illegible] in the Statehouse; tha[illegible] Cullom man, and secr[illegible] Central committee, re[illegible] 91 for Lester (Tanner) [illegible] temporary chairman, h[illegible] delegates over whom th[illegible]

Finally the Cullom or [illegible] was declared seated by [illegible] 10, the vote being as fo[illegible]

YEA[illegible]

Graeme Stewart,
Fred L. Wilke,
H. H. Hopkins,
R. S. Farrand,
H. W. Johnson,
J. S. Neville,

NAY[illegible]

E. H. Morris,
William Lorimer,
D. L. Shanahan,
Cris Mamer,
F. C. Rice,

Other Contes[illegible]

In Jefferson County [illegible] represent the regularly [illegible] was evident to the com[illegible] had tried to outdo the [illegible] of contests and on a viv[illegible] to admit both factions [illegible] giving one half vote to [illegible]

The committee made [illegible] maining contests. In [illegible] Cullom delegation wa[illegible] clared to be the regular [illegible]

In Jackson County [illegible] faction was recognized, [illegible] it was also recognized [illegible] Scott, an alternate in [illegible] delegation and a Tanne[illegible] entitled to a seat.

Near a Person[illegible]

The discussion of the [illegible] reference to the struggl[illegible] Tanner's friends in Ed[illegible] throw Mr. Hitch led a[illegible] encounter in the com[illegible] Smith of the Twenty-fir[illegible] so many insinuations [illegible] County members and t[illegible] that David E. Shanahan [illegible] proceeded in a threaten[illegible] Mr. Smith.

This Edgar County [illegible] one of greatest inte[illegible] throughout the State. [illegible] paign of 1896, when H[illegible] James R. B. Van Clea[illegible] the fight between the [illegible] When Mr. Hitch helped [illegible] a candidate for Govern[illegible] his determination to g[illegible] home county and take [illegible] from him. During the [illegible] the Governor had his [illegible] they succeeded in form[illegible] ganization, and the res[illegible] delegates to the State c[illegible]

After the evidence [illegible] night Committeeman C[illegible] Eighteenth made a mo[illegible] gates be seated and b[illegible] each in the convention. [illegible] mer said he had never [illegible] in Republican politics [illegible] were as disgraceful as t[illegible]

"Were it not for the [illegible] "that the county is des[illegible] tion here I would stand [illegible] throw both delegations [illegible] a lesson by sending the[illegible] recognizing the impor[illegible] which will restore harm[illegible] seat both of them with[illegible] We want to elect the [illegible] will be nominated here [illegible] perative that everythi[illegible] be done to harmonize t[illegible] ences."

Lorimer Is C[illegible]

As Mr. Lorimer took [illegible] Twenty-first got the flo[illegible] an attack on the Con[illegible] tended to the whole o[illegible] caused the trouble. He [illegible] wards Mr. Lorimer and [illegible]

"You have been send[illegible] the State that your pe[illegible] City of Chicago by a l[illegible] did not do it. You w[illegible] you ask us to be good. [illegible] we are not going to bow [illegible] be good in the way you [illegible] are going to seat the Cu[illegible] have got the power to [illegible] need in mincing words[illegible]

In the Edgar argume[illegible] that the lines had be[illegible] clearly understood to b[illegible] lom or Tanner. He sta[illegible] grown to be a bigger [illegible] whom he classified as a [illegible] added:

"There is not a man [illegible] right. One is trying t[illegible] will do it if he can. It [illegible] then, that some of you[illegible] mony."

The vote on Travous' [illegible] delegations in Edgar w[illegible] but later the Hitch dele[illegible]

It will be seen that t[illegible] divide on the Cullom-T[illegible] posing of this contest. [illegible] that the merits were [illegible]

TANNER'S MEN UNSEATED

SANGAMON AND EDGAR COUNTIES LOST TO THE GOVERNOR.

Committee on Credentials Seats the Opposition Delegations, but in the Other Contests Arranges for a Settlement on a Basis of Conciliation—Divided 42½ for the Opposition to 22½ for the Organization — Hitch Scores a Victory at Last.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—R. S. Farrand, a Cullom man, was elected chairman of the Committee on Credentials, defeating Christopher Mamer, a Tanner adherent by a vote of 12 to 9. S. J. Gee was elected secretary.

The first contest to come before the committee was that from Sangamon County. It was likewise the only one of the contests adjudicated tonight, with the exception of Edgar, in which the committee, clearly anti-Tanner in its makeup, did not decide with a view to conciliation. All of the other contests were acted on in a spirit dictated by a desire to heal breaches in the party rather than to aggravate them.

The makeup of the Committee on Credentials is as follows:

First District—E. H. Morris.
Second—William Lorimer.
Third—D. E. Shannahan.
Fourth—Chris Mamer.
Fifth—Not represented.
Sixth—Græme Stewart.
Seventh—Fred L. Wilke.
Eighth—H. H. Hopkins.
Ninth—R. S. Farrand.
Tenth—F. C. Rice.
Eleventh—H. W. Johnson.
Twelfth—Leon McDonald.
Thirteenth—J. S. Neville.
Fourteenth—R. B. Fort.
Fifteenth—C. V. Chandler.
Sixteenth—Colonel S. McKnight.
Seventeenth—I. R. Mills.
Eighteenth—Charles Travos.
Nineteenth—S. J. Gee.
Twentieth (contested)—R. E. Mabry (Tanner), T. H. Creighton (Cullom.)
Twenty-first—W. R. Smith.
Twenty-second—Walter Warder.

At a late hour tonight the committee completed its work. Nine cases were considered. The seats of sixty-five delegates had been contested. The committee's report gives forty-two and a half to Cullom and twenty-two and a half to the Tanner people. This was reached by a reconsideration of earlier action on the Edgar County case and the seating of the Hitch delegation.

Contest in Sangamon.

In the Sangamon County case Major James A. Connolly and A. G. Murray presented the case for the Cullom delegation, and J. M. Grout and William Butler for the Tanner delegation. Mr. Connolly contended there were ninety-one regularly elected delegates in the Cullom convention, and a representative of Sherman Township in the person of Louis Phaxton, whose action, he said, was sustained afterward by affidavits of Republican voters of Sherman Township; also that in some of the Springfield wards there were enough Democratic votes cast in behalf of Tanner delegates to carry the ward, and that, if these Democratic votes were eliminated from the count, the result would have been the election of Cullom delegates. He stated that in the First Ward the Tanner delegation received a majority of 55, and that he had affidavits from sixty of the voters that they are Democrats. In Cantrall Tanner had a majority of 37, and he had forty-three affidavits from Democratic voters.

Mr. Grout, on the other hand, exhibited affidavits from ninety-five delegates swearing that they staid in the Tanner convention in the Statehouse; that Henry Springer, a Cullom man, and secretary of the County Central committee, reported a roll call of 91 for Lester (Tanner) and 90 for Littler for temporary chairman, having omitted all the delegates over whom there was any contest.

Finally the Cullom or contesting delegation was declared seated by a majority of 11 to 10, the vote being as follows:

YEAS.

Graeme Stewart,	R. B. Fort,
Fred L. Wilke,	Colonel S. McKnight,
H. H. Hopkins,	I. R. Mills,
R. S. Farrand,	S. J. Gee,
H. W. Johnson,	W. R. Smith.
J. S. Neville,	

NAYS.

E. H. Morris,	Leon McDonald,
William Lorimer,	C. V. Chandler,
D. L. Shanahan,	Charles Travous,
Cris Mamer,	R. E. Mabry,
F. C. Rice,	Walter Warder.

Other Contests Settled.

In Jefferson County each side claimed to represent the regularly elected delegates. It was evident to the committee that each side had tried to outdo the other in the matter of contests and on a viva voce vote it decided to admit both factions to the convention, giving one half vote to each delegate.

The committee made short work of the remaining contests. In Wabash County the Cullom delegation was unanimously declared to be the regular delegation.

In Jackson County the Tanner-Hanecy faction was recognized, and in Union County it was also recognized. Colonel Thomas Scott, an alternate in the Wayne County delegation and a Tanner man, was declared entitled to a seat.

Near a Personal Collision.

The discussion of the committeemen with reference to the struggle made by Governor Tanner's friends in Edgar County to overthrow Mr. Hitch led almost to a personal encounter in the committee. W. Rollins Smith of the Twenty-first District threw out so many insinuations against the Cook County members and their present methods that David E. Shanahan lost his temper and proceeded in a threatening manner to attack Mr. Smith.

This Edgar County case probably is the one of greatest interest to politicians throughout the State. Ever since the campaign of 1896, when Hitch, Tanner, and James R. B. Van Cleave parted company, the fight between them has been bitter. When Mr. Hitch helped make Walter Reeves a candidate for Governor Tanner announced his determination to go into the Marshal's home county and take its delegation away from him. During the contest for delegates the Governor had his emissaries there, and they succeeded in forming an anti-Hitch organization, and the result was two sets of delegates to the State convention.

After the evidence had been heard tonight Committeeman C. M. Travous of the Eighteenth made a motion that both delegates be seated and be given half a vote each in the convention. Congressman Lorimer said he had never heard of conditions in Republican politics in any county that were as disgraceful as those of Edgar.

"Were it not for the fact," he continued, "that the county is deserving of representation here I would stand for a proposition to throw both delegations out and teach them a lesson by sending them back home. But, recognizing the importance of doing that which will restore harmony, I am willing to seat both of them with half a vote apiece. We want to elect the ticket next fall that will be nominated here; therefore it is imperative that everything possible should be done to harmonize these factional differences."

Lorimer Is Called Down.

As Mr. Lorimer took his seat Smith of the Twenty-first got the floor and launched into an attack on the Congressman which extended to the whole of Cook County and caused the trouble. He waved his hand towards Mr. Lorimer and said:

"You have been sending promises out in the State that your people would carry the City of Chicago by a large majority. You did not do it. You were defeated. Now you ask us to be good. We will be good, but we are not going to bow to your request and be good in the way you want us to be. We are going to seat the Cullom delegation. We have got the power to do it and there is no need in mincing words."

In the Edgar argument Smith proclaimed that the lines had been drawn and were clearly understood to be a question of Cullom or Tanner. He stated that Cullom had grown to be a bigger man than Tanner, whom he classified as a ward politician, and added:

"There is not a man here but knows I am right. One is trying to kill the other, and will do it if he can. It is with poor grace, then, that some of you are crying for harmony."

The vote on Travous' motion to seat both delegations in Edgar was 11 to 9 in favor, but later the Hitch delegation was put in.

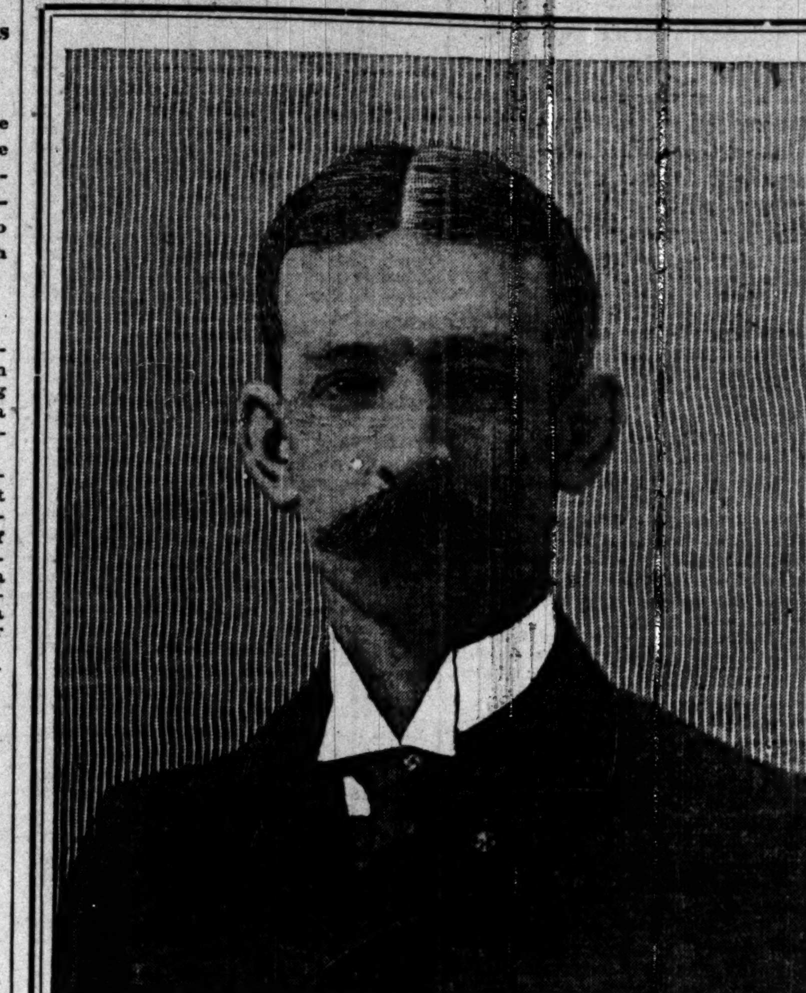
It will be seen that the committee did not divide on the Cullom-Tanner lines in disposing of this contest. The members said that the merits were clearly such that it could not be decided in favor of any faction.

After deciding the Sangamon contest the Fourth District case of the Twelfth Ward in Chicago was taken up and quickly disposed of. Mr. Baldwin and D. G. Harrington, both supporters of Judge Carter, represented the contestants, and presented evidence to show that the delegates to the State convention in that district had been fairly elected, but were couned out. They charged that the Hanecy people also voted a number of Democrats and prevented many Carter men from voting by blockading the line.

Thomas Shaughnessy represented the other side, and made a statement to the effect that under the primary election law in Chicago it was a dangerous thing to carry on such high-handed proceedings as the complainants had spoken of, and showed that the six Carter ballots which were not counted belonged in another district and contained the names of delegates other than those that were voted for in the contested district.

So the committee by acclamation voted to let the delegates having the credentials and already occupying the seats retain them. Fred Wilke of the Seventh District made the motion that this be done.

CHARLES GATES DAWES OF EVANSTON.



Temporary Chairman Republican State Convention.

DELEGATES-AT-LARGE CHOSEN.

Cannon, Brown, Smyth, and Judson selected Without Friction by Committee.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The committee to select delegates-at-large found an easy task before it. After a brief discussion of a large number of names suggested a choice was made of Congressman Joseph G. Cannon of Vermilion County, John J. Brown of Fayette, John M. Smyth of Cook, and H. D. Judson of Kane.

Congressman Cannon was named in recognition of his standing as chairman of the Committee on Appropriations in the House and his friendliness toward President McKinley.

John J. Brown was given the place in order to show that his rejection by the convention today was not due to any personal objections to him, but was rendered necessary by political exigencies. Mr. Brown was one of the first to congratulate Mr. Dawes on his victory, and there was every air of sincerity in his handshake.

John M. Smyth was practically the unanimous choice of Cook County. His name was first suggested by the Carter men on the North Side, among whom Mr. Smyth has recently taken up his residence, and the Hanecy followers were only too glad to join in the recommendation.

Mr. Judson was selected because at the convention for the Eighth Congressional District he gave up what was practically a sure thing of going to Philadelphia as a district delegate in order to get out of the way of John Stewart of Kane County. All the delegates from the district backed him for the higher position. Mr. Judson lives in Aurora.

The alternates-at-large chosen are: C. H. Castle of Adair, E. H. Morris of Chicago, Norman H. Moss of Mount Vernon, Maurice Rosenfeld of Chicago.

The Convention committee which made the above selections was as follows:

First District—John Hamberg.
Second—Roy O. West.
Third—Charles Wathier.
Fourth—Miles Kehoe.
Fifth—Not chosen.
Sixth—George E. Adams.
Seventh—James Reddick.
Eighth—George Brown.
Ninth—Francis Bacon.
Tenth—Hugh A. MacDonald.
Eleventh—A. R. Greenwood.
Twelfth—W. R. Jewell.
Thirteenth—Charles E. Montelius.
Fourteenth—Henry Marshall.
Fifteenth—William Sommerville.
Sixteenth—T. A. Belknap.
Seventeenth—J. M. McQuigg.
Eighteenth—N. B. Gennett.
Nineteenth—W. Johnson.
Twentieth—Contested. N. M. Moss (Tanner), M. L. Tyre (Cullom).
Twenty-first—T. Eisenmayer.
Twenty-second—M. H. Whitely.

SOME AMUSING INCIDENTS.

Seventeenth Congressional District Proves a Mirth Provoker on Several Occasions.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The Seventeenth Congressional District has furnished no end of amusement today. It is the home of Senator Cullom, who is an important person here. The parties having in charge the tickets to the convention did not remember the Senator with any sort of ticket, and the Senator gained admission to the hall with a press ticket given him by a friendly Indian among the newspaper people.

When David T. Littler and R. D. Lawrence went this morning to the room where the district committee meeting was held they found at the door four husky sergeants-at-arms, in charge of a Captain. These worthies informed Littler and Lawrence they could not enter unless they had delegates' tickets. Neither Lawrence nor Littler had these, but they proceeded to do battle, and, throwing the quartet of guards away from the door, entered the hall. Nor would they leave when requested. So the anti-Tanner scouts brought in the Chief of Police to cast Littler and Lawrence out in the cold. The Chief of Police, being enlightened as to the conditions, declined to interfere. Mayor Wheeler of Springfield came as a reinforcement. This person stationed himself at the door, and as the Cullom contestants from Sangamon came along he grabbed each one by the coat collar, throwing one by one into the room.

After the convention had taken its noon recess there was found on the floor where the Seventh was located a large wreath of teeth on a big gold plate. The teeth were twelve in number—good, old, honestly made, firmly fastened to a gold plate. They were not these "$7 a wreath" teeth of modern production, " made while you wait," but they cost their owner not less than $75. They were the property of a prominent man from the Seventeenth Disctrict, who had lost them in the excitement attendant on the taking of the Brown-Dawes vote. At dinner time the proprietor of the teeth discovered his loss, and lived for the remainder of the day on soup and soft victuals. The teeth were given to a sergeant-at-arms in the convention, who bawled out as the delegates came in:

"Has any gent here lost his teeth? If so he will step up to the secretary's desk and see if these fit him."

The Seventeenth District man can bite hardtack tonight. His teeth are home again.

MAKEUP OF STATE COMMITTEE.

New Members Selected Who Are Hostile to the Tanner Organization.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The new State committee comprises some old names and some new ones. The Chicago districts have all returned their old members except the Fifth, which could not agree on any one. The ballot will undoubtedly result, however, in Henry Hertz being again put back on the committee.

In the Eighth District, L. T. Hoy goes back, as does J. E. Crowley in the Ninth, so on down to the Fourteenth District, where J. C. Stevens, a Cullom man, takes the place of Isaac C. Edwards.

In the Sixteenth, Charles Rannells gives place to Delos Grigsby, an anti-Tanner man.

Clarence Paul, a Tanner man, is succeeded by T. M. Harris in the Seventeenth.

In the Eighteenth, George Turner succeeds Dr. Bennett, and C. P. Hitch, leader of the Cullom movement, comes back to the committee in the Nineteenth, succeeding Philip Barnes.

The Twentieth District is in contest and the Twenty-first has returned George Mead. In the Twenty-second Dan Hogan is still committeeman.

The full committee follows:

First District—T. N. Jamieson.
Second—Charles S. Deneen.
Third—E. J. Magerstadt.
Fourth—Joseph E. Bidwill.
Fifth—Not determined.
Sixth—Fred Busse.
Seventh—James Pease.
Eighth—L. T. Hoy.
Ninth—J. R. Crowley.
Tenth—James McKinney.
Eleventh—Ralph Bradford.
Twelfth—Len Small.
Thirteenth—Charles Eckhart.
Fourteenth—J. S. Stevens.
Fifteenth—J. Mack Sholl.
Sixteenth—Delos Grigsby.
Seventeenth—T. M. Harris.
Eighteenth—George Turner.
Nineteenth—C. P. Hitch.
Twentieth—Contested, John H. Miller [Tanner] and N. C. Bainur [Cullom].
Twenty-first—George Mead.
Twenty-second—Dan Hogan.

STATEMENTS OF THE LEADERS.

Tanner Criticises the Administration, While All of the Candidates Are Hopeful.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—Soon after the announcement of the vote on the Dawes-Brown contest had become known Governor Tanner gave THE TRIBUNE the following interview:

"The vote this morning I do not regard as decisive. While the Cullom forces, combining with the Gubernatorial candidates other than Hanecy, have secured control of the convention it does not signify that Hanecy will not be nominated. They have defeated him on the question of organization by only about seventy-five votes and I cannot see how the other candidates can hope to combine their votes so as to defeat him.

"I do not believe the vote this morning means instructions for Cullom, though it may be that such will be the case. Indorsement of any one man for Senator in the convention means the loss of a Republican joint Assembly. It will require united effort with no handicap of that kind to enable us to overcome the majority given the Democrats by the outrageous gerrymander of the State.

"The vote this morning means that the national administration has subverted the convention to its own ends. Whether it has suffered itself to be drawn in or whether it is in of its own volition is not for me to say. That it is in is apparent. I think that when it comes to nominating a State ticket, the real business of this convention, it will be found that Hanecy has enough votes to nominate and enough to save the State to the Republican party this fall by defeating indorsement for Senator, which, in my opinion, would mean a Democratic Legislature."

Judge Carter: "I feel much encouraged by today's events. The roll call established two things—first, that the claims of my friends as to their strength in Cook County were founded on fact, and, second, that the delegates who favor me for the nomination for Governor can be depended on to stick. I never had any doubts on the question myself, but in the face of the extravagant assertions made by the other people in Cook County it was a good thing to demonstrate to the convention. I have also received personal assurances of support from many delegates outside of Cook County today, for which I feel extremely grateful."

Richard Yates: "I have received so many assurances of support today from all the opposing forces that I and my friends fully expect I will be nominated on the second or third ballot."

Congressman Reeves: "Since the adjournment of the convention today I have received such assurances of support from unexpected quarters that I feel my nomination is certain, and that speedily."

Judge Hanecy—I am just as confident tonight of the nomination as I ever have been. The situation, so far as the Governorship is concerned has not been materially changed. The vote on temporary organization was no indication of what the vote on Governor will be.

Political Notes.

A resolution will be offered at the Kansas Democratic convention at Wichita that Porto Rico is entitled to a delegate to the national convention at Kansas City.

W. S. Withrow, Mount Pleasant, Ia., was nominated by Republicans for Judge of the Twentieth Iowa Judicial District.

ISSUE IS VICE PRESIDENT.

SIOUX FALLS CONVENTION IN PECULIAR QUANDARY.

Delegates Differ as to Best Plan for Nominating Candidate to Run with Bryan—Dozens of Ways Proposed, but None Is Yet Generally Agreed To—Western Senators Head the Divided Sections—One Proposal Is to Adjourn to Kansas City.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 8.—[Special.]—The Populist convention, which opens in this city tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, will have a rather small attendance. In order to make a showing the leaders are resorting to packing, credentials being issued to any one who will accept them. There are less than 750 strangers in the city tonight, and the railroads do not announce any big crowds on the trains expected to reach the city tomorrow.

The entire issue seems to be as to the best means of choosing a candidate for Vice President.

The National committee met tonight, and after a brief session decided that P. M. Kingdell of Minnesota should act as temporary chairman of the convention, R. E. Bray of Oklahoma as Secretary, and Eugene Smith of Illinois and Leo Vincent of Colorado as assistant secretaries.

The committee then went over the lists of the State delegates, which had been submitted to Secretary Edgerton of the National committee, and raised in several instances the number of delegates allowed. The most notable increase was the case of California, where ten additional delegates were allowed.

States Now Accounted For.

So far only seven States have full delegations present—Colorado, Iowa, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, and South Dakota, all States west of the Mississippi River. From many of the States east of the Mississippi only two or three delegates are thus far on the ground, but these hold proxies, and it is expected if the delegations are not filled by new arrivals the delegates present will be authorized to vote for the full delegation.

Most of the delegates in attendance held conferences this afternoon, but none of them which was not already decided reached any definite conclusion.

The greatest difference of opinion among the delegates from States is shown in the Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, and Missouri delegations. Nebraska delegates feel that they are in a peculiarly delicate position, because they are especially anxious to subserve the interests of Mr. Bryan. They held two meetings during the day, but failed to reach a conclusion, and will meet again tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Thomas Patterson of the Colorado delegation is a zealous supporter of the proposition to name a committee of conference and not to nominate a Vice Presidential candidate. He is an experienced and tactful parliamentarian and will bring much strength to that side of the controversy.

Butler and Pettigrew are unquestionably exerting their utmost endeavors in behalf of Mr. Towne, and while they appreciate that there are still many obstacles to overcome, they express themselves as confident of success.

Some of the Illinois delegates have suggested ex-Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson and a New-Yorker is circulating industriously in the interest of Congressman Sulzer.

Still another proposition which has been made, and this is advocated by Delegates Washburn and Brown of Massachusetts, is that the convention should name several persons, any one of whom would be acceptable to the Populists as a Vice Presidential candidate, and appoint a committee to confer with the Democrats as to which of them should be placed upon the ticket.

There will be probably some contest over the position of national chairman. State Chairman Edmiston of Nebraska is an avowed candidate for the position.

Senator Butler has not yet announced whether he will be a candidate for reëlection or not.

Plans of the Middle-Roaders.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—At a protracted meeting tonight of the National Committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists plans were perfected for the routine business of the national convention, which will be called to order in Robinson's Opera-House tomorrow.

Former Congressman Howard of Alabama will be recommended for temporary chairman. After the appointment of the Credentials committee the convention will resolve itself into an "experience meeting." This will be for the benefit of the members of the Committee on Resolutions. It will be the endeavor of the leaders to hear an expression of opinion on the part of every State represented before the Resolutions committee goes to work.

Ignatius Donnelly's boom for the Presidential nomination presented a rather healthy appearance this evening, but there was little mention of a candidate for Vice President in case Mr. Donnelly should be selected for first place. Until late this evening Mr. Donnelly had not openly declared his wish to be placed at the head of the ticket, but tonight it was asserted he made the definite announcement of his candidacy.

Another surprise was the presentation of the names of former Congressman M. W. Howard of Alabama for President and D. Clem Deaver of Nebraska for Vice President. This combination found favor among the various delegations not controlled by Barker and Donnelly, and at a caucus this evening of the Nebraska delegation the forty-six votes from that State were pledged to Howard and Deaver. The situation is thus greatly complicated, making predictions for the Presidential ticket mere guess work.

Reports made by Secretary Parker showed that every State in the union, with the exception of Arizona, New Mexico, North and South Carolina, and Vermont, will be represented.

On the matter of platform it is believed that the declarations will be largely on the following points:

Favoring the initiative and referendum; government paper money; government ownership of railroads and telegraphs; public ownership of public franchises; highly restrictive legislation against trusts; an elective judiciary of short tenure of office; compulsory arbitration of labor disputes; and graduated income tax. On the expansion question it is not believed that the convention will make any expression. The Omaha platform will be reaffirmed in every respect.

Members of the National Reform Press association, editors and proprietors for the most part of weekly Populist papers throughout the South and West, met here today, and adopted the following, which will be presented to the national convention of the middle-of-the-roaders. Propositions which we stand for:

(1) The initiative and referendum—both in our system of government and in party management; (2) honest money, which is government paper money; (3) the nationalization of our railroads; (4) public ownership of public franchises; (5) the abolition of private trusts; (6) an elective judiciary of short tenure of office; (7) compulsory arbitration of labor disputes; (8) the principle of graduated income taxation.

WILL DISCUSS PARTY POLICY.

Republican Leaders to Dine with Senator Hanna Thursday, When Platform Will Be Considered.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Platform planks and party policies will be discussed at a dinner which Senator Hanna will give to a large number of Republican leaders in Congress and a few other members of the party on Thursday evening. The guests' list indicates that the dinner will be of especial political significance. Among those who are expected to sit at Senator Hanna's hospitable board and engage in the discussion of plans for the coming campaign are such prominent Republicans as Senators Platt of New York, Fairbanks, Spooner, Carter, Frye, Foraker, Elkins, and Allison. The House Republicans will be represented by Speaker Henderson and Representatives Grosvenor, Cannon, Dalzell, Tawney, and Dick, Secretary of the Republican National committee.

While the dinner invitations do not include, of course, an announcement of the purpose of this social gathering of Republican leaders, the real reason is well understood to be more in the nature of politics than good-fellowship. Governor Roosevelt of New York, who arrived tonight and will be in Washington for some days, also doubtless will attend the dinner, although it is not thought the administration will make any further effort to persuade him to become a candidate for Vice President. The probable issues of the coming Presidential campaign will be discussed at length, although in an informal way.

It is understood that Senator Hanna earnestly desires an interchange of opinion respecting the platform to be adopted at the Philadelphia convention. Acting in accord with the wishes of the administration, Ohio, Indiana, and a number of other States have adopted platform planks referring to the government's policy toward its insular possessions in a general way only. There are a number of Republican leaders who believe the national convention should indorse specially the legislation for Porto Rico. Senator Foraker prepared such a resolution for incorporation in the Ohio platform, but it was suppressed. In Pennsylvania the same thing happened.

Senator Foraker will be the Ohio member of the Committee on Resolutions at Philadelphia and will probably be chairman of that committee. Without doubt he will again favor some outspoken indorsement of the Porto Rican legislation. The advisability of making such a declaration in the national platform will be discussed at Senator Hanna's dinner. Other important features of the platform to be considered are the trust question and the extent to which prominence should be given to the money issue.

GATHER FOR IOWA CONVENTION.

Hotels at Des Moines Rapidly Filling with Republicans—Cousins for Temporary Chairman.

Des Moines, Ia., May 8.—[Special.]—The hotels are rapidly filling with Republicans and the preliminary work of the State convention to be held on Thursday is well under way. This convention will do nothing more than select delegates to the national convention. Robert G. Cousins will be temporary chairman. Linn County has enlarged the list of candidates for delegates at large by presenting the name of Dr. J. H. Smith. It was the general belief at first that this was a move on the part of Cedar Rapids to increase its chances for securing the second State convention. It is the prevailing opinion that Governor Shaw, Colonel French, C. T. Hancock, and Lafe Young have strength enough to insure their election. A. B. Funk has advised his friends that he has not yet decided to be a candidate for delegate at large.

The matter that is being discussed most about the lobbies is the effort being made by Ernest Hart of Council Bluffs to supplant A. B. Cummins as member of the National committee. Mr. Cummins says he would appreciate the honor of reëlection, but that he will make no effort in that line. It is being predicted that what is known as the Gear faction will espouse the cause of Hart, but the fact that the leaders have pledged their support to Lafe Young, who is known to be a warm supporter of Cummins, interferes somewhat with this theory. The arrival of Mr. Blythe tonight has strengthened the report, however, and it is accepted that with Cummins not an avowed candidate and with the Blythe organization supporting Hart, the latter is practically certain to be the Iowa member of the committee.

Chairman Weaver of the State Central committee said tonight that the committee will take no action at this time as to the time and place for holding the second State convention.

NOMINATIONS IN ALABAMA.

Bingham Republicans Name Charles P. Lane for Governor and a Full State Ticket.

Governor	Charles P. Lane
Secretary of State	James J. Curtis
Attorney General	James Jackson
Treasurer	B. M. Long
Auditor	Dr. J. C. Swann
Superintendent of Education	Jas. J. Abercrombie
Commissioner of Agriculture	Pickens W. Phillips

Presidential Electors for the State at Large—I. Pollock of Montgomery and W. W. Mullican of Henry.

Birmingham, Ala., May 8.—The Bingham faction of the Republican party, through its State Executive committee, of which Julian H. Bingham, Collector of Internal Revenue for Alabama, is chairman, today nominated the ticket named above to be voted for in the August election.

Charles P. Lane, the candidate for Governor, is the editor of the Huntsville Tribune. Mr. Lane was in the city and accepted the nomination.

CAN CONTROL IN MARYLAND.

Republican Organization Will Swing State Convention to Be Held at Baltimore Today.

Baltimore, Md., May 8.—[Special.]—The regular State organization, headed by United State Senator McComas, Congressman Mudd, and General Thomas J. Shryock, will easily control the Republican convention, which meets in this city tomorrow. The eastern shore delegates' choice is Philips Lee Goldsborough for delegate-at-large. The southern counties want Congressman Mudd. The five from whom it looks as if four will be selected are Senator McComas, General Shryock, ex-Mayor Malster, Congressman Mudd, and ex-Controller Phillips Lee Goldsborough. The platform will indorse President McKinley's policy and declare for expansion and the gold standard.

MORE DELEGATES FOR M'KINLEY

Republican State Convention of West Virginia Instructs for the President's Renomination.

Fairmont, W. Va., May 8.—The Republican State convention was held here today. Governor Atkinson presided and there were 800 delegates in attendance. These delegates-at-large and alternates to the national convention were chosen: W. C. Curtin, S. H. Gramm, J. E. Dana, E. E. Flinn: alternates, F. H. Blake, C. A. Whitesheet, S. F. Morris, the Rev. C. H. Payne, colored.

The resolutions included a recommendation for a less stringent enforcement of the civil service laws.

The platform indorses the gold standard, expansion, and the McKinley administration. The Committee on Credentials ousted from his seat in the convention Dr. J. J. Haptonstall, who, as a Republican member of the Legislature, refused to vote for Senator Scott last year.

The delegates-at-large and the district delegates are instructed to vote for President McKinley's renomination.

Congressional Nominations.

State.	Dist.	Party.	Nominee.
Iowa	10	Rep.	J. P. Dolliver
Maryland	3	Rep.	F. C. Wachter
Maryland	5	Rep.	Sidney E. Mudd
Maryland	6	Rep.	George A. Pearre
Ohio	3	Rep.	R. M. Nevin

To Go to Philadelphia.

State.	Dist.	Delegates.	Alternates.
Idaho,	at-Large	G. L. Shoup.	
Idaho	1	W. B. Heyburn.	
Idaho	2	J. L. Allshie.	
Idaho	3	L. L. Ormsby.	
Idaho	4	Frank Goodin.	
Idaho	5	G. A. Robethan.	
Maryland	3	George Peffner. William Airy.	
Maryland	5	Washington Tuck. E. C. Abell.	
Maryland	2	Edwin Webster. George E. Baughman.	

GOV. TAYLOR VISITS INDIANA.

Goes to Indianapolis to Learn if Kentucky Political Refugees Would Be Protected from Requisition.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 8.—[Special.]—It developed today that Governor Taylor of Kentucky visited here yesterday to sound public sentiment in furnishing an asylum for Kentucky refugees. Prominent men whom he met told of his inquiries. He wished to know if Governor Mount would be sustained in refusing a requisition issued for Taylor's arrest in case Beckham were to be seated by a federal Supreme Court decision.

Governor Mount was asked today what course he would pursue in this contingency, but he declined to anticipate any action. He said he would consider each requisition on its merits, as honoring a requisition was a matter of comity, and not law.

The impression is that Mount would not honor a requisition for Taylor, as he believes the procedure in the Goebel case at Frankfort is persecution.

DEMOCRATS FIX VOTING DATES.

County Committee Arranges Primaries and Conventions—City Hall Starts a Stevenson Boom.

The Democratic County Central committee yesterday fixed the dates for the Cook County primaries and the Democratic county, Congressional, and Senatorial conventions. With these announcements came a boom, started by City Hall factotums, for former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson for the Gubernatorial nomination. It is contended, however, that Mayor Harrison will take the nomination should the Republican convention put up a Tanner candidate.

The dates decided on by the County committee follow:

Primaries to select delegates to the State, county, drainage, Senatorial, and Congressional conventions June 22.
County convention at North Side Turner Hall June 23.
Drainage convention at North Side Turner Hall, 2 p. m., June 28.
Congressional conventions, 10 a. m., June 30.
Senatorial conventions, 3 p. m., June 30.

Upheaval in the Committee.

The opening of the county fight was marked by an upheaval in the ranks of the County Central committee. A number of committeemen who have opposed Mayor Harrison were deposed promptly, and Robert E. Burke made a strong address calling for harmony in the county convention. Among the changes made in the County Central committee were:

Frank Biewersdorff succeeds Hugh Curran, Tenth Ward, Curran having resigned after having caused much trouble in this district.

Frank J. Ryan, former Superintendent of Water Pipe Extension department, succeeds Former Corporation Counsel Thornton, Thirty-first Ward. Ryan went out of his office under fire, and Thornton left the Corporation Counselship under criticism.

James T. Roach succeeds ex-Alderman Joseph Haberkorn, Nineteenth Ward. This is believed to be a blow at Alderman Powers.

Cornelius Gaffney succeeds the late John Long as Representative of Fourth Congressional District.

Evanston will be represented by P. E. O'Neill instead of Alderman James Carroll.

The selection of primary and local convention dates was made with reference to the date of the State convention, June 26. The County Central committee will meet on Tuesday next to receive the lists of judges and clerks and the polling places for the primaries.

Text of the Resolution.

The resolution formally adopted follows:

Resolved, That the primary elections for the purpose of electing delegates to the State, county, drainage, Congressional, and Senatorial conventions be held on Friday June 22, 1900.

Resolved, That the county convention be and is hereby called for Saturday, June 23, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Resolved, That the drainage convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for drainage trustees be held Thursday, June 28, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Resolved, That the conventions to nominate the candidates for Congress in the various Congressional districts within the limits of Cook County be held at 10 o'clock a. m. Saturday, June 30.

Resolved, That the conventions to nominate candidates in the different Senatorial districts in Cook County be held Saturday June 30, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Resolved, That the apportionment of delegates to the various conventions mentioned above be as follows: One delegate for every 200 votes or major fraction thereof cast for Bryan and Sewall in 1896.

Resolved, That the county convention be and is hereby called for Saturday, June 23, at the North Side Turner Hall.

Resolved, That the convention for the purpose of nominating drainage trustees be held Thursday, June 28, at 2 o'clock at the North Side Turner Hall.

Resolved, That a complete list of judges and clerks, polling places, and primary districts in the various wards and towns be filed with the Secretary of this committee not later than Monday May 15.

Robert E. Burke held a conference with Ben T. Cable of Rock Island last night, presumably over the Governorship. Mayor Harrison talked with Mr. Cable, but continued to deny that he is a candidate for the place.

The headquarters of the Democratic National committee were vacant. Willis J. Abbot is in Sioux Falls, S. D., watching the Populist convention. J. G. Johnson and Charles A. Walsh are in Kansas City preparing the way for the national convention.

DEMOCRATS TALK OF PEORIA.

Burke and Eldred Look for Hanecy Victory—Mayor Harrison Is Non-Committal—Other Views.

Democratic leaders in Cook County were mixed in their predictions as to the outcome of the Republican State convention. Some based their auguries on the selection of Controller of the Currency Dawes against the Tanner-Hanecy forces. Robert E. Burke and others contended that Hanecy will win.

"I can see nothing but Hanecy," said Robert E. Burke. "The vote on the chairman amounts to little. It means simply that all other candidates and their forces were aligned against the Tanner-Hanecy crowd. When the vote for the Gubernatorial nomination comes they will have to split, and that will leave the opening for the Hanecy contingent. The Democratic candidate? I'm saying nothing now. Yes, Ben T. Cable had a conference with me, but that means nothing. We are waiting for the Republicans to come to a decision."

"Yates may do a few things to them before they break away at Peoria," said City Clerk Loeffler. "We are waiting to see how things come out before taking active steps. Stevenson? Yes, he is urged as a promising candidate on our side."

"It looks to me like Hanecy," said Fred Eldred. "I can't see how he can be beaten. On our side? O, I don't see any one in sight but Carter H."

"I don't want to break into Republican politics," Mayor Harrison said, "and I don't want to discuss their moves. I have repeatedly said that I am not a candidate for the Democratic nomination. My talk with Ben T. Cable was not along the line of my accepting the nomination. There will be plenty of time to talk when the Republicans have made their selection and settled their differences."

The Democratic forces of Cook County will endeavor to send a solid delegation to the State convention to act as the local leaders see fit.

George E. Cole said: "After the action of the convention in selecting Dawes as temporary chairman it seems to me as though time favors the people. I am confident that Judge Hanecy will be beaten."

Joel M. Longenecker, recently elected Department Commander for Illinois of the G. A. R., said: "That vote for temporary organization marks the beginning of the end of the Lorimer-Tanner domination of the party. It shows the Republican party of the State simply has grown tired of the methods of those two bosses. Lorimer thought by postponing the county convention to force the opposition into line for Hanecy. He didn't seem to think he was doing the exact thing to solidify the opposition against him and his methods. I am inclined to think now he will not be able to control the county convention even. That vote marks the end of the Hanecy boom."

OBITUARY.

MRS. MARY A. KELLEY, Chicago, died suddenly at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel in New York late Monday night. She was 80 years old and the widow of Asa P. Kelley, formerly a prominent wholesale lumber merchant of this city, who died five years ago. Her residence was at 2244 Calumet avenue, and she was an old resident of Chicago. William E. Kelley, her son, has gone East to bring the remains here for burial. The funeral will take place from the residence in this city at 2 p. m. tomorrow.

JOHN MOONEY, Kenosha, Wis., died at the home of Mathias Brady in that city yesterday afternoon. Death resulted from heart disease. The deceased had been a resident of the city and county for over sixty years. He was born at Dublin, Ireland, in 1817. He came to Southport (now Kenosha), in 1836 and settled on a farm in the Town of Brighton. He resided in the country until the early seventies, when he removed to Kenosha, where he has since resided.

HENRY B. EGER, Chicago, died yesterday at Watertown, Wis., aged 39 years. Nervous prostration was the cause of death. He had been a member of the Avondale Sash and Door Company of Chicago for the last ten years. He was a son of Dr. C. T. Eger of Watertown. His widow and one child survive him.

THE REV. LOREN FOSTER BERRY, D. D., Chicago, died on Monday night. Heart disease was the fatal malady. Arrangements for the funeral have not been made. Dr. Berry was pastor of the Evanston Avenue Congregational Church.

Fined for Illegal Fishing.

Oshkosh, Wis., May 8.—[Special.]—Charles Nelson, a local fisherman, was fined today $75 and costs for illegal fishing. He was caught in the act of setting nets.

FIRE RUINS DUTCH ROOM.

MR. AND MRS. W. G. HIBBARD LOSE A VALUABLE COLLECTION.

Flames Destroy Articles Gathered During Twenty-five Years, and for Which Special Trips Were Made to the Homes of Her Ancestors in Holland—Furniture, Imported Woodwork, Clocks, Bric-a-Brac, and Paintings Worth $15,000 Gone.

The Dutch furniture, antiquities, paintings, and curios furnishing the "Dutch room" in William G. Hibbard's residence, 1701 Prairie avenue, collected by Mr. and Mrs. Hibbard during a trip made for that purpose to the homes of her ancestors in the Netherlands, have been destroyed by fire. Old Dutch clocks, cabinets, china, and bric-à-brac, gathered by them while abroad or imported by Mr. Hibbard from Holland during the last twenty-five years, were burned and broken. The collection, which it will be impossible to replace, was valued at $15,000, and because of the antiquity of many of the articles it was regarded as one of the most valuable private collections of the kind in the United States.

The Holland walnut rafters and panels with which the room was built were ruined. The room was located in the rear of the second floor of the residence and overlooking the lake. The collection only recently was put in this place, built especially to contain it.

Paintings valued at $25,000, in other parts of the house, were saved by women members of the family.

Costly Antiques Are Burned.

The fire rapidly made its way up the rear stairway from the basement and destroyed the furniture and woodwork. China, glassware, and tiles were cracked by the heat. The damage to the house and furniture outside of the Dutch room was $10,000. Among the losses in the Dutch collection were:

Dutch clock of seventeenth century, $300.
Dutch sideboard, heavily carved, of unknown antiquity, $900.
Holland cabinet and contents of valuable bric-à-brac, $2,000.
Dutch plaques and plates, $1,000.
Holland walnut decorations, $5,000.
Dutch paintings, $3,000.
Dutch tables, brackets, and furniture, $3,000.

The fire, which occurred late on Monday afternoon, started in the laundry dryroom, beneath the kitchen. Mrs. William E. Caselberry, daughter of Mr. Hibbard, was in the hallway at a telephone when smoke began pouring from the room beneath. Servants, seeing the smoke, ran to the front part of the house to warn members of the family, who at first attempted to extinguish the fire.

Miss Jessie Spalding, daughter of Jesse Spalding, saw the smoke from her home next door and sent in a still alarm. It was feared that the entire house would burn, and guests and members of the family began the work of rescuing the paintings in the front rooms. Among those in the house were Mrs. W. G. Hibbard, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. W. G. Hibbard Jr., Mrs. W. R. Stirling, and Mrs. John Buckingham.

Women Carry Out Pictures.

All the pictures were removed from the walls by the women and carried to the street. They afterwards were taken to the residence of Mrs. R. B. Gregory, 1638 Prairie avenue.

After the Fire department arrived the fire was extinguished in twenty minutes.

The Hibbard residence is a three-story brick structure, and was built thirty-two years ago. "Any of the articles of the Dutch collection that were destroyed," said Mr. Hibbard, "never can be replaced. The room was built at the suggestion of my wife. The collection was the result of twenty-five years of effort, and I made special trips to Holland for some of the articles."

THEY USE TOO MUCH DYNAMITE.

Burglars at Sunbury, O., Wreck Vault and Bank, but Fail to Get Any Money.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—[Special.]—The Farmers' Bank at Sunbury, O., was practically demolished early this morning when five would-be robbers blew open the vault with dynamite. The safe contained about $100,000, but the burglars did not get a cent.

The bank stands in a lot by itself. Across an alley on either side is a residence. So much dynamite was used that the safe containing the money fell apart in sections and the front wall of the building, constructed of stone, fell in fragments in the street. The noise of the explosion awoke everybody in the neighborhood and several citizens were on the streets in a moment or two.

The burglars at once began shooting, hoping to keep people off until they could secure at least a portion of the fortune lying so temptingly before them, but in order to escape capture they were compelled to flee before securing any of the money.

STATE DENTAL SOCIETY MEETS.

Annual Convention Begins Its Work in the State House, Springfield—Subjects Discussed.

Springfield, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The State Dental society held the first session of its annual meeting this morning in the Senate Chamber of the Statehouse. Dr. R N. Laurence of Lincoln, President of the society, read his annual address, after which Dr. A. W. Harlan of Chicago read the report of the Committee on Dental Science and Literature. The report of the Committee on Dental Art and Invention was given by Dr. H. J. Goslee of Chicago. One of the features of the meeting was a paper presented by Dr. G. W. Entsminger of Carbondale on "Habits Incidental to the Dental Profession," in which he condemned Sunday work of the dentist.

Stabbing Affray at Transit House.

Thomas Towner, a porter at the Transit House at the Stock-Yards, was stabbed five times in the back by Edward Christy, a bell boy, shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The cutting affray took place in an upper room of the hotel and created considerable excitement among the guests and servants. Christy was arrested. Towner is at the Provident Hospital and probably will recover. Christy claims Towner was the aggressor and that he struck in self-defense.

Two Killed by Lightning.

Winamac, Ind., May 8.—[Special.]—Frank and William Ringen, brothers, were killed by lightning last night as they were unhitching a horse in the barn. The horse was also killed.

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SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE
A complete stock and full assortment of the famous goods of Dr. Jaeger's System will be found at
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DR. JAEGER'S SANITARY WOOLEN SYSTEM CO.
Messrs. Mandel Bros. will continue in the sale of our goods.

SEEK DEATH TOGETHER.

AGED COUPLE IN NEW YORK COMMIT SUICIDE BY ASPHYXIATION.

Found Dead in the Kitchen of Their Home with Tubes in Their Mouths Connecting with Gas Chandelier—Were in Attitudes of Religious Devotion—Attorney Lamb Has Subpœnas Issued for Officers of Steel and Wire Company—Gotham News.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, May 8.

Man and Wife Find Death Together.

Holding in her lap on open prayer book, from which she evidently had been reading the funeral service, while her companion sat opposite with his hands clasped in an attitude of prayer, Mrs. Sophie Arnold and her husband Martin were found today seated in the kitchen of their handsomely furnished apartment, 486 Chauncey street, Brooklyn, dead from asphyxiation. That their suicide had been carefully planned was evident from their surroundings.

To a chandelier directly over the heads of the aged couple—he was 60 years and she was 55—gas tubing had been attached by means of a string to prevent it from slipping and the ends had been placed to the mouth of each and affixed by a string tied about their heads. They had been dead for five or six hours.

Man and wife sat opposite each other in rocking chairs, which had been carried from the parlor to the kitchen. They were placed directly under the chandelier. Martin Arnold's feet were resting on the round of the chair occupied by his wife, and her feet were resting on his chair.

On a table near were carefully laid out two shrouds and a new suit of black clothes. Besides the shrouds were three letters, addressed and sealed, and each evidently containing money. One was to Frederick Herbst, an undertaker; another to Mrs. Johanna Oehl, and the third to Henry Gerdes.

The rooms were handsomely furnished and many articles of bric-à-brac were scattered about. The apartment is in a fashionable part of Brooklyn.

It is believed that threatened poverty, after years of prosperous business, was responsible for the aged couple taking their own lives. They were too proud to ask for help.

When the letter to Mr. Geedes was opened it was found to contain an informal will, devising to the landlord all Adnow's furniture and his scanty personal effects in payment of the rent due.

The letter to the undertaker was a request that he would provide a simple funeral, to be paid for out of a burial insurance policy in the Prudential company of Newark, of which Adnow formerly was an agent.

Marie Rosalie Dinse, the first woman to jump from Brooklyn bridge, will pay a penalty for her deed worse than the death she sought. She is hopelessly insane. She was removed from the prison ward in Bellevue Hospital today to the insane pavilion. The doctors declare there is no chance for her recovery.

Subpœnas for Officers of Steel and Wire.

Clerks in the office of Lamb & Voss were today serving subpœnas upon the officers of the American Steel and Wire company. According to Mr. Lamb, who obtained the summons compelling John W. Gates to appear before Magistrate Zeller to answer charges of making false statements concerning the affairs of his company, nearly every one at all interested in the Chicago concern is likely to be summoned as a witness at the hearing in the Center street police court tomorrow. "We have issued subpœnas," said he today, "for the President, Vice President, Secretary, and Treasurer, and a number of others. What bothers me now," remarked the lawyer, "is, which of those two statements of Mr. Gates was the false one?"

Interest in Wall street today centered in the withdrawal of the Seligmans from the directorate of the company and the probable effect of their withdrawal on the affairs of the concern. If the Seligmans still retain their interests, it is without friends in the board to protect them.

A petition was filed today with Attorney General Davies by Einstein & Townsend, lawyers, asking the Attorney General to institute legal proceedings against the ice trust to deprive it of the right to do business in New York City under section 7 of the stock corporation law, which provides that "no stock corporation shall combine with any other corporation or person in the creation of a monopoly for the unlawful restraint of trade, or for the prevention of competition in any necessary of life."

Banks Have Loans of $40,000,000 in Europe.

New York banks and trust companies have fully $40,000,000 in loans outstanding today on sterling bills of exchange, which practically represent advances to European bankers for the purpose of deferring settlements by them to this country. The present demand is said to be in excess of anything experienced at this center in years, with the possible exception of January, 1898, when local institutions did a large business in this class of loans. At the opening of that year we were estimated to have $50,000,000 invested in sterling bills or loaned direct to Europe. The present volume of loans on sterling indicates, in the opinion of well known bankers, the existence of an enormous international trade balance in our favor, the settlement of which may give foreign bankers some interesting problems to solve a few months hence. Exports of manufactures from this country are expected to reach $400,000,000 during the fiscal year ending June 30 next, or nearly $75,000,000 in excess of last year's total.

There was a stampede of women at the printing exposition in Grand Central Palace this afternoon. It was occasioned by the escape from its pen of Ben Franklin, a calf imported from the printers' farm at Bound Brook, N. J. Ben Franklin had been in an inclosure in the hall, restrained by a light wire fence. Somebody leaned too heavily on the fence and it came down. The calf made a dash for liberty. It raided the refreshment booth and caused a dozen of the women in charge to take refuge upon the shelves, tables, and chairs. It was finally captured.

Mayor Will Welcome Boers Himself.

A subcommittee of the National Boer Relief Fund committee called on Mayor Van Wyck today and asked him officially to welcome the peace delegates of the Transvaal, who are now on their way to this country and to name committees to receive them. The Mayor said he would be glad to receive the delegates and extend to them all the courtesies of the city, but he had made it a rule not to appoint committees, and he would not do so in this case. The Mayor said: "When I came into office I found that my predecessor had appointed committees on all occasions. In fact, the city was run by committees, and I determined to put a stop to it. I am the Mayor and I mean to exercise the functions of Mayor. You all know where my heart is in this cause."

A delegate said some things about the struggle which the Boers were so gallantly making.

"That does not come near expressing my feelings," said the Mayor. "You know I am of their blood."

Judges for the Hall of Fame.

The list of judges for the Hall of Fame at New York University has been completed. It includes the following classes: University or college Presidents, 25; scientists or professors of history, 24; publicists, editors, and authors, 23; Supreme Court Justices, State or national, 28. Three of the judges are women. At least one judge has been appointed from each of the forty-five States. Some of the Western men among the judges are:

James B. Angell, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; W. S. Chaplin, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.; G. A. Gates, Iowa College, Grinnell, Ia.; David Starr Jordan, Leland Stanford University, Palo Alto, Cal.; Henry Wade Rogers, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.; W. O. Thompson, Ohio State University, Columbus, O.; President C. F. Thwing, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O.; H. C. Adams, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Henry E. Bourne, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O.; Fred M. Fling, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, Neb.; Burke A. Hinsdale, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Harry P. Judson, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.; A. C. MacLaughlin, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor; David S. Schaff, Lane Theological Seminary, Cincinnati, O.; Robert D. Shepard, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill.; John Clark Ridpath, Greencastle, Ind.; Bishop John H. Vincent, Topeka, Kas.; Charles M. Start, Minneapolis, Minn.; T. L. Norval, Nebraska; J. M. Bartholomew, North Dakota; Dighton Corson, South Dakota; John B. Cassaday, Wisconsin.

Youthful Couple Elope and Marry.

Goldie Phillips, 13 years old, today returned to her father's house at Acquebogue, L. I., but not as Miss Goldie Phillips. She is now Mrs. Vernon Moore, wife of the Captain of the sloop Flyaway. Moore, who is 19 years old, married Goldie late on Monday night at Calverton, L. I. The youthful bridegroom, together with Virgie Way, the adolescent mate of the Flyaway, and John Dutcher, the sloop's boyish cook, were arrested at Riverhead early this morning on Mrs. Phillips' charge that they had kidnaped Goldie. They were lodged in the Riverhead Jail. Moore took his imprisonment as a sailor should, and coolly remarked: "Goldie and her father and mother will see me out of this scrape."

The three boys sailed on the Flyaway from Riverhead early Monday morning. One of the skipper's trusty friends informed him on Monday afternon that the officers were after him and he put into port, hired a horse and wagon, and drove Goldie to Jamesport. Two ministers refused to marry them. Somewhat discouraged, Goldie went home. The girl put on a long skirt and curled her hair in mature fashion atop her head. Moore drove her to Calverton and the Rev. O. C. Lane made her a sailor's bride.

Still eluding the Sheriff, the happy couple took a brief honeymoon voyage on the Flyaway and landed at Riverhead this morning, when Captain and crew were arrested.

Attorney General John C. Davies has written an opinion in which it is held that contracts to furnish gas or electricity to public buildings comes within the provisions of the law which prohibits contractors performing work for the State or its municipalities from working their men longer than eight hours a day. This opinion will affect the gas and electric light companies that furnish light to New York City, as well as those which supply every other city in the State.

Deserts Sweetheart from Jerusalem.

From Jerusalem to New York is a long way to travel on a love quest. Yet Miss Simcha Rosenthal completed the journey to meet the man who had fallen in love with her photograph and who had promised to wed her. The meeting, the wooing, and the troth were matters of short duration. Charles Harris, who had summoned the girl from Palestine, was at first as enamored of the black-eyed visitor as he had been enthusiastic over her pictured self. But love did not last. Harris, who owns a small business in a Connecticut town, disappeared. Miss Rosenthal today told a lawyer to begin an action for breach of promise.

"I shall go back to Jerusalem," she said today, "but first I would like to see Harris suffer as much as he has made me suffer."

Harris had been shown a photograph of the girl by Julius Rosenthal, the girl's brother. Harris liked the girl's looks and said he would marry her. So money was sent to Jerusalem and Simcha came on. But though Harris called on her for several months he changed his mind finally and disappeared.

Witnesses in the Mary Smith case were examined by the grand jury today, and at the conclusion of the session the jury ordered two indictments drawn, charging murder in the first degree against Helen Kersten, for whose arrest Coroner Bausch has issued a warrant, and Margaret Hassler, at whose home Mary Smith died. Mrs. Anna Boyle, who viewed the dead girl's body Monday, is confident it is that of her lost daughter, Mary, who disappeared on March 25. She was 30 years old and a cigaret maker.

Perry Belmont Defendant in Unusual Suit.

Photographs, copies of oil paintings, and pen and ink sketches of the late August Belmont are exhibits in a case now on trial in the city court before Justice J. Henry McCarthy. The defendant is Perry Belmont, who is being sued by James T. White & Co., publishers, for $1,500. The plaintiffs allege that Mr. Belmont has violated his contract to pay them that sum for the publication of his steel engraving of his father in the National Encyclopedia of American Biography.

Mr. Belmont holds that the portrait which the publishers wish to appear in the book is not a likeness of his father. He says he is willing to fulfill his contract if the plaintiffs furnish an acceptable steel engraving and not a caricature.

James T. White testified that the steel engraving was a composite from two photographs furnished by Mr. Belmont.

"The artist," said Mr. White, "acted under the direction of Mr. Belmont, and if the portrait is a bad one Mr. Belmont is responsible."

Former Mayor Hugh J. Grant testified:

"I would not recognize this steel engraving as a portrait of Mr. Belmont. It does not look anything like him."

Mr. Belmont is to testify tomorrow.

Governor John G. Brady of Alaska was the guest of honor at a dinner tonight at the Waldorf, at which a bust of William H. Seward, the gift of Francis L. Loring, was presented to the people of Alaska through Governor Brady. The bust is to be placed in the rotunda of the Statehouse at Sitka. Charles H. Treat, Collector of Internal Revenue, presented the bust to Governor Brady.

J. H. Flagler Stirs Up Labor Trouble.

Because J. H. Flagler, the Standard Oil man, refused to allow any mechanic employed on his summer place at Millbrook, Dutchess County, to work more than nine hours a day a strike has been started which may seriously delay the preparation of summer homes for occupancy by their millionaire owners. Among the wealthy summer residents who may thus suffer are: Daniel S. Lamont, Oakleigh Thorn, and C. F. Dietrich. Millbrook hitherto has been free from strikes, mechanics working ten hours without complaint, notwithstanding all were employed by millionaires. Discontent manifested itself only after Mr. Flagler had purchased the James J. Tower place and proceeded to improve it at great expense. Then it was that Mr. Flagler announced that no man in his employ should be asked or allowed to work more than nine hours each day.

The spectacle of the men quitting at 5 o'clock on the Flagler place and passing the others as they strolled home soon led to a demand for a nine hour day by the mechanics employed by other contractors. Contractor Baldwin's men quit outright today and Contractor Hart's men are expected to quit tomorrow.

These contractors have men at work at Altamont, the home of Daniel S. Lamont, and on the places of several of the other rich men at Millbrook.

Pennsylvania to Have Its Own Piers.

Independent of its scheme to control the steam railroad system on Long Island from Brooklyn to Montauk, the Pennsylvania railroad has under way a more gigantic project by which it is to provide its own outlet and inlet for transatlantic traffic. Instead of transferring freight from train to ship at Jersey City and Hoboken, the company is to have its own piers and water front near the Erie Basin. Additions and alterations are to be made in and about the Jersey City terminal station, so that the immense lighters to be built especially for this service may be accommodated.

The wharves and docks to be constructed will be, individually, the largest and most complete in the world. They will be designed with a special view to accommodating several classes of freight. The grain elevators will be greater in capacity than any of the company's elevators now in use.

The great carloads of beef from the West will be kept in constant refrigeration from the time they are loaded until the meat is delivered to the consignee in Europe.

If contemplating a California trip, save money and secure comfort. Call upon or address Phillips-Judson Co., 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

BUFFINGTON IN BAD ODOR

ORDNANCE CHIEF MAY BE REBUKED FOR HIS ATTACK ON MILES.

Commanding General Explains to Secretary Root He Is Not Behind the Plan for a Veterinary Corps—House Orders Secretary Gage to Reveal Secrets of the Manufacture of Oleomargarine—Unusual Delay in Completion of the Battleship Wisconsin.

(Continued from first page.)

the summer at Richmond Springs. Senator and Mrs. Frye will go to Sand Hill in Maine, while Senator Mason and family are debating the pros and cons of a trip to Alaska.

Freak in the National Museum.

Some time ago a curious object of hideous shape was sent to the National Museum, and, not presenting a visiting card, it was dubbed "The Devil's Baby." It hailed from some remote region of the mound builders. In some way it got noised around among the negroes that "The Devil's Baby" was paying a visit to the museum, and, being possessed of considerable curiosity on the subject, hundreds of them went to view the monstrosity. They came early and late and in such numbers that the room in which the object was kept resembled an emancipation day parade. Not only did the colored people in and around the capital go to see this curious object, but as the news spread hundreds of them came from Virginia and Maryland. It became necessary to do something to abate the nuisance, so one day recently, when a delegation of about thirty negroes arrived from Prince Edward's County, Virginia, the watchman was seized with an inspiration, and, when they asked to be shown "The Devil's Baby," produced a small mirror and told them to look in. They did so, and the famous old hall resounded with their hilarious mirth. They believed the whole story to be a fake, and left good naturedly. This broke the spell, for from that time to this there has been no call to see the curious object.

Duke d'Arcos, the Spanish Minister, has purchased a summer home at Manchester-by-the-Sea, where he and the Duchess expect to spend the summer.

Baron von Holleben, the German Ambassador, entertained at dinner this evening. The guests were the Austrian Minister and Baroness Hengelmuller, the Belgian Minister and Countess Lichtervelde, Countess Moltke Huitfeldt, Colonel and Miss Ernst, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, Mr. Putnam, Mr. and Mrs. Foulke, Miss Rose Wallach, Miss Tuckerman, Miss Merriam, Miss Ethel Horstmann, Mr. Riano, Mr. de Straale, and Mr. Taigny.

Paper Famine in France.

Paper of all kinds is scarce in France and the price is increasing. Consul Skinner, at Marseilles, in a communication to the State department suggests that American manufacturers might place some orders in France. He incloses a translation of a letter from the largest printing and stationery concern in France on this subject, which says:

"Our industry is at this moment passing through an unprecedented crisis. As you have learned through the medium of the newspapers, and as will be seen from a perusal of the annexed circulars, the increase in price which has affected all raw materials—wood pulp, rags, coals, metals, chemical products, etc.—has caused considerable advance on all our products. In spite of these successive advances, which in some cases have reached 20 per cent and even 25 per cent on the value of the goods, we are not only threatened with further rises, but also with an actual scarcity of papers.

"Indeed, in consequence of the want of certain raw materials of which we have spoken above, notably rags and wood pulp, all paper manufacturers, both in France and abroad, are late in their consignments. The situation renders it necessary to request delays of three or four months, without binding ourselves, for all new orders received. Thanks to the large stocks which we have in our depots and to the important purchases with our makers at the old rates, we have been able up to the present to readily meet the demands of all our clients without increase of price. But the situation of the market is daily more difficult. We shall be obliged at an early date to modify in our turn conditions of sale, and even in some cases to refuse orders for delivery on a fixed date. We cannot too often repeat that the present advances and the difficulty of obtaining supplies can only be accentuated for a period the duration of which we cannot foresee, but which will certainly extend to the year 1902 at least."

Prince Dolgoroukoff of St. Petersburg is in Washington on his way around the world. He is over six feet high and quite an imposing looking man. The Russian Ambassador will give a dinner in his honor tomorrow night. The Prince is said to be a near relative of the Czar.

Bill to Pay Roberts' Expenses.

After all, Brigham H. Roberts of Utah may be paid for the expenses incurred by him in his fight for a seat in Congress. Today Representative King of Utah introduced a bill providing that $2,000 be paid Brigham H. Roberts for all costs, compensation, mileage, and expenses incurred by him and which may be due in defending his right to a seat in the Fifty-sixth Congress. It will be remembered Mr. Roberts received no pay after Congress assembled, but up to that time he received exactly the same remuneration as others who held certificates of election to Congress from the Governors of the States. Mr. Roberts went so far as to institute a suit against the disbursing officer of the House to secure the payment of his claim, but he had only his troubles for his pains. It is more than likely the House will authorize the payment of the $2,000 provided for in the bill, as it is customary to reimburse contestants for seats in the House, even if they are not successful. While Mr. Roberts' case is different from those who have had contests on their hands, the House will probably deal generously with him and allow the measure to go through.

At the meeting of the House Judiciary committee today a favorable report was made upon the bill providing for the holding of a term of United States Circuit or District Court at Superior, Wis. The terms of these courts will begin annually the third Tuesday in June. The Attorney General is authorized to rent rooms necessary for holding the terms of the courts as authorized. The bill has already been adopted by the Senate and will undoubtedly be agreed to by the House before adjournment.

Wheaton Urged for Brigadier General.

Senator Mason today presented a resolution adopted by the Webb Command of the Union Veteran union of Peoria, urging the promotion of General Lloyd Wheaton as a Brigadier General in the regular service. It declares General Wheaton is the only general officer from Illinois in the volunteer service and that he has earned a promotion by service in the war with Spain and in the Philippines. The President is urged to give the claims of this officer kindly consideration. General Wheaton is a Colonel in the regular army, but holds the rank of Brigadier General of volunteers. He enlisted as a Sergeant in the Eighth Illinois Infantry in 1861 in one of the first companies raised for the suppression of the rebellion. By faithful service he rose to the command of a regiment, serving through the war of the rebellion, and at its close entered the regular army. He was brevetted three times during the war for gallant and meritorious service in the siege of Vicksburg; for services in the assault on Fort Blakely, Ala.; and for faithful and meritorious services during the campaign against the City of Mobile and its defenses. He was given a medal of honor for distinguished gallantry in the assault on Fort Blakely, leading the right wing of his regiment, springing through an embrasure against a strong fire of artillery and musketry, the first to enter the enemy's works while serving as Lieutenant Colonel of the Eighth Illinois Infantry.

Mrs. McKinley is enjoying better health now than she has for some time. She goes driving or walking every day when the weather is good. Mrs. McKinley is seldom idle, and her favorite occupation is knitting slippers. When asked a few days ago how many she had made she said:

"Up to two years ago I had made 2,000 pairs. Since then I have lost count."

She recently sent a pair to a fair at Paterson, N. J. They sold for $150. Formerly she used to make a great many infants' garments, but now she knits nothing but slippers.

New Explosive Shell Explained.

At the secret legislative session today Senator Tillman explained in a general way the principle of the shell expected to revolutionize naval warfare. It is known as the Johnson shell, and is a small cap placed on the point of an ordinary projectile. In the cap is a powder the ingredients of which are carefully guarded. When a projectile equipped with one of these caps comes in contact with the armor plate the substance spreads, the effect being to keep the projectile true to its course. At a recent test at the Indian Head proving grounds a six-inch shell fitted with one of these caps pierced a nine-inch Krupp armor plate. The shell passed through it and was uninjured. A nine-inch Krupp armor plate has the resisting power of a twelve-inch Harveyized plate. Shells not equipped with the cap fired at the same plate were smashed to pieces. While this question is being discussed in the Senate it will be behind closed doors.

Mrs. W. H. Hull of Murphysboro, Ill., is guest at the residence of Representative and Mrs. George W. Smith.

ROOSEVELT IN WASHINGTON.

Goes There to Consult with Politicians How to Get Out of Accepting Vice Presidential Nomination.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Governor Roosevelt arrived here tonight for the purpose of consulting the politicians how to get out of accepting the Vice Presidential nomination. He also seeks a rest. He was met at the railroad station by a crowd of reporters. When pressed for an interview, he said: "Not a word, not a word."

He strode through the crowd. Mrs. Roosevelt kept up as well as she could, but it was a hopeless task for the Governor to walk as fast as he talked. "Now, boys," he said, "I shall not see anybody tonight. I shall not talk to a newspaper man, and I shall have no conference or conversation with any politician. I am going out to my sister's house and I shall stay there until morning. Shall I see any one tomorrow? Well," and the Governor grinned as he waited for Mrs. Roosevelt to catch up, "tomorrow is another day."

The Governor was driven directly to Commander Cowles' house, where he will stay until he leaves the city on Saturday. The Governor was in excellent spirits. Somebody asked if he had changed his mind about being a candidate for Vice President. The Governor glared and shook his head. Then he said again, for the third or fourth time, "There is nothing I care to say." Senator Lodge and Civil Service Commissioner Proctor were at the house when the Governor arrived and had a short chat with him, but not about politics.

Tomorrow Governor Roosevelt will go to the Navy department and see his old friends. It is not yet settled whether he will call on the President tomorrow or wait until Thursday, but he will see the President before he goes back. Mrs. Cowles will give dinners in his honor on Wednesday and Thursday and a reception on Friday afternoon.

The politicians have changed in their attitude toward Roosevelt. They would like to see him nominated for Vice President, but there will be no further attempt to force the nomination on him. Postmaster General Smith's name is still being discussed, as well as that of Secretary Long, but there is a general feeling that the Schley-Sampson controversy will put the Massachusetts man out of the race.

SENATE CONSIDERS NAVY BILL.

Finishes with Measure Except Section Relating to Armor and Armament.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—The Senate today concluded consideration of the naval appropriation bill, with the exception of that section relating to armor and armament. This went over until tomorrow, when it will be considered in secret session.

During the morning hour a number of minor bills were passed, among them one to reimburse various Collectors of Internal Revenue for internal revenue stamps charged against them, but not accounted for.

The debate on the naval bill was practically confined to the paragraph relating to the commissioning of naval cadets. The committee's amendment striking out the proposition in the House bill which sought to commission the cadets at the expiration of the four years' term at the naval academy, abolishing the preliminary two years at sea, was carried after a warm debate.

CINCINNATI MUSIC FESTIVAL.

Fourteenth Annual Affair Opens Under the Direction of Theodore Thomas—The Soloists.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—[Special.]—Mendelssohn's oratorio, "St. Paul," was chosen by Theodore Thomas for the opening concert of Cincinnati's fourteenth May festival, and every seat in Music Hall was occupied tonight when the program was begun. The soloists of the evening were: Mrs. Hissem Demoss, Mme. Schumann-Heink, Ben Davies, David Bispham, and Louis Ehrgott. There was but one bit of awkwardness during the whole evening. It rained hard, and at one or two places the roof of Music Hall leaked, and tiny streams of water made it uncomfortable for several members of the chorus. Mr. Thomas' arrangement of the seven concerts that make up the week's program includes the best compositions of Mendelssohn, Beethoven, Haydn, Schubert, Wagner, Bach, Handel, Liszt, and Strauss. A feature of tomorrow night's concert will be Beethoven's Ninth Symphony and an unfinished symphony in B minor by Schubert.

PRINCETON WINS YALE DEBATE.

Jerseymen Capture the Seventh Annual Contest—Hay-Pauncefote Treaty the Subject Discussed.

Princeton, N. J., May 8.—[Special.]—The Princeton University intercollegiate debating team defeated the Yale University debaters in their seventh annual contest tonight in Alexander Hall. John G. Carlisle presided. The question debated was:

"Resolved, That the Hay-Pauncefote treaty should be ratified in the form in which it was originally submitted to the Senate, it being understood that any change in the terms of the treaty or any action by the Senate affecting the treaty is not germane to the question at issue."

The judges of the debate were Professor William A. Dunning of New York, Professor Andrew V. V. Raymond of New York, William L. Strong, former Mayor of New York City. Yale had the affirmative.

A New Route to the Southwest.

On May 15 the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad will place in service a through train to Arkansas and Texas points via Thebes, Ill., and the Cotton Belt route. This train will leave Chicago daily from the Dearborn Passenger Station at 1:50 p. m., carry a through sleeping car to Waco, Tex., and a free reclining chair car to Fort Worth, Tex.

The service will be new and modern in every way. The entire train will be wide vestibuled, heated by steam and lighted by gas, and will carry a dining car from Chicago. For further information call at city ticket office, 105 Clark street.

NEELEY IS SHORT $75,000.

HOW THE POSTAL FRAUDS AT HAVANA WERE PERPETRATED.

Receipts Show a Falling Off of $12,000 a Month Since Last July—Others Believed to Be Interested Besides the Chief Financial Agent of the Postoffice, Whose Property Has Been Placed Under the Control of the Government.

HAVANA, May 8.—The postal frauds have been the principal topic of conversation in Havana today, although the papers have said little of the matter. The Department of Posts admits a shortage of $75,000, but further investigation has brought to light the fact that in July of last year the receipts showed a falling off of $12,000 from the average of the months previous and that this shortage has continued ever since.

It appears that about that time Director of Posts Rathbone gave orders for the destruction of $411,000 worth of surcharge stamps on account of the issue of a new stamp. This work of destruction was left in the hands of Charles F. W. Neeley and his assistants, but it is now believed none of those stamps was destroyed, the theory being they were sent out with the new stamps.

Receipts of Havana Office.

The Havana receipts amounted to about $13,000 a month, according to the books, but the other officers of the island showed only $3,000 or $4,000, amounts palpably absurd. It is astonishing the shortage was not discovered before, because the receipts at Santiago or Matanzas alone should amount to nearly $4,000. Absolute proof that something has been going wrong is shown by the fact that Auditor Barle reports the receipts of the island for the first five days of May as aggregating $8,000. Should this average continue it would mean a total of more than $40,000 for the month.

That others than Neeley are involved is believed, although the evidence as yet is not sufficient to justify their arrest. Nevertheless, should certain persons attempt to leave the island they would be taken into custody.

Neeley has made investments here and in other parts of the island, having as a partner a postal employé. Carrydon Rich, who now holds the power of attorney for Neeley, was yesterday appointed to fill Neeley's place as chief financial agent of the Havana postoffice, but today the appointment was suspended.

Discovery of the Shortage.

The military authorities know little regarding the matter, beyond what Colonel Burton, Inspector General, reported, for the department of posts has been virtually independent of the military authorities, and has reported directly to the Postmaster General. The Inspector General has merely made a quarterly inspection. On his former inspection tour he found a shortage of more than $12,000, but such plausible excuses were given he thought he was probably mistaken. When he entered on his latest inspection his suspicions were aroused, and he started an investigation. This close scrutiny revealed features of the case which have not yet been made public.

Governor General Wood has ordered all property standing in the name of Neeley in Cuba to be placed under government control.

To Sue Neeley's Bondsmen.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—The alleged shortage in the accounts of Charles F. Neeley, formerly Treasurer of the Postoffice department of Cuba, was considered by the Cabinet today, and it was the opinion of all the members present that, as Neeley was appointed by the United States and in administering the affairs of the island this government is acting as a trustee, it is responsible for the shortage and can proceed against Neeley's bondsmen for the amount involved. It was practically settled, too, that Neeley would be taken back to Havana for trial before a civil tribunal.

The Postoffice department has a report from Agents Seybolt and Neal as to the amount of postal revenues in the hands of Neeley on April 23. At that time, according to these reports, he apparently accounted for all sums due the government, and it is said by Postoffice department officials if Neeley embezzled postal funds he must have juggled the figures and made false entries, or else took the money immediately after the balance was struck.

According to the figures at command here, however, there is an apparent discrepancy between the amount of postal order funds as given by Mr. Neeley and the amount due the government. It was stated that he had on April 23 $144,997, while the books here indicate he should have had approximately $206,672.

FOREST FIRES STILL RAGING.

Rain in Wisconsin Fails to Quench Them—Millions of Feet of Lumber Destroyed—Other Blazes.

Marinette, Wis., May 8.—The rain last night was not heavy enough to extinguish the forest fires, and they are still raging all over this part of the country. Superintendent Stephenson of the Boom company returned today from Norway, Mich. He says that everybody in the woods there is fighting fires. On account of the smoke hanging over Green Bay navigation is dangerous. This city is enveloped in smoke.

Houghton, Mich., May 8.—A heavy rain this morning cleared the air of the smoke which has hung over several thousand square miles of the southern shore of Lake Superior. The smaller forest fires were quenched and the larger ones much abated. The damage to standing and cut timber in the upper peninsula will probably exceed half a million and may possibly reach a million dollars. Heavy damage has also been done in Canada on the north shore of Lake Superior.

Elmira, N. Y., May 8.—All the buildings in the Village of Corbett, Potter County, Pa., were destroyed today by forest fires and several people were severely burned.

Massillon, O., May 8.—West Brookfield and Navarre were swept by fire this afternoon. Thirteen residences were burned at the former place. The loss was $50,000. The loss at Navarre was $12,000.

WILL TRY TO SHOW FORGERY.

Developments in the Trial of Colonel Sutton for Participation in the Michigan Military Scandal.

Lansing, Mich., May 8.—[Special.]—The defense made the charge of forgery prominent in the trial of Colonel Sutton today, announcing its purpose to show that the signature of President Case of the Military board to the records of a meeting of the board which he did not attend was forged by Colonel Harold A. Smith, formerly Assistant Quartermaster General.

This is the meeting at which resolutions to sell the stores on hand and purchase new ones are alleged to have been adopted. This charge is understood to be preliminary to the charge that Smith also forged Governor Pingree's signature to an order authorizing the purchase of military stores, which order is dated the same day the meeting in question was held.

Smith denied the charge today, and General Case would not swear the signature in the record was not his, but could not recall having signed the record.

Catholics Can't Be Maccabees.

Wabash, Ind., May 8.—[Special.]—Milo Meredith of this city, Grand Commander of the Maccabees of Indiana, was today advised that the Catholic Church had placed the order under a ban. Archbishop Martinelli, apostolic delegate, in a letter to the ordinary of this diocese, says the obligation taken by the Maccabees conflicts with the duty of the communicants' loyalty to the church, and all Catholics must withdraw from the society.

Students Rehearse Comic Opera.

A full dress rehearsal of the "Academic Alchemist," the comic opera to be given by the alumni and students of University of Chicago, was held at the Studebaker last night. The first public appearance of the company will be tomorrow night, and most of the seats have been sold. The proceeds will go to the support of the University Settlement.

ST. LOUIS CAR LINES TIED UP.

(Continued from first page.)

from the Lindell line sheds at Taylor and Finney avenues. These were the first to leave there during the day. In the row about starting them J. F. Shilley was hit over the head with a revolver by one of the police officers and was badly cut. When the cars reached Finney and Newstead avenues a crowd of strikers gathered about them and made threatening demonstrations. The mounted police made a vigorous effort to drive the crowd away. In the attempt Sergeant Hickman struck a man three times with his saber, painfully injuring him. The crowd broke all the windows in the cars and otherwise damaged them. After twenty minutes the run down-town was resumed. At Vandeventer and Finney avenues agents of the company, fearing further trouble, ordered the cars to be taken into a shed there.

Efforts for Arbitration.

Attempts at arbitration were made as soon as the gravity of the situation was realized. Mayor Ziegenhein addressed a letter both to the strikers and to President Edwards Whitaker of the St. Louis Transit company offering his services as mediator. Replies were received from both sides, but in neither case favorable.

Demands of the Men.

The salient features of the men's demands, which the transit company refused to grant, are briefly as follows:

"That all conductors, motormen, gripmen, and all men employed in the sheds shall be compelled to be members of the union; that the officers of the union, together with the officers of the company, shall have full power to adjust all differences that may arise, and that in the event of their failing to agree, shall, if mutually agreed to, place the case before three arbitrators. That any member suspended by the union shall be suspended by the company, without pay, until such time as the union requests his reinstatement.

"That any man elected to an office in the union requiring his absence for not more than a year shall, upon his retirement from such office, have his old place with the company."

Strike Systematically Arranged.

The strike was systematically arranged. The men met after midnight and at 2 a. m. decided to strike. From that moment the strike became effective, and when the company made an attempt to start its daily schedule its efforts were rendered futile at every point by the activity or non-activity of the strikers. Just here a point of difference arises between the company and the strikers. The former claims that it has the men to operate all its lines if the strikers would allow the cars to run. The union men, on the other hand, claim that the company has not the men and cannot get them. The outsiders whom it brought here two months ago, they say, to take the place of the expected strikers at that time were sent away when an agreement was reached, and the present strike was precipitated so suddenly that the company had no time to prepare for it. It is further asserted that the company will be unable to get men to run the cars in the face of popular demonstration.

The number of men striking is estimated at 3,390 by the leaders of the strike. They have established headquarters at Lightstone's Hall, on Franklin avenue. President Whittaker of the Transit company was in conference with H. S. Priest, his attorney, this afternoon, but at its conclusion said there was nothing to be said concerning the situation, and he did not have any idea when the strike would end.

Employed on their cars and in the sheds, the St. Louis Transit company had 3,600 men, most of whom belonged to the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Employés. All but 275 of these, it is estimated, are out. With the help of some of the latter a number of cars were run out on the Park avenue division of the Lindell line, which run past the Union station. This led to frequent riots at different points on the line, where strikers attempted, and in some cases succeeded, in stopping the cars.

Harry A. Bryan, national organizer of the Street Railway union, and President of the Cleveland Street Car union, arrived today for the purpose of assisting Chairman Lee in the conduct of the strike.

"I see no reason why the men should not win the strike," he said.

East St. Louis, Ill., may be driven into the street car strike. A committee from the Street Railway union of that city was in conference with Chairman Lee this afternoon.

Six United States postal cars were tied up today. Each makes seven trips daily, and covers a total of 100 miles. They bring the mails from all sections of the city. Forty substations receive the delivery.

STRIKE RIOT IN MARYLAND.

Three Men Severely Injured in a Battle with Non-Union Men at Lanaconing.

Lanaconing, Md., May 8.—[Special.]—Rioting broke out among the miners in the George's Creek region today, which, if continued, will necessitate the calling out of the State troops. Three men were seriously injured.

Today 1,200 miners who had been engaged to work in the George's Creek mines, while on their way to the pits, were stopped by a large force of the union men and the result was a pitched battle in front of the entrance to the Ocean mine. James Kenny was hurled over an embankment fifty meet high. He is not expected to live. Robert Mosses was also thrown over an embankment and severely injured. Out of the 1,000 men who had intended to work only fifty were able to get into the mines. The others retreated.

It is said 2,500 union men are now out, and nearly all the mines will be closed tomorrow. Sheriff Martin and his deputies have succeeded in restoring temporary quiet by making arrests.

LAKE PORTS MAY BE INVOLVED.

Freight Handlers Notified to Watch for Cargoes Loaded by Non-Union Employes.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 8.—The first decided step in the war of the freight handlers for the railroad steamer lines was taken tonight when H. C. Barter, Secretary of the International Longshoremen's association, sent twenty-four telegrams to ports along the lakes, saying all boats which left Buffalo loaded with package freight were being handled by non-union labor. This is a declaration to the freight handlers' unions in these ports that they must not take out these cargoes and amounts to a boycott.

NOTES FROM THE LABOR WORLD.

The fourth biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers begins a three weeks' convention today at Milwaukee. Between 700 and 800 engineers will attend. The Grand International Auxiliary of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, made up of the wives of locomotive engineers, will meet at the same time.

The new scale of wages at 35 cents per hour, presented to the master plumbers of La Crosse, Wis., by the journeymen, was agreed to, but their demand for an eight-hour workday with nine hours' pay was not allowed.

Thirty-two drivers employed by the Ferguson Cartage company of Detroit struck, and it may lead to a lockout of all the truck drivers in the city.

The trammers and car fillers employed underground at the Kearsarge copper mine, Calumet, Mich., struck for higher wages.

Police Chiefs in Convention.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—The seventh annual international convention of the chiefs of police convened here today, with 300 in attendance. There are also many commissioners, detectives, and others present who are associated with police services. The New York Police department, which heretofore has not recognized the association, is this year represented by Chief Devery. The following officers were elected today: President, A. H. Leslie, Pittsburg; Vice President, Philip Deitsch, Cincinnati; Secretary and Treasurer, Harvey O. Carr, Grand Rapids.

UPHOLDS TRADES COUNCIL

BRICKLAYERS' UNION VOTES 762 TO 11 AGAINST WITHDRAWAL.

Resolution Offered to Test Sentiment of Members Is Defeated and Another Adopted Stating That Arbitration Would Be Welcomed Only When Free from Conditions—Labor Leaders Preparing Evidence to Indict Contractors and Material Men.

By a vote of 762 to 11 the Bricklayers and Stone Masons' union at its regular meeting last night defeated a resolution calling for its withdrawal from the Building Trades council. The resolution was presented by Business Agent Thomas Preece, and the vote on it was by secret ballot. Before the vote was taken President George P. Gubbins instructed the members of the union not to be influenced by anything that might be said by fellow-members, but to vote in accordance with their own wishes.

The resolution, which was presented to secure a test of the feeling of the members, coming from a business agent of the union and a delegate to the Building Trades council, was received with astonishment. For a time Preece was unable to make himself heard, but order at last was restored and the vote on the resolution taken.

After the defeat of the resolution Alfred Camp presented a resolution replying to the offer of arbitration made by the Masons and Builders' association on condition that the bricklayers withdraw from the Building Trades council. His resolution defined the position of the bricklayers, stating that the union was at all times ready to arbitrate, but would not do so in case conditions were imposed prior to arbitration. This resolution was adopted by a vote of 763 to 8, and the secretary was instructed to inform the Masons and Builders' association of the action taken.

A resolution indorsing President Gubbins and denouncing the grand jury that indicted him was then presented and adopted by unanimous vote. President Gubbins then offered to resign if the union deemed that a settlement could be secured more easily as a result, but his offer was not accepted.

Unions Will Strike Back.

Labor leaders and their legal advisers are preparing testimony in regard to alleged illegal combinations of material men and the contractors, which they expect to bring before the May grand jury. President Carroll and Secretary E. A. Davis of the Building Trades council, and the attorney for the council held a conference yesterday afternoon in regard to the line of testimony to be presented.

Labor leaders declare that they will make an effort to secure the indictment of the material men, and to retaliate on the contractors for their success in securing the indictment of George P. Gubbins and other laboring men by seeking the indictment of officers of the Building Contractors' council. It is said that evidence tending to show that the Contractors' council conspired to starve out the workingmen of the Building Trades council will be presented to the jury.

Thomas Courtney, who is expected to be the star witness of the laboring men, visited the headquarters of the Building Trades council, and held a conference with John A. Long, President of the Board of Business Agents. The result of the conference is unknown, as both men refused to discuss what was said. Courtney declared, however, that his testimony will be along lines already indicated.

Say Trouble Will End Soon.

Both union men and contractors were practically unanimous in expressing the opinion that the present labor difficulties will be settled within the next ten days. They differ, however, as to the method of settlement and the conditions on which it will be based.

Wilbur F. Behel, chairman of the Executive committee of the Building Contractors' council, declares that the bosses will be victorious, and that the building laborers will go back to work at terms dictated by his associates. He asserts that union workmen already are working side by side with non-union men.

Edward Carroll, President of the Building Trades council, said: "I believe that the lockout will be ended within ten days. I cannot say yet what the terms will be, but I am confident that we will win a great victory."

Work on Northwestern "L" Resumed.

Work was resumed on the Northwestern "L" by seventy-five union structural ironworkers. They will be followed tomorrow by the carpenters and bricklayers. Contractor John Angus denies that the contract for the stations along the line has been taken from the firm of Angus & Gindele by the Northwestern "L" officials. He says work was discontinued merely because the firm was unable to secure material and will be resumed soon. Three non-union carpenters employed by W. I. Clark are still at work on the station at Kinzie and Wells streets. Officials of the elevated road declare that terms of settlement were made on a basis satisfactory to union workmen.

Testimony in Dold Trial Today.

The opening arguments of attorneys in the trial of Charles Dold, Leo Joppe, A. Green, and Philip Culm, members of the Pianomakers' union, charged with assault and conspiracy, were made, and the hearing of evidence will begin today. The jury was completed in four hours, spent in questioning veniremen. Three teeth, said to those knocked from the mouth of Frank Perlick, one of the men assaulted at the George P. Bent piano factory, were presented as evidence in the case.

North Side Steel Works Resume.

The North works of the Illinois Steel company, at Wabansia avenue and McHenry street, after about two weeks of idleness resumed operations yesterday. The employés were not laid off when the wodrks shut down, but were kept busy making the annual repairs of the blast furnaces, which are now again in use.

California Ladies Experience with Drink.

"While using Mocha and Java coffee I was finally thrown into a serious case of nervous prostration, with heart trouble and dizzy headaches. My husband also had most serious stomach trouble for years. We finally gave up coffee and began the use of Postum. Both husband and myself have now been perfectly well for three years.

"Mrs. C. R. Holmes of 1946 Adair-st. and Mrs. Ade Leonard, 234 Twenty-seventh-st., Los Angeles, both tried Postum Food Coffee but did not boil it fifteen minutes according to directions, and therefore did not like it. I made a cup for each of them the right way and now they use it daily and like it very much.

"Mrs. Ida Sherman of 6113 Wentworth-av., Chicago, had been quite ill for years with dyspepsia and nervousness and I urged her to leave off coffee and take Postum Food Coffee. She now writes me that she is entirely cured.

"Mrs. Julia Moore of Riverside, Cal., and also Mrs. Lily Staldn of Riverside were both ill for some years with heart trouble. I told them of my experience with coffee and induced them to drop it and take up Postum Food Coffee. Mrs. Moore was cured and in three months after making the change Mrs. Staldn wrote that she had been relieved more from leaving off coffee and using Postum than she had obtained from any medicines.

"I am naturally a strong advocate of Postum." Ina Maud Magee, 122 N. Johnson-st., E. Los Angeles, California.

TRADES COUNCIL

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WANT RULING ON TRIALS.

DR. JENNINGS' ACCUSERS HAVE MEMORIAL FOR THE CONFERENCE.

Will Ask a Review of the Book Committee's Methods of Procedure—Defeat Expected for Consolidation of Benevolences—Warm Time in the Church Extension Session—Laymen Lose a Fight—Bishops' Memorial Referred—Adjournment Set for May 29.

PROGRAM FOR TODAY.

8:30 a. m.—Devotional services, Dr. J. R. T. Grey presiding.
9 a. m.—Business session, Bishop Foss presiding.
10 a. m.—Discussion of organic law will be resumed.
3 p. m.—Committee on Episcopacy meets at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Committee on Itinerancy meets at the Wabash Avenue Church, Committee on Boundaries meets at 57 Washington street, Committee on Temporal Economy meets at the First Methodist Church, Committee on State of the Church meets at Wabash Avenue Church, Committee on Temperance meets at Recital Hall, Auditorium.
8 p. m.—Anniversary of the Board of Church Extension, Studebaker Hall. Robert E. Pattison will preside. Bishop McCabe, the Rev. W. A. Spencer, and the Rev. James M. King will speak.

The General Conference will be brought to face the Jennings investigation today unless it finds a way to pigeonhole a memorial which is to be presented through friends of E. O. Excell, W. H. Tuttle, and others, who made the charges recently investigated by the Book committee. Dr. Jennings' friends say they are not surprised at this, as they expected these men would do as much as possible to injure his chances of reëlection.

The memorial, which was prepared in the office of W. H. Tuttle, does not set forth the charges against Dr. Jennings, but expresses the dissatisfaction of the signers with the method of the trial used by the Book committee. It is set forth that, contrary to civil and ecclesiastical law, Dr. Jennings' accusers were not given justice. They were not brought face to face with the accused, the trial was secret, and the committee refused to make a report of its findings.

The memorial therefore will ask that the General Conference give some ruling on the trial of members against whom charges are brought. It will ask, not a review of the charges on which Dr. Jennings was tried, but a review of the methods of procedure of the committee. The signers have secured a delegate who will present it. Inasmuch as the Jennings affair has been investigated by several different bodies, and in each case the charges declared untrue, it is believed this memorial will be referred to some special committee, which will fail to return a report to the General Conference.

Dates to Elect and Adjourn.

An important proceeding of the day was fixing the time of elections and the time of adjournment, in accordance with the report of the Committee on the State of the Church. In connection with this, it is understood among the leading laymen in the conference, that they will hold a caucus and be prepared to make a strong showing in the elections. The elections are appointed for Monday, May 14, at 10:30 a. m. The date for the adjournment of the conference will be May 29, if it remains as now fixed.

Opposition to Consolidation.

The report of the special Committee of Fifteen on Consolidation of Benevolent Societies—appointed from the Committees on Freedmen's Aid, Church Extension, and Missions—practically has reached a conclusion which will defeat for the present the hopes of those who wished to unite these societies of the church. The Rev. J. M. King stated the tenor of the committee's decision before the Church Extension committee during the day. It is in substance as follows:

Consolidation cannot be effected at the present time.

Legal obstacles stand in the way. Certain vested rights have been acquired by these societies that must be guarded.

The committee recommends a commission to consist of three bishops, six ministers, and six laymen to consider the advisability and possibility of uniting the church benevolences.

This commission shall submit a plan to the next quadrennial conference.

The plan to be submitted shall be published in the church papers a year before the next quadrennial conference.

Warm Time in Committee.

The Rev. George E. Stockwell moved to approve the report. Before several members who desired to speak on the subject had had an opportunity the previous question was moved and the report was approved. Some of the members objected, but the chair refused to reopen the debate.

The Rev. W. L. Dick offered a resolution to discuss the question of consolidation in the committee, but the chairman declared the resolution out of order. Dr. Dick appealed from the decision, and announced that in case the chairman should permit the free exercise of speech to be "stifled by officialism" there would be a minority report submitted to the General Conference giving an account of the treatment of the minority by the chair.

Dr. King answered warmly the insinuation of officialism and attempt to stifle debate. He said that the committee of five to which he belonged had no duty toward the General Committee on Church Extension, and was not obliged to report to it. It was simply a matter of courtesy that he did report. He moved to reconsider the vote by which the report was approved. The motion was adopted, and Dr. King desired to withdraw the report. Before there was a decision on the question whether he could do that after the report had become the property of the committee the committee adjourned, on motion of Dr. E. D. Whitlock, amid general confusion.

At the meeting of the Committee on Missions the chair decided that the general committee had no control over its five members of the committee of fifteen on consolidation of benevolences.

The Committee on Freedman's Aid took a stand opposed to the proposed consolidation of benevolences. The opposition is due to a fear among the colored members of the committee that in case the treasuries of the three societies are merged the funds which they contribute in the South may be diverted to Northern charities.

Sunday School Union Expense.

The Committee on the Sunday School Union and Tract Society considered a memorial which brought out a state of financial affairs that was considered by certain members to indicate mismanagement, not on the part of individuals, but of the whole work. The proposal to have one man devote his entire time to a secretaryship of the Sunday school work and another to editorship of the Sunday school periodicals caused a discussion of expense. The attention of the committee was called to the annual report, showing that in the disbursement of $13,506 the union has spent $3,793 for expenses. This is considered too large a proportion. The memorial which brought this up was from the managers of the union. It was referred to a subcommittee.

Bishops' Memorial Referred.

The Bishops' memorial asking the conference to define their relation to the appointment of professors in theological schools was referred by the Committee on Education to a subcommittee consisting of:

President Raymond, New England Wesleyan University; President Gobin, DePauw University; Secretary W. F. McDowell, Board of Education; Former Governor Pattison, Pennsylvania; President A. W. Harris, Maine State College; Attorney S. M. Coon, North New York conference; L. F. Congdon, Genesee conference; J. R. Day, chancellor of Syracuse University.

Laymen Lose a Fight.

The laymen lost a fight for equal representation in the annual conferences. Victorious in gaining admission to the General Conference, when the question of revisal of the organic law came up the laymen helped to pass a section reserving the annual conference to the ministers. Laymen and ministers were not divided on the question by orders, and two of the strongest speeches against the admission of laymen to the annual conference were made by laymen.

The report of the commission on organic law had been made the order of the day. The revision makes no radical change and it was only because of the introduction of the lay representation question that particular attention was attracted. The section that aroused the debate is as follows:

The traveling preachers shall be organized by the General Conference into annual conferences, the sessions of which they are required to attend.

The objection was raised to this that it would continue to exclude laymen from the annual conference. Ira S. Locke of Maine, lay delegate, in a vigorous speech, was the man who turned the tide against allowing an opening for laymen in the annual conference. As a layman, he said, he was opposed to it. In admitting the provisional delegates a great concession had been made, and further action should not be taken at this time.

Chief Justice Lore of Wilmington spoke on the same side of the question. He began by saying the laymen did not want to be admitted to the annual conference as mere figureheads, and it seemed that he was about to speak for their admission. He supported the article.

Dr. Graw's Opposition.

Dr. J. B. Graw of New Jersey became vehement in denying the right of the laymen to seek admission to the annual conference. "The laymen," he said, "have the quarterly conference. The preacher gains his place by the grace of the quarterly conference. Will you take everything away from the minister? Will any one tell me what there is for a layman to do in the annual conference? Ministers, don't be so liberal as to give away everything you have. Laymen, don't ask any more. Go slow, brethren. I have a constitutional point that I am prepared to raise."

Governor Shaw, who was successful in calling Dr. Buckley from the floor on Monday, suffered a like defeat during this discussion, and Dr. Buckley took revenge by remarking: "I sympathize with you, brother." Governor Shaw moved to reconsider, but was declared out of order. Later he was allowed to present the motion and lost it. The article was passed almost unanimously as it stood.

The Committee on the Ecumenical Methodist Conference—Bishop Hurst, chairman, Bishop Goodsell, Bishop Walden, Dr. J. W. Hamilton, Dr. J. M. King, and Dr. H. K. Carroll, secretary—met last night to consider the question of selecting 129 delegates to the Ecumenical Methodist Conference in London. No conclusion as to the method of selecting the delegates was reached.

The subcommittee on time limit of the Committee on Itinerancy met last night at the Victoria Hotel, Dr. J. J. Bentley presiding. Abolishing the time limit was discussed informally, and the feeling seemed to be in favor of the proposition.

Missionary Anniversary Meeting.

The missionary anniversary at the Auditorium last night was well attended. Bishop Thoburn of India presided and opened the meeting with a stirring address. In the absence of the representative of Liberia, who was to deliver the first address, Bishop Hartzell spoke, making a strong plea for Africa, which he called the most difficult missionary field in the world and at the same time the scene of the greatest triumphs of the Christian Church. The Rev. John M. Thompson, representing South America, made an encouraging report and expressed himself strongly against higher criticism and the Roman Church. "Higher criticism," he said, "is lower infidelity." Dr. James H. Worley, representing Foo-Chow, spoke interestingly of the situation in China and the progress of the church since the war with Japan. Bishop Thoburn added that the interests of the United States in China were larger than those of all Europe put together.

Dr. William Burt of Rome, who spoke of the success of the Methodist Episcopal Church in general, was followed by Dr. E. W. Parker of India, who paid a tribute to Lady Curzon, a daughter of Chicago, for her support of the missionary work in India. The Rev. Dr. Julius Soper of Japan, Dr. John W. Butler of Mexico, and the Rev. D. Rader of Colorado, representing home missions, also spoke.

Reception to German Delegates.

The German delegates to the General Conference were given a reception at the First Methodist Church last night. An interesting musical program was carried out and welcoming addresses were delivered by Dr. Henry Lemke, who presided; the Rev. J. J. Keller, and D. Bockenhus, to which Dr. A. J. Nast of Cincinnati and C. W. Ritter of Switzerland, responded.

ORGANIC LAW OF THE CHURCH.

BY THE REV. W. E. M'LENNAN,
Pastor of Trinity M. E. Church.

The one matter of vital importance before the General Conference yesterday was the report of the commission on the organic law of the church. This commission was appointed by the General Conference of 1896 and was made up of two Bishops, six ministers, and three laymen, among whom were the leading constitutional authorities in the church. It has had several protracted sessions, in which, according to its secretary, the Rev. C. W. Smith of Pittsburg, every question bearing on the subject was submitted to the most careful scrutiny.

The real work of the commission was to decide on what is the organic law of the church—or, in other words, what is the constitution. It seems strange that a great church could have permitted almost a century to pass without deciding so vital a question. But it should be remembered that the Methodist Episcopal church was organized under the direct authority of John Wesley, who gave it its doctrines and rules. To these have been added from time to time such legislation as seemed to be needed to interpret and carry out their spirit. The constitution has therefore been a growing one whose limits have never been clearly defined.

The movement for determining precisely what these limits are began in 1888. It will probably close with the adoption of the present commission's report, modified, if at all, by a few verbal changes.

The report names as the organic law of the church the articles of religion, the general rules as they appeared in the discipline of 1808 and all that legislation which appears under the head of "The General Conference." It is the opinion of Bishop Merrill, the ablest constitutional authority in the church, that this report is the most important matter which will come before the General Conference at this session.

Only the first paragraphs of the report were considered by the conference yesterday. One of these served to show the sentiment relative to lay representation in the annual conference. It is clear that this will be resisted by the ministry. Dr. J. B. Grow declared that the ministry "has not grace enough to stand this"—namely: the admission of laymen. It is not a matter of grace, but of the eternal fitness of things. It should be understood that the annual conference is nothing more nor less than the yearly gathering of ministers, not to make laws, but simply to report on their work and receive their appointments for the coming year. It is the only body in which the minister has his membership.

On the other hand, the layman dominates the quarterly conference. In that body he is supreme. Indeed, without his consent no one can be made a minister in the Methodist Episcopal Church. Supreme there, and with equal authority with the minister in the General Conference, it may be safely predicted that the annual conference will always remain what it now is—a body made up exclusively of ministers.

WILLIAM E. McLENNAN.

SUIT BY ARMOUR EXECUTORS.

They Ask Circuit Court for Authority as to Stock in the New Corporation.

In consequence of the incorporation of the Armour Packing company with $20,000,000 capital stock, to assume the business of Armour & Co., the Judges of the Circuit Court have been petitioned to construe the will of Philip D. Armour Jr. that the executors may know the limits of their powers. The Probate Court authorized the executors to exchange the one-fourth interest in the firm for one-fourth of the capital stock issued for the newly incorporated company. The questions now presented to the Circuit Court relate to the legality of the acts of the executors in making this transfer of the interest.

PIPE THIEVES WRECK A SHOP.

Carpet Cleaning Works of Thomas Middleton Damaged $1,500—One Arrest Is Made.

Lead pipe thieves wrecked the building occupied by Thomas Middleton's carpet cleaning works, 2541 La Salle street, causing a damage of $1,500. From the basement to the roof every piece of lead pipe, gas pipe, and even pieces of cornice work, were taken out. Police of the Twenty-second Street Station arrested James Furlong on suspicion.

GIVE DR. GILBERT A YEAR

DIRECTORS OF CHICAGO THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY TAKE ACTION.

Influenced by Board of Examiners' Report That No Harm Is Found Resulting from His Teachings—Leave of Absence with Pay Allowed to Complete Exegesis of New Testament—Triennial Board to Consider the Subject.

Professor George Holley Gilbert, registrar of the Chicago Theological Seminary, and head of the department of New Testament literature and interpretation in that school, has been given a year's leave of absence, with pay, in order that he may complete his exegesis of the New Testament. Four long secret sessions of the Board of Directors were necessary to reach this decision, and in the end it was the Board of Examiners for the school which saved him. Tomorrow morning Professor Gilbert is expected to say if he accepts the terms.

Find No Harm from Teachings.

In secret session this board had been examining students with reference to Professor Gilbert's teachings. On Monday night it presented the following memorial to the Board of Directors:

"We have considered Professor Gilbert's teachings as contained in his book, 'Revelation of Jesus.' We have invited a representative number of the students to come before us and testify as to the nature and influence of Professor Gilbert's classroom work. As a result of this inquiry we have not discovered that any harm whatsoever has been done, while, on the contrary, the students express great admiration for both his spirit and method. On the basis of this, and as the expression of our own personal conviction, we respectfully but earnestly urge the Board of Directors to continue Professor Gilbert in the chair of New Testament literature, for the present, at least. We do not feel satisfied with Professor Gilbert's exegetical judgment as exhibited in the volume named, but we feel it is possible, after he has fully worked out his interpretation of the New Testament there may be found less ground for criticism. At the present time, however, we feel that no action unfavorable to Professor Gilbert should be taken.

"We respectfully suggest that the board now appoint a committee of five, charged with the duty of thoroughly familiarizing themselves with Professor Gilbert's methods, teachings, and views; also with the duty of seeking sympathetic acquaintance with him and of reporting their view of the situation to the Board of Directors at the next annual meeting, for final action."

It is conceded that this memorial, signed by the Examining board, led to the granting of leave to Professor Gilbert. P. A. Simpkin of Gallup, N. M., was chairman of the board. The other members were:

R. S. Breed, Wabasha, Minn.
A. Farnsworth, Amenia, N. D.
H. J. Ferris, Columbus, Wis.
B. S. Larkin, Buena Ventura, Cal.
G. S. Rollins, Davenport, Ia.
H. C. Herring, Omaha, Neb.
G. E. Paddock, Fargo, N. D.
J. H. J. Rice, Alton, Ill.

Discussing the Decision.

Speaking of the outcome, Dr. J. C. Armstrong, a member of the Board of Directors, said:

"The vote is, of course, unfavorable to Dr. Gilbert. It means that unless he can within a year satisfy the directors of the harmlessness of his holdings he must sever his connection with the school. Several members were in favor of more drastic measures, but what we did appeared to suit the majority."

Dr. T. O. Douglass, a director, and Superintendent of Foreign Missions for Iowa, said: "It is our hope that Dr. Gilbert will in his forthcoming book set all doubts at rest, for he is a brilliant man, commands the full respect of his pupils, and will be hard to spare."

The term of office of one-half of the directors expires today, and their successors are to be appointed at the triennial convention that assembles in Union Park Congregational Church this morning. If the findings of the old board are not satisfactory to Professor Gilbert, enough of his friends might be appointed to the board to cause the new body to overturn all that the old board has done.

The board members present whose term of office expires today were:

Dr. G. S. F. Savage,	Dr. J. W. Bradshaw, D. D.
Dr. J. C. Armstrong,	Dr. N. A. Hyde,
J. H. Pearson, Chicago,	Dr. G. R. Leavitt,
Dr. G. R. Merrill,	John M. Whitehead,
C. H. Hulburd,	Dr. L. Blakesley.
N. P. Dodge,	

Those present whose term expires in 1903 were:

E. W. Blatchford,	Dr. John H. Morley,
David Fales,	Dr. James B. Gregg, D. D.
Dr. T. O. Douglass,	

Dr. Gilbert's Views.

Just before the directors' findings were reached, talking to a friend Dr. Gilbert said: "It seems to me that the time is come when the church should be broad enough to make place for all who have the love of God in their hearts and are working earnestly toward his kingdom."

Delegate Simpkin of New Mexico, speaking as a friend of Professor Gilbert's, said of the professor's previous works:

"He has been put in a false light. He is no heretic; he is not dogmatizing. Not until he has gone through the New Testament and drawn his deductions could the charge of heresy lie against him. And when he has gone through that Testament as a whole I feel that he will not have departed one jot from the faith."

Basis of the Charges.

It was in his "Revelation of Jesus Christ," issued in 1899, that Professor Gilbert came under scrutiny of the Board of Directors. In this book his chief findings on the first three books of the New Testament were, with reference to Christ:

1. That his preëxistence was only ideal.
2. That he was not of the same nature or being with God.
3. That his union with God was only a moral union.
4. That he was a human being and not a deity.
5. That he was the Messiah.

In December, 1899, the professor had a hearing before the board, and was given time in which to bring his theology to conform to confessions of Congregational faith.

Triennial Convention Assembling.

Delegates to the triennial convention of Western Congregationalists are arriving from the fourteen States and Territories which compose its territory. The most important matter to be considered is the religious status of Dr. Gilbert. Over his case the convention has final power to pronounce.

Dr. Gilbert is a graduate of Dartmouth College, has had a theological course in Union Seminary, and was a fellow in that institution in 1883-'85, took a degree at the University of Leipsic in 1885, and in 1894 received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Dartmouth. He has been connected with the Chicago Theological Seminary for fifteen years.

Honors for Dr. Fisk.

Dr. Franklin W. Fisk, whose resignation after forty-one years' incumbency of the office of President of the Chicago Theological Seminary, takes effect at the close of the current year, has been elected Professor Emeritus of the chair of Sacred Rhetoric. This action of the board was made public at a reception to President Fisk in the evening.

The affair was the regular annual reception of the alumni of the seminary. During the evening the alumni presented to Dr. Fisk an edition of Tissot's "Life of Christ," illustrated, and valued at $150.

The annual alumni dinner given to the graduates of the Chicago Theological Seminary took place at 5:30 o'clock in the vestry of the Union Park Church.

CAUGHT BREAKING A MAIL BOX.

Three Men Arrested After Several Shots Are Fired During Chase in Clark Street.

Revolvers figured in a chase between police and mail box thieves at Polk and Clark streets yesterday. Three men surprised in the act of breaking open a mail box exchanged shots with the policemen, who pursued them a block before they were captured. The prisoners are John Doyle, an ex-convict; James Duffy, and James Jones. They were given into the custody of the federal authorities.

REPORT "NO WRECK" ON CANAL

Passengers on Sanitary District Steamer Juliet Deny Striking "an Uncharted Reef"—Tobacco Men Afloat.

Trustee Jones of the Sanitary District and a party of friends sailed down the canal yesterday on the Juliet. On the return trip they were caught in a heavy rain near Western avenue and completed their voyage in the street cars. This started the story that the Juliet had been "shipwrecked on an uncharted reef" in the canal. Mr. Jones denied the story, as did John P. Hopkins, who was on the boat.

The delegates to the annual meeting of the Cigar Leaf Tobacco Board of Trade, now being held in the city, were the guests of the local members of the organization on a trip down the drainage canal on the tug Robert E. Burke. A special train brought the party back to the city. A business session of the board was held at night at the Wellington. Tonight the annual banquet will be given at the Wellington.

Through the first heavy rainfall of the season the drainage canal has proved that the current created by the passage of 275,000 cubic feet of water a minute over the bear trap dam is sufficient to prevent the flowing of the river into the lake. With all the sewers flushed with the rain, the river water was almost as clear as in the lake, and there was no evidence of a change in flow. The current in the river was not enough to hinder navigation.

"I have talked with river men," said Chief Engineer Randolph, "and find they have no difficulty in handling their boats with one tug. As soon as the tugmen learn the methods of handling boats in a current there will be no trouble."

ASSESSORS TO ACT PROMPTLY.

Will Not Send Out Second Notices to Property-Owners This Year—New Schedules Filed.

The Board of Assessors will not send out second notices to property-owners this year requiring a scheduling of personal property. Unless prompt return is made on the first notice the Assessors will spread valuations on delinquents as their private information directs, and add the penalty of 50 per cent. After May 15 all firms and individuals who are believed to have scheduled their property below the true value will be called to explain why their valuations should not be increased.

Among the schedules received yesterday were:

John A. Tolman company, 4 Lake street, $195,387; last year, $164,000, raised by the Board of Review to $300,000.

Heath & Milligan Manufacturing company, 170 Randolph street, $95,630; last year, $44,184, raised by the Board of Review to $56,800. Factory, 90-116 Seward avenue, $75,200; last year, $73,190.

Hart & Rand, 28 Wabash avenue, $66,778; last year overlooked by Assessors and Board of Review made assessment of $75,000.

J. S. Ford, Johnson & Co., 1435 Wabash avenue, and warehouse, Sixteenth street and Wabash avenue, $76,775; last year, $72,884.

George H. Laflin, 1614 Wabash avenue, $174,655; last year, $267,016.

Lamson Bros. & Co., Board of Trade Building, $68,400; last year, $46,000, raised by Board of Review to $100,000.

Harold F. McCormick, 88 Bellevue place, $280,265; last year, $407,652.

Stanley McCormick, 135 Rush street, $296,329; last year, $466,801.

DEWEY LEAVES MEMPHIS TODAY

Given Two Receptions Last Night at the Residence of General Wright and at the Peabody Hotel.

Memphis, Tenn., May 8.—Receptions tonight at the residence of General Luke E. Wright and at the Peabody Hotel closed the list of entertainments which were arranged by the Memphis people for Admiral and Mrs. Dewey. At the residence of General Wright the first reception was given from 8 until 9 o'clock by the Oliver Perry Chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Peabody Hotel, where the Admiral's last public appearance was made, was a scene of patriotic grandeur, flags and bunting flying from every available space. For two hours Admiral and Mrs. Dewey received the citizens and visitors of Memphis, shaking hands with all who passed before them.

The Admiral will leave for Nashville tomorrow morning.

SAYS DOCTORS ONLY DISAGREE.

Dr. W. E. Quine Denies That Bitterness Exists in Physicians and Surgeons' College Faculty.

Dr. William E. Quine, dean of the College of Physcians and Surgeons, denied yesterday the reports that there was a serious misunderstanding among members of the faculty.

"The faculty has appointed a Reorganization committee," he said, "and it has been considering the advisability of a number of changes. The committee and the faculty have differed on several questions, but not with any bitterness."

Dr. John B. Murphy, who was reported to have threatened to withdraw from the college if certain changes were not made, declined to discuss the subject. He is said to have denied in private ever having made such a threat.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

The Primary Elections Law.

Chicago, May 8.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In your editorial in Sunday's "Tribune" entitled "The Primary Election Law," every one who has regularly attended primaries must admit that the present primary law is a great improvement upon the old law, and, while smaller districts would be an improvement, a greater improvement would be to change the hours of voting from 1 p. m. to 7 p. m. to that of from 6 a. m. to 4 p. m., so that all desiring to vote will have a chance to do so by daylight.

In the district in which I live 617 votes were cast last Thursday, the contestants waived challengers, because each side wanted a full vote, and desired to do nothing to hinder the judges and clerks to vote the people as fast as possible. It is obvious that, had we exercised our right under the law and appointed challengers to inquire of the voter of his politics, residence, etc., it would have been impossible to cast 617 votes, and instead of turning forty votes away from the polls at 7 p. m. four times that many voters would have been prevented from voting.

According to the list as checked by our watcher I find a vote was cast by some one who no longer lives in the district, whether intentional or not I do not know, but that is just what the law does not intend should happen, so that now I am convinced challenges are necessary at the polls.

Smaller districts and more time to vote will assist in preventing fraud and will prevent the challenger, if he adopts dilatory tactics, from preventing a full vote being cast. There is another evil that should be considered and in some way obliterated from the primary, and that is the electioneering and intimidation at the polls. So long as ticket peddling is tolerated and the voter is accosted on his way to or at the polls, influences are exercised over him that are odious to the business-man and the employé, either his business or position is threatened, so he votes, not as he intended, but as he is coerced into doing.

This evil was prevalent at elections prior to the time that the Australian ballot system became a law, and now, under the operation of that law, intimidation and coercion have ceased, elections are quiet, and the people give an honest expression of their will. Why not agitate the adoption of the Australian system for primaries? It would assist in cleansing politics, it would "give the people a chance," and put the cheap politician and bulldozer out of business on the day of the primary, as it has done on the day of election.

F. A. FRITZE JR.,

1635 Diversey boulevard, First Primary District, Twenty-fifth Ward.

Street Car Fender.

Chicago, May 7.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—During the last two or three weeks there have been at least two street car accidents which have resulted fatally owing to the inadequacy of the fender to do its proper work. That such accidents occur is not to me surprising. The only wonder is that they are not more frequent. I have closely watched the fender attachment since first used and I am sure that not more than half of them—if so many—are properly adjusted. They are set so far above the ground and at such an angle that they would go over a child, or even a grown person, and hold him like a vise while the car did its deadly work. Will not "The Tribune" look after this matter? As attached now the fender is more of a menace than a protection.

K. W. G.

Fails to Prosecute Peter Biewer.

When the case of ex-Alderman Peter Biewer, who is accused of assault with intent to kill Victoria Goodwin, was called before Justice Kersten yesterday it was dismissed because the plaintiff refused to prosecute.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

E. & W. Nipsic. E. & W.
The new fold collar.

SLAIN BY PANAY REBELS.

COMPANY OF THE FORTY-FOURTH AT BAROTAC ATTACKED.

Four Hundred Filipinos Surround the Place and Kill Three Americans, Wounding Several More Out of a Little Band of Twenty—Friendly Native Notifies Company of the Twenty-sixth, Which Rescues the Beleaguered Soldiers.

MANILA, May 8.—A force of rebels on May 2 attacked twenty men of Company I of the Forty-fourth Regiment, stationed at Barotac, Iloilo Province, on the Island of Panay. Three of the Americans were killed and seven wounded.

The enemy, estimated at 400 men, surrounded Barotac, and attacked the place on all sides. After two men had been killed and four wounded the American commander sent four men to attempt getting through the insurgents' lines in order to communicate with the rest of the company at Dumangas. Of the four men one was killed and three were wounded. The latter managed to return to Barotac. A friendly native finally brought news of the fight to a company of the Twenty-sixth, who brought relief to the garrison of Barotac on the night of May 3. The enemy's losses were heavy.

A court-martial, composed of General Hall, presiding, General Grant, and several Colonels, convened today at Manila to try Colonel James S. Pettit of the Thirty-first Volunteer Infantry on the charge of violating the sixty-second article of war in having delivered the captured outlaw, Juan Ramos, to the local authorities of Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao, with the result that Ramos was almost immediately killed without trial.

Pedro Paterno, the former President of the so-called Filipino Cabinet, who was recently captured in the mountains of Trinidad, has arrived here and has been placed incommunicado in the political jail. He is suffering greatly from sickness.

Wouldn't you like to own a diamond? Our terms make it easy. Loftis Bros., 103 State.

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO.

EUROPEAN MAILS—Wednesday, May 9.—For Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, and Russia, via New York, close at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Direct mails for France, Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway will close at 4:30 and 12 p. m. tomorrow, via S. S. Etruria.

WEST INDIES—For Cuba, daily at 2 a. m., 1, 6:15 and 7:30 p. m.

For Porto Rico, daily, via New York, 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via Boston, final close at 6:15 p. m. Monday.

For Inaqua and Hayti, final close at 12 p. m. Sunday.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA—For southern Pacific ports, via Colon, final close Monday at 4:30 p. m.

For Costa Rica, via New Orleans, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and Republic of Honduras, via New Orleans, final close Tuesday at 4:30 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS—For Philippines, China, and Japan, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close May 15, 12 p. m.

For Hawaii, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close May 12, 12 p. m.

For Australia, New Zealand, and Samoa, via San Francisco, daily 2 a. m. and 9 p. m.; final close May 12, 12 p. m.

CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., May 8.—Forecast:

Illinois—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer in eastern portion, fresh north to east winds.

Indiana—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer, fresh north to east winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer in western portion, fresh northerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair Wednesday, Thursday fair, warmer, fresh easterly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Thursday, fresh north to east winds.

Iowa—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, north to east winds.

Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, east to south winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: May 8, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer...	Thermometer...	Max. temp....	Direction of wind......	Precipitation 24 hours....	State of weather....
Abilene	30.04	78	82	N.W.	....	Clear
Albany	29.60	70	74	S.	.16	Clo'dy
Alpena	29.86	44	48	N.E.	.30	Clo'dy
Atlanta	29.98	78	84	S.W.	....	Clear
Amarillo	30.12	72	76	N.	....	Clear
Battleford	30.02	68	70	S.E.	....	Fair
Bismarck	30.22	64	70	N.E.	....	Clear
Buffalo	29.62	52	68	W.	.26	Rain
Boston	29.66	60	64	S.W.	.06	Clo'dy
Cairo	29.92	68	68	S.	.18	Clo'dy
Calgary	29.76	70	76	S.W.	....	Fair
Charlotte	29.94	80	86	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Cheyenne	30.16	64	68	S.	....	Clear
Chicago	29.92	44	66	N.E.	.70	Rain
Cincinnati	29.80	68	82	S.W.	.40	Clo'dy
Cleveland	29.66	64	78	S.W.	.66	Rain
Concordia	30.14	72	80	N.	.02	Clear
Davenport	29.92	60	70	N.W.	.42	Fair
Denver	30.12	72	74	E.	Tr.	Clear
Des Moines	30.02	68	74	N.W.	....	Clear
Detroit	29.70	56	72	N.	.48	Clo'dy
Dodge City	30.12	74	78	N.E.	....	Clear
Dubuque	29.94	64	70	N.	.38	Clo'dy
Duluth	30.10	58	58	N.	....	Clear
El Paso	29.98	84	88	E.	....	Clear
Edmonton	29.60	72	76	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Galveston	29.92	74	78	S.	1.16	Fair
Grand Haven	29.84	48	52	N.W.	.14	Clo'dy
Green Bay	30.02	48	64	N.	.23	Fair
Havre	29.96	80	84	S.	....	Fair
Helena	30.[illegible]	70	74	S.	....	Clo'dy
Huron	30.20	64	70	N.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	29.84	62	74	N.W.	.34	Rain
Jacksonville	30.06	76	84	S.E.	....	Clear
Kansas City	30.00	74	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Lander	30.10	70	72	N.E.	....	Clear
Little Rock	29.94	64	82	S.W.	2.48	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	29.94	70	78	W.	....	Clear
Marquette	30.02	44	52	N.W.	.08	Clear
Memphis	29.98	68	74	S.W.	.08	Fair
Medicine Hat	29.78	82	84	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	30.32	52	58	S.E.	....	Clear
Montgomery	29.90	78	86	S.W.	....	Fair
Montreal	29.56	44	48	N.	.44	Rain
Nashville	29.96	68	78	W.	.14	Clo'dy
New Orleans	30.00	70	80	N.W.	.08	Clo'dy
New York City	29.68	70	78	S.	....	Fair
Norfolk	29.90	78	86	S.	....	Fair
North Platte	30.18	70	74	N.E.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	30.04	76	78	N.	....	Clear
Omaha	30.08	70	74	N.W.	....	Clear
Oswego	29.54	62	76	W.	.24	Clo'dy
Palestine	29.98	78	82	N.W.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	29.84	64	84	S.W.	.72	Rain
Philadelphia	29.70	74	82	S.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	29.74	62	84	S.W.	.28	Rain
Pueblo	30.14	70	74	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu' Appelle	30.22	64	68	E.	....	Fair
Rapid City	30.08	70	74	E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	30.06	62	66	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	29.90	70	76	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
St. Paul	30.06	56	60	E.	.14	Clear
Salt Lake City	30.00	76	80	N.W.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	29.88	46	50	N.	.26	Fair
Springfield, Ill.	29.88	66	72	W.	.18	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	29.98	72	76	N.W.	.04	Clear
Vicksburg	29.96	70	74	S.	Tr.	Fair
Washington	29.74	82	88	S.	....	Clear
White River	30.02	54	58	N.W.	Tr.	Rain
Williston	30.18	70	74	E.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	30.30	50	54	N.	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 65 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 67; 10 a. m., 69; 11 a. m., 70; 12 m., 61; 1 p. m., 63; 3 p. m., 63; 6 p.m., 63. Barometer—8 a.m., 29.25; 6 p.m., 29.34.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Byrne, Annie B., 34; 2620 Princeton-av., May 5.
Burkross, Albertina, 63; 119 Townsend-st., May 5.
Connors, Ella G., 30; 6559 Cottage Grove-av., May 8.
Collins, Wm., 52; 2968 Armour-av., May 6.
Chawat, Charles, 28; 1175 Wabansia-av., May 7.
Craig, Margaret, 76; 3657 65th-pl., May 6.
Corby, Emily, 63; 120 Oakley-blvd., May 6.
Coleman, Patrick, 57; 150 Johnson-st., May 6.
Dubsky, Anna, 54; 1162 W. 12th-st., May 5.
Davis, Lizzie M., 30; 1074 Congress-st., May 6.
Donley, Charley W., 41; Cook Co. Hos., May 6.
Dixon, James, 26; 141 15th-st., May 7.
Espetet, John, 9; 339 W. 13th-st., May 6.
Egan, Sarah, 75; 9015 Green Bay-av., May 6.
Frus, Iver F., 49; 171 Lincoln-st., May 6.
Gerkie, Charles, 53; 744 W. Huron-st., May 5.
Halloran, Wm., 70; 3214 Center-av., May 5.
Hemmersbach, Josephine, 36; 500 N. Ashland-av., May 7.
Hacker, Wm., 32; 1485 W. North-av., May 5.
Huff, Ruth, 18; German-American Hos., May 7.
Keating, Florence, 5; 28 Spruce-st., May 6.
Kline, Dominik, 56; Western-av. and Winona-st., May 4.
Kersting, Mathias, 75; 339 E. North-av., May 7.
Kummer, Bella, 26; 756 21st-pl., May 6.
Kennelly, Mary, 58; 16 30th-pl., May 7.
Liuce, Mary Alice, 25; 1182 Sheffield-av., May 6.
Latall, Alwinae, 54; 1613 N. Hoyne-av., May 6.
McMahon, John F., 35; 1302 S. Harding-av., May 7.
Millspaugh, Addie, 59; 5402 Dearborn-st., May 6.
McElligott, Eugene, 34; 618 Duncan Pk., May 6.
McPherson, Rebecca, 44; 338 State-st., May 6.
McCleland, Donald A., 25; Englewood Union Hospital, May 6.
Nacek, Genevieve, 6; 590 Larrabee-st., May 6.
Omela, Barbara, 30; 578 Center-av., May 7.
Parker, Bertha B., 36; 5300 Dearborn-st., May 7.
Piehl, Emma, 31; 603 N. Halsted-st., May 7.
Padgham, Horace J., 54; 351 E. 36th-st., May 7.
Perkins, Hiram, 12; Presbyterian Hosp., May 6.
Rupp, John, 70; 48 Best-av., May 7.
Rose, Edward, 19; 322 Lawndale-av., May 6.
Schebert, Geo., 31; 3707 N. Clark-st., May 6.
Sullivan, Elizabeth, 16; West Side Hos., May 6.
Schrack, Martha, 72; 3833 Ellis-av., May 7.
Shaw, Daniel P., 48; 4744 Champlain-av., May 6.
Sullivan, Patrick, 30; 2726 Hillock-av., May 6.
Thompson, Samuel L., 42; St. Luke's Hos., May 5.
Tasick, Joseph, 30; Ill. Steel Hosp., May 6.
Thomas, Mary E., 40; 2232 Dearborn-st., May 6.
Viberg, Judith E., 8; 593 Orchard-st., May 7.
Williams, Sherman R., 68; 135 E. 34th-st., May 6.
Washowski, Elizabeth, 47; 8448 Exchange-av., May 6.
Whelan, Thomas D., 29; Cook Co. Hos., May 6.

PERUNA CURES CATARRH OF KIDNEYS EVERY TIME.



DANGEROUS KIDNEY DISEASES CURED.

Peruna Creating a National Sensation in the Cure of Chronic Ailments of the Kidneys.

Mr. John Vance, member of Company I, 71st Ohio Infantry, First Brigade, Second Division, Fourth Army Corps, who lives at Hartford City, Ind., in a letter dated June 7, 1899, says: "My kidney trouble is much better. I have improved so much that everybody wants to know what medicine I am using. I recommend Peruna to everybody and some have commenced to use it. The folks all say that if Dr. Hartman's medicine cures me it must be great." In a later letter he says: "I am still improving in health; people call me well now. I am still using your medicine. People want to know what has done me so much good and I can easily tell them."

Mr. J. Brake, of Petrolea, Ontario, Canada, writes: "Four years ago I had a severe attack of Bright's Disease, which brought me so low the doctor said nothing more could be done for me. I began to take Peruna and Manalin, and in three months I was a well man, and have continued so ever since."

The kidneys separate from the blood a peculiar salt known as urea. If this salt is allowed to accumulate in the blood it quickly produces blood poison (uræmia). But, if at the same time the kidneys allow the serum of the blood to escape, it forms a fatal drain to the system (albuminuria). Catarrh of the kidneys will so derange them as to produce both of these disastrous results, for not only will the kidneys fail to excrete the urea from the blood but will allow the serum of the blood to escape with the urine.

If the kidneys are healthy they will excrete the poison from the blood. The renal veins return the purified blood from the kidneys to the general circulation.

At the appearance of the first symptom of kidney trouble, Peruna should be taken. This remedy strikes at once the very root of the disease. It at once relieves the catarrhal kidneys of the stagnant blood, preventing the escape of serum from the blood. Peruna stimulates the kidneys to excrete from the blood the accumulating poison, and thus prevents the convulsions which are sure to follow if the poisons are allowed to remain. It gives great vigor to the heart's action and digestive system, both of which are apt to fail rapidly in this disease.

Catarrh of the kidneys quickly leads to chronic Bright's Disease. Peruna should be taken at the appearance of the first symptom. If taken in the early stages of the disease, Peruna is sure to cure every case. Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. No other systemic catarrh remedy has as yet been devised. Insist upon having Peruna. There are no medicines that can be substituted.

A book on catarrh, written by Dr. Hartman, will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

DEATHS.

BERRY—The Rev. Loren F., D. D., pastor of the Evanston Avenue Congregational Church, suddenly, at his residence, 307 West court, Tuesday, May 8. Funeral notice later.

BOHANAN—May 8, William, beloved husband of Margaret Bohanan (nee Cullen), native of County Wexford, Ireland. Funeral Friday, May 11, from his late residence, 58 Ogden-pl., to St. Jarlath's Church, at 9 a. m., thence by carriages to Calvary.

EBERMAN—Daniel Philip Eberman, in his 74th year, at his residence, 5468 Washington-av., Monday noon. Funeral from late residence Thursday at 3 p. m. Burial at Oakwoods.

FULLER—Elizabeth Beecher Fuller, 2317 Michigan-av., widow of the late General Henry W. Fuller. Funeral from the residence of her sister, Mrs. William Gaston, 177 Marlboro-st., Boston, on Friday, May 11.

HOLBROOK—Jane Holbrook, beloved mother of Peter Holbrook, aged 49 years. Funeral from late residence, 63 39th-st., Thursday, May 10, at 9 a. m., to Holy Angels' Church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

KELLEY—The funeral of Mary A. Kelley will take place from her late residence, 2244 Calumet-av., Thursday, May 10, 2 p. m.

KLINCK—John E. Jr., beloved son of John and Helen Klinck, aged 18 days. Funeral private from 227 E. 41st-st.

LANDIS—May 8, at Melrose Park, William L. Landis. Funeral at Rock Falls, Ill., May 10, at 11 o'clock.

LANE—At residence, 4408 Michigan-av., May 8, 1900, Alice Julia, wife of George M. Lane, aged 29 years. Funeral notice later.

LUSK—May 8, at his residence, 3948 Prairie-av., George W. Lusk. Funeral May 9 at 2 p. m., to Graceland.

McCALL—Mary Elizabeth, widow of the late Henry Vanderburg McCall of Vincennes, Ind. Burial private from late residence, 2458 Indiana-av.

RIVENBURGH—May 8, Dr. H. Rivenburgh, in his 79th year. Funeral Thursday at 2:30 p. m., Ravenswood Baptist Church.

STEVENSON—May 8, James Garrard Stevenson, son of David L., aged 34 years. Funeral on Thursday, at 11 a. m., from late residence, 6432 Washington-av.

WONCH—Nee Julia McDaniel. Funeral May 9 to St. Joseph's Church, Wilmette, at 10 a. m. sharp, thence to Rosehill. Train leaves Wells-st. depot for Wilmette at 8:30 a. m.

WREN—at 5219 Fifth-av., Thomas C. Wren, beloved husband of Nellie Wren (nee Wolfe), father of Morris J., Richard P., Thomas J., John S., and Loretta, aged 41 years, native of Devonroad, County Limerick, Ireland. Funeral Thursday, May 10, at 9:30 a. m., to St. Ann's Church, where solemn high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

WRIGHT—M. E. Nellie, daughter of James G. and the late Almira Wright, at 36 Woodland Park. Funeral from the home on Thursday morning at 11:30. Interment at Naperville, via C., B. and Q. R. R.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
POSITIVELY LAST 6 TIMES. MATINEE TODAY. TONIGHT AT 8:15
Augustus Thomas' Greatest Play,
ARIZONA
Next Sunday—Willie Collier in "Mr. Smooth."

McVICKER'S—JACOB LITT, Lessee & Mgr
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
A GREAT STAR. A SUPERB COMPANY. OTIS SKINNER Presenting His Latest Success, PRINCE OTTO
Carriages May Be Ordered at 10:45.

THE APOLLO MUSICAL CLUB will render the Oratorio "ELIJAH" At the AUDITORIUM, FRIDAY Evening, May 18, 1900.
Tickets on sale at Lyon & Healy's and Auditorium.

LAKESIDE RACE TRACK
OPENS THURSDAY, MAY 10. FIVE or more races daily, commencing 2:15 p.m.
Take special train, P., F. W. R. R., Canal and Adams-sts., at 12:30, 12:50 and 1:10 p. m., stopping at Archer-av., 41st-st. and Englewood. Regular train, 1:55 p. m., stopping at all stations.
I. C. R. R., Randolph street (arriving at Van Buren street two minutes later), at 1:10 and 1:35 p. m., stopping at 22d, 39th and 63d-sts. All trains return immediately after the races.
Fare on special trains, 25c round trip.
Alley L, connecting at 63d-st. and Madison-av. with surface electric cars.
ADMISSION TO GRAND STAND, 75c.

POWERS' LAST 4 NIGHTS SAT. (only) MATINEE
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
ANNIE RUSSELL In Jerome's Comedy, MISS HOBBS
Next Monday—Engagement of VIOLA ALLEN In Hall Caine's Powerful Play, THE CHRISTIAN. Seat Sale To-morrow 9 a. m.

DEARBORN STOCK CO.
A PRODUCTION UNSURPASSED.
ROMEO AND JULIET
Regular Matinees Sun., Tues., Wed., Thurs., Sat. Souvenir Matinees Every Tuesday and Thursday.

Studebaker. Settlement Benefit.
COMIC OPERA,
"Academic Alchemist"
MALE CAST.
Fascinating Costumes, Bewildering Dances.
May 10 and 11.........Prices, 50c to $2.00
Matinee May 12.........25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

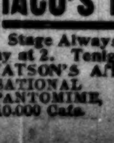
OLYMPIC CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
4—Mignani Family—4. Grant & Norton.
7—Reed Birds—7. Zazelle & Vernon.
Lavender & Thomson. Lotta Gladstone.
Charles W. Young. Jas. & Sadie Leonard.
Mr. & Mrs. Jimmy Barry. 3—Prentice Trio—3.
Newhouse & Kollins. Willis & Barron.
The Alcedos. Lizzie McKeever.
Hattie Gibson. 4—Giant Quartette—4.
PRICES 10—20—30 CENTS.

HOPKINS BARGAIN 25c MATINEE
Double Bill—Our Original Show—Drama&Vaudeville
FAUST
Lew Hawkins, Banks & Nona Winters, Gallando, and others. Special—The Marvelous European Novelty, The Kinodrome, presenting the Gorgeous Pantomime, Cinderella. 10—20—30—Hopkins'—10—20—30

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Clifford & Huth. Josephine Sabel.
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Fish & Warren. Mr. & Mrs. Dan Hiat
Ray Burton. DeWitt & Burns.
Halliday & Ward. Tegge & Daniels.
Semon & Monti. Kelly & Davis.
Howard & Moore. Frank O'Neil.
Mamie Davis. 4—Georgia Quartette—4.
PRICES 10—20—30 CENTS.

ACADEMY 25c MATINEE TODAY. QUO VADIS
May 13th Beginning Summer Season.
Fire Patrol, Faust, Two Orphans: 10c—20c—30c.

GREAT NORTHERN Evening Prices: 25c, 50c, 75c
25c Mats. Today, Sat. AL. W. MARTIN'S SCENIC REVIVAL Uncle Tom's Cabin
Next Sun. Mat.—THE DAIRY FARM.


SAM T. JACK'S Mad'n nr. State Tel. Cent. 2193
Only Burlesque House in Chicago. Two Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8.
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Parisian Gaiety. Tuareg Arabs.
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MIACO'S TROCADERO State and Van Buren Streets.
Stage Always Filled with Lovely Women.
Today at 2. Tonight at 8. Prices 10, 20, 30, 50.
WATSON'S AMERICAN BURLESQUERS.
SENSATIONAL PANTOMIME, THE FATE OF LUCRECE.
$10,000 Cafe. Smoke If You Like.


Nasturtiums
Vaughan's Special Mixture
includes the wonderful Chameleon, with different flowers on a single plant from a single seed; also many finest named kinds in every color, fresh seed. Price, oz., 15c; ¼-lb., 45c. Good mixture, ¼-lb., 20c.
VAUGHAN'S "CHICAGO PARKS" LAWN GRASS
The best permanent mixture. Makes close velvety turf. No foul seeds, no weeds. New crop, sure to grow. Write or call. Per lb., 25c; 5 lbs., $1.00; 15 lbs., $2.75.
Vaughan's Seeds 84 & 86 Randolph Chicago, New York St.

SHARKEY IS THE WINNER

SAILOR DEFEATS JOE CHOYNSKI IN TWO ROUNDS AT TATTERSALL'S.

He Drives the Chicago Man to the Floor Many Times, and at the Call of Time for the Third Round the Latter Is Unable to Appear—Contest Is One-Sided from the Outset—Great Crowd in Attendance—Preliminaries Are Good.

Tom Sharkey last night made good his proposition to dispose of Joe Choynski in quicker time than it took Joe Walcott, his stable companion, to do so. After two minutes and fifty-three seconds of fighting he sent a short right swing to the point of the jaw, toppling Choynski partly under the ropes and damaging him so badly he was unable to respond to the call of time for the third round.

The bout, which took place at Tattersall's, drew a crowded house, which came to see the ex-sailor make his first fight in this city. Fully 7,500 people braved the inclement weather, and had it been a fine night standing room would in all probability have been at a premium.

It was a typical fight crowd, the boxes being plentifully sprinkled with politicians and city officials. Tom Hanton, the new President of the Tattersall Athletic association, occupied a seat in the press stand, while next to him sat Smiley Corbett. Mike McDonald sat on the other side of the ring with his face close to the edge of the canvas.

The local fistic colony was well represented, among those close to the ringside being Jack O'Brien, Tommy White, Jack Root, Jimmy Barry, Morris Rauch, and Harry Harris. As usual, there were plenty of spectators willing to advise the contestants what to do, the majority of whom had probably never been engaged in a contest. Back in the hall, where the fighters can hardly be seen, the crowd was as usual critical, and no matter where a blow landed it was judged largely by the sound it made, and a good thwack on the back was more applauded than a jolt to the stomach that made no noise but was far more effective.

In the wind-up the result was as expected by many followers of the game, who figured the strength, weight, and hitting powers of Sharkey would be too much for the science of Choynski to overcome.

Choynski's Game Exhibition.

Those who expected to see the local man make a running fight were agreeably disappointed. While he did not fail to use his foot work at times to avoid the rushes of Sharkey, he by no means made a running fight, and at times he stood up, toe to toe, and exchanged blows with his opponent.

Up to the time of getting the knockout blow he had given a game exhibition against superior odds, and, though defeated, he earned credit for his work. He simply met a better man and had to bow to the inevitable. The contest while it lasted was full of action, and had several exciting incidents.

Choynski weighed about 165 and the sailor 185. Tom O'Rourke, Bob Armstrong, and Jack Root were in Sharkey's corner. Choynski's interests were looked after by the Schrosbee family. The betting ranged at 3 to 1 that Choynski would not last the six rounds, and even money that Sharkey would win on a knockout. Choynski was clad in blue trunks, while Sharkey had on the same green ones he wore in his fight against Jeffries.

Choynski twice went to the floor in the first round, once from a left to the head, and the second time falling after a hurricane mixup. Immediately following the latter Choynski caught Sharkey a little off his balance, and hooking his left to the head sent him to the canvas. It could hardly be classed as a clean knockdown, but the majority of the spectators thought it was, and cheered wildly. Sharkey went to his corner with a large bump over his left eye, Choynski having landed hard with his first jab.

Choynski did some effective jabbing in the second round. Sharkey continued to bore in, and landed one heavy swing on the stomach that did damage. They kept hard at work until within seven seconds of the sound of the gong, when Sharkey got home the punch that landed him the big end of the purse.

Dances About His Prostrate Foe.

At the sound of the gong Choynski's seconds, two boys and a man, dragged him from under ropes to the center of the ring. They did not seem to realize that the gong had sounded marking the end of the round, for they made no effort to get him into his corner. If they had had to carry him it is doubtful whether they could have done so, and the futility of having juveniles for seconds was plainly shown. Choynski, however, was too far gone to have been put into shape for the next round. While the minute's rest was passing away Choynski recovered sufficiently to raise himself to his elbow, and he was in this position when the gong sounded again for the resumption of hostilities. Sharkey walked to the center of the ring near where his fallen opponent lay and was declared the winner by Referee Hogan. The shouts that greeted him were not of a vociferous character, the majority of the crowd seeming to have expected the quick finish.

Sharkey executed a little jig dance at the finish. Asked as to the fight he merely said: "Choynski put up a good contest and gave me a hard fight."

Sharkey and Siler.

After Choynski had been carried to his corner and after Sharkey had executed his gleeful war dance the sailor stepped to the side of the ring where George Siler was standing and said, sarcastically: "I suppose you would have called that a foul if you had been in the ring."

"Of course I would," replied Siler, jokingly.

"You would, would you?" growled the sailor. By this time quite a crowd had gathered and several in the crowd said: "What have you got against Siler, anyhow?"

Sharkey appeared a little surprised, hesitated, and then said: "Nothing."

"Well, we'll put you on record," was the rejoinder.

Somebody in the ring then pulled Sharkey away and that ended the incident.

Preceding the windup was a card of excellent quality, with only one poor bout to mar it. This was between Heavyweights Scanlan and Hall, which was of a farcical character. All of the other bouts were exceptionally good, and no more sensational finish than that of the Stift and Connors bout has ever been seen in the city. If ever a man seemed to have a fight won it was the sturdy rolling mill man from South Chicago. About one minute of the last round had expired and he was going along under easy sail. Suddenly, like lightning out of a clear sky, Stift swung his muscular right and down went Connors like a log. The dazed man struggled to his feet and, after being floored twice more, finished out the round in as good shape as his opponent. While this two minutes of exciting work was transpiring the large crowd was in a frenzy of excitement, and when the referee announced a draw the spectators broke out in wild applause.

Hedmark Defeats Campbell.

In the opening bout Joe Hedmark and Walter Campbell of San Francisco were to have met at 126 pounds. The latter was four pounds overweight and Hedmark took his forfeit. Hedmark won within three seconds of the finish of the third round. It was a battle full of action, Hedmark never letting up for an instant in his attack. While strong, Campbell did well, staggering his opponent with several hard swings on the head with his right. His left was apparently of little good and his right was wild. As for Hedmark, any old kind of blow suited him. In the first round he swung a left on the chin, scoring a knockdown. The beginning of the end came in the second round, when Campbell got his head down and caught a hard right swing on the jaw, dazing him. Hedmark forced the pace, but could not finish his man. Campbell was weary in the last round, but game. He was sent to the floor five times and finally counted out.

Sammy Harris and Mike Bartley met at catch weight, the former winning a clever decision after six rounds of interesting milling. He was too fast for Bartley, whose efforts to force the fighting were not attended with success. He ran into Harris' left times without number and was bleeding badly from a cut lip before the first round had finished. Harris outpointed him in every round with the exception of the fifth, in which Bartley got in some good body blows. In the last Harris had a good lead, although Bartley still tried to force the pace. There were no knockdowns.

Jim Hall, the o'ace clever Australian middleweight, and Tim Scanlan, a heavyweight from the Stock-Yards district, went through six rounds of friendly work, the Antipodian getting the decision. The crowd treated the bout in the nature of a joke, probably out of friendship for Hall. Scanlan knew but little of the game, most of his swings landing on Hall's back. Hall drove a straight right to the body frequently and was entitled to the verdict.

Stift Saves Himself in Final Round.

One punch to the jaw was all that saved Billy Stift from defeat at the hands of Barney Connors. The bout ended amid a scene of wild excitement. Through five rounds of hard milling Connors had gradually forged to the front and looked like a sure winner. In the beginning of the sixth round Stift sent a hard swing flush on the jaw, felling Connors hard. It looked like a knockout, but the fallen man struggled to his feet, and, slightly recovering his dazed senses, rested on his knee for the limit. Stift went after him hard and again sent him to the canvas. He was up again in a few seconds, only to go down again before a wild rush. Stift's efforts had weakened him and the next time Connors got up he staid up and made a good fight till the gong sounded.

Stift looked like a winner in the opening rounds, as Connors was plainly nervous, and kept leading from a distance at which he could not land effectively. Stift seemed to be biding his time, and at first did not attempt long swings. He made vigorous efforts to fight in the clinches. As the fight progressed Connors grew more confident, and found Stift's left eye with a stiff jab, raising a big lump. He kept counting with his left, and occasionally met Stift's rushes with right uppercuts. Connors had the better of the second, third, fourth, and fifth rounds, Stift several times going to his corner weary. Stift let go a number of hard swings, but did not seem to be able to reach the right spot, and many times did not land at all. He did his best work in the clinches, pounding his right to the body at every opportunity.

DETAILED STORY OF THE BATTLE.

George Siler Tells How Choynski Is Battered Into Defeat.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Tom Sharkey made his first appearance in Chicago last night in a simon pure contest and defeated his opponent, Joe Choynski, in seven seconds short of two rounds. His victory was anticipated by followers of the game and was no surprise, and it was only a question as to how many rounds it would take him to do the trick.

This being the case, it does not add much to Sharkey's credit, but helps to swell his record of victories by one, and that, at least, is something. Although returned a winner, I doubt whether he gained many admirers, because he gloated too much after Hogan had counted Joe out.

His gloating came in the nature of a war dance. When poor Joe lay on the canvas dead to the world, Sharkey danced and hopped around the ring like a boy with his first pair of red-topped boots.

It would have been far more manly had he assisted his fallen opponent to his feet, but I presume he was so tickled over his victory that he forgot that usual part of the program. Sharkey's action was commented upon by the crowd around the ringside.

Hard Blows Lost on the Sailor.

But to the fight. Sharkey entered the ring first, accompanied by O'Rourke, Armstrong, Root, and Harry Forbes. Joe stepped in a few moments later with the veteran Shrosbee and his two sons as escorts. After the usual preliminaries they faced each other for the initial round.

Tom was the first to cut loose, and as he came toward Joe the latter caught him a hard clip with the left flush on the jaw. The blow had steam enough to drop the ordinary fighter, but Sharkey being out of the ordinary, it did not affect him any. It simply stopped his progress for a moment and then he came on again. They mixed it a bit and then Sharkey managed to get his left around Joe's neck and forced him off his feet.

O'Rourke then called to Sharkey to go below, and the latter, following his advice, caught Joe a hard left swing on the body. He followed this up with left and right swings, but neither did any damage, as Choynski was breaking ground. Both then steadied themselves, Sharkey again being the aggressor, but as he came forward Joe countered with the left and stepped back out of danger. The sailor, however, was not to be denied and kept boring in, swinging wildly, missing, and hitting.

It was fast work, both going at top speed, with Tom setting the pace. Clinches were frequent, but they were no sooner split out then at it they were again.

Runs Into Choynski's Left.

After one of the breakaways Tom set sail as usual and went head on into Joe's left, which collided with Sharkey's eye and raised a bump. This riled the sailor and, instead of stopping him, forced him to bore in stronger. He was all abroad, and Joe, measuring him nicely, hooked his left over on to Tom's jaw and dropped him to the mat.

Sharkey was up in an instant and, overanxious to do or die, went in headlong, swinging wildly. Choynski stepped out of distance, but before doing so hooked his right over and just grazed Tom's jaw. Tom overbalanced and went down again.

Then came a wild mixup, in which Sharkey attempted to land two pivot blows. The first missed Choynski's face by a few inches, but the second found lodgment around Choynski's neck and sent him to the floor.

The fast pace seemed to show itself on Choynski and he appeared tired. Tom, however, was as strong and as full of fight as ever and kept pegging away, up and down, over and under—in fact, any old way—to land.

He caught Joe quite often, but not effectively. The latter, however, was not idle and landed quite a few good ones. Some were stiff enough to stop almost anybody, but the sailor was too tough.

Fast Work in the Second.

The second round was a repetition of the first as far as fast work was concerned. Tom, as in the first round, was the aggressor, and had Joe continually breaking ground. At times he would force Joe to the ropes, compelling him to make a stand. On these occasions Choynski invariably hooked his left or right to the head. Tom, however, kept right on about his business, slamming his left into Joe's body and shooting the right over at the head.

The majority of the latter blows landed on the side of Joe's head, hard enough to stagger him, while others wound themselves around his neck, the force of which would generally send him forward and to his knees. After about one minute and a half of fighting Choynski managed to land two lefts and a right in succession, which were hard enough to cause Tom to fight wildly and make him look a bit shaky.

This, however, was only for a few seconds, as he quickly recovered. Instead, however, of boring in and swinging with left and right, as before, he contented himself with sparring a bit and trying a few left hand leads. In these, however, he was a failure, as, instead of hitting straight with his glove closed, he chopped downward with the open glove—a sort of a slap. He did this several times when he had Joe against the ropes on the west side of the ring, and although they landed there was no steam behind them.

Joe managed to squirm away from the ropes and made for the center, with Tom after him. In scurrying across the ring Sharkey corralled Joe against the ropes on the east side of the ring and slapped out his left again. Joe presumably thought that was all that was coming, but Tom was there with his right, and before Joe had time to slip out of danger Tom sent it swinging toward Choynski's jaw, on which it landed, ending the contest, as Joe was dead to the world.

NOW QUARREL OVER THE REFEREE

Corbett Says He Will Not Have White as the Official.

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—James J. Corbett in a statement tonight says: "I notice Mr. Brady is making the statement that I had agreed to Charley White as referee of this fight. Now, Mr. Brady knows better than that, and he would hardly say it to me. He picked Sam Austin himself before witnesses, and he will have Sam Austin for referee and no other man. I never agreed to Charley White, and if he says anything else he lies, and he and I know he lies. Charley White is a friend of mine and he is all right, but Sam Austin is all right, too, and Sam Austin will referee the fight because he is the man agreed on. I don't understand what all this holler is about a referee for anyhow at this stage of the game. All the conditions are fixed and there will be no change."

Not Anxious for a Match with Yanger.

Tom O'Rourke and John Hertz met yesterday to complete arrangements for the meeting of George Dixon and Benny Yanger at Tattersall's. The New York promoter proposed that his man take 75 per cent of the purse, win, draw, or lose. Yanger's manager would not listen to this, and although O'Rourke afterward modified his figures somewhat Hertz called the match off.

MESMERIST RUNS LAST.

POOR RACE BY THE 3-YEAR-OLD IN THE TOBOGGAN HANDICAP.

Famous Chicago Colt Makes His First Start of the Season at Morris Park and Eight Others Beat Him—Voter Wins—August Belmont's Colors Are Seen Again, and the Wearer, Kilogram, Captures the Larchmont Stakes Easily.

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—Glad has been the racegoers' thoughts of Mesmerist. Silently through the winter they had dreamed of his grand performances. Out of the West came dreamers' wreaths depicting the pride which his owner, Colonel Alfred Featherstone, had in him. Many were the stories that Colonel Featherstone valued the son of Albert and Hoodoo at $100,000, or $7.98 more than $100,000, and there was a tale or two about his anxiety to match Mesmerist against any horse in training, in this country or in England.

A word or two in Colonel Featherstone's ear, and it is meant in the kindest spirit. Mesmerist may win a condition race between now and bleak November, when men vote, when racing ends, and the lovely days of autumn begin to take on the chill sedateness of an approaching winter. He never will take the measure of a high-class racehorse. While a majority of the horsemen and nine-tenths of the racing public have awarded the 2-year-old championship of 1899 to Mesmerist, others never have indorsed that judgment. Further, they have persisted in saying that on his work Mesmerist not only would fall far below the form of a champion 3-year-old, but that he would not do in any 3-year-old company of first class.

For Colonel Featherstone better things could have been wished. He is a sportsman. There is nothing—no horse on the turf—too good for him. But when he knelt to adore Mesmerist he worshiped an idol of clay, drank a draft that had the fragrance of the nectar of the gods and tasted like ashes on the lips.

Mesmerist, touted widely and praised loudly, was a starter in the Toboggan Handicap, run at Morris Park today. His appearance was one of the most attractive features of the racing season to date. Because of the good reports sent out about him, and because of the high opinion entertained of his performances as a 2-year-old turfmen looked forward to his race with the greatest interest. This performance was a great disappointment. The horse not only never looked dangerous, at any stage of the race, but finished absolutely last.

Mr. Featherstone's much talked of colt was conceding weight to the entire field, nevertheless he was a strong second choice in the betting. Voter was an even money favorite, Mesmerist selling at 4 to 1, with 10 to 1 the next lowest price. Of Mesmerist's part in the race there is little to be said. He was off none too well, but showed little speed and finally was eased up by O'Connor.

Windmere, another 3-year-old belonging to A. Featherstone, ran in the Larchmont Stakes. He finished fourth. In the fifth race Mr. Featherstone's 2-year-old Autolight got off badly and ran finely, finishing fourth.

Voter won the handicap easily, while Maribert came fast at the finish and won second place.

For the first time in two years the colors of August Belmont were carried today on one of his horses on a race track. After his wife died Mr. Belmont refrained from racing horses under his own name. Last season Johnny Hyland ran several horses, the property of Mr. Belmont, under his (Hyland's) name and colors.

Mr. Belmont began in an auspicious manner by winning the Larchmont Stakes. He started Kilogram, who won in impressive style. Kilogram was not fancied in the betting, and plenty of 10 to 1 was obtainable against him at the close. Ildrim, a colt rumor gave credit for being worth $20,000, was backed down to a 7 to 10 choice.

Kilogram was at least seven pounds better than any horse in the race. He took the lead with the fall of the flag, and, making all his own running, won easily by a length and a half. Ildrim ran well, but not like a $20,000 horse. He chased after Kilogram all the route and finished second. Petruchio forgot to sulk long enough to allow Spencer to get him home in third place.

Kris Kringle, the "band wagon horse," won the third race cleverly. Kris Kringle has more moods in a given space of time than any pampered prima donna of the stage. He will not run his best unless he hears a band play or the rat-a-tat of a stick on the fence. Today he heard both and he fairly flew through the stretch, running from next to last place to the front in three-sixteenths of a mile.

Box ran badly and Lothario improved so much that the latter won the last race in a drive by a neck.

Morris Park Summaries May 8.

Weather clear; track fast.

First race, ¾ Withers mile, $600 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-10	Vulcan, 118 [Bullman]	4	3^{1}	2^{1}	1^{h}	1½
30-1	Specific, 106 [McIntyre]	5	1^{h}	1^{1}	2^{3}	2^{3}
40-1	Bombshell, 110 [Neel]	2	4^{2}	4^{10}	4^{8}	3^{8}

Time, 1:14¾. Einer, 124 pounds; Montanic, 115, finished as named. Winner, ch. c., by Kingston—Arrowgrass. Start good. Won easily. Montanic showed great early speed, but quit suddenly.

Second race, Withers mile, $550 added, 3-year-olds and upward, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
5-2	K. Kringle, 116 [N. Turner]	8	7^{4}	7^{4}	7^{4}	1½
9-2	First Whip, 105 [Mitchell]	7	6^{2}	5^{h}	4^{nk}	2^{3}
2-1	Dan Rice, 109 [Maher]	4	2^{h}	2^{1}	1^{h}	3^{h}

Time, 1:40¾. Rare Perfume, 112 pounds; Lindula, 103; Knight of the Garter, 111; Rinaldo II., 106; Shinfane, 110, finished as named. Winner, b. h., by Springbok—Brune. Start good. Won ridden out. First Whip swerved when it came to a drive. Rinaldo II. was used up in setting the pace fast.

Third race, last ⅞ Withers mile, 3-year-olds, maidens, allowances, the Larchmont Stakes, $1,600 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
10-1	Kilogram, 115 [Jenkins]	8	1½	1½	2^{2}	1½
7-10	Ildrim, 115 [Bullman]	6	2^{1}	2^{1}	1^{h}	2^{2}
6-1	Petruchio, 112 [Spencer]	1	4^{1}	4^{h}	3½	3^{3}

Time, 1:27¼. Windmere, 115 pounds; Kimmage, 115; Premature, 115; The Chamberlain, 115; Cephalagia, 112; Belgrade, 115, finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Rayon d'Or—Lady Kidbrook. Start good. Won easily. The Chamberlain dropped out of it at the last eighth.

Fourth race, Eclipse course, the Toboggan Handicap, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-1	Voter, 128 [Spencer]	2	2^{1}	2½	1^{h}	1^{2}
15-1	Maribert, 110 [Maher]	4	6^{1}	6^{2}	3½	2^{h}
20-1	Contestor, 105 [Mitchell]	1	1½	1½	2½	3^{2}

Time, 1:12¼. Firearm, 122 pounds; Modrine, 106; Sanders, 116; Belle of Lexington, 105; His Royal Highness, 106; Mesmerist, 128, finished as named. Winner, ch. h., by Friar's Balsam—Mavourneen. Post 17 minutes. Start good. Won easily. Voter was drawing away at end. Sanders showed early speed. Mesmerist ran disappointingly and was eased up when beaten.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs, $600 added, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¾	Str.	Fn.
4-1	Lief Prince, 112 [Bullman]	4	3½	3½	1^{h}
5-1	The Puritan, 112 [Clawson]	2	1½	2^{h}	2½
7-5	Scurry, 114 [Maher]	3	2^{h}	1^{h}	3^{4}

Time, :54. Autolight, 112 pounds; Gold Heels, 112; Infallible, 109; Colchester, 112; Vouch, 112; Regea, 109; Lightning, 114; Historian, 112; Handit, 109, finished as named. Winner, br. c., by Prince Lief or Bermuda—Natalie. Start good. Lief Prince challenged The Puritan in the last sixteenth and fought it out with him sharply. The latter stumbled in the last few strides. Clawson had him all over the track. Autolight ran a good race from where he got off.

Sixth race, Withers mile, $750 added, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
6-1	Lothario, 102 [J. Shaw]	3	3^{h}	2^{h}	2^{h}	1^{n}
7-2	Charentus, 117 [Maher]	1	1^{h}	1½	1½	2^{2}
1-2	Box, 128 [O'Connor]	4	4	4	3^{2}	3^{8}

Time, 1:40¾. Hardly also ran. Winner, b. c., by Longstreet—Brunette. Start good. Won driving. Lothario gradually wore down the leaders. Box did not show his usual speed. Hardly showed early speed.

Morris Park Entries.

First race, Eclipse course, handicap—St. Cloud, 126 pounds; Zanone, 116; Elfin Conig, 110; Native, 106; Lady Uncas, 100; Robert Metcalf, 88.

Second race, last 4½ furlongs Eclipse course, 2-year-olds, selling—Lizzie A., blk. f., by Lontake—Elite, 107 pounds; Flatterer, 106; The Covenanter, 106; Presgrave, ch. c., by Prestonpans—Katie Fletcher, 106; Screech, 105; Ashes, 105; Quick Shot, ch. c., by Jim Gore—Quintette, 104; The Golden Prince, 104; Galanthus, 103; Free Play, b. c., by Faraday—Magna Charta, 101; Juniper, 100; Audacious, 98; Militant, 96; Moor, 96; Delmarch, 94; Connie, 93.

Third race, last ⅝ mile Eclipse course, 2-year-olds, selling, the Bouquet Stakes, $1,000 added—Fake, 112 pounds; Choir Master, b. c., by Chorister—Bellfield II., 108; Phosphorous, 101; Maximus, ch. c., by St. Maxim—Emulate, 104; Carl Kahler, br. c., by His Highness—Lilita II., 100; Lanceman, 99; Pathfinder, 97; Tuscarosa, b. c., by Iroquois—Brunette, 97; Kimberly, 96; Educate, 94; Holden, 94; Bounteous, 92.

Fourth race, last ⅞ Withers mile—Imp, 129 pounds; Lady Lindsay, 118; Lambent, 114; Exit, 113; Sparrow Wing, 113; Indian Fairy, 113; Star Chime, 103; Her Ladyship, [illegible]; The Amazon, 98; Fatalist, 93.

Fifth race, Withers mile, selling—Free Lance, 113 pounds; Bangor, 110; Flag Spinner, 110; Oliver Mc, 107; Bon Jour, 107; Brisk, 104; Emigre, 101; Water Cure, 97; Matt Simpson, 85.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles, handicap, St. Nicholas hurdle race, $600 added—Governor Griggs, 168 pounds; Dr. Eichberg, 139; Buckland, 130; Mazo, 136; Filon d'Or, 136.

WON BY THE EXTREME OUTSIDER.

Tragedy Surprises the Crowd at Louisville by Capturing a Handicap.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—[Special.]—Not much in the way of class was offered in the racing here today. The card was made up of over eight events in which moderate horses competed, and to add to the commonplace feature of the sport rain fell all the afternoon, making the track heavy and sloppy.

A free handicap at a mile brought out the best quality of the afternoon and it was won by the extreme outsider, Tragedy, closing at 20 to 1 in the betting, although some 30 to 1 was offered against her. This mare, always a good performer in the mud, was overlooked in the scramble to bet on the favorites. The Rush at even money and Salvarse at 8 to 5. The Rush seemed to get tangled up in the going. However, it would have taken nothing short of a phenomenon to have beaten Tragedy, who revelled in the mud and spread-eagled her field, leading from end to end and winning in the fast time for the track of 1:42½. Salvarse was the only contender. At the end of half a mile Tragedy was four lengths in front, with Salvarse leading the others by ten lengths. In the stretch Salvarse made some show of a contest with the leader, but she could never quite get up, and the outsider won handily by a length, Salvarse beating Atlantus twenty-five lengths for the place. The Rush was beaten off.

Of the ten selling platers that went to the post in the second race Crinkle at 7 to 2, Dr. Tarr at 4 to 1, and Marguerite Hageman at 9 to 2 were most in demand. Mittenthal was backed from 10 to 6 to 1, but he ran away before the start, showing enough speed to have given him a chance if May, who rode, could have held him. Dr. Tarr, Crinkle, and Opera Girl were the contenders. The trio raced about even up to the half mile ground, and then Dr. Tarr went on and finished out the journy, easily winning by two lengths.

Regina Lee, the 2 to 1 favorite in the event for maiden 2-year-old fillies, was much the best of the lot.

Guess Me at 13 to 5 was a heavily played favorite in the last race and she lead all the way, winning easily by three lengths from Tildy Ann, who as easily beat Isabinda for the place. High Jinks was interfered with and knocked back on the upper turn.

The track is so heavy that there is not much chance for it to be fast for the Clark Stakes on Thursday.

Louisville Summaries May 8.

Weather cloudy. Track muddy.

First race, ⅞ mile, purse $300, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
13-5	Lennep, 102 [Howell]	2	1½	1^{1}	1^{10}	1½
9-5	Lamachus, 102 [Wed'st'd]	4	2½	2^{4}	2^{4}	2^{8}
2-1	Lord Zeni, 121 [Vandusen]	1	3^{10}	3^{10}	3^{4}	3^{5}

Time, 1:20. Commonwealth Attorney, 101½ pounds; High Noon, 98; and Full Dress, 106, finished as named. Winner, T. P. Hayes' b. m., by Candlemas—Wanton. Start excellent. Won easing up.

Second race, ⅝ mile, purse $300, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
4-1	Dr. Tarr, 95 [Wed'strand]	3	3^{2}	1½	1^{4}	1^{10}
10-1	Opera Girl, 104½ [Aker]	1	2½	3^{4}	3^{2}	2½
16-5	Crinkle, 104 [Winkfield]	2	1½	2^{4}	2^{4}	3½

Time, 1:17¾. Skookum, 104 pounds; Ethel Collins, 99; Mittenthal, 95; Margaret Hageman, 108; Doitaire, 98; Jim Flood, 106; and Lord Eberlee, 98, finished as named. Winner, Horte & Co.'s ch. g., by Faustus—Tinsel. Start fair. Won with great ease. Mittenthal ran away about a half at top speed.

Third race, 1 mile, purse $300, Free Handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
20-1	Tragedy, 98 [Howell]	1	1^{2}	1^{5}	1½	1½
9-5	Salvarse, 112 [Crowhurst]	2	2½	2^{10}	2^{15}	2^{10}
8-1	Atlantus, 107 [Boland]	5	6	4^{3}	4^{3}	3^{4}

Time, 1:42½. The Rush, 105 pounds; Hurricane, 110; and The Lady in Blue, 98, finished as named. Winner, J. A. Johnson's ch. c., by Winfred or Galore—Rachel. Poor start. Won driving and out to the last ounce. Tragedy barely lasted long enough. Crowhurst, on Salvarse, thought he had The Rush to beat and let Tragedy steal a long lead on him and then did not make his move until too late. Salvarse ran gamely. The Rush got off poorly.

Fourth race, ½ mile, purse $300, 2-year-olds, maiden fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¾	Str.	Fn.
11-5	Regina Lee, 107 [Boland]	1	1^{4}	1^{3}	1^{5}
12-1	Mattie Bain, 104 [Crowhurst]	3	2^{3}	2^{2}	2^{4}
8-1	Donna Seay, 110 [T. Powers]	2	4^{3}	3^{h}	3½

Time, :50¼. Queen Carnival, 110 pounds; Seething, 105; Fairy Gift, 110; Nancy Dobyns, 105; and Hoodoo, 110, finished as named. Winner, W. Bosler & Co.'s b. f., by Judge Murray—Spinster. Start bad. Won easily. Regina Lee got off flying four lengths in front of her field.

Fifth race, 1 mile, purse $300, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
2-1	Samovar, 120 [Vandusen]	3	2^{1}	1½	1½	1^{2}
7-2	Net. Regent, 97 [Ransom]	5	3^{nk}	6^{1}	3^{nk}	2^{4}
12-1	Lillian Reed, 103 [Dupee]	1	4½	4½	4^{3}	3^{h}

Time, 1:45. Zonne, 86 pounds; George B. Cox, 110; Wilson, 112; Windward, 106; Tolstoi, 106; Deceptrix, 87; and J. Lucille, 101, finished as named. Winner, W. J. Carroll's b. h., by Tea Tray—La Belle Juive. Good start. Won easing up. Zonne showed some speed. Wilson looked high in flesh.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, purse $300, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
13-5	Guess Me, 105 [Wed'str'd]	1	1½	1½	1½	1^{4}
3-1	Tildy Ann, 93 [Ransom]	6	5½	3^{4}	3^{2}	2^{4}
6-1	Isabinda, 96 [J. Walsh]	3	2^{2}	2^{8}	2^{4}	3^{8}

Time, 1:16. Maydine, 99 pounds; Beekman, 109; High Jinks, 109; Winter, 108; Arcturus, 106; and Edith H., 111, finished as named. Winner, J. V. Carter's ch. f., by Pontico—Mary H. Good start. Won easily. Guess Me was sent away flying and ran a phenomenal race. Isabinda quit badly. Maydine ran a good race.

Louisville Entries.

First race, 4½ furlongs, 2-year-olds—Silverdale, 118 pounds; Cluster, 113; The Count, 110; Pacquelin, 110; Bill Massie, 110; Tristrain, 106; Fergus McCuddy, 106; Sam Lyons, 103; Luego, 103.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Ethel Collins, 105 pounds; Peter Duryea, 100; Grey Forge, 97; Lee King, 97; Harvest Queen, 95; Wilkerson, 95; Sarilla, 95; Kentucky Babe, 95.

Third race, 1 mile and 50 yards, selling—Wilson, 111 pounds; Possum, 108; Trebor, 108; Lillian Reed, 105; Nellorine, 98; Bob Salter, 98; Garrabrant, 96; Little Veronica, 95; Indian, 94; Gadsden, 93; Dieudonne, 88.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, 3-year-olds, fillies, selling the Mademoiselle Stakes, value $1,250—Larkspur, 105 pounds; Fleuron, 105; Maydine, 103; Shrove Tuesday, 103; Scarlet Lily, 101; Aurea, 97; Reseda, 97; Honeywood, 97; Jena, 93.

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs—Incidental, 107 pounds; Match Box, 107; Glen Lake, 105; Vain, ch. g., by Wagner—Vanity Fair, 102; Star Chamber, 100; Zelmet, 97; Mac Flecknoe, 97; Leftwing, 95.

Sixth race, ¾ mile, selling—Arcturus, 106 pounds; Sound Money, 103; Acushla, 102; Avatar, 101; Skookum, 101; Kilt, 98; Wiedemann, 92; Isabinda, 90.

MAY OUTLAW EMPIRE CITY TRACK.

New York's Big Driving Course Has Not Paid Its Debts.

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—Many millions of dollars' worth of fast trotters and pacers are owned by rich New-Yorkers, but the greatest city in the land is to have no grand circuit harness meeting during the coming season. The Empire City driving track is an outlaw until the purses and stakes contested for last September are settled.

The late W. H. Clark was the whole club, treasurer and proprietor. He lavished hundreds of thousands of dollars on the track. Mr. Clark's cash reserve was exhausted by last fall's meeting, and the larger portion of the prize money offered was not paid over. His untimely death upset all calculations.

The noted lawyer's estate is now in course of settlement, and the executor has not reached the unpaid purses and stakes of the Empire City Driving club. The delinquency outlaws both the Empire City club and the grounds.

A few weeks ago Andrew Miller and a number of other prominent horsemen tried to form an association, but they failed.

Turf Notes from Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., May 8.—[Special.]—Jockey Bert Knapp, who arrived here Sunday seeking reinstatement from Judge Rees, who suspended him for his ride on the colt Ampere, April 7, left for Louisville tonight after having received sufficient encouragement from that official to cause Knapp to make the announcement he would be in the saddle prior to the opening at Hawthorne. Algol, the erstwhile star of the Schorr stable, the holder of the world's mile and a quarter record, 2:04½, made at Washington Park in 1898, was shipped to St. Louis tonight, together with the other horses in the string of Darden & Ryan. Algol has started but once this year, being beaten a neck by Highland Lad, who broke the local track record in the race. Algol has given every indication of standing his spring preparation, and six furlongs in 1:17 have been quite common in his trials at the track.

National Trotting Board of Review.

The annual session of the Board of Review of the National Trotting association opened yesterday at the Palmer House. President P. P. Johnston of Lexington, Ky., presided and a score of horsemen were present to present their grievances. The first budget of cases will be decided today in executive session.

NOVEL SPRINT AT NORTHWESTERN.

Sororities to Have a Competition—Change in the Nine.

After Northwestern and Beloit fight out their battle on the track next Saturday afternoon the fastest sprinters of the purple will meet in a special race over the hundred yard stretch. The eight different sororities in Northwestern have been great rivals, and all claim to have the best following among the men. On Saturday they lost sight of society and argued the point in regard to the athletic ability of the men they knew. This resulted in a challenge, and different men have been invited to represent the girls in the race. The winning sorority is to receive a banner, and the girls promise the boy who carries their colors over the tape first whatever he wishes. Those who will compete and the sorority they will represent are as follows: George MacDonald, Kappa Alpha Theta; A. J. Elliott, Gamma Phi Beta; E. R. Perry, Alpha Phi; H. S. Baker, Delta Gamma; L. Stahl, Kappa Kappa Gamma; F. R. Schiener, Pi Beta Phi; Rollin Sturgeon, Woman's club.

It will be a handicap race and Dr. Hollister will give out the marks.

The baseball team arrived from the northern trip yesterday afternoon and received a chilly reception. The team is booked for several changes. White will be tried at third, and Nusbaum, Ling, and Fleager will fight it out for short. Pinneo may lose first, and Hunter is booked for his place. Hollister has no excuses to offer for the exhibition at Michigan. The team meets Iowa tomorrow and Smiley probably will twirl for the purple.

It was announced yesterday that E. R. Perry would appear in a track suit again and compete against Beloit. The light-haired athlete will be entered in the broad jump and the weights.

Maroon Team Goes to Ann Arbor.

The maroon baseball team left for Ann Arbor yesterday and will play the University of Michigan this afternoon. Smith and Harper will be the battery for the Chicago team. Others who will play are: Vernon, Kennedy, Rogers, Merrifield, Van Patten, Place, Ewing, and Wood. Ellsworth was taken for a substitute. Despite the bad weather yesterday the maroon track team was out practicing on the ash paths of Hull court, being trained especially in starting promptly at the pistol shot.

Indiana, 3; Cincinnati U., 2.

Bloomington, Ind., May 8.—[Special.]—Cincinnati University was defeated by Indiana University by a score of 3 to 2. The playing of both teams was good. Another game will be played tomorrow. Score:

Indiana University	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—3	5	1
Cincinnati Univer.	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0—2	4	1

Batteries—Bracken and Merrill; Poor and Davis. Attendance—400. Umpire—Harris.

Iowa, 10; Bradley, 2.

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—Iowa State University, 10; Bradley Institute, 2.

Other Games.

At Minneapolis—University of Minnesota, 23; Grinnell, 4.

At Cambridge—Harvard, 26; Amherst, 5

CROSBY WINS SMITH CUP.

O'FALLON MARKSMAN DEFEATS FIFTY-EIGHT COMPETITORS.

With a Straight Score of Twenty-five He Earns the Title of Illinois Champion at Inanimate Targets—Edward Bingham Ties Him in the Regular Competition, but Crosby Wins the Shoot-Off—Team Shoot Is Captured by the Duponts.

William Crosby of O'Fallon, Ill., won the L. C. Smith cup, the feature of the day at the State shoot of the Illinois Sportsmen's association yesterday. He broke twenty-five targets without a miss. At the finish it was a contest between Crosby and Edward Bingham of Chicago, and after they had tied in the regular shoot the O'Fallon man won the shoot-off, Bingham missing his second bird. The L. C. Smith cup is emblematic of the State championship at inanimate targets.

The victory was all the more creditable to the man from down in the State for the reason that the event had the greatest number of entries in the history of the contests for the cup. Fifty-eight men faced the traps, notwithstanding the weather conditions were so adverse. It rained a great part of the afternoon, yet the shooting was good.

The best scores in the L. C. Smith cup contest follow:

Smith	11011 11111 11111 11111—19
Jackson	11111 11110 11111 11111—19
Crosby	11111 11111 11111 11111—20
H. Dunnel	11111 11101 11111 11111—19
Bingham	11111 11111 11111 11111—20
W. Stannard	11111 11111 11110 11111—19

Shoot-off:

Crosby .... 11111—5 | Bingham .. 1 0 withdrew

The next most interesting event of the day was the State team shoot, a contest at four live birds between teams of four men each. Thirty-two teams entered, more than had ever before entered a team shoot. The contest occupied all day and until late in the evening. In the shoot at the ten birds the following teams tied:

Reddick Gun Club.		Dupont No. 1.	
P. Wright	10	Marshall	9
Matteson	10	Bingham	9
Powell	9	Powers	10
Barr	8	Crosby	9
Garfield Club.		**Garden City No. 2.**	
Shaw	9	Hess	9
Palmer	9	Leffingwell	10
Kuss	10	Alabaster	9
Hicks	9	Anberg	9

In the shootoff between these four teams, each man shooting at three birds, the Dupont and Garden City teams again tied at eleven birds each. Bingham, the last man to shoot on the Dupont team, missed his last bird and caused the tie. The teams again shot at three birds each and the Dupont team made a clean score of twelve killed, winning first prize. The Garden City team again killed eleven.

The Garden City and Crescent Gun clubs each entered four teams in this event and were tied for the cup given by the Great Northern Hotel to the club entering the most teams. The tie was shot off by four men from each club, and the Garden City club was victorious.

Ten targets were shot off. In some of these events there were nearly seventy-five entries. Those who obtained straight scores were:

First event, 15 targets—Crosby, Deterline, F. Stannard.

Second event, 20 targets—Crosby, Marshall, Sconce, Parmalee, Gilbert, Guptil.

Third event, 15 targets—Connors, Roll, Parmalee, Budd, Gilbert.

Fourth event, 20 targets—Sconce, Clempson, H. Dunnel.

Fifth event, 15 targets—Heikes, Connors, Marshall, Tripp, Vance.

Sixth event, 20 targets—Heikes, Marshall.

Seventh event, 15 targets—Heikes, Klein, Powers, Dunnel.

Eighth event, 20 targets—Powers, Tripp.

Ninth event, 15 targets—Rikes, Heikes, Powers, Hirshey, Gilbert.

Tenth event, 20 targets—Crosby, Budd, Klein.

Today the great event will be the contest for the Board of Trade diamond badge, emblematic of the State championship, at live birds. A team shoot at targets, five men to a team, will also be contested, as well as six open target events.

The convention of the Illinois State Sportsmen's association, which was to have been held last night, was postponed in order to give some of the sportsmen a chance to attend the prize fight. The convention will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock on the grounds at Watson's Park.

GAMES IN THE BOWLING TOURNEY.

West Chicago Team Wins Twice—South Sides Roll in Poor Form.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
West Chicago	15	6	Lake View	8	10
Commercial	14	7	Schoenhofen	8	10
North Chicago	12	9	South Side	9	12
South End	10	8	Southwest	6	9
Interclub	10	8	North Shore	6	12
American	10	8	Northwest	5	13
Chicago	7	8	Peoria	0	0

The West Chicagos by defeating the Lake Views two out of three games last night at Mussey's in the Illinois bowling tournament strengthened their hold on first place. The West-Siders from the start set a hot clip, rolling the first and second games over the 900 mark, but losing the third by thirty-one pins.

The South Sides, who last week gained much prominence in their victory over the Chicago league team, dropped two games to their opponents, the North Shores. Stollery, with score of 225 and average 196 1-3, did the best work of the series. Scores:

W. Chicago.	1.	2.	3.	Lake View.	1.	2.	3.
Kenna	190	166	222	Birren	189	168	189
Doolittle	130	176	154	Weber	169	167	154
Ulirich	203	202	165	Berlin	177	187	201
Eddy	215	180	174	Evers	154	179	190
Haslam	181	218	173	Labahn	188	164	185
Totals	919	942	888	Totals	877	865	919

North Shore.	1.	2.	3.	South Side.	1.	2.	3.
Bloecker	171	203	157	Beneke	161	153	165
Biedenweg	147	...	163	McMillan	200	162	199
Johnson	...	136	...	Meier	190	193	171
Kanitz	172	178	168	Ball	138	145	164
Stollery	165	225	199	Thomas	162	175	152
Voorheis	203	121	146				
Totals	858	863	833	Totals	851	828	851

Tonight's games will be between Southwest and and Schoenhofen; Chicago and Northwest.

Accepts Chicago Chess Challenge.

New York, May 8.—The Brooklyn Chess club has accepted the challenge of the Chicago Chess club for a team match, twelve players a side, to be played by telegraph on Decoration day.

Dayton Boxer Seriously Injured.

Dayton, O., March 7.—[Special.]—William Stockler of this city lies at a hospital in an unconscious condition as the result of a four-round sparring contest with Eugene Christman, also of Dayton. At the end of the bout Stockler seemed to be feeling none the worse for his exercise. Later in the evening he became faint and relapsed into an unconscious condition, from which several physicians have been unable to arouse him. His opponent was arrested.

Walter Bloom and Sprague Draw.

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—The Auditorium Theater was packed tonight to see the bout between Eddy Sprague of Streator and Walter Bloom at 121 pounds. They fought the full twelve rounds, with chances apparently favoring Bloom, but Referee Lynch declared a draw. Bloom's fighting was far stronger than anticipated and he kept the Streator man guessing all the time.

Kenny Knocks Out Sanchese.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 8.—"Young" Kenny of Chicago scored a clean knockout in his second match with Sanchese, the "Cuban wonder," tonight, in the eighth round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout.

WOMEN FORESTERS ARE HERE.

Delegates of Catholic Order from Sixteen States Open Their First Biennial Meeting.

Delegates from sixteen States attended the opening session of the first biennial convention of the Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters, held in Handel Hall yesterday afternoon. Until 10 p. m. the Credentials committee was busy passing on the certificates of the 484 delegates, and several contests will be settled this morning. At 9 a. m. today the delegates will attend mass at the Church of the Holy Family in West Twelfth street before going to Handel Hall.

It is expected that the convention will establish a reserve fund from which to pay mortuary benefits and reduce the assessments levied to meet the expenses of executive officers.

The present officers of the order are:

High Chief Ranger—Mrs. Elizabeth Rodgers, Chicago.

Vice Chief Ranger—Miss Anna E. Daly.

High Secretary—Mrs. Catherine Hughes.

High Medical Examiner—Dr. J. J. Muldoon.

Trustees—Miss Kate Rochford, Miss Kate Birmingham, Mrs. Winnie Kenny, Miss Tessie Murphy, Mrs. M. A. McGeeney, Mrs. Anna Klaisner, Miss Helen Terry.

VETERAN FIREFIGHTERS MEET.

Annual Session of Volunteer Firemen's Association Elects Trustees and Hears Reports.

The Volunteer Firemen's association, composed of men who fought fires in Chicago long before the fire of 1871, held its annual meeting last night in the fire engine-house at 19 Dearborn street. Thirty of the eighty members were present when Chief Swenie called the gathering to order. D. H. Curtis, Peter Smith, John Swenie, and J. A. Kenny were elected as trustees. The annual reports showed that $40,000 has been loaned on interest and that six deaths have occurred since the last meeting.

MINISTERS END COLLEGE LIFE.

Eighty-eighth Annual Commencement of Princeton Theological Seminary—Winners of Fellowships.

Princeton, N. J., May 8.—[Special.]—The exercises of the eighty-eighth annual commencement of the Princeton theological seminary were held in Miller Chapel this morning. Seventy-four seniors received diplomas, and the degree of bachelor of divinity was conferred on eight graduate students.

The address to the outgoing class on behalf of the Board of Directors was delivered by Colonel John C. McCook of New York, who urged the young divines to uphold firmly the tenets of the church. He said: "There is a tendency in the Presbyterian policy at the expense of the Presbyterian creed, which tendency is illegal, immoral, and mischievous."

The award of fellowship and prizes was announced as follows: The alumni fellowship in New Testament studies, being the interest for one year of $7,000, to Henry A. Nye of Scranton, Pa.; the Scribner prize of $100 in New Testament literature to Paul Erdman of Morristown, N. J.; and the Maitland prize of $100 for excellence in New Testament exercises to David D. Burrell of New York.

HOLDUP MEN'S BOOTY LIGHT.

Three Take an Old Soldier's Spectacles and Two Are Driven Away by Grocer Hansen.

Robert Cole, a veteran of the civil war who for a number of years has lived in the Soldiers' Home at Milwaukee, was attacked by three robbers early yesterday morning at Van Buren and Canal streets. The robbers knocked him down and took his spectacles, but overlooked $9 in his pocket. Cole has been visiting friends at Thirty-ninth street and Stewart avenue.

John Hanson, a grocer at Huron and Bickerdike streets, drove away two holdup men last night. As he was counting the day's receipts preparatory to closing the store the men entered, pointed revolvers at his head, and demanded his money. Hanson replied with two shots from a revolver and the men fled.

Three men entered the grocery of Adolph Johnson, 143 Sedgwick street, last night, placed revolvers at the head of the proprietor, and robbed the cash drawer of 80 cents. Johnson had $12 in his pocket, but this was not taken.

TOBACCO MEN FOR FRYE BILL.

Convention Will Work to Have Department of Commerce and Industries—Vote on Constitution.

The Legislative committee of the Cigar Leaf Tobacco Board of Trade was authorized at last night's session of the convention to work for the adoption of the Frye bill for the creation of a department of commerce and industries. The fight over the question of representation at conventions of the national body was renewed, the Chicago delegation working for the right of local boards to send delegates on the basis of individual, instead of firm memberships. The convention decided against the Chicago delegation.

This morning the visiting delegates will be shown through the Union Stock-Yards, and a banquet will be given in the evening.

Take Two Licenses for One Marriage.

Two marriage licenses were granted to Joseph Griswold yesterday. He appeared before License Clerk Salmonson and made application for a license to marry Miss Mary Lewis. He gave his age as 24 years and that of his fiancée as 21. While Mr. Salmonson was at lunch a man who said he was Mr. Griswold's father applied for a license for his son to marry Miss E. Ray Lewis. The age of the groom was given as 22 and that of the bride as 20 years. Later the mistake was discovered. Griswold is a clerk employed by the Illinois Central railroad company and lives at 3928 Lake avenue.

Moses Zeigler Hurt by Falling.

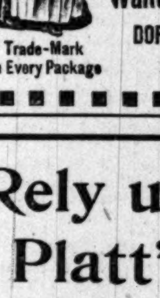
Moses Zeigler, who is said to be a Board of Trade broker, living at 376 Thirty-first street, is at the County Hospital suffering from a severe contusion of the left eye and concussion of the brain as a result of a fall as he was entering the Montauk Building yesterday afternoon. He is 41 years old.

Hibernians in Convention.

Boston, Mass., May 8.—The national convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians began here today with a high mass in the Cathedral of the Holy Cross. At the close of the mass the delegates assembled at Faneuil Hall, where the three days' convention was opened.

"A Perfect Food"
"Preserves Health"
"Prolongs Life"

BAKER'S BREAKFAST COCOA



"Known the world over. . . . Received the highest indorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."—Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.

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Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
DORCHESTER, MASS.
Established 1780.

Rely upon Platt's Chlorides as your household disinfectant

An odorless, colorless liquid disinfectant; powerful, safe and cheap.

Destroys disease germs and noxious gases, prevents sickness. Sold in quart bottles only, by druggists and high-class grocers. Prepared only by Henry B. Platt, Platt-st., New York.

Cooking Difficult? TRY LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF

Note this signature in blue on every jar:—Avoid substitutes. J. v. Liebig

The California Limited

Will take you from Chicago to Los Angeles in only 2¾ days; 66 hours.
Pullmans,
Buffet Smoking Car (with Barber Shop),
Harvey Dining Car,
Observation Car (with Ladies' Parlor),
Vestibuled and electric-lighted throughout.

Four times a week

Tuesdays,
Wednesdays,
Thursdays and
Saturdays
from Chicago.

Santa Fe Route

Ticket Office, 109 Adams-st.

BROWNING KING & CO.

A. L. WALCOTT, Manager.
Wabash and Madison.

Wednesday, May 9.

For Today Only—

Beginning at 8 o'clock this morning, and for today only, we put into our interesting series of quick sales a looked-for line—

Men's Cheviot and Madras Pajamas 79c

The assortment on sale is made up of fancy checks and stripes—all regular sizes in the sale. Tomorrow the price goes back; 79 cents per suit is for today only.

Our Golfing Catalogue is a complete guide to correct apparel and paraphernalia. Send for it—it's free for the asking.

A Cheerful Proposition



BLATZ
THE STAR MILWAUKEE
BEER

BLATZ BEERS possess qualities that appeal to lovers of the beverage—every brew is uniformly perfect—every brand a success.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE. TONIC. (Non-intoxicant) ALL DRUGGISTS.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
CHICAGO BRANCH:
CORNER UNION AND ERIE-STS.
Telephone Monroe 364.

G&J

This is the trade-mark that stands for THE BEST that is produced in bicycle tires. Bicycles are judged largely by the tires they wear. G & J tires are a credit to any wheel; they are well-known tires of established reputation; they give no trouble.

G & J TIRE CO.,
INDIANAPOLIS



REVELL'S DESKS
LARGE DISPLAY.
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et Office, 109 Adams-st.

NING KING & Co.
A. L. WALCOTT, Manager.
Wabash and Madison.
Wednesday, May 9.
day Only—
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and for today only, we put into
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ked-for line—
Men's
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REVELL'S
DESKS
LARGE DISPLAY.
Wabash & Adams

CHICAGOS AT THEIR BEST

DEFEAT THE PITTSBURGS IN A BRILLIANT TEN-INNING GAME.

Killen Pitches with Great Success and Is Given Fine Support, Especially by Bradley at Third—Pirates Have the Bases Full in the Ninth with No One Out, but Fail to Score—White Stockings Meet Defeat in Kansas City.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	11	5	.688	Chicago	8	9	.471
Cincinnati	9	6	.600	Pittsburg	7	9	.438
Brooklyn	9	7	.563	New York	6	9	.400
St. Louis	8	8	.500	Boston	5	10	.333

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 2; Pittsburg, 1 (ten innings).
St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 7.
New York, 13; Boston, 4.
Philadelphia, 10; Brooklyn, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at Pittsburg.
New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.

CHICAGOS WIN OUT IN THE TENTH.

Killen Pitches with Fine Effect and Is Well Supported.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Pittsburg, Pa., May 8.—[Special.]—It was the fag end of the ninth inning. Through two hours the ball teams of Chicago and Pittsburg had struggled, and the score was even. Chicago had made one run at the outset, and an error by Ryan had permitted Pittsburg to tie the score.

Frank Killen was pitching his heart out to beat his old clubmates. Brilliant stops and clever batting had kept the crowd effervescing, and when the Fusionists came in to wind up the game there was a wild drumming of feet, and the battle song of the Pirate rooters rippled the rivers. Honus Wagner raised the pitch of the song by driving the ball safe into Ryan's preserves. Cooley bunted. The ball struck foul, bounded crooked and hopped into Bradley's hand on fair ground. The song of victory shook the rocks of Monument Hill. Then Ritchey bunted and beat the ball to first.

With the bases full and nobody out Chicago seemed doomed to another hard luck defeat, but Killen was not to be beaten. Against terrific odds he set himself to the task of saving the day and defeating those who turned him out of the lot on which he made his reputation. There still remained one chance in a thousand. Motzy McCreery was at bat, and the frenzied crowd was howling for the consummation of the victory. McCreery swung, and the whole field sprung into instant life. Four runners tore around the bases. Bradley jumped forward, snatched the ball with one hand, and, still running, snapped it to Chance just as Wagner jumped to the plate. Chicago had gained another lease on life.

Chief Zimmer came up, and again Killen pitched. This time Zimmer failed and pushed a weak fly to Childs, and an instant later, when Chesbro cracked a hot bounder to Clingman, Loftus' men hugged each other in joy over their deliverance, while the crowd sank back looking as disconsolate as a motherless calf.

Reprieved from defeat, but with the task of earning a victory still before them, Loftus' men opened the tenth. Clingman went out. Frank Chance was next. The husky delegate from California hit a slow, teasing bounder down towards short. Williams came forward with amazing deliberation, evidently thinking Donahue was the map en route to first. Meantime the crooked legs of Chance were twinkling down the line at terrific speed and he crossed the base just before Williams' hurried throw pulled Cooley off the base. Then Chesbro gave Killen a base and Ryan pushed the ball down towards first, advancing both runners. Childs hit to Williams, and, as Cooley jumped to haul down the high thrown ball Cupid passed under him and Chance reached the plate with the run which clinched the game.

Not yet was the danger over, for with two out in the Pirates' part of the tenth Williams, seeking to redeem himself for mistakes, cracked out a triple. Honus Wagner composed himself and settled back to make the needed hit. He drove a vicious bounder inside of Bradley. The slim baseman threw himself toward the ball, speared desperately at it, came up clean, and pivoting threw Wagner out, climaxing a wonderful game and clinching the victory for Chicago.

Up to the ninth the struggle between the teams, each led by magnificent pitching, was beautiful to watch. Both teams were playing desperately, taking advantage of every chance, bunting cleverly, fielding fast, and fighting every minute. There were no mistakes. The few errors were made with the hands and only one counted, otherwise Killen would have whitewashed his erstwhile playfellows.

Chesbro was beaten by his own gifts, two bases on balls being directly responsible for Chicago's two tallies. Loftus' men made hits, but never one when a hit would have made the victory doubly assured, nor could the Pirtes place a hit when it would have done the most good. Bradley, Clingman, and Childs gave a grand exhibition of fielding, Bradley making half a dozen sensational stops and fielding bunts perfectly.

Chicago got started in the first inning. Ryan drew a base, Childs plunked a hit to left, and Mertes sacrificed. McCarthy rolled a bounder down to Williams and went out while Ryan romped home. That one run, which looked so inoffensive at that stage of the battle, was enough to save Chicago a shut-out. Not until the fourth did Pittsburg make a bid. Then Beaumont got started because a ball thrown by Clingman hopped out of Everitt's hands. An out put Beaumont on second, but Clingman scooped Wagner's hot bounder, made a snap throw, and Beaumont slid to his death against Bradley's legs.

With two out in the fifth Chance singled, Killen was saved by Wagner's error, and Ryan drew a base. Childs hit hard at Ritchey, who fumbled, recovered, slid forward, and touched Ryan as he was reaching second, thus saving a run. Mertes singled in the sixth and McCarthy sacrificed, but no hits were forthcoming and Mertes was left. In the seventh Clingman beat a bunt, only to be doubled with Killen.

The seventh brought the run which made the teams equal. Wagner singled and Cooley was forced to hit after having three balls called and flied to Mertes. Ritchey hit hard to Clingman, forcing Wagner, and the danger seemed over. Just then, however, came that element of the unexpected which is the element that makes baseball. McCreery was not expected to make a hit, yet he slashed a nice liner into left. Ryan was not expected to make an error, yet he let the ball squeeze through him and roll on out to the fence, and when Mertes recovered the ball Ritchey had scored and McCreery was on third, where he was left when Bradley gathered in Zimmer's seething bounder.

The eighth and Chicago's ninth were uneventful. Then came the protracted crisis and Chicago moved ahead of Pittsburg in the league race. Score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
Ryan, lf	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0
Childs, 2b	5	0	1	1	4	5	0	0	0	1	2
Mertes, cf	4	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	1
McCarthy, rf	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Everitt, 1b	4	0	1	1	15	0	1	0	0	0	0
Bradley, 3b	4	0	0	0	2	7	0	0	0	0	0
Clingman, ss	4	0	1	1	2	6	0	0	0	0	0
Chance, c	4	1	2	2	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Killen, p	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	2
Totals	33	2	6	6	30	20	2	0	3	2	6

PITTSBURG.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
Clarke, lf	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
*O'Brien	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaumont, cf	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	1
Williams, ss	5	0	2	4	1	3	2	0	0	0	2
Wagner, 3b	5	0	2	2	0	5	1	0	0	0	0
Cooley, 1b	4	0	1	1	15	0	0	0	0	0	1
Ritchey, 2b	4	1	1	1	2	2	0	0	0	0	1
McCreery, rf	4	0	1	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1
Zimmer, c	3	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	0
Chesbro, p	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	38	1	7	9	30	14	3	0	2	1	6

*Batted for Clarke.

Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—2
Hits	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	—6
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Hits	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	1	—7

Attendance—2,000. Three-base hit—Williams. Sacrifice hits—Mertes, McCarthy, Ryan. Double play—Ritchey-Williams-Cooley. Struck out—Bradley [3], Wagner, Ritchey. Umpire—Hurst. Time of game—2:15.

Notes of the Game.

Bradley's handling of the bunts forced cheers from the crowd.

The bunting was the prettiest part of the game. Chicago made five bunts and Pittsburg four.

Everitt handled himself in last season's form at first. He saved Bradley an error in the third inning, jumping into the air and hauling down a high throw.

Fred Clarke took himself out of the game in the tenth, acknowledging he could not hit Killen's pitching, and sent Tom O'Brien to bat. O'Brien flied to Mertes.

Pittsburg made a great kick in the fifth. Chance was on third and started home as Childs hit towards the base. The ball hit Chance on foul ground. The Pirates protested he was on fair ground and should be called out.

Wagner spiked Chance in the ninth at the plate, but the Chicagoan resumed play after a short time. Just why Ryan bunted in the tenth no one seems to know, but probably he thought he could push the ball safe past Cooley.

Hurst declared Ritchey safe on his bunt in the ninth when he seemed out. Had he been called out Pittsburg would have won, for Chance could never have touched Wagner when he was forced at the plate, because Bradley's throw was high.

PHILLIES BEAT THE BROOKLYNS.

Quaker Team Continues to Play Pennant-Winning Ball.

Brooklyn, N. Y., May 8.—Philadelphia outplayed Brooklyn at all points today, winning by good stick work and Bernhard's fine pitching. The batting of Slagle, Flick, and Lajoie was the feature. Score:

Philadel'a.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Thomas, cf	2	1	2	0	0	Sheckard, lf	0	0	3	0	1
Slagle, lf	3	3	1	0	1	Keeler, rf	2	3	1	0	0
Del'anty, 1b	2	2	10	1	0	Jennings, 1b	0	1	8	2	0
Lajoie, 2b	2	3	4	4	0	Kelley, 3b	0	2	3	3	1
Flick, rf	0	3	4	1	0	Jones, cf	0	1	4	0	2
M'F'land, c	0	0	3	0	0	Dahlen, ss	0	2	1	2	0
W'v'ton, 3b	1	2	1	1	1	Demont, 2b	1	0	0	4	0
Cross, ss	0	1	2	2	1	McGuire, c	0	1	0	2	0
Bernhard, p	0	0	0	3	1	Dunn, p	0	1	0	0	0
						Howell, p	0	0	1	1	0
Totals	10	15	27	12	4	Totals	3	11	27	14	4

Philadelphia	0	4	0	2	4	0	0	0	0	—10
Brooklyn	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Three base hits—Flick, Kelley. Two base hits—Lajoie, Flick. Struck out—By Bernhard, 3. Sacrifice hit—Jennings. Stolen bases—Lajoie, Keeler, Jones, Demont, McGuire. Bases on balls—By Dunn, 1; by Howell, 1; by Bernhard, 3. Double plays—Kelley-Demont-Jennings; Demont-Jennings-Dahlen; Delehanty-Lajoie. Wild pitch—Howell. Time—2:23. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—3,200.

New York, 13; Boston, 4.

Boston, Mass., May 8.—A small crowd saw Boston defeated in today's game. After Pittenger had been hit for seven runs in the fifth Bailey was substituted, and only one more run was scored in the game. The fielding of the New Yorks was excellent, the work of Gleason and Selbach being especially worthy of mention. Attendance, 800. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf	[illegible]	1	1	0	0	V.Halt'n, cf	0	1	3	0	0
Tenney, 1b	1	3	8	0	0	Grady, 3b	0	1	1	0	0
Collins, 3b	0	1	1	3	0	Selbach, lf	1	2	6	0	0
Stahl, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Davis, ss	3	3	1	1	0
Freeman, lf	0	0	4	1	0	Doyle, 1b	2	3	9	1	0
Lowe, 2b	1	2	2	1	0	Gleason, 2b	2	0	4	6	0
Barry, ss	1	1	3	2	2	Bow'man, c	2	2	1	2	0
Clarke, c	0	2	6	2	2	Foster, rf	2	1	3	1	0
Pittenger, p	0	0	0	1	1	Carrick, p	1	2	0	0	0
Bailey, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Totals	4	11	27	12	5	Totals	13	15	27	12	0

Boston	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4
New York	2	0	0	3	7	0	1	0	0	—13

Earned runs—Boston, 4; New York, 7. Two base hits—Tenney, Barry, Foster, Collins. Home runs—Stahl, Bowerman. Stolen bases—Bowerman, Davis. Double play—Foster-Bowerman-Doyle. Sacrifice hits—Gleason, Carrick. First base on balls—Off Pittenger, 3; off Bailey, 2; off Carrick, 3. Struck out—By Pittenger, 3; by Bailey, 1; by Carrick, 2. Time—2:30. Umpire—Connolly.

St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 7.

St. Louis, Mo., May 8.—St. Louis slaughtered Newton in the first two innings today. Scott also got his bumpings in good style. Old Gus Weyhing pitched in good form. Attendance, 900. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E
Donovan, rf	2	2	2	0	0	Barrett, rf	2	2	0	0	0
Donlin, cf	2	2	2	0	1	Corcoran, ss	0	1	2	4	0
Wallace, ss	2	2	1	5	1	Crawford, cf	1	0	3	0	0
Cross, 3b	0	1	1	5	0	Smith, lf	1	1	0	0	0
Burkett, lf	0	1	2	0	0	Beckley, 1b	1	3	11	0	0
McGann, 1b	0	1	15	0	0	Steinf'dt, 2b	0	1	2	1	1
Quinn, 2b	2	3	3	3	1	Irwin, 3b	1	0	0	3	0
Criger, c	1	1	1	0	0	Wood, c	0	0	5	3	1
Weyhing, p	0	0	0	2	0	Newton, p	0	0	0	0	0
						Scott, p	1	1	1	3	0
Totals	9	13	27	15	4	Totals	7	9	24	14	2

St. Louis	1	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	*	—9
Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	—7

Two-base hits—Wallace, Scott. Home runs—Smith, Donlin. Double plays—Quinn-Wallace-McGann; Cross-Quinn-McGann; Scott-Beckley. Stolen base—Cross. Three-ebase hits—Barrett. Hit by pitcher—Criger. Bases on balls—Off Weyhing, 6; off Newton, 1; off Scott, 2. Struck out—By Newton, 1; by Scott, 3. Sacrifice hits—Irwin, 1; Criger, 1. Time—2:01. Umpire—O'Day.

ST. LOUIS CLUB SECURES M'GRAW.

Famous Third Baseman and Robinson Come to Terms with Robison.

Cleveland, O., May 8.—President Frank Robison of the St. Louis club announced today that Robinson and McGraw, the two former Baltimore players who have been holding out for better terms than was first offered, have finally affixed their signatures to St. Louis contracts. The two men are now on their way to St. Louis to join the club. The Cleveland club magnates are negotiating with Robison for the release of Quinn, with a fair prospect of landing him.

PATTEN BEATS WHITE STOCKINGS.

Kansas City's Left-Hander Is in Fine Form—Hoy Muffs Twice.

	W.	L.	P.ct.		W.	L.	P.ct.
Milwaukee	11	4	.733	Buffalo	7	6	.538
Indianapolis	9	5	.643	Kansas City	7	10	.412
Chicago	9	7	.563	Minneapolis	6	12	.333
Cleveland	7	6	.538	Detroit	4	10	.286

Yesterday's Results.

Kansas City, 8; Chicago, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at Indianapolis.
Milwaukee at Cleveland.
Minneapolis at Buffalo.
Kansas City at Detroit.

Kansas City, Mo., May 8.—[Special.]—Pitcher Patten was on edge today and, though his curves were batted hard at times, he managed to hold the White Stockings safe from start to finish. Denzer, who was in the box for Chicago, did fairly good work until two bad muffs by the usually reliable Hoy in the fifth inning made him lose control of the ball and after that he proved easy for the Blues.

Manning's team played with all the ginger of pennant winners and no one would have thought it was the same outfit which Chicago beat so handily on Saturday and Sunday. Schaefer took Thiel's place at second and covered himself with glory both in the field and at the bat. Ganzel led the Blues in stick work with three singles out of five times up. Gonding deserves most of the honors, as his two hits drove in three runs. Dowd and Sugden were the only members of Comiskey's team to get more than one hit.

The White Stockings scored their usual two runs in the first inning. Hoy led off by striking out, but little McFarland managed to draw a base on balls. Brodie was hit in the back by a pitched ball and was given free passage to first, McFarland advancing to second. Shugart's pretty single to right field brought in both runs.

Comiskey's men kept up the good work in the second by adding another tally on Sugden's clean single, Denzer's base on fielder's choice, and McFarland's slashing single to left.

Kansas City broke the ice in the second, when Gear's single to right and Schaefer's corking two-bagger to center gave the Cowboys an earned run. Manning's men tied in the fourth, when two successive muffs of easy fly balls by Hoy and Gonding's single gave them two runs. In the fifth the Blues added four more on singles by O'Brien, Ganzel, and Patten, Gonding's two-bagger, and Shugart's error, coupled with a base on balls. The Blues added another in the eighth on singles by Wagner and Ganzel, with O'Brien's slow grounder sandwiched in between them.

The White Stockings left immediately after the game for Indianapolis, Umpire Sheridan accompanying them.

The score.

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Kansas C'y.	R	B	P	A	E
Hoy, cf	0	0	0	0	2	Farrell, cf	0	2	3	0	0
McF'nd, rf	1	1	1	0	0	Wagner, ss	2	2	3	3	1
Brodie, lf	1	0	4	0	0	O'Brien, lf	1	1	2	0	1
Har'an, 3b	0	1	1	3	0	Ganzel, 1b	1	3	13	1	0
Shugart, ss	0	1	3	4	1	Gear, rf	2	1	1	0	0
Padden, 2b	0	1	2	4	1	Cough'n, 3b	1	0	1	2	0
Dowd, 1b	0	2	9	0	0	Sch'fer, 2b	1	1	1	1	0
Sugden, c	0	2	4	0	0	Gonding, c	0	2	4	1	0
Denzer, p	1	0	0	1	0	Patten, p	0	1	2	5	0
*Fisher	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	3	8	24	12	4	Totals	8	12	27	13	2

*Batted for Denzer in ninth inning.

Chicago	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3
Kansas City	0	1	0	2	4	0	0	1	*	—8

First base on balls—Off Patten, 2; off Denzer, 1. Struck out—By Denzer, Coughlin, Patten, Wagner; by Patten, Denzer, Dowd, Hoy. Two base hits—Schaefer, Gonding. Sacrifice hit—Sugden. Stolen bases — Ganzel. Double plays — Patten-Ganzel; Gonding-Coughlin. Hit by pitcher—Brodie. Wild pitch—Patten. Umpire—Sheridan. Time—1:35. Attendance—1,000.

No Game at Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., May 8.—At the beginning of the third inning, with Cleveland at bat and two men on bases and the score 2 to 2, the game was called off on account of rain.

Western League.

AT DES MOINES.

Des Moines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	4	6
Sioux City	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2	3	1

Batteries—Reach and Snooks; Ferguson and Cape.

AT DENVER.

Denver	1	5	0	0	0	4	1	3	—14	16	7
Omaha	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—5	3	5

Batteries—Webster and McCausland; Newmeyer and Wilson.

AT PUEBLO.

Pueblo	3	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	2	—11	13	4
St. Joseph	0	1	0	0	9	4	2	0	1	—17	19	5

Batteries—Johnson, Price, and Graham; Maupin and Kling. Umpire—Woodcock.

Interstate League.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Toledo	8	2	.800	Youngstown	4	6	.400
Wheeling	7	2	.778	Fort Wayne	3	7	.300
Dayton	8	3	.727	Columbus	2	7	.222
Newcastle	6	4	.600	Mansfield	1	8	.111

AT DAYTON.

Dayton	0	0	2	1	3	—6	6	0
Fort Wayne	0	0	0	0	0	—0	3	3

Batteries—Wicker and Donahue; Swaim and Bergen. Game called in sixth inning on account of rain.

Columbus, O., May 8.—No game; rain.

Newcastle, Pa., May 8.—Score: Newcastle, 4; Youngstown, 3.

RETURNS FROM WORK AT PARIS

Professor Oliver C. Farrington Says the French Exposition Is Less Attractive than World's Fair.

Professor Oliver C. Farrington, curator of geology of the Field Museum, who had charge of the installation of the mineral exhibit at the Paris Exposition, has returned to Chicago. Speaking of the exposition yesterday, he said: "As a whole it does not impress me as favorably as did the Chicago fair. The buildings are more or less scattered, and there is not that symmetry which was seen in Chicago. The foreign exhibits excel those at our fair, owing to the nearness of the European nations. The management of the Chicago fair was better. I did not suffer from extortion. Good rooms can be obtained near the grounds for $2 a day."

W. B. Wilson Accused of Swindling.

W. B. Wilson was arrested yesterday as he was leaving the building at 70 La Salle street, where he is employed as a solicitor. He is charged with having fraudulently obtained $1,400 from John V. Mendosa, 636 West Fifty-seventh street. Mendosa alleges he was induced to invest the money in forged notes.

ALTON PAYS BIG DIVIDEND

HOLDERS OF THE OLD COMPANY'S STOCK RECEIVE 30 PER CENT.

Announcement Made in New York of Distribution of $5,625,300, Secretly Ordered by Directors in Chicago Last Friday—Of This Nearly All Goes to Members of Syndicate That Bought the Property in April, 1899—One Official Doubts Report.

Announcement was made to Wall street men in New York yesterday that a 30 per cent dividend on the stock of the Chicago and Alton railway company, secretly ordered by directors of the company in Chicago last Friday, was paid on Monday. The payment was made on the stock of the old Alton property, now leased to the Chicago and Alton railway. The common stock of the old company outstanding is $18,751,000, and 30 per cent of this sum is $5,625,300.

The directors and officers of the company in New York refused to add any information to the announcement further than that the payment had been made by order of the directors, the order being received from Chicago on Friday, and directing that payment be made at once.

The books were not closed for the dividend. Several of the executive officers in New York said that they knew nothing further about the payment, and could not tell from what funds it was paid or the reasons for the distribution.

It was explained there that practically none of the stock of the old Chicago and Alton now outstanding is in the hands of the public, most of it being held by the syndicate which purchased the property in April, 1899, and represented by George J. Gould, J. H. Schiff, E. H. Harriman, and James Stillman.

No information regarding the payment of the dividend of 30 per cent could be obtained at the Chicago offices of the railroad. President S. M. Felton was not in the city, and no other officer was authorized to talk in his absence. A director of the company refused to give any information on the subject. T. B. Blackstone, who was President until the road was sold out to the present syndicate, is still confined to his room by illness, and no information could be obtained from other former representatives of the Alton interests.

In the lack of any definite statement, it was agreed among railroad men that the dividend had been declared on the old Alton stock, of which the purchasing syndicate owns 97 per cent. The syndicate's operations have been guarded carefully from publicity, and whether the dividend was intended to be returned to subscribers was not known. For some time there have been rumors that a dividend would be declared to subscribers.

John J. Mitchell, the leading Chicago member of the syndicate, is out of the city.

C. H. Chappell, Vice President and General Manager of the road, said in the evening he had not heard of the action of the directorate, and expressed the opinion that the report of the 30 per cent dividend would prove to be a mistake. Such a dividend, he said, would be considered an extremely large one, and might well cause comment.

"But," repeated Mr. Chappell, "I do not believe the dividend has been voted."

The officers of the Chicago and Alton railroad company are:

President—S. M. Felton.
Vice President—C. H. Chappell.
Secretary—Alex. Miller, New York.
Treasurer—H. E. R. Wood.
General Solicitor—William Brown.
Auditor and Assistant Secretary—C. H. Davis.
General Superintendent—W. E. Gray.
Directors—C. H. Chappell, R. C. Clowry, J. W. Doane, E. H. Harriman, W. H. Henkle, J. C. Hutchins, A. W. Krech, M. L. Schiff, W. A. Simonson.

ARREST POST CLERK BRYCHTA.

Pullman Money Order Man Accused in Cincinnati of a Large Fraud—Two Chicago Girls with Him.

Joseph Brychta, money order clerk at the Pullman postoffice, was arrested at Cincinnati, O., yesterday charged with obtaining $5,000 on postoffice orders illegally filled out by himself. With him when he was arrested were two young women who said they were Maud Montgomery, daughter of Mrs. Hattie Montgomery, 557 Thirty-eighth street, Chicago, and Minnie Barnett. A special delivery letter was received yesterday by Mrs. Montgomery from her daughter saying she was with Brychta and Minnie Barnett in Cincinnati, and that the three expected to leave today for some other place.

When Brychta failed to return on Monday from his two weeks' vacation his books were investigated, and it was found that ninety money order blanks were missing. Each blank could be filled out for $100. Some of these missing blanks had been taken from the book lately in use, and numbered from 3,979 to 4,000, and others in two more books numbered from 4,369 to 4,400 and 4,765 to 4,800. All the postmasters in the country were notified to stop payment on "advices" bearing the numbers, and the arrest soon followed.

Brychta entered the postal service eight years ago, and was made money order clerk at Pullman when that office was made a station of the Chicago office a year ago. He lived at 430 South Union street, but was well acquainted in Pullman, where he had made many friends. He is under $2,000 bonds, the American Surety company being his bondsman.

Cincinnati, O., May 8.—By the watchfulness of Postmaster Reynolds of Covington, Ky., Joseph Brychta of Pullman was entrapped here today. Brychta had presented three money orders for $100 each to Postmaster Reynolds. The latter found the letters of advice corresponding, but noted the similarity of handwriting and told the applicant that the letters of advice had not reached him. Then he communicated with Postoffice Inspector Betz, and with his help arrested Brychta today at the Palace Hotel here, where he had registered on May 6 with two young women as "E. Rhinehart, wife, and sister, Chicago."

Brychta made a written confession which revealed that he had written for his own purposes, in sets of three, money orders for $100 each, and sent out the corresponding advices. Until he reached Covington he had no trouble in obtaining the money. He admits collecting $5,400 in all. He was remanded to jail for a preliminary hearing tomorrow. The collection of $300 at the Cincinnati postoffice will hold him here for trial.

The young women with him gave their names as Maud Montgomery and Miss Minnie Barnett, who claimed to be the fiancée of Brychta. The women probably will not be held as accomplices.

P. D. ARMOUR CHANGES PLANS.

Feels So Well That He Cancels Order for Room in Train to New York.

Philip D. Armour is in such good health that he will remain in Chicago two weeks longer instead of sailing for Germany tomorrow. Mr. Armour had intended to leave yesterday evening on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad, and made all arrangements, apartments on the train being reserved for him, but he notified the company late in the afternoon that he had decided to remain longer in Chicago.

Woodlawn Park Club Elects Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Woodlawn Park club held last evening at Sixty-fourth street and Woodlawn avenue the following officers were elected: President, William A. Coleman; Vice President, Henry W. White; Secretary, C. H. Strowbridge; Treasurer, H. Z. King; Directors, G. G. Gerrish, George H. Kelland, C. V. Standish; Trustee, A. S. Delaware.

THE NEW DOME DECK.

A Feature of the Illinois Central's Omaha Limited.

The new "dome deck" feature, consisting of three arches running the length of the car, gives the interior of the diner of the Illinois Central's Omaha Limited a handsome, refined, and roomlike appearance. The "Limited" leaves Chicago at 5:15 p. m., the "Express" at 10:30 p. m. Through sleeping car reservations to San Francisco and to Denver can be purchased at the Central's City Ticket Office, 99 Adams street. 'Phone Central 2705.

SUES ASSOCIATED PRESS ANEW.

Inter Ocean Publishing Company Files Petition for Injunction to Stop Sale of Assets and Asks for Receiver.

Following close on the entering of the final decree of the court in its original suit against the Associated Press, restraining its suspension or expulsion from that organization, the Inter-Ocean Publishing company has filed a petition with the Judges of the Circuit Court seeking the return of the eight shares of stock held by the Associated Press as security for the performance of the contract agreed on in 1893.

In addition to the return of the stock declared to be the property of the Inter-Ocean Publishing company, the petition, which was drawn by Attorney Clarence A. Knight, asks the issuance of an injunction restraining the transfer of the assets of the Associated Press to any other corporation and the disposal in any way of the eight shares of stock in dispute.

A prayer for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the business of the defendant during the pendency of the suit is appended to the bill.

The direct object of the complaint is stated in the plea for a preliminary injunction to be to restrain the defendant from "doing any act or thing whatsoever which will in any manner tend to render the decision of the Supreme Court hereinbefore referred to ineffectual." No steps aside from the filing of the petition have been taken for the immediate issuance of the injunction prayed.

The alleged intention of the officials of the Associated Press to transfer the assets of the company to another corporation to be organized under the laws of some other State, referred to before Judge Dunne on Saturday by Attorney Knight, in the language of the bill is stated as follows:

"But notwithstanding the decision of said Supreme Court and the action of the Circuit Court of Cook County in entering said decree, and notwithstanding the statement of Melville E. Stone as aforesaid, said Associated Press, by its officers, directors, and agents confederating together to evade and render of no effect the said decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois and seeking to remove itself beyond the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of Illinois, proposes to form a corporation under the laws of some other State of the United States of America, and transfer to such corporation so formed all the assets, property, and contracts of the said Associated Press; and proposes, further, in order to effectuate such purpose, to forfeit the stock of your orator in the said Associated Press as aforesaid, and proposes and threatens to cease carrying on its said business of gathering and vending news as required by its charter."

This alleged proposed action is declared to be beyond the scope of the authority of the officers of the Associated Press.

M'LAIN LETTERS AS EVIDENCE.

Correspondence of Board of Trade Brokers Accused of Fraudulent Use of Mails Is Admitted.

After witnesses had identified the signatures of Charles R. and Albert O. McLain appended to circulars sent through the mails to patrons of McLain Bros., Board of Trade brokers, Judge Kohlsaat yesterday admitted a large number of such letters and circulars as evidence in the case in which the brokers are accused of making fraudulent use of the mails. The admission of this evidence was considered an important gain for the prosecution.

F. A. Hyke of Luverne, Minn.; J. B. Snell, teller of the American Trust and Savings Bank; and W. B. Wilson, who was employed in the office of the defendants, identified the signatures. Wilson testified reluctantly. He is said to be a brother-in-law of the McLains.

The defense objected to the introduction of letters as evidence. Most of the correspondence showed that the defendants had solicited trade through the mails. A letter to F. A. Hyke showed that the McLains had invited him to come to Chicago with his family and be entertained for a few weeks by his brokers.

AWARD DIPLOMAS IN MEDICINE.

Bennett College Graduates a Class of Twenty, Three of Them Being Women.

Twenty graduates of the Bennett Medical College received the authority to write "M. D." after their names yesterday afternoon at Powers' Theater, where the thirty-second annual commencement exercises of the institution were held. The valedictory address was made by Frank Maha and the Rev. R. A. White delivered the address to the class.

The graduates were:

Olga Thoren,	J. B. Werren,	Georgia S. Orvis,
Rose E. Dvorak,	F. J. Maha,	D. W. Allen,
R. H. Herbert,	F. P. Harvey,	W. D. Tomlinson,
I. F. Thompson,	E. G. Davis,	J. A. Seapy,
J. W. Burns,	C. C. Flinn,	R. M. Morrill,
J. M. Axelson,	A. C. Koethe,	H. L. Hildreth.
A. E. Nichols,	J. K. Jamieson.	

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Circuit Court Judgment.

Judge Dunne—200205—Bolessaw Ball vs. City; on ver., $300.

Decrees.

Judge Chetlain—433—Sigmun vs. Cunning; dec. sale.—5481—Ewing vs. Hale; dec.—3533—Haase vs. Wills; dec. sale.—3831—Roos Co. vs. Meisel; dec.; appl.

Judge Shirley—9068—Mueller vs. Schmidt; dec.—11782—McFarland vs. McFarland; dec.

Judge Clifford—11572—Monheimer vs. Nusbaum; dec.

Judge Dunne—11404—Beach vs. Barnett; dec.—12002—Pattison vs. Pattison; dec.

Judge Burke—200413—Wright vs. Kimball; deft. dec.

Judge Gibbons—11337—Kuhn vs. Quirk; dec. sale.—11499—Church vs. Culhane; dec. sale.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

3584—Lewis J. Bowman; liabil., $12,200; assets, $200. J. H. Longden, atty.

3585—Josiah H. Compton; liabil., $1,000; assets, $100. Haynes & Coon, Attys.

3586—Lee N. Truitt; liabil., $300; no assets. Andrew Gillespie, atty.

3587—Charles P. Huey; liabil., $1,700; no assets. No atty.

3588—G. H. Lee; liabil., $500; no assets. W. H. Sisson, atty.

3589—Patrick Fallon; liabil., $700; no assets. Meers & Barr, attys.

3590—Theodore Williams; liabil., $300; no assets. Ralph Treadway, atty.

3591—Samuel M. Brown; liabil., $9,700; no assets. Seligman & Cohen, attys.

3592—Albert S. Spiers; liabil., $24,500; no assets. H. M. Savage, atty.

3593—Sewell Collins; liabil., $46,600; no assets. Huff & Cook, attys.

3594—James B. Dutch; liabil., $20,800; no assets. Eben Runyan, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Gibbons—On trial, 167421.

Judge Kavanagh—Trial call 6441, 6351, 6445, 6173, 1720, 5545, 1911, 4443, 2266, 2927, 5459, 2192. On trial, 6446.

Judge Tuley—Law trial call 3749, 6260, 6271, 6282. On trial, 6227.

Judge Ball—Trial call 8588, 4639. On trial, 4719.

Judge Hanecy—No court.

Judge Chetlain—Trial call 3619, 3169, 3345, 92810, 1793, 195557, 1307, 3257, 3315.

Judge Stein—No court.

Judge Chytraus—Trial call 1088, 1413, 2290, 2304, 2305, 4642, 4750, 4754, 4818, 5944, 2183, 6819, 4824, 4827, 4454, 4466, 9811, 1901, 2301, 2080, 1507, 2177, 1412, 1896, 1984, 3475, 2173, 3181.

Judge Clifford—Trial call motions.

Judge Neely—Trial call 14415, 13337, 16161, 16274, 16302, 10006, 16090, 14586, 14448, 8408, 16345, 16349, 16417, 16439.

Judge Smith—Trial call 6157, 7277, 7288, 7365, 7387, 652, 183770, 7033, 7044.

Judge Burke—Chancery trial call 10193, B. R. 1130, 6370. On trial, 352.

Judge Gary—Trial call 4325, 5163, 5164, 5165, 5166, 5167, 5168, 5172, 5173, 5251. On trial, 4542.

Judge Dunne—Trial call 6731, 6973, 6588, 6985, 7007, 7018, 7040, 7063, 7074, 7107.

Judge Holdom—Trial call 6925, 7010, 6112, 3985, 6388, 6566, 6475, 6747, 6839, 6840, 6921, 6652, 6830, 4594. On trial, 6559.

Judge Garver—County Court—Motions of course. 15322.

Judge Stough—No court.

Judge Shirley—Trial call, 11340, 11406, 11495, 11528. On trial, 11317.

Judge Bishop—7456, 7533, 7313, 7788, 7834, 7777, 7856, 7867, 7889, 7933, 7989, 8011.

Judge Tuthill—Criminal Court, Branch No. 2—3567, 3569, 3573, 3574, 3575, 3528, 3529, 3598.

Judge Waterman—Criminal Court, Branch No. 3—Call not extended.

Judge Hutchinson—Criminal Court, Branch No. 4—3576, 3557, 3568, 3541, 3542, 3506, 3615.

Judge Brentano—Criminal Court, Branch No. 5—Call not extended.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 6—3593, 3158, 2903, 3550, 3551, 3553, 3554.

Judge Batten—Probate Court—10 a. m., motions. 10:30 a. m., estate of John Tomlinson.

Judge Kohlsaat—United States District Court—Criminal cases on trial.

United States Circuit Court of Appeals—Judges in chambers.

Iowa Supreme Court Decisions.

Des Moines, Ia., May 8.—[Special.]—Supreme Court decisions:

State of Iowa vs. J. H. Engle, appellant, Clay District; affirmed.

State of Iowa vs. James Cunningham, appellant, Audubon District; affirmed. The indictment charged defendant with the murder of an infant.

D. H. Young, appellant, vs. H. L. Roun, Delaware District; reversed.

State of Iowa vs. Owen Northern, appellant, Benton District; affirmed.

In re estate of J. B. Reeve, Sarah A. Reeve, appellant, Benton District; reversed.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

NICKEL PLATE EARNINGS FOR MARCH SHOW IMPROVEMENT.

Operating Expenses, Which Caused Criticism When Last Year's Report Was Issued, Considerably Reduced—Officials Say No Rebates Are Now Paid—Kansas City Southern Planning Faster Passenger and Freight Service and Additional Trains.

The statement of earnings for the month of March just issued by the Nickel-Plate road indicates that the management has profited by the criticisms regarding the enormous cost of operating the road last year, and is now striving to make a more favorable showing for this year. The total income for March shows an increase of $61,502, and the net surplus was $60,650. The cash on hand at the end of the month amounted to $1,221,423, and the profit and loss surplus $374,961. For the quarter ended March 31 earnings and expenses of the road were as follows:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
Gross	$1,731,038	$1,633,566	$96,472
Oper. expenses	1,356,385	1,321,291	35,094
Net	373,653	312,275	61,378
Other income	1,231	1,107	124

It is stated that the Nickel-Plate is no longer paying rebates to shippers, and that to this is due the better showing the road is making. There is said to be no good reason why it should cost more to operate the Nickel-Plate than the Lake Shore. The salaries of employés and officials of the Nickel-Plate are said to be proportionately much smaller, and it requires less money to keep the road and equipment in repair.

To Reduce Time Schedule.

The management of the Kansas City Southern railway, formerly the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf, is preparing to improve both its freight and passenger service by reducing the schedule of the former by four hours between Kansas City and Shreveport, and the latter by fourteen hours. The night passenger service will be extended to Shreveport, thus giving double daily service from Kansas City. The management also contemplates a through train service to Fort Smith, Ark., making the run in one night, and there will be a daily service between Kansas City and Houston and Galveston, via the Houston, East and West Texas railroad, thus making the short line between the points named.

Transportation Notes.

Central Passenger association roads agreed to grant a rate of a fare and one-third for the round trip from points in Illinois for the Southern Illinois Teachers' association meeting at Mount Vernon June 26 to 28.

An effort is being made to get the City of Topeka to issue $70,000 in bonds to raise a bonus to secure the new Santa Fé railroad shops. The owners of the property needed for the purpose ask about $70,000 more than the Santa Fé people are willing to give.

The Alton road gave notice that it will make a rate of a fare and one-third for the round trip for the annual meeting of the general synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America to be held at Cedarville, O., May 30 to June 6.

The Rock Island road announces the resumption on June 1 of through sleeping car service between St. Louis and Denver, via the Missouri Pacific to Kansas City and thence over its own line, which proved popular for summer tourist business last year. The sleeper will leave St. Louis at 9 a. m. and reach Denver at 11 a. m. the following day. Returning it will leave Denver at 2:35 p. m. and reach St. Louis at 6:15 p. m. the next day.

Chicago eastbound roads considered the request of the Chicago-St. Paul lines to join them in running homeseekers' excursions from St. Paul to Eastern points to meet the competition of the Soo line and Canadian Pacific. It was decided to let the matter rest until the executive officers have had a chance to confer with the managers of the Canadian Pacific regarding the adjustment of existing troubles.

PLAN FOR PARENTAL SCHOOL.

Board of Education Preparing to Establish the Institution—Move to Reduce Text Books.

The Board of Education is preparing to establish the parental school recently authorized by the City Council. Within two weeks it is expected that the name of a superintendent for the institution will be sent to the board by a committee for confirmation.

Reduction of the number of text books used in the schools by consolidating, five arithmetics in three, four geographies in one, and by using similar methods with reference to readers, was considered favorably yesterday at the meeting of the Text Book committee and will be recommended to the board. A special meeting of the committee will be held at 8 p. m. tomorrow.

The annual report of the board, which is expected to appear in a few weeks, will be one of the finest publications ever issued by the board, the officials say. It will contain nine half-tone pictures of school buildings and classrooms and will be finely bound.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Grain rates were steady at two cents on corn to Lake Erie. Charters—To Buffalo—Spry, J. T. Johnson, corn. To Erie—Black Rock, corn.

CLEVELAND, O.—Ore shippers are taking care of their contract boats in better shape, and there is some inquiry for wild tonnage. The wild rate from Marquette was fixed at 90, and some figuring from the head of the lakes is being done at $1.05. Duluth shippers offered three on wheat to Lake Erie. There is no change in coal freights. The Monohansett loads at Buffalo for Chicago at 75.

Vessel Movements.

MENOMINEE, Mich.—Arrived—Stimson, Uranus.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Light—Frick, Iron Age, Black, Duluth.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—B. W. Parker, Grover. Cleared—Coal—Iron Cliff, Parker, Duluth.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Sheltered—Annie Laura and consort. Wind northeast, blowing hard.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Sarah Sheldon, Ionia. Cleared—Light—Norwalk, Toltec, Zapotec, Marquette; Maruba, Chickamauga, Duluth.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Cleared—Manchester, Chicago; Allegheny, Our Son, Forbes, McLachlan, Queen of the West, Lake Erie Ports; Pentland, Fruitport.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Nicaragua, Genoa, Niagara. Cleared—Wawatam, Huron, light, Duluth; Mecosta, West Superior; Black Rock, Chicago; Corona, Escanaba.

LORAIN, O.—Cleared—Coal—C. B. Jones, Green Bay, Bay City; William Jones, Owen Sound; Card, Harbor Springs. Light—Malta, Thomas, McDougall, Bell, Duluth.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Phenix, Fort William; Plankinton, Buffalo; Peck, Escanaba; M. T. Greene, Alabaster; Kelton, Tice, Manistee; J. M. Harvey, Bailey's Harbor.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Continental, Holland, Whittaker, Cleveland; Lyon, Ketchum, Ashtabula; Joliet, Brown, Conneaut; Macy, Buffalo; Mabel Wilson, Toledo.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Chipman, 9 a. m.; Hinton, 5 p. m. Up—Duncan City and consorts, 8 Monday night; Colborn, Otis, 1:20 a. m.; Ames and consorts, 6:30; Metzner, 7; Stephenson, 2 p. m.; Silver Lake, Markham, 5.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—A. Parker, Roby, Tacoma, Palmer, Sam Mitchell, Rees. Cleared—Coal—Madden, Mautenee, Noquebay, Colby, St. Paul, Duluth; Gordon Campbell, Milwaukee. Light—Cherokee, Chippewa, Business, Marquette.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Santa Maria, Marvin, Wayne, Celtic, Krupp, Fulton, Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil. Cleared—Coal—Elfin Mere, Duluth. Lumber—Cormorant, Norris, Buffalo. Ore—Morse, Smeaton, Conneaut. Light—Iron Queen, Duluth.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Granada, Minch, Yale, Pawnee. Cleared—Light—Vega, Pathfinder, Duluth; Pioneer, Waukegan; Orton, Young, Racine. Coal—City Cleveland, Lackawanna, Duluth; Mills, Wyoming, Chicago; Gebhart, Toledo; Onoko, Superior; Tower, Milwaukee.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR — Arrived—Iron Duke, Ashland, Johnson, St. Paul, Oglebay, Tasmania, Senator, Glidden, Iron King, Iron Queen. Departed—America, Bermuda, Rees, Baltimore, Buffalo, grain; Carnegie, Admiral, Italia, Merida, Amazon, Lake Erie, ore; Northern Light, Troy, Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Appomattox, Santiago, Two Harbors, light; Rose, Hopkins and consorts, Lake Erie, lumber.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Hiawatha, 1:10 a. m.; Pabst and consorts, 2:10; Black Rock, 3:30; Pickands, Clint, 4:40; Louisiana, 5:30; Choctaw, 3 p. m.; Traveler, Starrucca, 5:20; Starke, 6; Buell and consort, 6:30. Down—Cambria, 10 last night; Britannic, 3 a. m.; Malietoa and consorts, 4; Saxon, Traveler, 4; Gratwick, Monteagle, 8; Newaygo and consort, 10:40; Rhoda Stewart and consort, 5:20 p. m.; Waverly, 6:20; Corsica, 8:40.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Buffalo, 1 a. m.; Japan, 5:30; Penobscot, Neshoto, 7; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Lansing, Waldo, Campbell, King, 10:30; Specular, Magnetic, Eureka, 11:40; George Gould, 2 p. m.; Scranton, 3; Majestic, 4; Castalia, 6; Viking, Vinland, Keith, 8; Marina, 9:30, 11:30 last night; Coralia, Harper. Down—Preston, 1; Superior City, 4; Melbourne, 10; Antrim, 2 a. m.; Athens, 4 p. m.; Kirby, Hartnell, Stevens, Pratt, Yakima, 5:30; Hanna, Griffin, Wade, Devereux, Kaliyuga, Fontana, Nipigon, 7; Moore, Iron Chief, Hutchinson, Fillmore, 9.

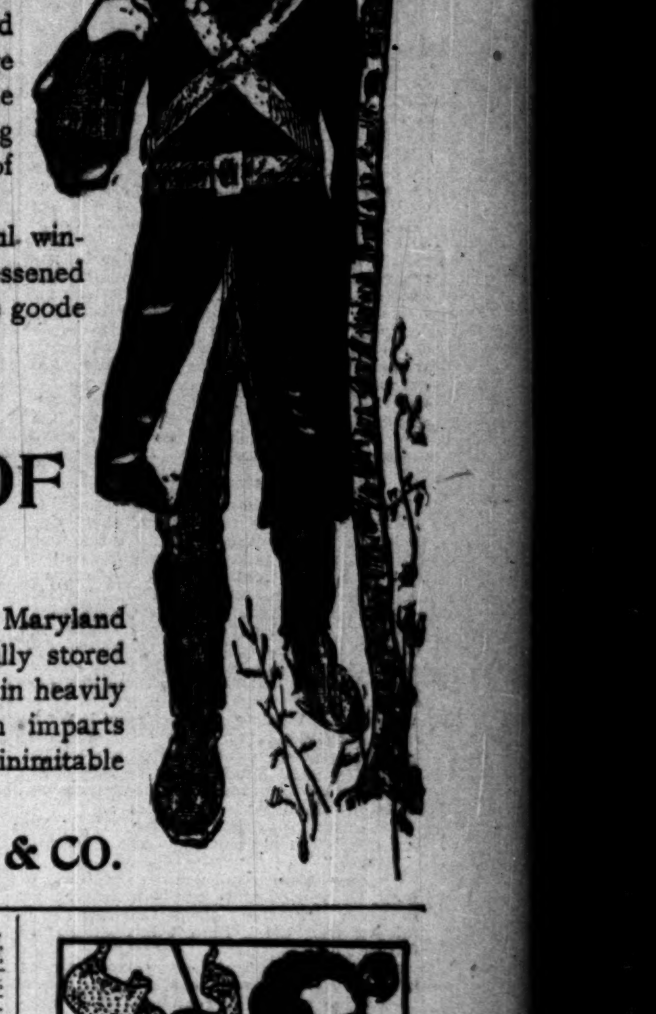
DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Hickox, Badger, 12:15 a. m.; Harvey Brown, 2; Rockefeller and whaleback, 5:20; Briton, Frontenac, 6:20; Empire City, 6:40; McBrier, 7; Conemaugh, 7:15; Hopkins, Board of Trade, Houghton, 7:40; Lagonda, F. & P. M. No. 5, 8:40; Corona, 9; Maryland, Minnesota, Case, 9:40; Huron, 10; John Eddy, 10:15; Hackett, McGregor, Sauber, 11:30; Robert Packer, noon; Susquehanna, 12:30 p. m.; Wawatam, 1:10; Caledonia, Polynesia, 2; Pringle, Harrison, Sweetheart, 2:40; Myles, 3; Huron City, Bay City, William Jones, 3:30; Tom Adams, 5. Down—Fischer, No. 3, 11 last night; Siemens, Roebling, 11:40; Williams, 12:15 a. m.; Whitney, 6; Westcott and consort, 7; Wotan, 7:40; Root, 7:50; Wallace, 9:30; Schuylkill, 10; North Wind, Crescent City, 10:50; La Salle, 11:10; Gates, 11:30; Angeline, 11:50; Swain, noon; Bulgaria, Algeria, 12:40 p. m.; Elphicke, 12:50; Wolf, 1:30; Gilchrist, Glasgow, 2; Bielman, 2:10; Tuscarora, Seattle, 2:20; Mercur, 2:40; Shenandoah, Matanzas, Roman, 3:10; Bangor, 3:30; Ward, 4; Spokane, Norton, Bessemer, Corliss, 4:10; London, 4:30; Iroquois, 6:20; Majestic, Lehigh, 6:30; Langdon, Centurion, 7:40; Oliver, 8:30.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber—W. J. Carter, R. C. Wente, Manistee; E. M. Stanton, Cheboygan; I. N. Foster, Advance, Alert, Nahma; A. Soper, Menominee; L. M. Mason, Thompson's Pier. Merchandise—Juniata, Buffalo; Conestoga, Erie. Salt—M. Marshall, Manistee.

Cleared—Merchandise—New York, Syracuse, Buffalo. Grain—Topeka, Samoa, John Duncan, Buffalo; Lycoming, Erie; H. R. James, Ogdensburg. Light—E. B. Maxwell, East Jordan; G. L. Wrenn, Marinette; E. Williams, Cheneaux Islands; P. Sawyer, Pierport; M. C. Neff, Boyne City; F. Hinton, Menominee; R. C. Wente, Mackinaw; Denis Bros., Charlevoix; F. W. Fletcher, Empire; I. Lawson, Ogontz Bay; City of Grand Rapids, Thompson's Pier; E. M. Stanton, Cheboygan; M. Marshall, Manistee.





of Washington's starved and wearied army at Valley Forge was not ye faltering sunshine patriot—deeply set in his strong heart were ye burning words of Patrick Henry.

How the rigor of that awful winter of 1778 would have been lessened by a timely flask of ye reale goode olde tyme whiskey, such as

OLD UNDEROOF RYE.

A combination of very old Maryland and Pennsylvania Ryes carefully stored and matured for many years in heavily charred oaken barrels, which imparts its unforgettable flavor and inimitable bouquet.

CHAS. DENNEHY & CO.
—CHICAGO—

IN THE YEAR 1675



When men wore clothes like these, Charles II. of England issued a proclamation suppressing coffee houses. He considered them "hot beds of sedition" and dangerous to the public peace.

Times have changed since then. In these days benevolent persons establish coffee houses, having learned that they promote the public welfare. The reason for this is that they drink coffee at home themselves, and know its virtue.

Perhaps if it had been possible for King Charles to have known such coffee as we have to-day, the kind that is sold by Chase & Sanborn, he would have done different.

No one can fail to be benefited by this the most delicious coffee known to the American public.

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Java and Mocha always gives satisfaction and leaves a feeling of contentment whenever it is used.

It does more. It insures good health because it is pure.

Insist that your grocer shall give you Chase & Sanborn's Coffee. Either the Seal Brand in one and two-pound cans or any of their high grade coffees which you get in parchment-lined colored bags; you will not be sorry.

Chase & Sanborn's Coffees.

KANSAS CITY
Great
Rock Island
Route
Best Dining Car Service.
Only Depot on the Elevated Loop.

AUCTION!
This Wednesday Morning, 10 O'Clock,
FURNITURE, PIANOS, CARPETS, RUGS
and General Household Goods.
Williams, Barker & Severn Co., 186 Wabash-av.



Wednesday May 9.

Here's a shirt challenge.

Thirty-five dozen fancy striped percale shirts; neck sizes 14 to 17; most of 'em with two pairs detached cuffs. Regular $1.50 qualities; your choice now 75 cents.

Out-of-town customers better not write for 'em; they'll be gone in a jiffy.

Here are all sorts of good furnishings—neckwear, spring and summer underwear, hosiery, etc., etc., at economy prices.

THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
F. M. ATWOOD
"ATWOOD BUILDING,"
Northwest Corner
Madison and Clark Sts.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
Station, Wells & Kinzie sts
Ticket Office, 193 Clark St
Tel., Central 721.
THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.
Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Fox River points, Ashland, Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota and South Dakota. Coaches only.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EXPRESS. Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM GREEN BAY EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay.
10.00 AM COLORADO SPECIAL. One night to Denver. Daylight Omaha, Rock Island, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines and Iowa.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Bay, Green Lake.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.
6.00 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EXPRESS. Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Sioux City, Iowa, South Dakota.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Salt Lake City, Omaha, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
10.30 PM PACIFIC EXPRESS. Davenport, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Hurley.
MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
3.00 a. m., 7.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m., 3.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

R·I·P·A·N·S
Wanted—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., 10 Spruce-st., New York.

SUMMER RESORTS.

MANHANSET
HOUSE AND COTTAGE, Shelter Island, L. I., N. Y. Handsomely rebuilt, 1897. Will open June 23. Healthfully located on magnificent bay amid beautiful scenery. Send for term and pamphlet to H. D. W. LAWSON, Manager, 23 Union Square, New York City.

ALMA SANITARIUM, ALMA, MICH. — A delightful resort for seekers after health and rest. Modern. Alma-Bromo Spring water. Wonderful. All the best electrical treatments. Send for booklet.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.
Two of the Sherry Cottages to rent for the season. Apply to W. HERBERT CASWELL, Narragansett Pier, R. I., or LOUIS SHERRY, New York City.

HOTELS.

ILFRACOMBE (England).
ILFRACOMBE HOTEL
All good Americans stay there before they die.

THE ONTARIO North State and Ontario Streets
High-class family and transient hotel. Special attention to families wishing to stop a short time in the city. GEO. P. MARLOW, Prop.

ELA STIRS MERIT BOARD.

NEW COMMISSIONER CAUSES THE ADOPTION OF CHANGED METHODS.

Order Issued for Fresh Mental Examination of Policemen Recently Passed—Charges Filed That a Padrone System Exists—Employes Injured in Service Not to Have Preference—Secret Sessions Will Be Done Away With.

John W. Ela, recently appointed to the municipal Civil Service commission, has called a halt on various tactics heretofore used by that body. An order has been issued calling for a new mental examination of the 1,372 policemen who recently passed this test. In addition, the commission has acceded to Mr. Ela's contention that employés of the city disabled during their term of service cannot be given precedence over other candidates, but must sue the city for damages as the only ground for recovery.

At the recent mental examination for patrolmen 2,700 men took the test. Of this number 1,372 passed. The commission now has decided that inquiry should be made on questions other than whether the applicants who passed can read and write. It was stated at the previous examination that ex-patrolmen would be given the preference. Now, however, the Corporation Counsel has been asked to determine whether the ex-patrolmen should be given extra marks for experience.

Padrone System Said to Exist.

William J. Dahason, 532 Clark street, has filed charges with the commission that padrones are exacting a monthly tax from men who try for permanent monthly service in the city's street cleaning department. He alleges that Joseph Minello, 549 Clark street, a foreman in the Street Cleaning bureau, has served notice on ten Italians that unless each pays him $2 every month they will not be given permanent employment. Dahason was ordered to present his evidence.

Controller Kerfoot sent a formal letter to the commission asking that city employés who assign their salaries to money lenders be discharged. Mr. Kerfoot declared that his office has been made a collecting agency for money loaners.

"We can't do this," said Mr. Ela. "We can discharge men only on the ground of unfitness."

Charges were filed against William P. Finn, brother of Alderman Finn and a clerk in the water office, but withdrawn. It is alleged that Clerk Finn was absent from duty without leave.

The declaration that former city employés injured in the service could not be given preference over other candidates for positions came in the case of P. F. McHugh, formerly assistant in the water pipe extension department. It was alleged that he was beaten by a laborer. Of the twenty-eight eligible foremen but eleven are to be retained. McHugh asked to be placed among this number, though he is twenty-third on the list. This was refused.

Mr. Ela has broken up the secret sessions which the Merit board has persisted in holding each day. Hereafter the sessions may be made public if Mr. Ela has his way.

Other City Hall News.

Alderman Mavor has questioned the right of the city to carry out sewer and other contracts with day labor, and the matter has been referred to the Law department.

"Under the charter," said Alderman Mavor, "contracts must be let to one of the bidders. The Council may direct otherwise through formal order, but until this is done no change can be made arbitrarily."

The Thirty-ninth street sewer is at a standstill. The sureties of the Star Construction and Dredging company cannot find bidders in Chicago, and contractors from New York, Buffalo, and other cities have been asked to enter bids. Chief Engineer Randolph of the Sanitary board has made a report, asserting that the completed work is not in bad condition.

W. H. Pleasant, colored coachman for Charles Woods, has been granted a license to operate automobiles. He is the first colored man to secure this right.

County Treasurer Raymond already has turned over more than $8,000,000 to City Treasurer Ortseifen as portions of the city's taxes collected by him.

When examinations for ward superintendents of street cleaning was held ex-Alderman Cullerton of the Ninth Ward was found at his desk, but withdrew later. "Chick" Curran, Albert Hoppe, Thomas Welsh, and Frank Hoyle were among those who took the examination.

Under directions of the Building department, the tenements at 465 to 469 Clark street are being torn down, also the buildings at 2507 to 2511 Cottage Grove avenue and the two-story frame at 404 Garfield avenue. A barn in the rear of 1722 Diversey boulevard, belonging to ex-City Controller Halsey, has been condemned.

BIBLICAL STUDENTS AS BOXERS

Young "Theologs" at University of Chicago, After a Night Spent with Gloves, Show Bruised Faces.

South Divinity Hall at the University of Chicago emulated Tattersall's Monday night, when a number of the biblical students gathered in a quiet room on the fourth floor for the purpose of settling certain mooted questions of theology by means of boxing gloves.

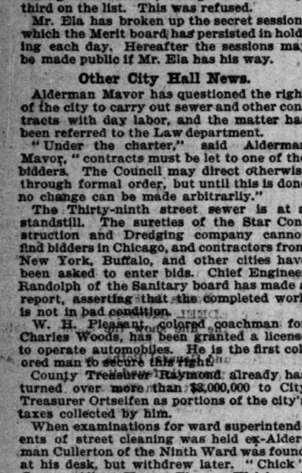
The first "go" was between J. W. Baily, middleweight, and A. W. Place, otherwise "Skeeter" Place, the strong man of the university. More energy than science was displayed, and upper cuts, left hooks, and body thrusts were used with more freedom than expediency.

The cheering of the partisans aroused the entire dormitory. Mild-eyed "theologs" in slippers and dressing gowns came out of their lairs to see, but remained to box. The bouts were continued until a late hour, and blackened eyes and swollen lips were quite the fashion yesterday among the preachers-to-be.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend) as an antiseptic, cleansing mouth, and tooth wash, is unsurpassed.

REVELL & CO.

FURNITURE.



TO-DAY we will place on sale a manufacturer's surplus stock of Combination Desks and Book Cases. These fine Combination Desks and Book Cases are made of quarter-sawed oak or birch, mahogany finish. Cases stand over 6 feet high, by 3 feet 8 inches wide, have 16x12 inch French bevel mirror, usually sold for $20.00 —our special sale price..... **12.75**

WABASH AND ADAMS

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

THE DIXIE SHOE.



WE have said a good deal about the Dixie lately, for it's a good thing to talk about. Most people know all about it. Six months ago we started out to get the best $3.00 shoe the American shoe trade could produce. Our shoe buyer and leading manufacturers put their heads together and the Dixie is the result—the best $3.00 shoe that $3.00 ever bought in Chicago. Result: People buy one pair and come back for more. They have fallen into the Dixie habit and it is as pleasant as it is economical.

REMARKABLE JACKET SALES.



$10.00 JACKETS. This department has always made a specialty of $10.00 jackets and today shows a better assortment of them in point of color, style, fabric, finish and value than any other place we know of. The styles are varied, the colors good, fabrics durable and the finish dressy. The only commonplace thing about them is the price, which is from $3.00 to $6.50 lower than the same values are held at elsewhere. Your choice..... **$10.00**

$10.00 SUIT SALE.



ON our third floor department we are showing a goodly number of $10.00 suits that used to be a good deal more. They include:

ETON SUITS of all styles;
REEFER SUITS, box and fly fronts;

all with full skirts, box pleat style; the jackets lined with taffeta or silk serge; the suits come in homespuns, kerseys and cheviots, in black and spring colorings. They are $12.50 and $15.00 values, but are marked here at..... **$10.00**

SUITS AT $20.00.

We have done a lively bit of price-cutting in our suit department on the third floor, and not the least noticeable of the reductions there are our lines of novelty suits that we sold for $30.00 and $32.50. These we have cut down about a third, and you will be surprised to see what a beautiful garment you can get for **$20.00**

MILLINERY FOR SUMMER.



WE always have a pleasant surprise or two in this department, but the one we are showing for this mid-week's selling is one of the best we have ever offered.

READY-TO-WEAR HATS. We ask you to come and see these hats because we cannot do them full justice here. We will only say that they are all hats that cost from $3.00 to $7.00 to make, and include lines of English walking hats, round hats, turbans and toques. While we have any left, we will let them go at..... **$2.45**

DRESS HATS—We show the very newest European styles for dress wear in black and all-face white hats in a charming variety, and at prices that will be a revelation to you. These represent the latest and best from the hands of the best makers of the world.

SPECIAL SHIRT WAIST SELLING.



THIS department is crowded full of these beautiful summer creations in every desirable new style and color. We quote as an example of value giving and price saving, these two items:

OUR DOLLAR SPECIAL, made in several different colors of madras and percale, with the new French pleated back and two point collar. They would ordinarily sell at $1.25 or $1.50, but the Carson-Pirie price is..... **$1.00**

WHITE LAWN WAISTS—A beautiful plain white lawn waist, with fancy white all-over lace-inserted front, soft flaring cuffs and two point collar. This waist also comes in plain white lawn, tucked all over, front and back. The price is a Carson-Pirie one..... **$1.50**

WAISTS AND SKIRTS, $5.75.



FINE light weight skirt, made from all-wool goods, with fine hair stripes, in blue and gray, well lined and stylishly cut and finished—a full $7.50 value—marked down in the Carson-Pirie department to..... **$5.75**

Silk waists, in plain colors of red, violet and blue, hemstitched and tucked, with perfect fitting lining, stock collar and dress sleeves..... **$5.75**

BLACK SILKS—VELVETS.



SPECIAL—25 pcs. all black figured Persian silks—a desirable silk for spring and summer wear—used for entire dresses or separate waists—a special sale, yd..... **85c**

The success of the season—yarn dyed—black habutai dress silk that water will not spot—they are very wide, 26-27 inches—are absolutely pure dye, and have that peculiar *"soft finish"* that makes them perfectly uncrushable—the leading values are $1.25 and..... **$1.00**

Black taffeta meteore silks—we carry absolutely the best goods manufactured. We offer special values at $1.25, $1.10, $1.00..... **85c**

Black peau de soie and satin duchess—2 leading weaves, that are always in demand—we show extraordinary values at $1.25, $1.00 and **85c**

VELVETS—black and colored all silk panne velvets—a beautiful assortment of fashionable colorings—$3.50, $3.00 and..... **$2.50**

HIGH-PRICED UNDERWEAR, 25c.



THE long continued cold has been the cause of some lively reductions in the underwear trade and judicious buying has let us make some offers like these.

Women's union suits, in white and ecru, low neck and no sleeves—also with short sleeves—in lisle thread and cotton, silk finish, perfect fitting, all sizes, values up to 75c each..... **25c**

Women's genuine Swiss ribbed vests, lisle thread and fine maco yarn, white and ecru, square and V neck, fancy lace and crocheted fronts, all sizes, 50c values..... **25c**

Imported Irish dimities. 15c for real imported Irish dimities —wash goods section—main floor—newest foulards, piques, dots and stripes.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

15c for 25c Irish dimities. Beautiful pinks and old rose—cadets, light blues. Those fashionable much wanted conceits—today 15c

Grand mid-season Paris millinery opening.

Grand showing *of all the late arrivals in Paris millinery—fetching mid-season creations sent us by our Paris house, via steamer Lucania, which arrived Saturday last.*

On show *for the first time—all those dashing dainty creations that will be worn during the summer months. Hats for dress, carriage and street wear; also a number of pretty, jaunty effects for out door sports from Paris, London and New York, many from our own work rooms. The most elaborate mid-season showing of fashionable millinery ever seen in Chicago.*



Fascinating *creations, brilliantly beautiful. Tuscan braids, Leghorn, and Neopolitan hats—airy, dainty creations of lace, chiffon and maline.*

Special exhibit of the latest ***Tuscan Virot hat****—the new* ***Poyanne hat****—a style particularly adapted to wear off the face—and the new summer* ***Reboux styles****—exclusive, fashionable conceptions not shown elsewhere.*

Special showing of hats that are ready to wear*—new effects in hats that are ready to wear, including the* ***Ladysmith, Miss Hobbs, and the new Derby****—one of the largest showings in America—ideal hat beauty shown for the first time.*

Great sale 25.00 new silk-lined Eton suits at 10.00.

Our great 10.00 sale of new Eton suits last Monday broke all records. Today we repeat the sale.



$25 tight-fitting silk-lined tailor-made suits for 10.00.

Of course there is a loss, but then that's the penalty we must pay for doing the largest suit business in America—for odd lots, broken sizes, and odd numbers will creep into the best of regulated stocks. No disappointments await you here—values are even better than represented.

Elegant values selected here and there from our immense stock. Stylish Eton and tight-fitting suits and fancy dresses all marked down for tomorrow's selling.

When we tell you that these are regular $25 suits you may depend upon it. Values are so great that we fear they will not last the day out.

Suits of cheviots, Venetian, and homespuns—half of them **lined throughout with taffeta silk**—all new, approved styles.

25.00 NEW ETON SUITS, TIGHT-FITTING SUITS, FANCY DRESSES, **10.00**



Great May sale of ribbons: saving of over half.

That great yearly ribbon event known to all Chicago and suburbs as the most advantageous ribbon buying time of the entire year—a time when all the swell, fashionable ribbon conceits go on sale at half and less than half price—a ribbon sale of great importance to dressmakers, fancy-work workers, and those who use ribbons in quantities.

10c for 20c fancy ribbons—3½ and 4 inches wide—all silk, in all the newest spring shades—white and cream satin gros grain ribbons for confirmation purposes—¼ and 1½ inches wide—wash taffeta ribbons, 4 inches wide, in the new pastel shades.

12½c for 25c silk ribbons—Four-in. corded taffeta ribbons—checked taffeta ribbons—striped taffeta ribbons—plain and fancy combination colorings in all the newest and most desirable spring shades—positively the most beautiful assortment of ribbons ever offered.

15c for 30c hemstitched ribbons. Those scarce, rich hemstitched taffeta ribbons in all the swell solid colors—ribbons which are now so stylish for the neck, fancy ties, and belts—all made of the very finest silk never before for less than 30c.

39c for 75c fancy silk ribbons—the sensational ribbon event of the year—striped, checked and flowered ribbons—6-inch flowered pure white ribbons, taffeta ribbons for sashes and confirmation purposes. This is a collection of ribbons impossible to describe in detail, as the assortment is too large.

23c for 50c fancy silk ribbons—the greatest collection of fancy ribbons ever shown in Chicago—corded ombre ribbons for fancy work—corded taffeta ribbons—striped taffeta ribbons—fancy checked taffeta ribbons—combination colored taffeta ribbons—3 to 8½ satin and gros grain ribbons, and 5-inch plain white taffeta ribbons.

Ribbon remnants sacrificed: Sensational ribbon bargains that will set all Chicago talking—never in the history of this department have we offered such wonderful values—the entire ribbon remnant accumulation of three months thrown on the bargain counter and priced without regard to cost just to make this the most interesting ribbon sale ever held. Plain satin ribbons, plain taffeta ribbons, fancy taffeta ribbons, in fact, all sorts of ribbons in all the new desirable shades; ribbons that have been selling off the bolt for 15c to $1.00 per yard—we are going to take a big loss to lend excitement to this sale, and place the entire accumulation on sale at 22c, 15c and **5c**

Remarkable brass bed values.

Special May bargains that are unmatchable in any other Chicago shop.



21.00 for a brass bed—1¼-inch posts, bow foot, heavy filling—trimmed with rod ends and special husks.

27.50 for a brass bed—2-inch posts—extra heavy ornaments—large, massive mounts—great, heavy top rods—a marvel for the money.

10.00 for a hair mattress—40-lb. of black hair, guaranteed for purity—made in our own workshop.

6.00 for an enameled bed—with lavish brass ornamentation—the kind that usually sells for $9.00.

1.95 for bed rolls—open or closed—covered with pink, blue, gold, cream or green sateen.

We make you prompt deliveries and give no rash promises. We also set up "free" every bed we sell.

Lace curtains: exceptional prices

Late foreign arrivals replenish our great assortment daily. Largest line and lowest prices.

1.10 a pair—1,000 pairs of $2.00 and $1.50 lace curtains—of various styles—full sizes—grand qualities—at uniformly 1.10 a pair—bargains assured.

2.85 for $4.50 Brussels lace curtains—500 pairs of real Brussels thread parlor curtains at a price never before heard of—full length and width—well worked—at 2.85 pair.

7.85 a pair—American Arabian curtains—best assortment in the city—Battenberg hand-made curtains—very elaborate. Swiss and Plauen point laces worth $10.

15c for fine fish nets—*a manufacturer's lot* of extra fine fish nets—39-in. wide—dainty, lacy patterns—less than half price—just the thing for soft summer curtains.



Unparalleled carpet bargains

Unparalleled carpet bargains for today, especially planned to forcibly illustrate the saving advantages of buying your carpets here.



Velvet and Axminster carpets—500 pieces of Smith's velvet and Axminster carpets—always sell for $1.00 per yard—tomorrow **75c**

Double width velvet carpets—200 pieces of high grade double width velvet carpets, 27 and 54 inches wide with 13⅓, 18, 22½ and 27 inch borders and 27, 36 and 54 inch stair carpets to match—at $1.35 and **1.25**

Body Brussels carpets—Today 300 pieces fine body Brussels carpets, regu'r $1.15 value, borders and stair carpets to match, at **90c**

Ingrain carpets—50 pieces of all wool extra super ingrains—special bargains to close out odd lots— **50c**

New straw mattings—Japanese mattings at 60c down to 12½c—Chinese mattings 40c down to **9c**

Sale Dantsu Jap rugs.

For the summer house, cottage by the lakes, flats, offices, etc.—genuine Dantsu Jap rugs, as striking and pretty as the Turkish rugs—remarkable values—new combinations—new colorings.

18x36 inch rugs, 40c.
26x54 inch rugs, 85c.
36x72 inch rugs, 1.50
7.6x10.6 ft. rugs, 6.55
12x15 rugs, 15.00
36x36 inch rugs, 75c.
30x60 inch rugs, 1.05.
6x9 ft. rugs, 4.50.
9x12 ft. rugs, 9.00.



Body Brussels rugs, Smyrna rugs, Wilton rugs—the largest and handsomest showing in Chicago at prices that guarantee a saving.

Great May sale of furniture: surplus lots.

A fortunate purchase of the surplus lots of three of the largest and best furniture makers.



Dressing-table stools—regularly sold at $3.25—for **1.25**

Veranda rockers—with splint seat—regularly sold at $1.50—for **85c**

Morris chairs—complete with reversible cushions—at 9.75, 8.75, 6.75 and **6.25**

Odd dressing cases—newest designs—at special prices— **10.25**

High-grade rocker—special today at **2.25**

2.25



4.25

Dining-room chairs—with full box seat and selected quarter-sawed oak frames—regularly sold at $3.75—for **2.25**

Combination desk and bookcase—new design—18.75, 16.50, 11.75 and **9.75**

Solid oak chiffoniers—well made and finished—five large drawers—regularly sold at $7.50— **5.00**

Roman chairs—with hand polished mahogany-finished frames and spring seats—regularly sold at $7.00—for **4.25**

Dining-room tables—special one-day sale—handsome line of samples.



1.25 for this High-grade stool.

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and old rose—cadets,
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at 10.00.
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30c hemstitched
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in all the swell solid colors
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all made of the very finest
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in Chicago—corded ombre
ribbons—striped taffeta rib-
colored taffeta ribbons—8 to
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Chicago talking—never
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EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1900—SIXTEEN PAGES.

BULLER AGAIN IN THE FIELD.

After Long Term of Quiet Is Ordered Out from Ladysmith Position.

DESTINATION NOT TOLD.

Boers Found to Be in Strong Force on Roberts' Front at Zand River.

FRENCH TO BE HEARD FROM.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, May 9, 3 a. m.—General Buller, who has been quiet by express command of Lord Roberts for some weeks, has finally been ordered to move.

This announcement comes in a private message from Cape Town.

General Buller is now rapidly completing his transport arrangements, and it is expected he will begin to advance inside of four days. It is practically certain he will coöperate with the advance of Lord Roberts, and will proceed toward the west in the direction of the Free State.

May Save Mafeking.

It is regarded as not unlikely that Buller's move may automatically relieve Mafeking, where the conditions seem to be growing worse daily.

The Daily Mail's Cape Town correspondent confirms the report of Buller's advance.

Boers in Force at Zand River.

Lord Roberts telegraphs from Smaldeel that the British mounted infantry and cavalry reconnoitered to the Zand River and found the Boers in considerable force. A nonofficial message states that General Hutton, with the mounted infanty brigade, is at Welgelegen, two stations north of Smaldeel, and distant about seventeen miles.

The destruction of the Vet River bridge, however, and the culverts on the line between Smaldeel and Brandfort, may cause a delay.

Guessing as to French's Moves.

Nothing more has been said of General French's whereabouts, and he may be working east towards Senekal or northeast to come in upon the Boer flank on the Zand River.

It is reported at Lourenzo Marquez that when Kroonstad falls the seat of the Free State government will be transferred to Heilbron.

Generals Louis Botha and Lucas Meyer are now at Pretoria consulting the Executive council.

Water Cavalry in Zand River.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, May 9, 4:10 a. m.—Four thousand British cavalry watered their horses at Zand River on Monday, twenty-five miles beyond Smaldeel, where Lord Roberts continues to date his dispatches.

The scouts who have been searching the country for miles along the stream have found no Boers south of the river. The enemy are laagered in unknown force on the north bank.

Thus the British advance guard is within forty-five miles of Kroonstad.

The Free-Staters, in the expectation that Kroonstad will speedily become untenable, are, according to information from Lourenzo Marquez, preparing to transfer their government to Heilbron, a little more than fifty miles northeast.

The proclamations of Lord Roberts appear to have little effect upon the inhabitants of the invaded districts. Every farm is found deserted except by the women and children. All the men are away fighting.

Smaldeel's Rapid Growth.

Smaldeel is a village of only a score of dwellings, but it expanded in one night to a vast canvas city and the glow of the campfires was like a scene in an iron smelting district. The city is likely to fade away in a day by the immediate progress of the infantry to Zand River.

Lady Sarah Wilson, under Mafeking date of April 27, says: "The Boers now number 4,500, including young Eloff, President Kruger's grandson, who has sent for six more guns."

Methuen as a Subordinate.

The British column is reported to have reached Taungs, thirty miles north of Warrenton. According to Pretoria advices the British are nearing Vryburg, which is half way between Warrenton and Mafeking. General Hunter is probably not in personal command of this relief column.

His forces embrace 20,000 infantry and from 5,000 to 6,000 horsemen, an army far greater than has hitherto been supposed. Lord Methuen is apparently a subordinate. While the relief column is moving towards Vryburg, General Hunter is apparently preparing an orderly advance northeast along the Vaal River, to participate in the Pretoria advance, as Lord Roberts' left flank.

Buller in Good Trim.

Cape Town correspondents learn that an important movement in Natal is expected within the next four days. General Buller is rapidly completing his transport organization.

The President of the Transvaal Volksraad reiterates President Kruger's undiminished tenacity of purpose. In the course of the debate he said that should he be sent to St. Helena the republican cause would still go on.

Boers Appear Confused.

A dispatch from Maseru, Basutoland, dated Tuesday, May 8, said:

"Lord Roberts' rapid advance has confused the Boers, who are holding the roads between Wepener and Ciocolan, along which a continuous stream of wagons and cattle has been proceeding northward for days. On Monday some of those countermarched, and the herds got into an inextricable muddle, the Boers not knowing which way to turn."

Reconnoiter to Zand River.

LONDON, May 8.—The War office has issued the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Smaldeel, May 8:

"General Hutton, with mounted infantry, reconnoitered yesterday to the Zand River and found the enemy in considerable force. General Broadwood's brigade of cavalry, with General Ian Hamilton's force, performed the same operation with much the same result.

Hunter Occupies Fourteen Streams.

"General Hunter reports that he occupied Fourteen Streams yesterday without opposition, owing in a great measure to the able disposition made by General Paget on the left bank of the Vaal River at Warrenton, where his artillery fire rendered the enemy's position practically untenable.

"A six-inch gun was found most useful.

"As the Sixth and half the Fifth Brigades of infantry advanced under cover of the artillery the enemy retired precipitately, abandoning their clothing, ammunition, and personal effects."

Finds Railroad Damaged.

The following dispatch from Lord Roberts has also been received at the War office:

"SMALDEEL, May 7.—The railway from Brandfort to this place has been considerably damaged and the bridge over the Vet River has been hopelessly damaged. This delays supplies coming up. Every few yards charges of rackarock have been laid under the rails. This might have created loss of life, but was fortunately discovered by a West Australian infantryman.

"Winburg has been occupied by the Highland Brigade."

Rumored Plot to Kill Roberts.

The Standard hears that information has been officially received of a plot to assassinate Lord Roberts, that the latter has been warned, and that telegrams are now passing between the Cape authorities, Lord Roberts, and the home authorities on the subject.

The Parliamentary Secretary for the War office, Mr. Wyndham, says the War office has no information tending to confirm the reports of an alleged plot to assassinate Lord Roberts.

MAFEKING HAS LITTLE TO EAT.

Garrison There Sends Out Report That Conditions Are Improving in Many Respects.

LONDON, May 8.—As regards Mafeking, the British forces south of Mafeking are still nearly 200 miles from their objectives, while the latest advices from Mafeking itself, dated April 29, show little amelioration in the conditions there.

The dispatches say:

"With the exception of a little rifle fire at the outlying trenches everything is quiet. The slight epidemic of typhoid is abating as a result of the medical precautions. The enemy's artillery, with the exception of two five-pounders, has apparently been withdrawn.

"It was learned on April 24 that the enemy intended to attack, and the entire garrison stood to its arms. When day broke Colonel Baden-Powell took up a position on the lookout, and the heavy rattle of musketry and the boom of four guns convinced us that an attack was about to occur. But it became apparent that the Boer officers could not persuade their men to advance. Through glasses we saw the officers vainly urging the infantry forward. The enemy reformed and retired. Our men fired a shot in the hope of inducing the enemy to come to close quarters.

"The native distress has been alleviated, many of them slipping through the lines.

"The men of the garrison forego their sugar ration for the benefit of the women and children.

"After the bombardment on April 24 all was comparatively quiet.

"The besieged are celebrating the 200th day of the siege with horse dinners, and Colonel Baden-Powell sent a message to Lord Roberts saying:

"'After 200 days of siege I desire to bring to your Lordship's notice the exceptionally good spirit of loyalty which pervades all classes of the garrison, and the patience of everybody at Mafeking in making the best of things under the long strain of anxiety, hardship, and privations, which is beyond all praise and a revelation to me. The men, half of whom are not accustomed to the use of arms, have adapted themselves to their duties with the greatest zeal and readiness. The pluck and devotion of the women have been remarkable. With such spirits our organization runs like clockwork. I have every hope it will pull us through.'

BAAD SESSION AT PRETORIA.

President Kruger at Opening of Transvaal Parliament Talks of the Duties Before Them.

PRETORIA, Monday, May 7.—The official opening of the 1899 Volksraad, which broke up unofficially in September last, took place today. The vacant seats of General Joubert and General Decock and others were filled with flowers. The hall was crowded, a large number of women being present.

In the prayer of the chaplain an allusion to General Joubert moved many to tears. After the prayer the Raad adjourned to the afternoon, when the session of 1900 was inaugurated.

The ceremonies were accompanied by the customary salute. President Kruger arrived in the state carriage with the usual escort. All the diplomatists and foreign attachés, including General Gourko, the Russian attaché, were present.

President Kruger, in his speech opening the session, alluded feelingly to the vacancies. Referring to General Joubert he said:

"Future generations will be able to judge the work of the deceased, whose demeanor inspired the enemy with respect and whose humane and brave conduct gave fame and importance to the state among civilized nations."

He was profoundly struck, he said, by the proof of sincere friendship given by the people of the Free State, who had fulfilled their obligations to the Transvaal under the treaty. They realized that a united front was required, as an attack upon the independence of the Transvaal meant a threat against the Free State. He had implicit confidence in the future of the Afrikander nation.

He was pleased to say that the relations of the Transvaal with the foreign states, with the exception of Great Britain, were good.

After referring to the peace proposals of the Presidents of both republics to Lord Salisbury President Kruger said:

"We have proved by legislation and our dealings with Great Britain last year that it was our desire to preserve peace, and now that war has broken out we will do everything to restore peace."

President Kruger also said he was pleased to see that the sympathy of the world was on their side in the war.

"Notwithstanding the difficult circumstance," he said, "I am glad to say that our finances will enable us to bear the great expense of the war and that the mines are flourishing."

The proceedings terminated with unusually impressive speeches and prayers. Fifty out of a total of sixty legislators were present, several of them still suffering from wounds.



CZAR AND HOOLEY JOIN.

RULER OF ALL THE RUSSIAS IS PROMOTER'S PARTNER.

Story Now Current in London of Big Gold Mining and Developing Company, Which Has Set the Financier on His Feet—Hooley Says It Is Bound to Be a Great Success, as All the Russian Ministry Is Deeply Interested.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, May 9.—It seems that finance as well as politics sometimes makes strange bedfellows, and the latest combination, if current and apparently well authenticated reports are true, is the Czar of Russia and Ernest Terah Hooley. For a month the cables from St. Petersburg have persistently declared the Czar has granted an important and unique commission in the gold fields of the Nertchinsk region of Siberia to a powerful British syndicate.

Is Czar's Private Domain.

The territory concerned consists of some 8,000 square miles, all the personal property of the Emperor.

The newspapers printing these dispatches intimated that the Czar made this move for the purpose of currying favor with England, and this theory was swallowed by the politicians, but not by the financiers, and the only motive the latter could see was that the Czar wanted to make a little money outside the salary attached to his job. Everybody has asked "Who is the promoter?" and now the answer comes, "Hooley," once regarded as the greatest financial necromancer of the age, but whose sun went down three years ago.

Hooley Admits It Is True.

Hooley, however, is far from a real bankrupt, and when visited by a reporter today was seated in an office at his Walsingham house, which was fitted in princely splendor.

When asked regarding the Russian concession, the promoter waved his hand dramatically, and said: "By a single move I have won more than everything back. I am once more on top.

"For months I have been laboring at my scheme, and now it is settled I am not going to ask the public for a cent of money for my new company. All that is required is already guaranteed.

Tells of the Company.

"The company will be known as the Siberian Gold Fields Development company, with a capital of a million pounds, already registered at Somerset House.

"Hundreds of thousands of shares have gone to Russia, and every member of the Czar's Cabinet is interested in the plan, and two of his strongest councilors are on the directorate. The other three directors are business-men who never have been on a Board of Directors before.

"There are no titled names on the front page this time," added Hooley sadly, "I have had enough of Earl, Counts, and Lords as directors."

REWARD FOR ANDREE CLEWS.

Consul of Sweden and Norway Will Pay Liberally for Information Regarding Polar Expedition.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., May 8.—The Consul of Sweden and Norway here offers a reward to any and all persons who may find articles connected with the polar expedition of Herr Andrée, the aeronaut. The reward is especially directed to whalers bound from this port for Davis Strait, which connects Baffin Bay with the Atlantic, and to fishermen proceeding to the coast of northern Labrador next month. The impression is that Andrée may possibly have reached some region touched by Newfoundland whalers or fishermen, from which relics might be obtained from the Eskimos.

To Make King Oscar an LL. D.

LONDON, May 8.—The University of Cambridge on Monday next will confer the degree of doctor of laws on King Oscar of Sweden and Norway.

RAIN DELAYS PARIS FAIR.

TIME FOR COMPLETING EXHIBITS TO BE EXTENDED.

Spanish Pavilion Is Opened and Makes a Most Interesting Show—Commissioner Peck Invites All Americans in Paris to Attend Inauguration—Ministry Will Make Hard Fight in Sunday's Contested Elections—Dreyfus Will Take Up Fight Again.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, May 8.—Severe rain-storms have interfered with the work of finishing the exposition and have caused a falling off in attendance.

A storm has seriously damaged the United States section of the electricity exhibit. Water poured through the leaky roof, ruining the decorations and carpets and damaging the façade, which is one of the most attractive. The water badly warped it, and all work there has been stopped until the extent of the damage to the wiring is ascertained.

Minister Millerand having already issued an order that all exhibits shall be in place by May 12, Director Picard today received a number of protests from exhibiters, who declare the condition of the buildings will make it impossible, so tonight M. Picard decided to extend the time wherever it may be justified so that he also makes the Minister's order practically valueless.

Spanish Pavilion Is Opened.

The Spanish pavilion was inaugurated today. The Spanish restaurant orchestra of Spanish students is one of the attractions of the fair.

Odd Theater Makes a Hit.

A most popular place of amusement along the street of old Paris is the theater of gay authors, where artists parade in fantastic costumes, while singing birds are suspended from the ceiling and girls, dressed as parrots with beaks and claws, are perched about the place. The novelty has made a hit with the crowds.

Invites All Americans.

In order to make the inauguration of the American national pavilion an event of interest to all Americans in Paris, Commissioner Peck has issued an official note saying that all Americans in Paris are cordially welcome.

Republicans to Fight Hard.

The Republicans have formed a coalition and have made out a list of candidates they here to try to elect on Sunday. The government is menacing in regard to the Nationalist triumph, and at a Cabinet meeting today President Loubet and Waldeck-Rousseau discussed the situation, and are ready to take strong measures.

The Premier believes there is a well organized plot against the republic and that the Nationalists are ready to act. He is backed by a greater part of the press, and the Temps tonight goes so far as to declare the election system needs revising in order to prevent the popular vote leading to danger.

Bar Frenchman at St. Helena.

The English are said to have refused entrance to St. Helena to Carriere, a French correspondent, sent by the Matin, on the ground that the island is a prison. The Matin insinuates that it is because the English are afraid to have Europe know the truth about the Boer war, as learned from Cronje.

Dreyfus Grows Stronger.

Dreyfus is now in Switzerland, regaining his strength for a renewal of his fight.

Cabinet Claims Victory.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PARIS, May 8.—At a Cabinet meeting today, presided over by President Loubet, the Ministers discussed the results of the recent municipal elections. A semi-official note afterwards issued says:

"Telegraphic reports from the Prefects unanimously indicate the strengthening of the Republican forces in all the important communes where the results are known, the Republicans having captured over forty municipalities."

TO FIX SUCCESSION LAW.

FRANZ JOSEF WILL DEFINE RIGHT TO AUSTRIAN THRONE.

Is Said to Have Told Emperor William of His Intention to Leave No Possibility for Misunderstanding Regarding Children of Franz Ferdinand and Countess Choutek—Kaiser William Assumes Rank of Prussian Field Marshal.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D B. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, May 8.—It is the generally accepted belief that Emperor Franz Josef, while on his visit here, informed Emperor William of his intention to constitutionalize the succession regulations which have hitherto been merely a dynastic arrangement, so as to enable Franz Ferdinand to marry Countess Choutek without thereby exposing the empire to the danger of a disputed succession.

The new law will unequivocally exclude any possible children of the union from the throne.

Takes Rank of Prussian Field Marshal.

Emperor William has already assumed the rank of General Field Marshal in the Prussian army.

Accept Increased Liquor Tax.

The Budget committee has accepted the proposed increased taxation on brandies, liqueurs, champagnes, and beer.

EARL RUSSELL GOES TO TAPLOW

Says He Will Do Nothing Until He Is Attacked—First Countess Full of Fight.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, May 9.—Earl Russell and his new bride arrived at Liverpool today and went direct to Taplow, where they expect to reside. The Earl told the reporters: "I intend to remain at Taplow without saying or doing anything until official action is taken, if that ever happens." The original Countess, who is playing an engagement at Leeds, said yesterday, "I propose to lay the case before the Archbishop of Canterbury and the House of Lords in regard to the Earl's conduct. It is an outrage on English society.

"What is to be the position of women here if the husbands are to be permitted to go to the United States and divorce them in such a way?

"There must be a decision on the subject. I have consulted my solicitors and cabled for American legal opinion as to whether we can contest the Earl's marriage.

"The legal authorities there say I can, and I have every prospect of success, but it will be costly.

"I am not vindictive towards the Earl, what I want is justice."

ASK FOR COREAN CONCESSION.

Manchurian Railway Company Accompanies Report to Russia with Additional Demands.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, May 9.—A special dispatch to the Daily Mail from St. Petersburg says: "The Manchurian railway company has given assurance to the government that by the beginning of November Port Arthur will be connected with Vladivostock by an unbroken line of rails.

"This section of the railway will be open to temporary traffic.

"Simultaneously with the announcement the company asked the government to grant it a concession for a railway in Corea from Charbin to Seoul and in China from Mukden to Peking."

Chinese No Match for British.

LONDON, May 8.—A War office dispatch confirming the Chinese attack on Wei Hai Wei adds: On May 5 Captain Watson and sixty men of the Chinese battalion were attacked by 3,000 Chinese. The latter were repulsed with no casualties to the British force.

CZECHS RAISE A STORM.

LANGUAGE BILL IN REICHSRATH BREAKS UP SESSION.

Government Measure Not Even Permitted to Be Read by Ministerial President—Prospects Are for Final Dissolution of Parliament—Galleries Cleared by Force—Opposition and Obstruction Tactics Already Planned.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY W. L. HUBBARD.]

VIENNA, May 8.—The Austrian Parliament reopened today with a violent storm. Minister President Koerber, in an able speech, introduced the long awaited bill regulating the language question in Bohemia and Moravia, which the government had formulated and regarding which many had maintained that if the government would lay the measure before the House for consideration all the existing difficulties would soon be discussed away.

Refuse to Hear Bill Read.

Although the bill today seems to an impartial student of the question to be remarkably fair in its nice adjustment of the rights of both nationalities, President Koerber was not permitted even to read it through without vigorous protests and interruptions from the Czechs and the Germans. The leaders of the Czech side declare the acceptance of the bill is impossible and have proclaimed war to the knife.

Plan of Obstruction Tactics.

The Czechs began the obstruction at once, and it is announced they have over 2,000 petitions which will be introduced for the purpose of compelling a roll call and ballot upon each one of them, thus preventing all regular parliamentary work. President Koerber declared in his speech that the existence of Parliament as a state institution was at stake, and although he, as the head of the Cabinet, desired the avoidance of any measures that spoke of absolutism, the government could not see the state being ruined, and must protect itself.

Predict End of Reichsrath.

Tonight the belief is generally expressed by both Germans and Czechs that the Reichsrath will be permanently dissolved as soon as the meeting of the delegates, which begins next week in Buda-Pesth, is ended.

Today soon after the Czechs began their obstructions, shouts of "Down with the Czechs" were heard from the gallery, and soon resulted in such tumult that the galleries were cleared by the guards, who had to use physical force in a number of instances.

Session Ends in Row.

A few minutes later the members began calling names and the session broke up in a tremendous wrangle and hubbub.

MANUA WANTS TO BE ANNEXED.

Samoan Island Anxious to Have United States Flag Hoisted There as Soon as Possible.

AUCKLAND, N. Z., May 8.—Advices received from Samoa announce that the American flag has been hoisted over the Island of Tutuila amid great native rejoicing, and that the chiefs have made a formal cession of the island to the United States.

The inhabitants of Manua, it is also announced, request the formal hoisting of the American flag over that island, which will likewise be ceded.

The natives of the islands will rule themselves under Governors appointed by the commandant of the naval station. Quiet prevails in German Samoa.

British Golf Championships Begin.

LONDON, May 8.—The amateur golf championship tournament opened at Sandwich today, delightful weather prevailing. There are sixty-eight entries. In the first round G. C. Whigham, brother of the American ex-champion, succumbed to E. Scratton. In the second round, during which it was raining heavily, Balfour Melville and C. F. Whigham both won ties, while C. Hutchings of the Royal Liverpool Golf club beat A. G. Hamilton of the Baltusrol Golf club of the United States by 8 and 7.

TROOPS FIGHT BIG FIRES.

FORESTS IN MANY GERMAN PROVINCES IN FLAMES.

Losses Already Amount to 1,000,000 Marks—Duke of Albany, by Prompt Work, Saves Emperor William's Park Preserves Near Potsdam—Belgian Reports Give Account of Several Disastrous Fires at Spa and Other Resorts.

BERLIN, May 8.—A number of large forest fires have been promoted by drought and heat and have destroyed property to the value of 1,000,000 marks near Aix-la-Chapelle. Two battalions of troops were required to quench a fire near Goestemunde. At Munster and at Oldenburg also there have been large fires.

Here in Berlin the heat is terrific, and the Emperor and Empress, to escape it, have gone to Urville, where they found a heavy rain falling.

The Duke of Albany's accidental presence and quick interference prevented the destruction of Emperor William's wild park near Potsdam, where a fire had gained a good start.

The imperial court will move to Potsdam this week.

Damage at Other Points.

BRUSSELS, May 8.—Extensive pine forest fires are in progress around Spa, causing a panic among the inhabitants and the visitors. This well known health resort is enveloped in thick smoke.

The forest of Hertogenwald and the woods around Verbiers are also afire. A high wind is spreading the flames, which the troops have been called out to extinguish. A spark from a locomotive is supposed to have been the origin of the fires.

KING OF ITALY AT NAPLES.

Will Inaugurate the Exposition and Attend to Many Other Duties Planned for the Week.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY OSCAR DURANTE.]

ROME, May 8.—Tomorrow the King inaugurates the Naples exposition, Thursday he reviews the troops, Friday he inaugurates the new dry docks, and on Saturday he will review the Mediterranean fleet. The Crown Prince and Cabinet joined the sovereigns tonight at Naples.

Prince Koto-Hitokanin, the Emperor of Japan's brother, will visit the King at Rome officially on the 15th.

Anticipate Commercial Trouble.

The Conservative press here is aroused because the Italian Minister, Salandra, in a toast at the Paris Exchange, said the commercial prosperity of Italy depends mostly upon the good relations with France. The non-Conservative papers admit that Minister Salandra has outlined Italy's future policy, since commercial troubles with Germany and Austria seem to be certain.

OFFICER WILL NOT BE SHOT.

Lord Roberts Commutes Sentence of Death Passed on Lieutenant Murchison at Mafeking.

LONDON, May 9.—Lord Roberts has commuted to penal servitude for life the sentence of death pronounced by the court-martial upon Lieutenant Kenneth Murchison of the artillery, who on Nov. 2 last killed Mr. Parslow, correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at Mafeking. Mercy was recommended by Colonel Baden-Powell.

Mr. Parslow's death was at first attributed to an accident, but it subsequently developed that he and Lieutenant Murchison had dined together, and that while they were strolling across the square Murchison drew his revolver and shot his companion.

Turkey Repairing Old Ironclads.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 8.—An imperial irade, just issued, orders contracts to be signed with foreign ship builders for renovating eight antiquated ironclads.

SAYS KAISER FEARS AMERICA.

Paris Journal Declares Emperor William for That Reason Is Trying to Make Friend of England.

PARIS, May 8.—The Patrie, a Nationalist newspaper, claims that the real reason for the friendly attitude of Emperor William of Germany toward Great Britain is the German Emperor's belief that war between Germany and the United States is possible and that in view of such a contingency he wishes to win over Great Britain to neutrality.

The Patrie recalls the friction caused by the action of Admiral Diederichs at Manila, and affirms that the opposition of the United States to Emperor William's dream of founding a greater Germany in Brazil and Argentina is responsible for the coldness in the relations between the two countries.

It concludes: "War between America and Germany is, therefore, not impossible in the near future, and it is in view of this war and not with hostile intentions toward England that Germany is making unheard of efforts to increase her navy. In the interval the sole aim of German policy is to prevent an Anglo-American alliance. The Emperor is striving to appear at least devoted to England in order to more surely realize his dream and make Brazil and Argentina future dependencies of the German empire."

Progress of Azores Cable.

EMDEN, Germany, May 8.—The steamer Britannia has laid 114 miles of the new German cable to connect Emden with Fayal, Azores. The steamer Anglia, with the remaining part of the cable aboard, will take up the work May 12, and will proceed to lay the deep sea section towards Fayal, where it is expected to arrive about the end of May.

Peerage for Sir Richard Webster.

LONDON, May 8.—Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney General, has resigned his seat in the House of Commons in consequence of his appointment as master of the rolls in succession to Sir Nathaniel Lindley, and her Majesty has signified her intention of conferring a peerage upon Sir Richard.

American Thieves Taken at Leipsic.

BERLIN, May 8.—Two more expert American diamond thieves, named Morton and Harski, have been arrested at Leipsic. Diamonds worth 77,000 marks were found among their baggage and were seized.

POLICY OF JAMAICA OUTLINED.

Elected Members of the Legislative Council Agree on Line of Fight Against Crown Appointments.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, May 1.—[Correspondence.]—The latest development in the political deadlock here is the meeting of the elected members of the Legislative Council, which took place on April 25. At this meeting of the people's representatives a definite policy and line of conduct was decided upon. They agreed:

1. To adhere to their resolve to take no part in the deliberations of the Legislative Council until four extra nominated members are withdrawn.

2. To send a delegation to England to fight the battle of political freedom for Jamaica in the House of Commons.

3. In the event of failure to offer themselves as candidates at the next general election, and, if returned, to persist in the policy they have adopted—i. e.: To refuse to take part in the work of the Legislative Council and thus force Mr. Chamberlain's hand. In other words, to compel him either to carry out his threat to restore crown government pure and simple or to withdraw the obnoxious four members from the Legislative Council and restore the status quo ante.

CURZON SENDS FAMINE REPORT.

Says Number of Persons Now in Receipt of Government Relief Is Over Five Million.

LONDON, May 8.—The Secretary of State for India, Lord George Hamilton, has received the following message from the Viceroy, Lord Curzon of Kedleston:

"The conditions have materially improved in Madras and Mysore in consequence of the recent rains. In the remaining of the affected tracts, the distress is increasing in intensty owing to the want of fodder and water and the increasing heat.

"The number of persons now in receipt of relief is 5,617,000."

LONDON TIMES' NEWS AND VIEWS

Editorial Leader Approves Tactics Lord Roberts Seems to Have Adopted.

PUTS BOERS ON DEFENSE.

Fourteen Streams Is to Serve as Base for Relief of Mafeking.

BRABANT AT THABA N'CHU.

The Times.

LONDON.

WEDNESDAY (4 A. M.), MAY 9.

[By cable to THE TRIBUNE.]

The Times editorial leader this morning says:

"So far as it is possible to judge the general scheme of the operations of Lord Roberts appears to aim at forcing the Boers to concentrate on his front rather than in attempting to cut them off in detail.

"He may have recognized that the nature of the country and facility with which the commandos melt away when the net is being drawn around them make the efforts to entrap them at once costly and inconclusive.

"From Ladysmith we hear the country in the direction of Van Reenen's Pass is found clear of Boers. This may, perhaps, indicate that, in view of our steady advance into the Free State, the Drakensberg passes no longer offer the Boers an alluring line of retreat, and they probably prefer to make they way by Laing's Nek direct into the Transvaal when the pressure begins to be applied from Ladysmith.

"There is now an improved prospect for the relief of Mafeking within the period mentioned by Lord Roberts. The Boers have been compelled, by well combined movements, to abandon strong positions at Fourteen Streams, where the British camp is now being formed, and from that base there can be no doubt a strong effort will shortly be made to terminate the long siege."

Brabant at Thaba N'Chu.

The Times this morning publishes the following from its special correspondent:

THABA N'CHU (Monday)—Brabant's colonial division arrived here today.

Botha Is Falling Back.

SMALDEEL (Monday)—Reports from all along the line show the enemy is falling back, and General Botha, as his right gave way, apparently found it necessary to withdraw his left from Thaba N'Chu.

Plumer Awaits Carrington.

BULUWAYO (Sunday, April 29)—Colonel Plumer is still at Sifilili Camp and is reinforced by 100 men from Salisbury, but in view of the relative smallness of the force, a large part of which is now down with fever, and his want of effective artillery, the chances of relieving Mafeking with the forces at present at his disposal are small, especially as the besiegers recently were largely reinforced.

General Carrington is expected here shortly and a camp is being prepared for part of his troops on some commonage two miles from town.

The action of the government in commandeering all the mail contractors' mules is causing a serious dislocation of the mail service between here and Salisbury.

Mafeking Appeals for Haste.

MAFEKING (Wednesday, April 25)—The situation here is one of extreme gravity, as the quality of food supplied the garrison is below the standard required to support the strength of men already weakened by sickness. Heavy rains have caused an increase in the cases of fever and dysentery, while the cases of enteric fever and typhoid malaria are numerous. The physical condition of the garrison is aggravated by the unhealthy state of the veldt and the difficulty in keeping the trenches in a sanitary condition.

The natives report that the same causes started the typhoid in the Boer camp.

While the garrison will be able to hold out beyond May 18 the prospect is distinctly disheartening, and it is impossible to ignore the fatal significance of Baden-Powell's reference to the women and children, upon whom the brunt of the siege has already fallen, and this fact is indelibly impressed on the minds of the garrison by the number of deaths.

The commissariat is holding a certain stock of foodstuffs in reserve, to be used only in the direst extremity, and in the meantime most rigid economy in the distribution of food is being practiced. A beginning has been made of issuing rations of horse and mule flesh at intervals. The sending of aid from Roberts should be expedited on every ground.

Fight Natives at Wei Hai Wei.

SHANGHAI (Tuesday)—Telegrams from Wei Hai Wei state that a serious disturbance for some time anticipated came to a head on the mainland yesterday, when a party of natives attacked the commission which, with an escort, is engaged in the delimitation of the leased territory boundary.

It is reported that Mayor Penrose and Captain Pereira were wounded. The First Chinese Regiment behaved well, inflicting considerable punishment on the rioters. The disturbance probably is connected with the taxation instituted by the British administration, and the position is complicated by the continued activity of native officials within the limits of the colony.

Their presence therein was thought to be soothing to the Chinese "amour propre," but is liable to be misinterpreted locally and conducive to strained relations.

Navigation Concession Worthless.

PEKING (Tuesday)—The complete worthlessness in the present shape of the so-called concession for steam navigation on inland waters is further established by the refusal of the Shanghai customs Taotai to permit a British steamer of the ordinary river steamer type to trade between Shanghai and Tinghai, the chief town in the Chusan Islands, under the inland steam navigation regulations.

The British Legation addressed a remonstrance to the Tsung Li Yamen, which replied upholding the action of the Taotai, on the ground the steamer was of the sea-going type and that the regulations do not apply to places on the islands off the coast, but only to places on the mainland.

TO APPLY FOR REMOVAL.

LAKE STREET "L" TO GO TO FEDERAL SUPREME COURT.

Will Ask That Tribunal to Assume Jurisdiction Over the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company Foreclosure Case—Intimated a Settlement Has Been Made with Zeigler — Local Stocks Generally Weak—Net Losses in Steel and Iron Group.

The Lake Street Elevated Railroad company will apply next Monday to the United States Supreme Court to remove to the upper court the Farmers' Loan and Trust company foreclosure case, now pending in the United States Circuit Court. It is intimated that a settlement practically has been concluded with Mr. Zeigler and that the loan and trust company, by making a demand for its fees, is standing in the way of the arrangements. If the Supreme Court should take jurisdiction over the case and decide that the Circuit Court has no jurisdiction it would order the foreclosure case dismissed, and the loan and trust company would be out of the way so far as a settlement is concerned.

The basis of the application for removal of the case is that the American Trust and Savings Bank, one of the trustees under the mortgage, should be ranged with the Farmers' Loan and Trust company as complainant, and by that means it makes one of the complainants, the bank, a citizen of the same State as the Lake Street company. For that reason, the attorney of the elevated road contends, the United States Court has no jurisdiction. While it is unusual for the Supreme Court to take jurisdiction over such a case before the final decree, it has done so in furtherance of justice or to prevent the lower court from exceeding its jurisdiction.

In the Stock Market.

Local stocks generally were weak yesterday, following the lead of the New York market. National Biscuit shares were lower, the common selling as low as 30¼ and the preferred at 84. South Side Elevated was weak on the calling of a meeting of stockholders of the old Alley "L" for June 8 to elect officers and directors and revive the organization. The persons who are prosecuting the suit, now pending in the Superior Court, attacking the validity of the reorganization, have secured control of a majority of the stock of the old company. All the local industrials were off in sympathy with the New York market.

The weakness of the New York market made lower prices for the steel stocks. Net losses in stocks of the steel and iron group were: American Steel and Wire common, ⅝; Federal Steel common, ⅝; Federal Steel preferred, ½; American Steel Hoop common, 3; Steel Hoop preferred, ⅝; National Steel preferred, ⅛; Republic Iron and Steel common, ⅝; Republic preferred, ⅛.

Financial Notes.

The Pacific Mail Steamship company reports for March:

	1900.	1899.	Decrease.
Total	$275,591	$308,624	$33,033
Expenses	219,583	217,523	*2,060
Net	56,008	109,732	53,724
Reserve fund	29,115	29,115	.....
Balance	26,893	80,617	53,724

*Increase.

For eleven months ended March 31:

	1900.	1899.	Decrease.
Total receipts	$3,461,752	$3,855,938	$394,186
Expenses	2,408,877	2,459,442	50,565
Net	1,052,875	1,396,496	343,621
Reserve fund	320,265	320,265	.....
Balance	732,610	1,076,231	343,621

The Boston Clearing-House association may take up the matter of asking payment for collection of checks for out-of-town banks. The President of a New York bank, who was active in securing the introduction of the system in that city, has been invited to a conference in Boston. No steps are being taken in Chicago at present in reference to the adoption of the plan.

The Shelby Tube company has declared a dividend of 1¾ on its preferred stock, payable on May 15. Books close on May 10 and reopen on May 15.

The total national bank note circulation on April 30, according to the statement of the Comptroller of the Currency, amounted to $285,278,326, an increase of $14,325,256 during the month. The gain during March was $21,518,190. For the first five days in May the increase was $5,000,000.

Between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 gold probably will be shipped to Europe by the French steamer tomorrow.

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices on curb securities in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Cooper	87½	88
Air Power	30	33
Bay State Gas	1¼	1½
Chicago and Alton subscriptions	106¼	107
Distilling Company of America	6	6½
Do pfd	23½	24½
Electric Vehicle	27½	30
Illinois Electric Vehicle	1	1½
Otis Elevator	31	32
Do pfd	86½	88
Royal Baking Powder	89¼	90¼
Standard Oil	540	544

Sales on Local Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange were as follows:

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	535	12¼	11⅞	12
Do pfd	390	56¾	55¼	56
American Strawboard	25	32	32	32
Chicago Brewing	150	3¼	3	3
Do pfd	70	14	14	14
Chicago Union Traction	60	20½	20	20
Diamond Match	5	124	124	124
Metropolitan Elevated	200	32	32	32
Do pfd	165	78	77½	77½
National Biscuit	1,970	31	30¼	30¼
Do pfd	13	85	84	84
National Carbon	10	15	15	15
Shelby Steel Tube pfd	20	58	58	58
South Side Elevated	250	96	95	95
Street's Stable Car	150	19½	19	19
Do pfd	4	70	70	70
Union Elevated	50	91	91	91
West Chicago	275	109	108	108

BONDS.

$5000 N W El 5s...101½	$5000 Con Gas 5s...103
5000 do 101½	1500 Lake inc 5s.. 5
10000 City Ry 4½s..100½	500 Lake deb 5s.. 91½
5000 do 100½	

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	May 8.	May 1.
New York	$183,738,781	$216,608,991
Chicago	24,013,665	Holiday.
Boston	22,700,345	25,827,983
Philadelphia	15,810,005	17,454,213
St. Louis	5,419,998	5,007,854
Baltimore	5,425,019	5,130,167

New York exchange sold yesterday at follows: Chicago, 35c discount before clearings, 30c discount after; St. Louis, par bid, 25c premium asked.

SLUMP IN WALL STREET STOCKS

Values Seek a Lower Level, and as Usual the Public Holds the Bag.

[BY E. W. HARDEN.]

NEW YORK, May 8.—[Special.]—That which was expected by many happened in today's market. There was a general decline which took in the whole list and which caused a heavy loss to the public, with corresponding gains to the professionals. Bucket-shop men are happy tonight, for they have closed out many of their customers, and, as usual, the public is left holding the bag.

In a market, which was the most active for several days, the trading reaching 627,000 shares, losses were shown in practically every stock traded in. These losses ran from fractional declines to a break of more than 6 points in Baltimore and Ohio common.

The break was the sharpest which has been shown on the Stock Exchange since the general advance which came shortly after the beginning of the present year. It has effectually shaken most of the public out of stocks, and when those who are still in the market receive telegrams calling for more margins many are likely to have an attack of that tired feeling and to order their accounts closed.

There has of late been little trading of an investment nature. Most of the business transacted has been professional in character. Of the little stock that has been traded in on account of the public of late nearly all has been on the buying side, the public evidently believing that the sharp declines that had been shown must be made up by a reaction and a general advance.

While the steel stocks were credited with being in a large measure responsible for the break in values, they did not suffer as severely as some of the other stocks. They had suffered most in previous days' trading, however, and comparing today's prices with those of two or three weeks ago there has been a greater net loss in the steel stocks than in those of any other class.

Today the railroads were hammered severely. There was also a good deal of pounding in other industrial stocks, in all of which declines were shown. Baltimore and Ohio was the stock which was hammered the hardest, and the common stock sold off from 82½ to 76¼, with a close at the bottom figure, showing a net loss for the day of 6¼ points.

It was only recently the Baltimore and Ohio railroad announced a new issue of common stock, which was to be allotted to the holders of the old shares. This stock was to be sold at $80 a share, and the rights were selling at a premium. This stock has not yet been issued, but those who paid a premium for it and who have to pay $80 a share will get the same sort of stock that could be bought in the open market at the close today for $76.50 a share. Baltimore and Ohio preferred lost 3¾ points, going off from 83¼ to 79⅝, with a close at the bottom figure.

American Sugar was traded in in excess of 50,000 shares and lost 4¼ points. Steel Hoop common sold off 3¼ points, the close being at 21½, which was only ½ point above the low figure of the day. Burlington sold off 1¼ points, St. Paul 1⅝, Norfolk and Western 2⅛ points, and Rock Island 1⅝ points. Atchison common and preferred on fairly active trading each declined 1⅜ points. American Tobacco lost 2⅝ points, and Continental Tobacco 1 point. People's Gas was hammered down to 101¼, with a recovery of ⅛ point. The net loss of the day was 1⅝ points. Long Island sold off again today. The loss from last night's closing figure was 2 points. Union Bag and Paper common lost 2 points and the preferred 7 points, the selling being largely from Chicago.

While the steel stocks were weak, they held up better than some of the other securities. Steel and Wire common sold off to 36⅝, with a close at 37⅝, a net loss of only ⅝ point, while the preferred lost ½ point. Tinplate common lost ½ point. Federal Steel common ⅝ point, and the preferred ⅝ point. National Steel preferred lost 1⅜ points and Republic Iron and Steel 1 point in each of the two issues.

The decline in stock values today was credited in a large measure to the liquidation of stock held by pools. For some time pools have been operating in a number of securities, particularly in Missouri Pacific and Baltimore and Ohio. There was said today to have been a general unloading of these securities by the tired members of the pools. There was a decline of 2¼ points in Missouri Pacific on sales of 55,000 shares.

The traction stocks were also weak, Brooklyn Rapid Transit losing 1¼ points, Metropolitan 2¼ points, and Manhattan 1⅝ points. It has been the general belief in Wall street there were pools in all of these securities.

Money continues cheap, notwithstanding the gold shipments abroad and the probability of further losses during the present week, which it is expected will be quite as heavy as those shown last week. Call money today was loaned as low as 2 per cent, that being the closing figure, and also the figure at which most of the transactions were made.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities on Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The prolonged listlessness on the Stock Exchange gave way to an outburst of active liquidation today, and prices suffered severely as a result. In the railroad line losses between 1 and 2 points are the rule, and in many active stocks they exceed that. Bonds were active and weak in sympathy with stocks. Total sales, par value, $2,160,000.

Money on call steady at 2¼ per cent; last loan, 2¼ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steadier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488¼ for demand and at 484⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, 485½ and 489@489½; commercial bills, 483⅝@484¼.

Silver certificates, 60@60½; bar silver, 59⅝; Mexican dollars, 47½.

Government bonds irregular; railroad bonds inactive; State bonds weak.

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	—Closing— My.8.	My.7.
Amn. Sugar	49,000	112¾	108⅝	108⅝	112¾
Do pfd.	100	111	111	111	....
Amn. Tobacco	29,400	102⅝	99⅞	100	102⅝
Amn. Tinplate	700	26	25½	26	....
Do pfd	400	78	77⅞	78	78
Amn. Cotton Oil	200	33¾	33¼	33¼	34¼
Do pfd	200	95	95	95	96½
Amn. Express	200	154	154	154	....
Amn. Smelting	2,000	37¾	37	37½	38
Do pfd	800	88¾	88½	88½	89
Amn. St. & Wire	15,500	38¼	36½	37⅝	37⅞
Do pfd	3,100	76⅝	76	76½	76⅞
Atchison	16,400	25½	24⅝	24⅝	26
Do pfd	40,800	69⅝	67⅝	68¼	69½
Amn. Steel Hoop	2,000	24½	21½	21½	25
Do pfd	400	71½	71¼	71¼	....
Anaconda	1,600	44¾	44	44	44¼
Amn. Linseed	100	12	12	12	12½
Do pfd	200	56	56	56	56½
Am. Malt. Co. pfd	100	22½	22½	22½	23½
Amn. Car Fdry	2,000	17	16½	16½	17¼
Do pfd	900	65¼	65	65	65⅝
Amn. Ice	2,300	44¾	43¼	43¼	44½
C. & E. I.	300	102½	102	102	....
Bkln. Rap. Tran.	19,000	72½	71⅜	71⅛	72⅜
Brunswick	300	8½	8¼	8¼	8¾
Balto. & Ohio	26,000	82½	76½	76½	82⅝
Do pfd	9,100	83¼	79⅜	79⅝	83½
Bkln. Union Gas	200	149	149	149	....
C., B. & Q.	18,000	125	123¼	123¾	125
C. & N. W.	900	161½	158⅝	159	161½
C., M. & St. P.	16,400	117⅛	115½	115⅝	117⅜
Do pfd	200	175	175	175	172½
C., R. I. & P.	11,900	107	105⅝	106	107⅝
Canada Southern	300	54	53	53	55
Ches. & Ohio	5,000	29¼	28¼	28¼	29⅝
Cent. R.R. of N.J.	800	119	118¼	119	119
C., C., C. & St. L.	500	60	59	59	60
Canadian Pacific	500	95	94¼	94¼	....
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	1,000	182¼	181¼	181⅝	....
Chicago Terminal	900	12½	12	12	....
Do pfd	2,100	36½	35½	36¼	36
Col. & Southern	200	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	6
Do 2d pfd	200	16½	16	16½	....
Col. Fuel & Iron	500	40	36¼	37½	39¼
C. I. & L.	800	25	24½	24½	....
Chic. Gt. Western	1,500	13	13	13	13¼
Do pfd A	200	76½	76	76½	....
Cont'l Tobacco	7,700	29½	28⅝	29	29¾
Do pfd	200	80¼	80¼	80¼	81½
C. L. & W pfd	600	69	68	68	....
C. & H. C. & I.	100	16¾	16¾	16¾	....
D., L. & W.	200	178	177½	178	....
Del. & Hudson	400	114¼	114	114	114½
Den. & Rio Gra.	800	19	18	18½	19¼
Do pfd	100	68½	68½	68½	....
E. & T. H.	200	49½	49	49	....
Erie	600	12½	12¼	12¼	12⅝
Do 1st pfd	1,100	38	35⅝	36¼	38⅜
Federal Steel	16,100	38⅞	37½	37½	38⅝
Do pfd	3,900	67⅝	66⅞	67⅛	68
Genl. Electric	1,000	139½	137½	137½	135
Glucose	400	49½	48½	48½	49½
Gt. Northern pfd.	800	153	153¼	153¼	157
Hocking Valley	1,000	39	37	37	....
Do pfd	300	66	65¼	65¼	65⅞
Internat. Silver	200	6½	5½	5½	....
Ill. Central	1,000	113⅛	112½	112½	113⅞
Iowa Cent. pfd.	500	50	48½	48½	50
Internat. Paper	1,500	23⅝	22½	22½	23½
Do pfd	900	64	63	64	63½
K. C., P. & G.	200	17	16	16¾	....
Louis. & Nash	6,800	81	80	80⅝	81⅞
Long Island	900	75½	74½	75	77½
L. E. & W.	500	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	30
Laclede Gas	400	69	68	68	....
M. & Essex	400	189¼	189¼	189¼	....
M., St. P. & S.S.M.	300	24¾	24½	24½	....
Do pfd	300	66⅞	66⅝	66⅝	66⅞
Manhattan	7,100	93¾	92	92	93⅜
M., K. & T.	300	11½	11½	11½	11¾
Do pfd	300	34	33⅝	33⅝	34¼
Met. St. Ry.	5,900	153¼	150⅞	150⅞	153
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	600	13½	13	13	13¾
Mobile & Ohio	200	43	42½	42½	....
Missouri Pacific	54,400	57¼	55	55⅜	57⅞
Mex. National	100	4	4	4	3¾
Minn. & St. Louis	500	65	65	65	65
Met. W. S. C. pr.	100	78	78	78	....
National Biscuit	800	31	30¼	30¼	31
Do pfd	100	85	85	85	85
Northern Pac.	14,700	57⅝	56	56¼	57⅝
Do pfd	1,000	75⅝	75¼	75¼	75⅝
National Steel	3,600	30⅝	29⅝	30	30½
Do pfd	1,200	88	87½	87½	88⅞
N. Y. Central	6,100	133⅝	131½	131⅝	133⅝
Norfolk & West	6,900	36⅞	34½	34⅞	36⅞
Do pfd	1,300	78	77½	77⅝	79
North Amn. Co.	900	16	15	15	15¾
N. Y., Ont. & W.	1,700	22	21½	21½	22½
National Lead	200	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	21¾
Do pfd	100	103	103	103	....
N. Y., C. & St. L.	100	14	14	14	....
Nat. Tube	2,400	47½	46½	46½	47½
Do pfd	3,200	88⅝	87⅝	87⅝	89
People's Gas	12,400	103⅝	101½	101⅝	103⅝
Penn. R. R.	27,900	132⅝	131¼	131⅜	132⅝
Pacific Mail	300	32½	31½	31½	33
Pressed Steel Car	200	49⅞	48⅝	49	50
P., D. & E.	100	2½	2½	2½	....
Peoria & Eastern	100	7½	7½	7½	....
Pac. Coast 2d pfd.	300	60¼	58½	58½	....
Pere Marquette	200	24	24	24	....
Quicksilver	100	2	2	2	....
Reading	1,000	18	17½	17½	18
Do 1st pfd	12,100	57⅝	56½	56½	57⅞
Do 2d pfd	1,800	29½	29	29	30
Republic Steel	1,700	15½	15	15	16
Do pfd	500	57	56	56	57
Southern Ry	1,000	12⅝	12	12	12⅝
Do pfd	6,500	56⅝	54½	54⅝	56⅝
Southern Pacific	27,500	35½	33⅞	34	35½
S. L. S. W. pfd	2,300	28⅞	28¼	28¼	29
St. L. & San Fran.	100	10	10	10	10½
Do 1st pfd	200	68	68	68	....
Do 2d pfd	700	33⅝	32⅝	32⅝	34
Tex. Land	100	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	....
Texas Pacific	3,300	18⅝	17¼	17¼	18⅝
Third Ave.	100	108¼	108¼	108¼	108
Tenn. Coal & Iron	4,000	79⅝	77	77½	79⅛
Union Pacific	29,200	55⅞	53⅝	53⅞	55⅜
Do pfd	700	74⅞	74¼	74¼	74¾
U. S. Express	100	48	48	48	....
Un. Bag & Paper	700	14⅝	12⅝	12⅝	14
Do pfd	2,800	65	65	65	65
U. S. Rubber	1,500	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	....
U. S. Leather	1,400	12½	11½	11½	12⅜
Do pfd	1,900	70⅞	70	70	71
W. & L. E.	100	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9¾
Wheel. & L. E. 1st	700	53	53	53	53½
Do 2d pfd	700	28⅝	27½	27⅝	28½
Wabash	100	8	8	8	8
Do pfd	2,800	22½	21⅝	21⅝	22⅝
Wisconsin Central	400	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
Do pfd	500	49	46½	46½	....
Western Union	800	81¼	80⅞	81⅛	81
Wells Fargo	100	123	123	123	....

Total sales, 608,662 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	116	United States	41
American	150	Fargo	123

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s	103	U. S. old 4s, reg	114⅝
U. S. 2s, reg	99¼	U. S. old 4s, coup	114⅝
U. S. 3s, reg	109¼	U. S. 5s, reg	112½
U. S. 3s, coup	109½	U. S. 5s, coup	112½
U. S. new 4s, reg	134¼	D. of C. 3.65s	121
U. S. new 4s, coup	134¼		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS —10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

50000 Atc gen 4s100¼@½	37000 L I unf 4s.94@95¼
194000 do adjmt. .83½@⅞	11000 L & N unf 4s.100½
21000 A & S 7s.......118	5000 M & O ex 6s.124
2000 Ann Arbor 4s 92	2000 do 4s.........85
1000 A C O 8s.......102	1000 M K & E 1st.103½
5000 Adams Ex 4s ....102¼@103	1000 M K & T 1st 5s Tex......92
6000 A&N W 1st 5s 98½	31000 M K & T 1st 4s ....93¼@93⅞
29000 B & O 3½s.96@96¼	15000 do 2d.......69@69¼
154000 do 4s....100@100⅝	19000 Mex Cent 1st inc ....26⅛@27
96000 B & O S W 3½s ....88¼@89½	20000 do 2d inc.......13½
5000 Bkln El 1st.. 94½	3000 M& E 1st con.131
1000 B R T 5s.......106½	25000 Mo P 1st con 5s..........117@117¼
5000 Bkln Queens Co con 5s........101¼	12000 do 5s 1917 98¼@99
8000 CanSo 1st.107¼@½	25000 NY C gen 4½s 110⅝
9000 do 2d..106¼@107¼	1000 N Y C L S 3½s.98½
52000 Cent Ga con 5s..........90⅝@91	14000 N Y G & E 4s 92½
35000 do 1st inc43½@43¼	5000 do 5s.........107½
2000 do 2d inc.......13	29000 N & W con 4s ....96⅞@97¼
3000 C StL&NO 5s.126¾	47000 N P gen lien 3s...........67½
156000 Cent Pac 4s.99@⅛	27000 do prior 4s103⅝@⅞
20000 C & O gen 4½s ....98½@99	10000 No Ohio 1st..110½
1000 do con 5s.....117	2000 N Y C & St L 4s............106⅝
3000 CB&Q con 7s.112⅝	59000 Rdg gen 4s..88@⅛
8000 do Neb ex 4s.110½	17000 R G W 1st 4s.98@⅛
15000 do deb 5s......109⅝	9000 R W & O cons 5s..........126@126½
5000 do Ill div 3½s.105	18000 St L S F gen 6s.............124⅞
5000 C I & L 6s......115½	23000 St L S W 1st 4s..........89½@89⅞
6000 C &EI gen 5s.115¼	33000 do 2d......61@62
69000 CRI&P 4s.107½@⅝	12000 St L & I M 4s 82
1000 Col Mid 1st 4s. 78⅝	12000 do 5s..109⅛@109⅝
5000 do 2-4s........ 78½	5000 StP&D con 4s100
10000 C W & M 1st 98	5000 So Pac Cal 5s106⅝
9000 C & N W gold bonds........112	11000 So Ry 5s......112⅞
10000 Chi Term 4s.96@⅛	10000 StPM & M 6s.117⅞
1000 CStPM &O 6s.136	7000 do 4½s.........116⅞
4000 C & M N 5s...130	2000 do Mont ex 4s104½
5000 Col So 4s..83@84	45000 S A & A P 4s ....78½@78¼
10000 D&RG 4s98⅞@99	15000 So Pac 4s.83@83½
10000 D M & M L G 3½s...............30	7000 S R T 6s.........70
1000 E T V & G reorg lien........112	12000 do inc.........12
10000 Erie 1st cons.139	2000 T C I 1st B....109
35000 do con 4s.......69	7000 TexP 1st5s114½@⅞
42000 do 1st gen 4s.72@⅞	17000 U P 1st 4s ....104⅞@105
25000 F & P M 6s...122½	1000 do reg.........104¼
42000 Ft W & D C 1st............70@70½	10000 U S 3s new reg...............109¼
10000 G H & S A M & P 5s..............100	10000 do coup........109⅝
10000 GB&W deb B 7	6000 Wab 1st 5s....115⅝
12000 G Val 1st 5s.100	5000 do 2d..........103
2000 Ga Pac 1st....124½	167000 do deb ser B ....38@39
28000 H Val 4½s102¼@⅞	5000 do Det & C ext 5s............111
12000 H & T C gen 4s ....84¼@84½	3000 W C gen 4s ....90⅝@91¼
3000 Ill C Lou 3½s.103¼	5000 WU coll tr 5s.113
1000 do 4s 1953.....101	1000 W S gtd 4s...113
2000 I I & I 1st.....108	
7000 L & M 4s........90	
1000 L S & M S 7s.114½	
8000 Lac Gas 5s...108⅝	
4000 L E & W 1st.122	

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., May 8.—[Special.]—Pressure to sell characterized almost the entire list today. Montana was the only feature of strength in the coppers. Bell Telephone was dull and weak. Home rails, Boston Elevated excepted, were all off. Call loans, 2½@3½ per cent. Time loans, 3½@5 per cent. Clearing-house rate, 3 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Op'g.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	10,000	112⅝	112¾	108⅝	109
Atlantic Mining	300	24	24	23⅜	23⅜
Amal. Copper	150	88	88	87	87½
Atchison	250	25⅝	25⅝	25	25
Do pfd.	1,800	69¼	69¼	68¼	68¼
Arnold	150	6	6	6	6
Arcadian	150	18⅛	18½	17⅞	17½

	Sales	High	Low	My.8	My.7
Bos. & Mont. Min.	150	288	[illegible]	288	292
Butte & Bos. Min.	900	68¼	[illegible]	65½	67
Bonanza	400	1⅛	1⅛	1	1
Bell Telephone	50	316	316	314	314
Baltic	100	20	[illegible]	20	20
Central Oil	300	14¾	14⅜	14	14¼
C., B. & Q.	3,000	125	[illegible]	123½	123¾
Chi. Junct. Ry.	50	132	[illegible]	132	133
Cochite	1,500	10¼	[illegible]	9⅝	10
Centennial	110	17	[illegible]	16¾	17
Franklin Mining	500	14	[illegible]	13	13
Mohawk	150	15	[illegible]	14	14
Merced Mining	100	6½	[illegible]	6¼	6¼
Mex. Central	100	13¼	[illegible]	13¼	13¾
Mex. Tel.	100	2½	[illegible]	2½	2½
Osceola Mining	400	66	[illegible]	64	64½
Old Domin. Min.	300	17	[illegible]	16⅝	17
Parrott	1,000	40¾	[illegible]	37⅝	39½
Royal	500	25¼	[illegible]	25	25
Quincy Mining	50	135½	[illegible]	135	135
Tamarack	200	172	[illegible]	172	175
Santa Fé	200	5	[illegible]	5	5
Union Pacific	500	54⅞	[illegible]	54	54
Do pfd.	200	74⅞	[illegible]	74	74¼
United States Oil	200	18	18⅝	18	18
Tri-Mountain	350	6	[illegible]	6	6
Utah	800	28½	[illegible]	28	28
Wolverine Mining	50	39	[illegible]	39	39
Winona	100	3	3	3	3
Washington	100	1	1	1	1

BONDS.

$2000 Atch 4s......100	$27000 K C F S & M
1000 Junction 5s..112	6[illegible]....109¼@109⅝

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Tendency of Cash and Securities on Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The Commercial-Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: There was universal weakness in the markets today on forced liquidation, chiefly in West Australians. Trouble was reported in the Glasgow market, and funds were weak on the expectation of an early loan by the London County Council on favorable terms. Americans were a bid feature throughout. They opened nervous under parity, and New York prices dropped until the afternoon, when they became soft here on New York offers. The fall was accelerated in the street. Talk of American gold shipments, to begin this week, was persistent. Tintos and Anacondas were flat, fearing that metal troubles in America will spread to copper. Money was in moderate demand. Bills were steady. The bank did a trifling business in discounts and the market indebtedness has not been completely repaid. Indian buying of silver offsets slight American selling.

LONDON, May 8.—The market for American securities fluctuated somewhat, after a steady opening, and then declined, with operators showing little disposition to enter the market. The final tone was dull. Calcutta linseed, spot, 54s 6d; linseed oil, 34s 6d.

Consols for money, 100 5-16; do for the account, 100⅜; Atchison, 26½; Canadian Pacific, 96⅞; St. Paul, 119⅝; Illinois Central, 116¼; Louisville, 82½; Union Pacific preferred, 76⅝; New York Central, 136¼; Erie, 12⅞; Pennsylvania, 69¼; Reading, 9¼; Erie 1st preferred, 39¼; Northern Pacific preferred, 77¼; Grand Trunk, 7⅝; Anaconda, 9⅛; Rand Mines, 37⅝. Bar silver steady; 27¼d per ounce. Money, 3¼ per cent. The rate of discount in open market for short bills is 4 per cent; do three months' bills, 4 per cent.

PARIS, May 8.—Prices opened firm on the bourse today, but later became easier in consequence of a reaction in rentes due to selling orders from London and Berlin. Rio Tintos started strong, subsequently relapsed, and finished weak. Kaffirs were offered on London account.

BERLIN, May 8.—The weakness of the American iron and steel market depressed mine shares on the boerse today, all departments sympathizing in the feeling. International securities were quiet. Americans and Canadian Pacifics were easier.

IN THE FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, May 8.—Provisions—Lard—American refined in pails steady, 36s 6d; prime Western in tierces steady, 35s 6d. Hams—Short cut steady, 46s 6d. Bacon—Cumberland cut dull, 42s. Cottonseed oil—Hull refined, May-August firm, 24s 3d. Turpentine—Spirits firm, 44s 6d. Tallow—Australian in London steady, 28s. Linseed oil—35s 6d.

Grain—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 California, 6s 3½d@6s 4d; No. 1 Northern spring, 5s 11d; futures steady; July, 5s 8¼d; September, 5s 8⅝d. Corn—Spot American mixed new steady, 4s 1¼d; futures quiet; May, 4s 1¼d; July, 4s; September, 3s 11⅞d.

Cotton—Spot fair demand, unchanged; American middling, 5 7-16d. The sales of the day were 10,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export, and included 6,900 American. Futures opened and closed quiet but steady. American middling, l. m. c., May, 5 21-64d@5 22-64d buyers; May and June, 5 19-64d@5 20-64d buyers; June and July, 5 17-64d@5 18-64d sellers; July and August, 5 15-64d sellers; August and September, 5 07-64d sellers; September and October, 4 49-64d@4 50-64d sellers; October and November, 4 37-64d buyers; November and December, 4 31-64d@4 32-64d sellers; December and January, 4 29-64d@4 30-64d sellers; January and February, 4 27-64d@4 28-64d sellers; February and March, 4 27-64d sellers.

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Following is a statement of Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock, the receipts including stock received direct by packers:

	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Receipts—				
Monday, May 7	14,588	213	26,725	20,498
Tuesday, May 8	2,500	3,000	20,000	8,000
Totals	17,088	3,213	46,725	28,498
One week ago	24,160	3,781	63,134	33,237
One year ago	19,644	3,177	43,991	47,664
Shipments—				
Monday, May 7	4,167	35	6,800	969
Tuesday, May 8	2,000	150	3,500	1,500
Totals	6,617	185	10,300	2,469
One week ago	7,028	194	10,372	1,533
One year ago	6,209	214	15,335	6,639

Combined receipts at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week	43,000	97,000	50,000
Same period last week	49,000	108,000	46,000
Same period 1899	41,000	98,000	55,000

Today's receipts are estimated at 14,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, and 16,000 sheep, against 18,890 cattle, 35,414 hogs, and 18,365 sheep one week ago, and 16,075 cattle, 31,697 hogs, and 18,944 sheep the corresponding Wednesday a year ago.

Droves of packing hogs averaging 213@260 lbs. cost $5.15@5.21, and 165@174 lbs. $5.06@5.08½. Armour bought 1,300, Anglo-American 2,000, Boyd & Lunham 800, Hammond 600, Continental 2,100, International 1,400, Lipton 1,100, Morris 1,100, and Swift 3,700.

Eleven markets received 155,000 hogs the first two days of this week, against 165,000 a week ago, 142,000 a year ago, and 182,000 two years ago.

Cattle—Trade was active and prices ruled steady at Monday's advance. Native steers averaging 952@1,382 lbs sold at $4.30@5.35, with choice to fancy quotable at $5.50@5.80; canning cows, $2.40@3.00; "cutters," $3.25@3.60; fat cows and heifers, $4.00@5.00; bulls, $3.00@4.50; stags, $4.00@4.50; and feeding cattle, $3.75@5.10; bulk, $4.50@4.90. About 125 head of 120-lb steer calves sold to go back to the country at $7.00. Veal calves sold principally at $5.75@6.15, about 2,000 selling at that range.

Hogs—Prices were generally 10c lower, closing 20c lower than a week ago and 55c lower than the high time three weeks ago, when $5.85 was paid. Trade was slow most of the day, yet only 2,000 remained in the pens at the finish. Packers were bearish and talked $5.00 for good hogs. The top today was $5.32½ for one load averaging 259 lbs. Nothing sold late above $5.27½, with about $5.17½ the average price for the day. Receipts were short of expectations and the quality the poorest in some time, there being an increased proportion of common light mixed among the offerings. Quotations follow:

Bulk of sales	$5.10 @5.20
Selected butchers', 220@270 lbs	5.20 @5.30
Selected bacon, 150@190 lbs	5.05 @5.20
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs	5.07½@5.25
Heavy shipping, 250@350 lbs	5.20 @5.32½
Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs	5.15 @5.25
Rough heavy grades	5.05 @5.15
Poor to choice pigs	4.10 @4.90

Sheep—Prices were generally 10c higher for both sheep and lambs. Spring lambs, 50@52 lbs, sold at $8.00@10.00. Wooled Colorado lambs averaging 69@82 lbs sold at $7.10@7.35; shorn Western lambs, $5.30@6.40; Western yearlings, $5.70@6.00; Western sheep, $5.25@5.75; and natives, $3.75@5.75.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Beeves—Receipts, 19, consigned direct; nothing doing; nominally steady. Cables quoted live cattle firm; American refrigerator beef higher at 9½c per lb. Sheep steady. Exports tomorrow, 652 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, none; one car on sale. Clipped lambs culls, sold at $5.25. Nominally steady for all sorts. Hogs—Receipts, 1,843; none for sale alive. Nominally steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 9,700 natives, 600 Texans. Desirable cattle active, steady; few poor grades shade lower. Native steers, $4.55@5.60; stockers and feeders, $4.00@5.25; butchers' cows and heifers, $3.10@4.85; canners, $2.60@3.30; fed Westerns, $4.00@5.20; Texans, $3.90@4.70. Hogs—Receipts, 7,200; market very slow, 10c lower. Heavy, $5.05@5.15; mixed, $5.00@5.10; light, $4.80@4.95; pigs, $4.20@4.70. Sheep—Receipts, 7,200; market very active, steady. Colorado lambs, $5.75@6.00; clipped muttons, $5.00@5.55; grass Texans, $4.75@5.05; culls, $3.50@4.50.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,700, including 1,000 Texans; market steady for natives to strong for Texans. Native shipping and export steers, $4.85@5.65; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.35@5.15; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.50@4.60; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.50; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.85; bulls, $3.10@4.25; Texas and Indian steers, $3.40@5.05; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.05. Hogs—Receipts, 9,800; market 10c lower. Pigs and lights, $5.10@5.20; packers, $5.10@5.25; butchers, $5.20@5.35. Sheep—Receipts, 700; market active and strong. Native muttons, $4.25@5.25; lambs, $6.00@7.25; culls and bucks, $3.00@4.00; stockers, $2.50@3.00.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., May 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,900; market steady to easy, active. Native beef steers, $4.20@5.25; cows and heifers, $3.60@4.60; canners, $2.30@3.50; stockers and feeders, $3.70@5.20; calves, $3.00@7.00; bulls, stags, etc., $2.90@4.20. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market 10c lower. Heavy, $5.12½@5.25; mixed, $5.07½@5.10; light, $5.00@5.12½; pigs, $4.70@5.00; bulk of sales, $5.05@5.12½. Sheep—Receipts, 3,700; market steady to easier. Yearlings, $5.35@5.65; Western muttons, $5.00@5.45; stockers, $4.25@5.00; lambs, $5.75@7.00.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 8.—[Special.]—Cattle—Receipts, 1,832; steady. Native beeves, $4.35@5.25; Western beeves, $4.25@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.50@4.80; calves, $3.50@6.75; bulls and stags, $3.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 6,717; 10c lower. Light, $4.90@5.10; medium and heavy, $5.07@5.20; pigs, $3.50@4.25; bulk, $5.05@5.15. Sheep—Receipts, 2,682; strong to 10c higher.

New York Poultry Market.

NEW YORK, May 8.—[Special.]—Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per pound, 24@26c; fowls, per pound, 11c; chickens, yearling, 11c; roosters, 7c; turkeys, 7@9c; ducks, per pair, 50@75c; geese, 75c@$1.10; pigeons, 30@40c. Frozen—Turkeys, young hens, No. 1, 12@12½c; mixed young hens and toms, No. 1, 11@12c; do, young toms, No. 1, 11c; do, No. 2, 8@10c; broilers, fancy dry picked, 14@15c; do, scalded, 13@14c; do, fair to good, 10@12c; chickens, fancy, soft meated, 12@12½c; do, average, No. 1, 10@11c; do, No. 2, 8@9c; fowls, dry picked, No. 1, 9½c; do, plain, 8@9c; capons, fancy, large, 15c; do, medium weights, 13@14c; ducks, fancy, 13c; do, average No. 1, 10@11c; geese, average best, 9@10c.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., May 8.—Credit balances, 144; certificates, no bid; shipments, 88,823 brls; average, 94,936 brls; runs, 92,590 brls; average, 85,409 brls.

MORE CORN SHAKEN OUT.

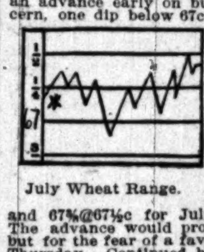
SHARP BREAK OF ONCE CENT, HALF OF WHICH IS RECOVERED.

Offerings of Long Stuff Start a Decline Which Is Helped Along by Vigorous Short Selling, the Rally Being Caused by Covering—Wheat Firm and Slightly Higher on Crop Damage News and Bullish Statistics—In Other Markets.

Corn held the center of the speculative stage yesterday, with a break of 1@1¼c on free liquidation, followed by a partial rally of ½@⅝c. The range was ⅞c and closing prices 38¼c for May, a loss of ½@⅝c, and 39@39¼c for July, a loss of ½c. There was no special cause for the break which has not existed for days, foreign cables being practically unchanged except spot at Liverpool, which was ⅛d lower. But the failure of corn to respond on Monday to the big decrease in the visible supply was a potent evidence of weakness which brought out a lot of long corn at the opening, which was off ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c. July rallied to 39½c early and hung around 39¼c for a time, until offerings by Harris, one of the leading bull houses, started a slump which was not checked more than momentarily until a further decline of ⅝c had been registered on the price thermometers. The pit traders, who have been playing for the liquidation of the Patten line, pressed their luck and helped the break by vociferous selling, and at every way station down the line stop loss orders were brought out. The heaviest selling was by Bartlett-Frazier, Tregosmith, Harris, Canby, Schwarz-Dupee, Logan, Gifford, and Tuttle, the latter an erstwhile bull. At the bottom of the break commission-house offerings ceased and buying by shorts, a limited buying demand from commission houses around 38⅝c for July, and perhaps the news of 40 boatloads taken for export at New York produced the partial rally. At the close the pit was undecided whether or not any of the Patten holdings had been shaken out, but the claim was made that they were intact. As to the extent of the Bartlett and Harris holdings there is more uncertainty. It is certain, however, that there is a considerable short interest in the market now, and it may be easier to bull corn if the news and statistics should be of a kind to make bears nervous. What steadied the market early was buying by Phillips-Hoge, believed to be to cover a short line. Local receipts were 327 cars and primary receipts were 358,839 bu to 401,862 bu last year, with shipments 652,778 bu, to 1,477,158 bu. Seaboard clearances were small at 341,098 bu, and local sales were only 40,000 bu. The wet weather West was considered beneficial to the growing crop. The decline in the Liverpool cash market was due to the arrival of 336,000 bu, all American, in three days, but futures there and in London were steady to ⅛d lower. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 4,691,000 bu in the world's visible, compared with a decrease of 5,530,000 bu last year. Contract stocks here increased 6,700 bu to 5,539,000 bu, and the total supply is 10,095,000 bu, a decrease of 915,000 bu for the week, a rather bullish showing.

Wheat Rules Higher.

Wheat did not share the weakness of corn, advancing ¼@⅜c in a rather dull and narrow market, the range being ½@⅝c. There was an advance early on buying by an elevator concern, one dip below 67c for July on the weakness in corn, and final strength on the big decrease of 6,700,000 bu in the world's visible as shown by Bradstreet's. There was also quite a bunch of crop damage reports which stimulated the bull feeling, but there was little improvement in the volume of outside business. Closing prices were 65⅞c for May, an advance of ¼c, and 67⅝@67½c for July, an advance of ¼@⅜c.



July Wheat Range.

The advance would probably have been greater but for the fear of a favorable government report Thursday. Continued heavy rains in the Southwest and dry weather in the extreme Northwest, confirmatory reports of wheat turning yellow in southwestern Kansas, and news of damage to the plant by hard rains in Nebraska and Texas all helped the price. Even Kalamazoo, Mich., came forward with a tale of locusts destroying vegetation in Berrien County. There was some notable selling by Cudahy, and the crowd thought it saw indications of selling by Patten and Bartlett against their corn holdings. Private advices fixed the French crop at 280,000,000 bu, or 88,000,000 bu less than last year. The bearish contribution to the day's statistics was the Trade Bulletin's estimate of total stocks of breadstuffs in this country and Europe at 175,766,000 bu, compared with 139,909,000 bu last year. The bulls disposed of this argument by declaring that the visible supply is 50,000,000 bu less than last year. This estimate shows a decrease in April of 4,540,000 bu in Europe and 3,835,000 bu in this country and Canada, a total of 8,375,000 bu, compared with a decrease of 5,019,000 bu in April, 1899. Foreign cables were steady, Liverpool ¼d lower to ⅛d higher, London unchanged to ¼d higher, Antwerp unchanged, and Paris steady to ¼c lower. Bradstreet's decrease of 6,700,000 bu, compared with an increase last year of 1,486,000 bu. Clearances were small, only 82,608 bu wheat and flour, but sales of 114,000 bu here and 224,000 bu at the seaboard were reported and Kansas City reported a good demand with sales for export via New Orleans at 1c over July, or a gain of ¼c since Saturday. The Northwest had 305 cars to 186 last year, primary receipts were 340,074 bu, to 296,076 bu last year and primary shipments were 1,031,730 bu to 504,702 bu. Total stocks in all positions here are 14,810,000 bu and contract stocks are 10,283,000 bu, a decrease of 377,000 bu.

Provisions Recover Early Losses.

Provisions had a weak start on too many hogs at the yards and prices 5@10c lower. Some long stuff was sold and local traders helped the decline along in the face of some buying by Armour. This was not taken seriously at first, but it increased in amount, and on attempted covering by shorts prices recovered fairly, lard and ribs in particular. Swift was the best seller and Hately and the Chicago Packing company were the best buyers aside from Armour. July pork was off 22½c at the lowest and closed 15c lower. Lard was 7½@10c lower, but recovered all but 2½c, and ribs lost 10@12½c early, but closed steady to 5c lower. The cash demand was only moderate. Shipments of products from Atlantic points last week, however, were 30,863,000 lbs, to 28,060,000 lbs the same week last year. Local receipts of hogs were 21,000, or 1,000 less than estimated, and the West had 70,700, to 69,300 last year.

The market in oats was made almost entirely by corn, and as a consequence prices were lower by ¼c. All the leading operators dumped oats, regardless of many of the conditions which were distinctly bullish. The weather was one of these, the map showing altogether too great a precipitation in the Southwest, where it is admitted the necessity for moisture does not exist, and a continuance of drought conditions in other sections, particularly Northwest. The selling was of all sorts—liquidation and "shorts." It was largely by Updike and Bartlett-Frazier. On the declines a little of the stuff let go early was taken back, and this had a steadying tendency. At one time July was ⅜c lower than Monday's close. Receipts were 294 cars, of which 20 cars were contract. Clearances helped the later market, being large—117,900 bu. Of this total 93,500 bu was cleared from New York, Philadelphia coming in next with 18,300.

Only three cars of rye were inspected, and as a consequence the cash market was about barren of offerings. One lot of about 10,000 bu cash was sold at ½c over May. The only sales of May were at 53¼c. July was nominally 52½c. Barley was steady, dull, and quotably unchanged. Screenings sold at 34c, feed at 36c, and malting generally around 44c. An extremely light business was transacted in timothy seed. The weather was still too dark for intelligent sampling and offerings were light. The range on country lots was $2.00 to about $2.40. Clover seed was unchanged at $7.00 for contract prime. Flaxseed was also dull and steady, spot Northwestern and May at $1.80, September $1.29@1.29¼, and October $1.22. There were 34 cars received and 6 inspected.

Futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Closed Monday.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed May 9, 1899.
May	65⅝	66–⅛	65⅝–½	65⅞	71¼
July	67⅛	67½	66⅞–7	67⅝–½	72⅜

CORN.

May	38⅝–¾	38¾	37⅞	38¼	32¼
July	39½–⅝	39½	38⅞	39–¼	33⅛

OATS.

May	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22½	25¼
July	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞–¾	22⅞

MESS PORK.

May	11.60	11.45	11.42½	11.45	8.35
July	11.72½	11.65	11.50	11.57½	8.50

LARD.

May	6.72½	6.70–2½	6.65	6.70	4.92½
July	6.77½	6.77½	6.70	6.75	5.02½
Sept	6.80	6.77½	6.70	6.77½	5.15

SHORT RIBS—SIDES.

May	6.50	....	....	6.45	4.55
July	6.52½	6.55	6.42½	6.52½	4.65
Sept	6.52½	6.55	6.42½	6.52½	4.77½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	1	7	4	12
Spring wheat	17	30	19	66
Corn	65	222	40	327
Oats	20	225	49	294
Rye	3	..	..	3
Barley	..	19	17	36
Totals	106	503	129	738

Inspected out—17,558 bu winter and 245,200 bu spring wheat, 123,824 bu corn, 26,501 bu oats.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady, with little if any improvement in demand. Winter patents, Southern, $3.60@3.70; straights, $3.25@3.40; spring, special brands, $3.70@3.90; Minnesota hard patents, $3.25@3.45; soft patents, $3.10@3.20; soft bakers' export, bags, $2.00@2.25; white rye, $2.70@2.90; dark, $2.60@2.70.

BRAN—In light demand and quiet. Sales on track, sacks included, $13.00. Billed through, $12.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Firm on fair shipping and milling demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 40,000 bu Kansas on p. t. Free on board: No. 3 hard, 64c; soft, 70½c. Billed through: No. 4 red, part car, 68½c; No. 3 red, part car, 68½c. Colorado wheat, f. o. b., No. 3, smutty, 63c.

SPRING WHEAT—In fair demand and steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 74,000 bu on p. t. Free on board: No. 4, 61c; No. 1 Northern, 67c. Billed through: No. 3, 62½@63½c.

CORN—Weak at a decline of ½@⅝c. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 39c; No. 3, 40,000 bu for shipment on p. t. On track and free on board: No. 4, 38¼c; No. 3, 39@39¼c; No. 3 yellow, 39@39¼c; No. 2 yellow, 39¼c; No. 3 white, 39½c; No. 2 white, 39¼@40c. Billed through: No. 4, 36¾@37½c; No. 3, 37½@38¼c; No. 3 yellow, 37¾@38¼c; No. 2, 37½c; No. 2 yellow, 38¼c; No. 2 white, 38¼@38½c.

OATS—Active and ¼@½c lower. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 25@25½c; No. 3 white, 25¼@26¼c; No. 2, 23⅝c; No. 2 white, 26½c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 24⅝c; No. 3 white, 24½@25½c; No. 2, 23c; No. 2 white, 25½c.

PROVISIONS—Moderately active and lower. Cash lots mess pork, $11.45@11.50, regular; $10.45@10.50, repacked, old. Lard, $6.72½@6.75, regular; $6.65@6.70, choice, old; $6.55@6.60, regular, old. Short ribs, $6.35@6.40, according to quality.

COOPERAGE—Quiet; pork brls, 75c; lard tcs, 87½c.

HIGHPROOF SPIRITS—Steady, $1.25½.

HAY—Quiet and steady. Receipts, 768 tons; shipments, 30 tons. Track sales included: Choice timothy, $12.50@13.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.00@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $10.50@11.50; No. 3 timothy, $9.00; not graded timothy, $8.50@9.00. Clover, mixed, $9.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $10.00@10.50; fancy, $11.00; Kansas, $9.75@10.00; No. 1 prairie, Iowa, $9.50.

Trade Gossip on Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 22 cars; corn, 150 cars; oats, 120 cars; hogs, 24,000.

A letter to Counselman from a leading French authority gives an estimate of 280,000,000 bu as the wheat crop of France, against 368,000,000 bu last year.

The directors adopted, without much discussion, the report of the Transportation committee recommending the abolishment of the freight traffic bureau, and the office was officially declared vacant June 1. Mr. Hyland had no comment to make on the action of the directors beyond announcing that on the date specified the directors will find him ready to move. The understanding is that something in line with the work heretofore performed by the traffic manager will hereafter be done by the committee as a whole, and as Mr. Dousman is the only member of that committee not regularly employed a large percentage of the duties of the office will naturally devolve on him. The directors elected four new members. The disputed commission case of Lohrke vs. Armour went over for a week. The only case of any interest before the directors was a complaint made by Richard Gambrill of Smith, Gambrill & Co., Baltimore, against the Grand Trunk railway, the complainants claiming the delivery of a car of oats to the defendant road a year and a half ago, which property has not since been heard of. The directors are asked to bar the road's representatives from floor privileges until settlement is made. The case was referred to the Arbitration committee.

Charters were for 200,000 bu corn and 30,000 bu rye, each at 2c.

A car of corn to be sold for the benefit of the people of India has been donated by the people of Waverly, Kas. It will be received here by McReynolds and sold at auction.

Bradstreet's report of the available supply of wheat east of the Rockies last week decreased 6,796,000 bu. In Europe and afloat, increased 96,000 bu. Total world's available supply decreased 6,700,000 bu, against an increase of 1,486,000 bu last year. Corn decreased 4,691,000 bu and oats 1,496,000 bu. Last year corn decreased 5,530,000 bu and oats 1,596,000 bu.

Contract stocks of wheat decreased 377,000 bu last week, corn decreased 6,000 bu, and oats increased 63,000 bu. In private houses there are now 3,437,000 bu wheat, 3,519,000 bu corn, 1,794,000 bu oats, 23,000 bu rye, and 245,000 bu barley.

According to the returns to the Daily Trade Bulletin and the Minneapolis Market Record the aggregate supplies of breadstuffs in the United States and Canada on May 1 were equal to 105,586,000 bu, compared with 109,421,000 bu on April 1, a decrease of 3,835,000 bu, and 74,369,000 bu on May 1, 1899. The decrease during April, 1899, was equal to 2,788,000 bu. The aggregate supplies in Europe and America on May 1 were equal to 175,766,000 bu, compared with 184,141,000 bu on April 1, a decrease of 8,375,000 bu, and 139,909,000 bu on May 1, 1899. The decrease during April, 1899, was equal to 5,019,000 bu.

Exports from the Atlantic seaboard as reported to the board were 2,003,000 bu of wheat to 1,593,000 bu last year, and 414,109 brls of flour to 368,000 brls, a total of 3,866,490 bu to 3,249,000 bu. Exports of corn were 4,274,000 bu to 3,082,000 bu last year.

FIRM TONE TO MOST FARM STUFF.

Moderate Demand from Local Sources and Prices About Steady.

Bad weather interfered to a certain extent with produce trade yesterday, but there was nevertheless a moderate trade. Supplies of all produce were fair, the run never being large on Tuesday. About 8 cars of strawberries were received. California contributed a carload of cherries, the first of the season. Potatoes were slightly improved owing to a temporary scarcity. Dairy products were steady and unchanged.

Round lots were quoted as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Butter, creamery, extra	19½c	Packing stock	13c
Firsts	17½@18½c	Eggs, at mark, cases returned	10¼@10½c
Seconds	15@16c	Strictly fresh, new cases inc.	11@11½c
Dairies, etc.	13½@16c	Cheese, new, twins	9@11c
Imitation creamery	14@15c	Young America	9@9½c
Ladles	13½@14c		

POULTRY.

Live turkeys, lb.	7½@9c	Geese	6@8c
Geese, doz	$3.75@4.00	Frozen turkeys	9@11½c
Iced turkeys	9@12c	Frozen chickens	9@9½c
Iced chickens	8@8½c	Roasting springs	11c
Ducks	8@9c	Broilers	14c

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Illinois, 1-3 bu boxes	75c@$1.00	Carrots, La., new, doz	30@35c
Tenn., 1-3 bu box	$1.00	Potatoes, mixed, bu	20@27c
Alton, 1-3 bu box	$1.00@1.25	Kings, common to choice	25@28c
Beans, navy, hand-picked, new	$2.18	Burbanks, fair to choice	27@30c
Medium	$2.10@2.13	Hebrons, common to choice	25@28c
Beets, new, brl	$2.00@3.00	Peerless, poor to fancy	25@28c
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	75c@$1.00	Rurals	28@31c
Cabbage, Holland, brl	$3.00@3.50	White	25@28c
Turnips, new, per brl, Balt	75c@$1.00	New potatoes, Bermuda, brl	$6.50@8.00
Lettuce, head, La., bu box	50c@$1.00	Ill. sweets	$2.00@3.25
Endive, brl	$2.50@3.00	Spinach, Balt., baskets	40@45c
Wax beans, Fla., bu box	$3.00@6.00	Mushrooms, lb.	20@30c
Kale, brl	$1.00@1.40	Tomatoes, Fla., 6-bskt cases	$2.75@3.75
Celery, California, doz	60c@$1.00	Squash, bu box	$2.00@2.50
Homegrown, doz	35@50c	Green peppers, 6-baskets	$3.50
Parsnips, brl	$1.00@1.75	Kohlrabi, doz	25@40c
Onions, Bermuda, boxes	$1.60@1.75	Oyster plant, doz	35c
Egyptian, sacks	$3.25	Parsley, La., doz	15@20c
Green onions, Mich., box	50@75c	Michigan	40@50c
Pieplant, Ill., 50-lb box	90c@$1.25	Radishes, Ill., bu box	50@75c
Cauliflower, Cal., crates	$2.25@2.75	Green peas, Miss., bu boxes	75c@$1.10

FRUITS.

Apples, common to fair, brls	$1.75@2.00	Pineapples, doz	$3.00@3.50
Apples, good to choice	$2.50@3.00	Cranberries, Jerseys, brls	$9.00
Apples, fancy	$3.50@4.50	Jerseys, 1-bu boxes	$3.00
Strawberries, La., 24-pint	$1.00@2.00	Lemons, Cal.	$2.50@3.00
La., 24-qt	$3.00@3.50	Grape fruit, box	$3.00@3.50
Miss., 24-qt	$1.25@2.00	Cal. navels	$3.00@4.00
Tenn., 24-qt	$2.00@3.00	Cal. seedlings	$2.25@3.00
Bananas, bch	$1.50@2.25	Med. sweets	$2.50@3.00

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	—Receipts— 1900.	1899.	—Shipments— 1900.	1899.
Apples, brls	275	347	187	73
Beans, bu	....	1,592	210	1,025
Broomcorn, lbs	36,040	....	15,890	1,970
Butter, lbs	1,241,815	719,859	918,002	876,970
Cheese, lbs	453,845	259,635	109,995	145,981
Dried fruits, lbs	10,470	37,000	19,165	18,520
Eggs, pkgs	20,518	18,570	7,647	11,854
Hay, tons	768	477	30	....
Hides, lbs	566,484	305,640	265,675	498,490
Hops, lbs	22,942	....	14,215	....
Potatoes, bu	34,625	42,196	8,906	11,471
Poultry, lbs	16,810	44,229	25,923	12,640
Poultry, coops	40	11	....	....
Wool, lbs	104,314	325,892	48,072	308,143

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST.

Closing Quotations in the Trading Centers of the Country.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Flour—Receipts, 37,297 brls; exports, 369 brls; weak and lower, holders endeavoring to attract business by making concessions; winter patents, $3.65@3.80; Minnesota patents, $3.65@3.85; do bakers', $2.70@2.90.

Wheat—Receipts, 283,050 bu; exports, 23,987 bu; spot steady; No. 2 red, 80¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 77⅞c elevator; No. 1 Northern, Duluth, 76⅛c f. o. b. afloat to arrive; No. 1 hard Duluth, 78⅜c f. o. b. afloat; options opened a trifle easy, owing to moderate foreign selling, but were strengthened later by unexpected steadiness on the continent, renewed unfavorable crop news from Kansas, and a heavy reduction in world's stocks. The close was steady at ⅛c advance; May, 72¼@72⅝c, closed 72⅝c; July, 72 11-16@73⅛c, closed 73⅛c; September, 73 5-16@73⅝c, closed 73⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 356,400 bu; exports, 142,433 bu; spot easier; No. 2, 44⅝c f. o. b. afloat and 44c elevator; options weak and lower in response to heavy liquidation West, small clearances, and weakness in provisions. The market finally rallied with wheat and closed steady at ⅜@½c net decline; May, 43⅞@44¼c, closed 44c; July, 44¼@44⅝c, closed 44⅜c; September, 44⅝@45c, closed 44⅞c.

Oats—Receipts, 51,800 bu; exports, 93,525 bu; spot easier; No. 2, 27⅞c; No. 3, 27c; No. 3 white, 28¼c; track mixed Western, 27½@29c; track white, 28½@29c; options dull and weaker at ⅝c decline; No. 2 white oats, May closed 29⅜c.

Lard—Easy; Western steamed, $7.15; refined dull.

Pork—Easy; family, $14.00@14.50; short clear, $13.75@15.00; mess, $12.50@13.25.

Butter—Firm; Western creamery, 16@20c; do factory, 13@15c; imitation creamery, 14@17c; State dairy, 15@19c; do creamery, 16@20c.

Cheese—Quiet; fancy large white, 10½c; fancy large colored, 10@10½c; fancy small white, 9⅝@10c; do colored, 9⅝@10c.

Eggs—Steady; State and Pennsylvania at mark, 13¼@14c; Southern do, 11½@13c; storage Western 12½@14c; regular packing, do, 12¼@12½c.

Potatoes—Quiet; New York, $1.25@1.62½.

Tallow—Quiet; city, 4⅝c; country [pkgs free], 4⅞c.

Cotton seed oil—Easy; prime crude, 34½c; do yellow, 37½c.

Resin—Steady; strained common to good, $1.60.

Turpentine—Firm, 50½@51c.

Cabbages—Quiet; Florida, per crate, $1.50@1.75.

Freights to Liverpool—Quiet.

Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice, 7⅝c; mild quiet; Cordova, 9½@13½c.

Sugar — Raw steady; fair refining, 3 15-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4 1-16c. Molasses sugar, 3¾c; refined steady.

Cotton—The market continues in a narrow rut, with the trade devoting its attention to events in the belt. After opening steady, with prices ranging from 2 points higher to 2 points lower, the market showed no energy and varied scarcely 2 points further. Europe was a buyer of July and August deliveries around the opening; New Orleans sold October and January and room operators did a scattering business in the general list. But with this trade disposed of the market lapsed into a torpid condition, from which it did not recuperate until the close. The market was finally quiet, with prices 3 points higher to 3 lower. Futures closed quiet; May, 9.66c; June, 9.51c; July, 9.49c; August, 9.30c; September, 8.53c; October, 8.28c; November, 8.07c; December, 8.06c; January, 8.07c; February, 8.09c; March, 8.12c. Spot closed quiet, ⅛c higher; middling uplands, 9⅞c; middling gulf, 10⅛c; sales, 6,035 bales.

Metals—Cables were again a little lower. Tin here was slightly off from yesterday's closing prices, owing to the lack of demand and large receipts. The close was easy, at $29.25@29.50. Pig iron warrants were weak in the absence of buyers, closing nominally at $15.50. Northern No. 1 foundry was quoted at $21.00@23.00, entirely nominal at that. Spelter also ruled a little easier, closing barely steady at $4.57½ bid and $4.62½ asked. Lake copper and lead were dull and unchanged, closing at $17.00 and $4.40@4.45 respectively. The brokers' price for lead was $4.20 and for copper $17.00.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 8.—Wheat—The market opened firm this morning on a steady tone abroad at 65⅜@65⅝c for July. For a moment it looked like an upward start, but support was lacking, and there was reaction to yesterday's close at 65¼c, where the market held for a time. July closed at 65⅜c; September, 65⅝c; May, 65⅛c. In the cash market business was good, and as offerings were light the tables were cleaned up in short order. No. 1 sold from ½c to ⅝c over July; No. 2 from 1¼@1½c under; No. 3, 63@64c. Bran—Higher; in bulk, $11.00@11.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 8.—Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 71c; track, 72@72½c; May, 70c; July, 67⅛c; August, 67⅛c; No. 2 hard, 65@66c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 38c; track, 39c; May, 38c; July, 38@38⅛c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 24c; track, 24½@24⅝c; May, 24c; July, 22½c; September, 22¼c; No. 2 white, 27c. Rye—Nominal; 55c. Flaxseed—Nominal; $1.77. Pork—Steady; jobbing, $12.75 old; $13.25 new. Lard—Easy; prime steam, $6.60; choice, $6.65. Lead—Dull; $4.35. Spelter—Steady; $4.50.

PEORIA, Ill., May 8.—Corn—Lower; No. 2, 38c. Oats—Inactive; No. 3 white, 24½@24¾c. Whisky—Firm; $1.25½, basis for finished goods.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 8.—Turpentine—Steady at 46¼c; sales, none. Resin—Quiet, unchanged; sales, none.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 8.—Spirits turpentine—Firm at 47⅞c; receipts, 1,731 brls; sales, 779 brls; exports, none. Resin—Firm; G and below, 5c off; receipts, 3,557 brls; sales, 2,801 brls; exports, 6,305 brls.

DULUTH, Minn., May 8.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69⅛c; to arrive, 69⅛c; May, 69⅛c; July, 69⅝c; September, 68⅝c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 67⅛c; to arrive, 67⅛c; May, 67⅛c; July, 68c; September, 67⅝c; No. 2 Northern, cash, 65⅛c; No. 3 spring, 62c. Oats—22⅛@23c. Rye—52½c. Barley—36@41c. Flax—Cash, $1.80; to arrive, $1.80. Corn—35⅛c. Receipts—Wheat, 111,092 bu; shipments, wheat, 453,565 bu.

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North Chicago Street Railroad Company Certificates of Indebtedness.

Public notice is hereby given that the Five-Twenty Certificates of Indebtedness of the North Chicago Street Railroad Company, issued January 1st, 1891, heretofore called pursuant to the privilege given in and by said Certificates to said Company, will not bear interest after July 1st, 1900. On said date or at any time prior thereto said certificates will be taken up at par and accrued interest by the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank at its office, corner Jackson boulevard and La Salle street, Chicago, Illinois.

NORTH CHICAGO STREET RAILROAD COMPANY, By Markham B. Orde, Treasurer.

First Mortgages ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st. 'Phone Express 681.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway Co.

OFFICE, NO. 52 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, March 10th, 1900.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders and bondholders of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting, will be held at the office of the company in Chicago, Ill., on Thursday, June 7th, 1900, at twelve o'clock noon. Transfer books will close on Saturday, May 5th, 1900, at noon, and reopen on Friday, June 8th, 1900. Bondholders will authenticate their voting bond by registration.

Said meeting has also been designated and called by resolution of the Board of Directors of the company as the meeting whereat, or at any adjournment whereof, the stockholders of the company shall consider and act upon the several following questions:

Ratification of either or both of the leases of the railways and railway property of the Boyer Valley Railway Company and the Harlan & Kirkman Railway Company made by this company pursuant to resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors on December 8th, 1899.

Purchase of the railways and of the rights, privileges, franchises, immunities, assets and property of any or all of the following companies: Boyer Valley Railway Company, Harlan & Kirkman Railway Company, Minnesota & Iowa Railway Company, and Iowa, Minnesota & Northwestern Railway Company.

Purchase of the railways and of some or all of the rights, privileges, franchises, immunities, assets and property of the Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company [including those of the Dakota Central Railway Company, the Mankato & Ulm Railway Company, and the Minnesota & South Dakota Railway Company, acquired by said Winona & St. Peter Railroad Company].

All of the companies to whose railways and property it is proposed to have this company take title as aforesaid are already "proprietary companies," whose stock is owned by this company.

MARVIN HUGHITT, President.
M. L. SYKES, Secretary.

Union Trust Co. Bank
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MEMBERS CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Office of The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company,

CHICAGO, Ill., April 23, 1900.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company for the election of Directors pursuant to law, and the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the company in the City of Chicago on the sixth day of June next at 11 o'clock a. m.

W. G. PURDY, President.
GEO. H. CROSBY, Secretary.

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PORTO RICO N[...]

IS FIRST SUBJECT N[...] MAY HAVE TO[...]

Difficulties People T[...] Contend With A[...] Adequately Relie[...] Mortgage Collect[...] Desire Result—A[...] Thought to Be N[...] ting Plantations [...]

SAN JUAN, Porto Ri[...] Correspondence.]—If l[...] tened to the first imp[...] the new government w[...] be the negotiation of [...] of perhaps $10,000,000, [...] of the proceeds of w[...] through a special co[...] the existing banks on[...] to the coffee and suga[...] habilitation and devel[...] tates.

In other words, the [...] be called upon at once [...] conditions in a constru[...] conditions are of cours[...] ests of the country, an[...] be primarily a means [...] American administratio[...] ever, while it has disp[...] erality and prosecuted[...] has in respect to the [...] of the island proved in[...] ill-advised.

Mortgage Order[...]

The order issued by G[...] 19, 1899, suspending fo[...] tion of all mortgage lo[...] rious blow to producti[...] dictated by kindness of[...] lated, for the moment a[...] tain proprietors again[...] ure. Its chief effect, h[...] pend all future operati[...] vented both those who [...] closed and others pos[...] gins of security from [...] essary for carrying o[...] Financial institutions,[...] contract, whatever its [...] any meaning which cou[...] fused, except in rare [...] ther loans to planters,[...] narrowing of cultivatio[...] producing class, and th[...] the island.

There can be little d[...] thus fending off the [...] crippling agriculture. [...] deny that it would be [...] proprietor should be s[...] by another who can [...] tion than that the for[...] in a hazardous and cra[...] without the means of [...] veloping his property.

There was the less [...] order, since, unlike Cu[...] had been resorted to d[...] there had been no wa[...] there was no acute co[...] vis, realizing, as dis[...] creet people in th[...] did, its harmful effe[...] in December that [...] tend it at its expi[...] Interested appeals, ho[...] Secretary Root in Wash[...] ing to preserve the stat[...] pending legislation, sh[...] tended the order on h[...] for six months. There[...] this extension than fo[...] but while liquidation i[...] bor and production und[...]

Cyclone Damag[...]

In the second place, [...] failed to meet in any [...] emergency caused by t[...] last. This storm cover[...] caused the death at th[...] to official report, of 2[...] sides destroying roads,[...] hundreds of buildings,[...] banana plants on the i[...] jury to tobacco and sug[...] product, hitherto the c[...] land, to perhaps a se[...] crop; cut off from tw[...] fourths of the island's [...] lowing year, largely [...] exports, especially of [...] years to come, and fe[...] country districts utterl[...] current banana crop sh[...] July and August, of t[...] food.

Moreover, as the co[...] prior to that time, the[...] barrassed financially o[...] were they the ones to [...] from the storm. The [...] estates, tangled with [...] by torrents, and disfig[...] have largely remained [...] a state of ruin, while t[...] making fruitless endea[...] and public channels to[...] which to employ the s[...] those estates in order. [...] of these proprietors, la[...] filed applications with [...] ment at San Juan aski[...] to be distributed by t[...] their neighborhood in r[...] their plantations, and a[...] that relief is being chie[...] ing to that plan. Beyo[...] supplies to their estate[...] tributing agents, the p[...] turn for the work thus[...] being that they have an[...] to render therefor.

How Plantations[...]

A journey of 160 miles[...] of the island, about ha[...] covered on horseback [...] the country traversed [...] fee culture, the chief o[...] of the public roads wh[...] government is wisely [...] fact that the coffee esta[...] not to have been cleare[...] of the storm and of the[...] and abject destitution o[...]

The government has f[...] sults of the storm with[...] to the emergency. Gen[...] ports of Sept. 5 and [...] island loan for agricult[...] vate individuals and [...] have joined in the re[...] propositions urged, ho[...] adopted, and apparentl[...] riously considered. No[...] measure been brought [...] tal from some source w[...] ble, even for the salvag[...] velopment, of the islan[...] lack of such capital for[...] ted disaster to be suc[...] ble decline and has bee[...] for most of that distrib[...] rations which has alre[...] $1,500,000 of public mo[...] continue for several m[...] lay in settling the tarif[...] unfortunate item in A[...] tion.

In all of these unhap[...] leled at least during re[...] the $400,000 spent duri[...] last year in rather de[...] roads, the $1,200,000 be[...] spent for roads during [...] coming eight months, [...] relief rations mentioned[...] be of vital importan[...] should not be forgotten[...] items do not take the [...] productive processes of [...]

The new civil govern[...] haps, an embarrassing[...]

PORTO RICO NEEDS LOAN.

IS FIRST SUBJECT NEW GOVERNMENT MAY HAVE TO DEAL WITH.

Difficulties People There Have Had to Contend With Are Not Now Being Adequately Relieved—Suspension of Mortgage Collections Has Not Given Desire Result—At Least $10,000,000 Thought to Be Necessary for Putting Plantations in Working Order.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 25.—[Special Correspondence.]—If local sentiment is listened to the first important subject which the new government will take in hand will be the negotiation of a loan for the island of perhaps $10,000,000, a considerable part of the proceeds of which will be reloaned through a special commission or through the existing banks on a commission basis to the coffee and sugar planters for the rehabilitation and development of their estates.

In other words, the civil government will be called upon at once to deal with economic conditions in a constructive manner. Those conditions are of course the essential interests of the country, and government should be primarily a means for their promotion. American administration in Porto Rico, however, while it has disposed charity with liberality and prosecuted useful public works, has in respect to the productive processes of the island proved inadequate, not to say ill-advised.

Mortgage Order Well Meant.

The order issued by General Henry on Jan. 19, 1899, suspending for one year the collection of all mortgage loans, was the first serious blow to productive interests. It was dictated by kindness of heart and was calculated, for the moment at least, to insure certain proprietors against possible foreclosure. Its chief effect, however, was to suspend all future operations of credit. It prevented both those who might have been foreclosed and others possessing ample margins of security from borrowing funds necessary for carrying on their properties. Financial institutions, alleging that a loan contract, whatever its terms, no longer had any meaning which could be relied upon, refused, except in rare cases, to make further loans to planters, the result being the narrowing of cultivation, the idleness of the producing class, and the impoverishment of the island.

There can be little doubt as to the folly of thus fending off the Sheriff at the cost of crippling agriculture. Few people would deny that it would be better that an existing proprietor should be sold out and succeeded by another who can carry on the plantation than that the former should continue in a hazardous and cramped possession and without the means of carrying on and developing his property.

There was the less reason, too, for this order, since, unlike Cuba, where such orders had been resorted to during the revolution, there had been no war in Porto Rico and there was no acute condition. General Davis, realizing, as disinterested and discreet people in the island generally did, its harmful effects, announced early in December that he should not extend it at its expiration on Jan. 19. Interested appeals, however, were made to Secretary Root in Washington, and he, wishing to preserve the status quo until the then pending legislation should be passed, extended the order on his own responsibility for six months. There was more reason for this extension than for the original order, but while liquidation is thus suspended labor and production undoubtedly suffer.

Cyclone Damage Unrepaired.

In the second place, the government has failed to meet in any adequate manner the emergency caused by the cyclone of Aug. 8 last. This storm covered the entire island, caused the death at the moment, according to official report, of 2,700 people, and, besides destroying roads, bridges, cattle, and hundreds of buildings, cut down all the banana plants on the island, did serious injury to tobacco and sugar, reduced the coffee product, hitherto the chief export of the island, to perhaps a seventh of the normal crop; cut off from two-thirds to three-fourths of the island's exports for the following year, largely reduced the possible exports, especially of coffee, for several years to come, and left the people of the country districts utterly deprived, until the current banana crop shall begin to ripen in July and August, of their main staple of food.

Moreover, as the coffee planters were, prior to that time, the most seriously embarrassed financially of any proprietors, so were they the ones to suffer most severely from the storm. The result has been their estates, tangled with fallen trees, washed by torrents, and disfigured by landslides, have largely remained since that disaster in a state of ruin, while the owners have been making fruitless endeavors through private and public channels to obtain loans with which to employ the starving peons to put those estates in order. Indeed, nearly 6,000 of these proprietors, large and small, have filed applications with the military government at San Juan asking for relief rations, to be distributed by them to the peons of their neighborhood in return for work upon their plantations, and at the present moment that relief is being chiefly bestowed according to that plan. Beyond transporting the supplies to their estates and serving as distributing agents, the planters render no return for the work thus received, the reason being that they have and can obtain nothing to render therefor.

How Plantations Now Appear.

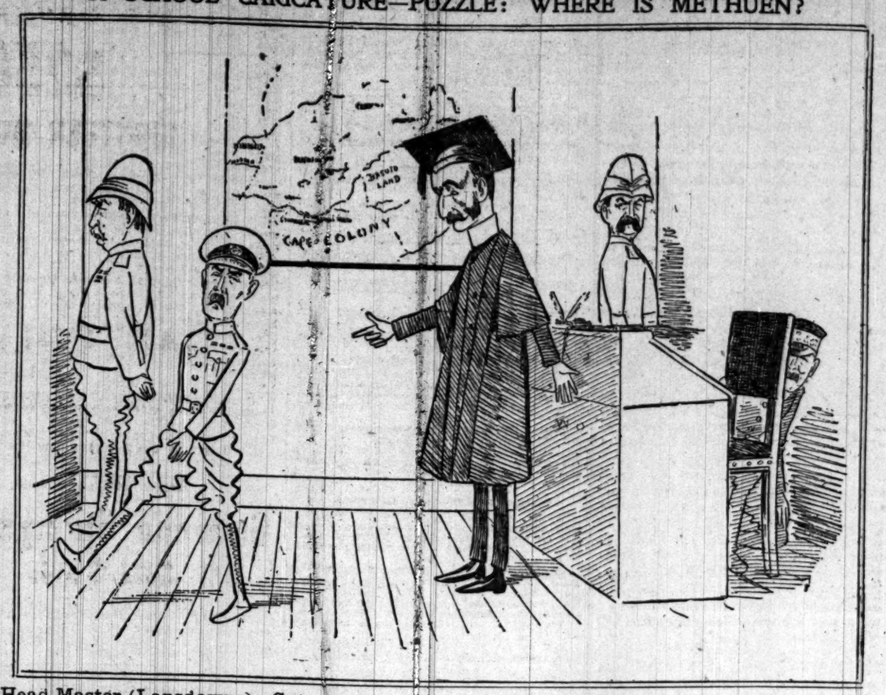
A journey of 160 miles through the interior of the island, about half the distance being covered on horseback and more than half the country traversed being devoted to coffee culture, the chief observation was, not of the public roads which the United States government is wisely building, but of the fact that the coffee estates appear generally not to have been cleared up since the havoc of the storm and of the consequent idleness and abject destitution of the peasantry.

The government has failed to meet the results of the storm with any expedient equal to the emergency. General Davis in his reports of Sept. 5 and Dec. 15, urged an island loan for agricultural needs, and private individuals and official delegations have joined in the request. None of the propositions urged, however, has been adopted, and apparently none has been seriously considered. Nor has any substitute measure been brought forward. Still capital from some source was and is indispensable, even for the salvage, not to say the development, of the island's agriculture. The lack of such capital for months has permitted disaster to be succeeded by preventable decline and has been the chief occasion for most of that distribution of government rations which has already involved about $1,500,000 of public money and is likely to continue for several months. The long delay in settling the tariff issue was the third unfortunate item in American administration.

In all of these unhappy events, unparalleled at least during recent Spanish times, the $400,000 spent during the first half of last year in rather desultory work on the roads, the $1,200,000 being spent and to be spent for roads during the last four and the coming eight months, together with the relief rations mentioned, have been and will be of vital importance to the people. It should not be forgotten, however, that these items do not take the place of the natural productive processes of the island.

The new civil government will have, perhaps, an embarrassingly free field for the development of some policy for rehabilitating these interests, particularly coffee culture. The latter, since coffee has hitherto been admitted to the United States free, will, unlike sugar and tobacco, experience no direct benefit from the new tariff measure, and capital must be had for its restoration. This ought also to be obtained at rates distinctly below the 9 to 12 per cent now charged. It is in the hope of such a result through public intervention that the reduced planters are awaiting with anxious anticipation the advent of the civil government.

A SCHOOL CARICATURE—PUZZLE: WHERE IS METHUEN?



Head Master (Lansdowne)—Gatacre, you go home; Buller and Warren, stand in the corner.
—Westminster Budget.

Remains of Diluvial Man.

Director of the Geological Museum at Agram Makes a Valuable Scientific Discovery in Northern Croatia.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D. B. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, April 22.—Professor Gorganovic-Kramberger, director of the Geological and Paleontological National Museum in Agram, has discovered remains of the diluvial man. In a letter published in a German anthropological journal he states that he found a quantity of human teeth, jawbones, and skull bones buried in diluvial sand at Krapina, in northern Croatia.

The excavations were made last September. Beside these human remains were found stone tools and bones of the woolly rhinoceros (rhinoceros tichorhinus), of the oldest species of cow known (bos primigenius), the cave bear, the beaver, and other animals.

The finds were covered by 8.5 meters of sand in such a way as to preclude the notion of accidental juxtaposition—at least, this is the opinion of the learned professor. The sand was produced by the decay of an overhanging rocky wall of tertiary (miocene) origin.

The discovery is regarded as one of the most important documents in the history of mankind.

New Way to Make Gas.

Apparatus Brought Out in Leipzig for Generating a Safe Illuminant from Gasoline, Which Can Also Be Used for Heat and Power.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY CHARLES J. BURT.]

LEIPZIG, April 24.—A new apparatus for generating gas from gasoline for lighting, heating, cooking, gas motors, and engines has been recently brought on the market. It is intended for localities where no gas works exist, and for country residences, small factories, hotels, etc. This apparatus can be put in any room of ordinary height, which, however, must be kept above the freezing point in temperature. The apparatus operates immediately on lighting the gas jet, is self-working, odorless, non-explosive, the gas generated is pure, and does not require any special technical knowledge for taking care of it. The gas generated is heavier than the atmosphere, and in case it should escape sinks to the ground, and is, therefore, much less dangerous than coal gas. The apparatus was awarded a special gold medal at the Public Welfare exhibition recently held in Leipzig.

Russia Imports Fine Tools.

The higher classes of machinery and tools used in Russia are from Great Britain and the United States. At present there is more demand for common sorts. The finer sorts are used in bicycle factories, marine machine shops, etc.

Common machinery is mostly imported from Germany and England, and showed an increase for 1899 of more than 50 per cent over previous years. Drill presses, milling machines, special machinery for making torpedoes, schrapnel, cartridge shells, projectiles of all kinds, quick firing guns, artillery cartridges, etc., come from England; carriage lathes from Germany and America; steam hammers, wood working machinery, pumps, England. The rapid development of the naphtha industry in Baku has created a great demand for small pumps, and as the Russian make is poor and necessitates constant repairing, pumps have to be imported. In Baku alone 1,300 pumps have been imported in the last twenty years.

Phonograph as Music Critic.

Camille Saint-Saëns says that "the defects of others are conspicuous to ourselves, while our own escape us. As an example, a friend of mine bought a fine phonograph, and asked me to play something on the piano for it to record. I played my 'Valse canariote.' I was astonished to discover two bad defects in my playing. One passage of twenty notes was overaccelerated and quite jumbled, and another place that I had intended to give a certain rhythm, the way I had written it, was entirely wrong and unpleasant to the ear. As a result of this phonograph lesson I have corrected both these defects. After this experience, it seems to me, it would be an excellent idea for teachers of singing, declamation, and instrumental music to employ the phonograph, so that pupils could hear their own faults. I cannot find words that will sufficiently recommend a trial of this device."

Effect of Climate on Wounds.

In the last number of Deutschen Medicinischen Wochenschrift Dr. Grawitz relates the following experiences while on an expedition to Bear Island, which lies to the north of the Scandinavian peninsula:

"Bear Island is situated where the gulf and polar currents meet and the dryness and moisture of the air is influenced by this circumstance to such an extent that a part of the year the air is dry and the other part is foggy and moist. I observed that severe wounds which whale fishers had received during the dry season showed no traces of inflammation and also no inclination to heal. This is only to be accounted for in that the dry air contained no disease germs. This fact also explains why the fish dried in the sun by the fishermen do not putrefy. At one time the air suddenly became foggy and moist. The fish were covered with a fungus in a short time and an unpleasant odor denoted that putrification had begun. Wounds that would not heal during the dry season matterated and healed in about twenty-four hours. Also new wounds matterated immediately and healed rapidly. The foggy air was filled with germs that caused the fish to putrify and the wounds to matterate. Why did wounds refuse to heal in the dry air free from germs, and why did they heal so readily in the moist air filled with disease germs? Surgeons have heretofore endeavored to prevent these germs from getting into wounds so as to enable them to heal as rapidly as possible. Perhaps we are on the verge of new and incalculably important discoveries which a thorough study of the subject will bring to light."

To Test Vessel Models.

North German Lloyd Opens an Experimental Towing Station at Bremerhaven for Ascertaining Proper Form a Ship Should Have to Attain a Given Speed.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ERNST FITGER.]

BREMEN, April 21.—The North German Lloyd has opened a "towing experimental station" and has invited the Germany Navy department and the German shipyards to make use of it in designing new vessels. A towing experimental station is of use in ascertaining the proper form a ship of given tonnage should have when it is expected to attain a given speed. It requires a large outlay to erect such a station, and previously governments or shipbuilders alone have built them. The first station was designed by the engineer, W. Froude, for the English Admiralty, and was erected at Torquay. His son, R. E. Froude, built an improved station at Portsmouth. The next was constructed at Dumbarton by William Denis & Brog. There are now such stations in Holland, Italy, Russia, France, and the United States, all of which, excepting the French and American, are modeled after Froude's. One of the largest is that planned by Naval Constructor Bowles for the American navy. The Lloyd station is not so large, but it is said to have some improvements over any others.

The Lloyd station at Bremerhaven covers 2,000 square meters of ground. There is a hall 170 meters long, which includes the model foundry, the machine for shaping the models, the electric storage batteries which supply the towage power, a magazine, workshop, drawing-room, and offices. There is also adjoining this hall a filter plant with forty square meters filtering surface to supply water for the towing tank.

The tank has an interior length of nearly 160 meters and a depth of 3.2 meters, and is 6 meters broad. It contains 2,900 cubic meters of filtered water. The walls are wooden and are extraordinarily stable to prevent oscillation.

In making the towing experiments a paraffine model of the ship to be built is molded and cut according to an approved design. It is then towed by the electric motor, which moves on a track beside the tank, while a dynamometer measures the resistance. The model is cut and recut and remolded time and time again, the displacement remaining the same. The object is to ascertain what length, breadth, depth, height of load line, etc. are best adapted to secure the required speed, loading capacity, and radius of action. The models are four and one-half to five meters long. They may be of wood, but paraffine is usually preferred, owing to its being easily shaped. There are formulas to determine the friction offered by the waves and other movements of the surface of the sea, and the results so ascertained are also corrected by experiment, in which these movements are simulated.

The form of screw is also determined on by similar methods.

Emperor William visited the new station on April 13 and complimented the Lloyd on its enterprise.

New Invention in Stone Steps.

They Are Artificial and Can Be Impressed with the Designs of Carpets While the Material Is Still Soft—Zyloith Can Also Be Inlaid.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY CHARLES J. BURT.]

LEIPZIG, April 22.—A new invention that is already on the market is that of artificial stone steps. A design imitating staircase carpets of any desired color is pressed into the steps when still soft, and as the design or figures penetrate to a considerable depth they last as long as the steps. Beautiful designs can be used and have been found suitable for fine residences. A layer of zyloith can be inlaid in the same way, and it is preferred, as it is elastic and deadens the sound of footsteps.

Opposed by Dr. Schuhmacher.

National Economist Is Against the Establishment of German Chambers of Commerce in Foreign Countries and Gives Reasons for His Objections.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY WALTER NORMAN GOLDSCHMIDT.]

HAMBURG, April 20.—For some time there has been in Germany a strong agitation in favor of German Chambers of Commerce in foreign countries. Dr. Schuhmacher, a well known German national economist, who has always been prominent in matters of international interest and German welfare, has become a strong opponent to this movement, arguing that German members of International Chambers of Commerce of east Asia would be excluded from the German Chambers of Commerce, hence the membership of the German Chambers of Commerce would consist of an undesirable, insignificant fraction of the German population, who would necessarily wield little influence.

On the other hand, in the United States, Germans mostly become naturalized Americans and form an integral part of the domestic Chambers of Commerce, which would leave a German Chamber of Commerce little show for a strong membership from the ranks of German residents in the United States.

Commercial Items from Germany.

Newly Discovered Process Makes Cloth Non-Combustible Without Injuring the Fabric or Affecting the Colors—Valuable to Commerce.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY CHARLES J. BURT.]

LEIPZIG, April 9.—The American Consul at Freiburg reports a new and promising discovery in his district of a chemical process for making cloth incombustible. The process is said to be cheap and simple, will not injure the finest fabric, and does not cause colors to run or change in colored goods. The weight of the stuff so treated is not perceptibly increased, and it chars only when brought in direct contact with a flame and the charring does not extend beyond the immediate influence of the same. A piece of wood wrapped with one thickness of canvas treated with this process can be laid among live coals for some time and will not show the slightest effects from the fire when the canvas is removed unless the wood has come in direct contact with the fire. Water dissolves the chemicals, however, and after a treated piece of stuff has become thoroughly wet it is no longer fireproof when dry again.

The number of tourists that visit Switzerland annually from Jan. 1 to Oct. 1 is estimated at about 2,500,000. The average amount of money spent by each tourist is $15.44, which sums up to $38,600,000. As the population is only 3,933,000, this sum of money is of great importance to the people and nearly doubles the income of the population per head.

Rich gold deposits have lately been discovered in the Katanga district of the Congo State.

The German Imperial Consul General at Batavia has sent the following report to the Imperial Department of the Interior: "The possibilities for mining industry in the Dutch Indies are promising. Capital and good financiering, combined with technical knowledge, are necessary, however, to make it a success. Many difficulties arising from the luxuriant tropical vegetation have to be overcome. Only about one-fourth of 1 per cent of the Dutch Indian Archipelago has been subjected to thorough research up to the present time.

Experts have estimated the cost of building the Bagdad railroad at $100,000,000.

The principal manufacturers of ink in Germany and Austria-Hungary have decided to advance the prices 20 per cent on writing ink, ink for stamps, mucilage, paste, copying inks, and colors. The reasons given are higher prices of raw materials, labor, and coal.

Tramp Steamers Declare War.

German Merchants in the Straits Settlements Charter Vessels for Oriental Trade and Cut the Freight Rates to Lower Figures.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ERNEST FITGER.]

BREMEN, April 24.—A merchant in the Straits Settlements recently chartered some tramp steamers and accepted freight to European ports from the Straits and Dutch East India at a considerable reduction under the rates of the North German Lloyd and the lines to the Dutch Indies.

They answered by forming a ring and meeting the cut in the articles which he was making a bid for. It is said they also are offering a rebate of 10 per cent to shippers who stick to them exclusively.

The rebate, however, does not apply to copra, tobacco, and sugar. There is the prospect of a regular tariff war for awhile and the colonial merchants are accordingly smiling.

Bremen at the Paris Fair.

Models of Docks and Engineering Works, Ice Breakers, and Appliances for Life Saving, Used by the German Societies for the Relief of the Shipwrecked.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ERNEST FITGER.]

BREMEN, April 20.—Bremen will be represented at the Paris exposition by a number of interesting objects. There will be drawings illustrating, on a large scale, the harbor of Bremen, the correction of the Weser River, and the docks and other property of the greatest steamship lines. There will be models of the splendid new buildings and of the Weser River ice breakers, which are recognized to be the best in use in West Europe. There will also be a complete display of the appliances for life saving which are employed by the German Society for the Rescue of the Shipwrecked.

Church Model in Silver.

Kostroma, the Principal Center of the Silver Industry of Russia, Sends a Unique Exhibit to the Paris Exposition.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY HENRY R. KABITZ.]

BRESLAU, April 20.—Kostroma, the principal center of the silver industry of Russia, will send a model of the church that is building at St. Petersburg as a memorial to Czar Alexander II. to the Paris exposition. It contains 200 kilograms of pure silver.

The Warsaw Society of Military Veterinary Surgeons has asked the Russian government for permission to send a veterinary corps to the Transvaal, as the Boers are backward in veterinary surgery and their armies contain few veterinarians.

GERMANY IN NEW WORLD

FUTURE COLONIES IN SOUTH AMERICA AND MONROE DOCTRINE.

Large Parts of Mexico, Central America, and Brazil Already Settled by Men from the Fatherland, Who Still Retain Their Allegiance to the Kaiser—Relations with the Latin Republics May Some Day Lead to Civil War—United States Warned.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY CHARLES J. BURT.]

LEIPZIG, April 20.—A man in public life, whose business it is to observe international relations from the point of view of international competition, gave me the following interview:

"The German colonial department is making extraordinary efforts to further German commercial interests in Mexico and Central and South America. Many scientists and trade experts have been and are constantly being sent to these countries to gather information and to promote cordial relations with their business-men and authorities. They have been reporting confidentially on the best ways of directing German enterprise, capital, and emigration to these countries, in the hope of heading off and forestalling the Yankees.

"Should German interests become predominant in Mexico and Central America, a barrier would be raised between the United States and the great German settlements in Brazil, Paraguay, and Uruguay.

"For an observant follower of the present day politics there can be no doubt that Germany hopes to acquire colonies in this part of the world at some future day.

Loyal to the Kaiser.

The instability of the South American governments favors the fulfillment of this hope. The time will come when the industrious and order loving German population of those South American countries already mentioned will have increased in number and grown powerful through their wealth and unity, and then they will no longer tolerate the corruption and disorder prevailing under the institutions of the Latin race, and take the governing power into their own hands.

"That these German settlers have no sympathy with the institutions of these countries where they have taken up a new home and still cling to the customs and traditions of the fatherland was shown by their petition addressed to the German Emperor about two years ago, in which they still acknowledged him as their liege lord.

"Let us suppose that they have succeeded in establishing a government; it would be threatened by the jealousy and apprehension of the Latin race in the whole of South America, and absolutely defenseless against the aggression of foreign nations. There would be but one solution of the problem, and that would be for the German government to declare a protectorate.

"Germany will perhaps by this time be a sea power sufficiently great to risk disregarding the Monroe doctrine and force recognition of her interests. It would then be a short step for her to attempt to influence legislation in favor of her commercial and political interests in opposition to those of the United States in other parts of the American continent where German capital is being invested and increasing so fast that in a few decades German interests will predominate.

Desperate Necessity for Colonies.

"Germany's necessity for colonies is desperate; the fatherland is already overpopulated and thousands leave the native soil to swell the population of her two great rivals—the British Empire and the United States. Russia, her great neighbor to the east, has territory enough to support many times her present population, which is now nearly twice that of Germany.

"With the constant increase in population and development of the British and Russian Empires and the United States, Germany must eventually drop behind her present rank as a great power, hence her necessity for territory for retaining and supporting her surplus population.

"The colonies which Germany has at present are unhealthy and consequently of little use. No wonder that Germany sympathized with and hoped for the ultimate success of Spain during the late war, when she saw her good prospects for acquiring the Philippines dashed to the ground and the United States likely to gain a position in the West Indies, commanding the whole east coast of Central America and the northern coast of South America.

"The German press has been agitating against her two great rivals—England and the United States—for some years, so that in case future events should lead to hostilities, the government would have the unanimous support of the people."

Petroleum Drops in Hamburg.

Oil Company Reduces Price Despite Advance in America—German Emperor Visits Heligoland—Teplitz Paper Claims General Cronje Is of Austrian Birth.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY E. L. MUMMERHOFF.]

HAMBURG, March 15.—The "Deutsch-Amerikanische Petroleum Gesellschaft" is selling petroleum 25 pfennige (about 6 cents) cheaper in Hamburg, and several other concerns have followed suit in spite of the fact that the price of petroleum in America is increasing rather than decreasing.

The German Emperor has just visited the Island of Heligoland on board the battleship Kurfürst Friedrich Wilhelm, which was escorted by the Wörth, Weissenburg, Brandenburg, and Hela.

The Hamburg-American line has put 15,000,000 marks worth of new shares on the exchange, which represents the increase of capitalization caused by the building of several new steamers.

An Austrian paper—Teplitzer Zeitung—claims that General Cronje is an Austrian, and that he was born in Teplitz. His father, a French cook, Cronier, came to Austria in 1830 with Charles X. Afterwards Cronier ran the Hotel de France in Teplitz, and later on emigrated to south Africa. A few years ago the present General Cronje made researches in Teplitz in order to trace his family there.

Waldemar P. Leonhard, formerly United States Vice Consul at Hamburg, arrived at Hamburg on March 11 from New York on board the Phœnicia.

On Saturday, March 11, Miss Weed of Syracuse, N. Y., took the leading part in "Rienzi" with Birrenkoven, and scored another decided success.

The British club of Hamburg realized $1,000 from its entertainment for the mansion-house fund.

Trade of Germany Grows.

Statistics Show That United States Is Importing More This Year Than Last—How the Purchases are Divided.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D. B. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, April 7.—The declared value of the exports to the United States from the Consulate General of Berlin and the consulates under its supervision during the first quarter of 1899, according to a statement supplied by Consul General Frank H. Mason, was $12,873,200. For the same quarter in the present year the value was $18,106,924, showing a gain of $5,233,724. The figures for the same two quarters at Frankfort-on-the-Main showed an increase of $1,011,331.

The most notable feature of the Berlin district exports was the loss in gloves, $87,000 compared to $119,000 during the corresponding quarter of 1899, and the gain in glove leather from $83,000 to $137,000. There was a marked increase in color prints and lithographs, paints (from $83,000 to $143,000), clothing, velvets, cotton and woolen goods.

Ornamental feathers decreased from $101,000 to $23,000, and there was a marked loss in machinery and hardware.

The gain at Hamburg was due largely to the enormous exportation of raw sugar—$3,417,000 compared to $2,282,000. Portland cement increased from $130,000 to $428,000; rags, etc., from $110,000 to $270,000; hides and skins from $179,000 to $252,000; chemicals, paints, and drugs, from $132,000 to $198,000. Raw rubber decreased from $310,000 to $164,000, and fruits, seeds, and plants from $299,000 to $93,000.

In the Barmen district there was a large increase in ribbons, cords, chemicals, dyes, and hatbands, whereas there was a decrease in the exports of linen laces and silk and half silk goods.

The export of rags from the Hanover district gained 60 per cent, while that of chemicals and cement lost considerably. Asphalt, water filters, matches, starch, and hides ceased to be shipped altogether during the quarter ending on March 31.

The largest part of the exports from Plauen was in cotton laces and embroideries—namely: $567,417.64. The increase is $321,419.34.

The increase at Chemnitz is wholly in textile goods, the exports in cotton hosiery alone amounting to $1,007,166.

The increase at Leipzig is mostly in furs, $923,822.80 in 1900 against $542,390.59 in 1899.

The most important articles of export from Coburg were dolls and toys, which gained about 40 per cent.

The consulate at Bamberg reports a gain of 25 per cent over the corresponding quarter of 1899. The principal exports are basket wares, porcelain, and hops.

Claims Cure for Phthisis.

Dr. Hericourt, a French Physician, Says That After Ten Years of Experiment He Has Found Specific for Tuberculosis in Beef "Plasm."

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY G. E. PURUCKER.]

STRASBURG, March 31.—The French physician Hericourt declares that he has found a sure cure for phthisis and pulmonary diseases. "We began," so he told a reporter, "our experiments ten years ago on tubercular dogs and monkeys, to which we administered the 'plasm' pressed from the meat of beef muscle. This 'plasm' has naught in common with the blood that circulates between the ligatures and fibers of the muscles. It is now six months since we have steadily tested our remedy on men and women. Ten cases of tuberculosis of the second grade gained in weight of body and felt much better. The patients received daily 600 cubic centimeters of 'plasm' in three rations, in the shape of cold bouillon." Hericourt expresses his strong conviction that here is a genuine cure of phthisis. He expects that tests of this remedy will soon be made in all great cities of the medical world.



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is chiefly due to its irreproachable character."
The Times.

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A GOOD COMPLEXION

Depends on Good Digestion.

This is almost an axiom although usually we are apt to think that cosmetics, face powders, lotions, fancy soaps, etc., are the secrets for securing a clear complexion. But all these are simply superficial assistants.

It is impossible to have a good complexion unless the digestive organs perform their work properly, unless the stomach by properly digesting the food taken into it furnishes an abundance of pure blood, a good complexion is impossible.

This is the reason so many ladies are using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they promptly cure any stomach trouble and they have found out that perfect digestion means a perfect complexion and one that does not require cosmetics and powders to enhance its beauty.

Many ladies diet themselves or deny themselves many articles of food solely in order to keep their complexion clear. When Stuart's Dyspepsia tablets are used no such dieting is necessary; take these tablets and eat all the good wholesome food you want and you need have no fear of indigestion nor the sallow, dull complexion which nine women out of ten have, solely because they are suffering from some form of indigestion.

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WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1900.

From University to College. Many American colleges have changed their designation to university. It is seldom, however, that one changes its title from university to college. This is the case with the Lombard College, as it is now known, which, after two years' deliberation, has established a precedent that probably is unique. The necessary papers have been filed with the Secretary of State. Like many other institutions that call themselves universities Lombard has never been one in the correct sense of the word. The authorities of the institution frankly admit this. The Universalist Leader asserts that the institution, which is maintained largely as a divinity school for that denomination, will not undergo any reduction in grade. In fact, plans are now under way to celebrate the semi-centennial of the institution, which occurs in 1901, by an addition of $100,000 to its endowment, which sum is to be known as the "jubilee fund." Already about $33,000 has been raised of this amount, and it apparently will not be difficult to secure the balance. The institution has made much progress during the last year or two, a new building having been added, the grounds improved, and the courses of study expanded. The additional $100,000 is expected to add much to its opportunity for useful work in behalf of the Universalist Church in the West and Northwest.

Des Moines Without Saloons. Des Moines remains a city without a saloon for another month, at least. This condition has existed for more than three months, or ever since the courts ruled that the conditions for the granting of licenses had not been complied with. The saloonkeepers then decided to close their places, and they began a canvass for names upon their petition, in conformity with the law. A month ago they finished their work, and presented the petition to the County board. The Supervisors spent several days going over the list, and at their monthly meeting on April 18 approved it. The court now holds that publication should have been made in four newspapers, instead of two, and that the legal ten days' notice was not given. The next regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors will not be held until June 4, when action will be taken. Shortly thereafter, unless the anti-saloon people interpose some other ground for delay, the saloons of Des Moines will reopen. Meanwhile, if the newspapers published in other Iowa cities are correct, there is no trouble in obtaining liquor in Des Moines. While the saloons are closed, "blind pigs" flourish. Those who oppose the attitude of the Prohibitionists in preventing the legal opening of the saloons declare that there may be a repetition of the conditions of Des Moines under prohibition, when the city was filled with illegal drinking places, some 300 doing a thriving business; one of them, half a block from the Y. M. C. A. Building, was the scene of nightly noisy carousals of members of both sexes. The temperance people, however, have the law on their side, and have the right to insist that its requirements shall be met.

THE NEW YORK ICE TRUST.

A great combine known as the American Ice company, which has almost entire control in New York of the supply of that summer necessary of life, is showing the people of that city how merciless and exacting a monopoly can be. They will get this year a better idea of the evil possibilities of "trusts" than ever before. Combines which have raised the price of barbed wire or steel rails have not interested them much. When they find themselves in the hands of a corporation which doubles the price of ice then they begin to see the bad side of monopoly.

The American Ice company charged its customers 25 cents per 100 pounds last year, and at that rate was able to pay dividends on $35,000,000 of common and preferred stock. Being desirous to make more money it has raised the price to 50 cents for 100 pounds and may ask more later on. It is thinking of delivering ice only every other day. This will reduce the cost of distribution and force people to take more ice. Consumers cannot help themselves. The great corporation which is bleeding them controls the supply of Hudson River and Maine ice and most of the artificial ice supply.

The well-to-do citizens of New York will not feel greatly this advance in the price of ice. The men with small salaries and artisans who have to calculate closely in order to make both ends meet will feel it keenly. They must have ice during the summer months, even if they go without something else. They need it to cool their water and to keep their provisions from spoiling—unless they live on salt meat or fish. There is going to be an incessant outcry from now until October against a corporation which has raised prices 100 per cent, so it may pay dividends on millions of watered stock.

This "trust" outrage may have political consequences. It may make some of the leading men in Tammany exceedingly unpopular. Several of them were asked by the Mazet committee whether they held stock in the first ice trust, which was absorbed by the American company. Most of them refused to answer, which was a confession. Mr. Croker said finally that he had had some stock, but had given it to his wife. It is believed that John F. Carroll, who is Croker's right hand man, is a stockholder in the American Ice company.

New-Yorkers put up philosophically with Tammany misgovernment. They are not shocked when Tammany bosses get rich through the judicious use of their "influence." But if they believe those bosses are in partnership with an ice monopoly which is fleecing them mercilessly they may revolt. There are limits to New York patience.

THE BRITISH ADVANCE.

After more than two months of delay Lord Roberts is at last able to continue his advance toward Pretoria. Leaving Bloemfontein behind as a well-equipped base, his army is sweeping northward in a concerted movement that extends across one-half of the Orange Free State. The extreme left is at Warrenton, in Cape Colony, near the borders of the Free State and the Transvaal. The extreme right is at Winburg, which lies east of the middle of the Free State. Lord Roberts in person was at Smaldeel day before yesterday in charge of the center. The Boers have fallen back with mild resistance at all points and are evidently reserving their strength for a desperate fight in some fortified position, probably at Kroonstad. When the invaders meet that obstacle they are likely to pause and rest again.

With every day's march of Roberts' great army northward the situation tends to change all the way from Ladysmith to Mafeking. In Natal on the east the advance is likely to remove some of the pressure from General Buller and allow him to be heard of again. In Cape Colony on the west it must ultimately result in the relief of Baden-Powell at Mafeking. This besieged town is still at least 150 miles north of the invading army, but as soon as the advance enters the Transvaal and threatens to get between Mafeking and Pretoria the besieging Boers will have to fall back or be cut off. In the same way the Boers who are troubling General Buller in the mountains north of Ladysmith will shortly be in similar danger of being outflanked. When Lord Roberts begins to cross the Vaal these Boer detachments in the Drakensberg passes will have to make a difficult choice. They must either abandon their impregnable positions or allow themselves to be cut off from their base at Pretoria.

Already the advance movement has brought one advantage to the British. Winburg is the terminus of a railroad spur reaching out toward Ladysmith. There is a gap of only a hundred miles short of a complete connection with the railroad from Durban, so that this route can probably be used to some extent in relieving the pressure on the single line from Cape Town. But the retreating Boers are destroying every bridge and culvert on the Pretoria railroad, so that the British will probably have the task of rebuilding the road all the way. Every day's march into the Boer territory also makes the British line of communications harder to protect. The difficulty of subsistence will naturally increase and the nature of the country farther north will be in favor of the defenders. Even if Lord Roberts does not meet with a reverse of any kind at Kroonstad he will still have the most serious part of his task before him.

ST. LOUIS STREET CAR STRIKE.

The employés of the St. Louis Traction company went on a strike yesterday. The feeble attempts of the company to run a few cars led to those violent demonstrations which have become the customary feature of disputes between street railway companies and their employés. The motormen and conductors who dared to continue at work were set upon at once by angry rioters. It is the intention of the strikers and the hoodlums who take special delight in a labor war of this kind that the lines shall be tied up until the demands of the men are complied with.

Some of those demands the company cannot grant. One of them is that all conductors, motormen, gripmen, and men employed in the sheds shall be compelled to be members of the union. Another is that any member suspended by the union shall be suspended by the company, without pay, until such time as the union requests his reinstatement.

The other day, when some of the employés of the New York Central struck, the officers of the road said that so far as wages were concerned they were willing to concede much to have peace, but that the company never would surrender the right to select and to control its employés, for whose acts it is responsible. The St. Louis Traction company takes much the same ground. It refuses to be limited in its choice of employés. It refuses to agree to discharge a man whose work is satisfactory when a union suspends him because he has broken one of its regulations. The employés of the company may make blunders for the consequences of which it will be legally responsible. It should be free in its choice of the men who are to handle its property.

There may have been other demands made by the strikers which are not unreasonable and which the company should grant. It has valuable franchises, for which it pays St. Louis and St. Louisans practically nothing. It can afford to be liberal as to wages and hours of work. But it cannot be expected to grant the demands mentioned above. The employés are asking too much.

BLOOMINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

Chicago sends compliments and congratulations to its sister Bloomington, which tomorrow celebrates the fiftieth anniversary of its incorporation as a city. Fifty years is a long time in the life of a Western city, and the record of Bloomington's first half century is one on which its citizens may well look back with pride.

The first white settlers built their cabins on the site of the present city in 1826. At that time the spot was called Blooming Grove. It was a well wooded spot somewhat higher than the surrounding country and close to the main trail of the Indians and fur traders running from the South to the "Chicago portage." Close to Blooming Grove were some of the best farming lands in the State and also inexhaustible deposits of coal, though the latter were not discovered for many years.

Peopled mainly by emigrants from Kentucky and the New England States, Bloomington has given to the State and to the nation many prominent and useful men. Bloomington sent to the Senate of the United States and to the Supreme Bench Judge David Davis, a big man in every sense of the word; it gave to the bar of Illinois one of its most eloquent and able members in the person of Leonard Swett; in later years it has furnished a Vice President of the United States, and one of its citizens has been Governor of the State of Illinois.

The first Republican convention ever held met in Bloomington; a Bloomington paper claims to have been the first to run up the name of Abraham Lincoln as a candidate for the Presidency; and its citizens had a large part in securing the nomination of the "Rail Splitter." During the war the people of Bloomington and of McLean County were steadfast in defense of the union. Since that time Bloomington has grown steadily in size and in importance. It is the seat of the Wesleyan University; its manufacturing establishments are large and numerous; its railroad facilities are good, and in every way it takes high rank among the cities of the State.

Tomorrow the fiftieth anniversary will be celebrated with parades, with music, and with speaking. Five thousand school children are to take part in the morning procession. All day long the celebration will be in progress, and in the evening its citizens will meet about the banquet board to drink continued prosperity to the city of their love. And in that toast every citizen of Chicago will heartily join.

PSEUDO PUBLIC LABOR POLICY.

Judge Tuthill's order, issued on Monday, enjoining the County board from requiring contractors to agree to employ only union labor, serves not alone to stop an illegal practice but also to call attention to the difference between a genuine and a counterfeit public labor policy.

Two or three years ago the County board, the School board, and the City Council all passed orders to limit public work done by contract to union labor. The School board regulation was, in December, 1898, declared invalid by the State Supreme Court, in the case of Adams vs. Brennan, and the ordinance passed by the City Council was thereafter ignored. Notwithstanding this decision, the County board continued to require such a stipulation in contracts, but the practice is likely now to be abandoned.

No one should confuse a requirement that all public work be executed by union labor with a sound labor policy concerning such work. The most obvious objection to such a requirement is its unjust discrimination against candidates for public employment, but a more fundamental objection lies in the fact that the public thereby shifts its own responsibility for the conditions of employment in its own work to a private organization—which, indeed, it neither investigates nor vouches for. The obligation of government to insure standard conditions of employment on all public work, whether done by contract or by direct labor, is not only unavoidable in argument but is abundantly, though not universally, recognized in local and general legislation in this country. It is also gaining steadily in practical observance. This duty of the government, however, should not be confused as a policy with an arrangement limiting such employment to the members of a private organization. The one is a legitimate and wholesome item of statecraft, the other is essentially, as it unquestionably has been in practice in this city, an item of political intrigue.

THE MONTGOMERY INTERSTATE CONFERENCE.

The first interstate conference of the Southern Society for the Consideration of the Race Problems in Relation to the Welfare of the South will begin its sessions today at Montgomery, Ala., and will close on Thursday evening. As its name indicates, it is purely a conference. It will come to no decision, and will not recommend or initiate action. Its rules are simple. Those who participate in the debate must have signified their desire beforehand to the Secretary of the Executive committee, and they will be called to the platform in regular order. They are also limited to ten minutes each in their discussion of the topics of the day. No resolution or motion of any character will be submitted to the conference by the presiding officer, as it is the purpose of the society merely to promote discussion and not favor a policy.

Notwithstanding the limited scope of the conference, it cannot but have important results in its relation to the topics under discussion, which include the franchise in the South, popular education in the South, the negro in relation to religion, lynching as a penalty, and the negro and social order. Different aspects of these questions will be discussed by some of the ablest thinkers of both races, North and South, and the Hon. Hilary A. Herbert of Alabama will be the presiding officer, which is a guaranty that the program of proceedings will be carried out without fear or favor. There is no reason why such a conference, having in view not the solution but the discussion of the negro problem, should not result in great good both to blacks and whites. It will be the first time that blacks and whites and Northerners and Southerners have met together for a friendly, calm, dispassionate talk upon these important topics. The question of the franchise is one of national interest and perhaps will attract most attention at the North, though it is not easy to see how any amount of argument can change the situation. As to the other topics, lynching and education will excite the greatest general interest. The South is making some advance in the suppression of the lynching evil, and there is every reason to hope that it will be regulated ere long in a satisfactory manner, and that lynchings will not be more frequent in the South than they are in the North. An open discussion of the question will be one of the surest methods of settling it, and if the conference can open the way to the advancement of the cause of education that of itself will tend to expedite the settlement.

A voluntary meeting of prominent Southern white men to discuss the various relations of the negro problem is so unique that its proceedings will be watched with much interest at the North. The negro problem is almost purely a Southern problem. Its importance is at last recognized as worthy of thoughtful consideration. This in itself is a most hopeful sign.

MR. KELLI AND THE BABY.

Mrs. Luna E. Kelli of Hartwell, Neb., is the editor of a newspaper at that place. Mr. Kelli, when at home, is a man with the hoe, and his neck is bent in more ways than one. Mrs. Kelli and Mr. Kelli are delegates to the Populist National convention at Cincinnati. Mrs. Kelli is one of the most active of the delegates and puts in her time lobbying for a universal suffrage plank. Mr. Kelli does not display any activity as a delegate. He is always in the lobby, however, and in close contiguity to Mrs. Kelli, but he is not engaged in lobbying. He is caring for Miss Kelli, a babe of tender years. He keeps within hailing distance of his wife, for there are certain needs of the babe which Mr. Kelli is not adapted by nature to satisfy and which may require the prompt attendance of Mrs. Luna.

The man in Luna is not more faithful or constant than the man with Luna at Cincinnati. He has laid down the shovel and the hoe and has taken up the white man's burden, which few white men are willing to do and few wives are willing they should do without previous training. Mr. Kelli, however, has been well trained and is both docile and useful. He is what Toodles used to call "handy to have in the house." Every advanced woman ought to have a helpmeet like Kelli, at least every advanced woman with a baby. The worst thing about Kelli, however, is the fact that he prides himself upon his unmanly task. The blush of shame does not crimson his cheek as he walks the floor with the babe when it gives signs of roaring or as he hushes it to slumber when he tires of the burden with the idiotic crooning customary on such occasions. Even when he is relieved during the periodical seasons of refreshment he ignominiously hovers about the dining-car prepared to resume his duties without manifesting any sense of lassitude or displaying the slightest resentment at the infant. He has evidently lost all feeling of pride and glories in the fact that he is the drudge of the nursery.

The case of Mr. Kelli is a warning to men of the fate in store for them at the hands of the advanced woman and the maternal societies. It will probably be a long time before male delegates to political conventions find themselves expected to hold the baby while their wives do the lobbying and hold their proxies. The advanced woman will reach that result by slow approaches, and these approaches that man must guard against. He must sternly resist every suggestion in the bosom of the family looking towards the care of the baby even if it be necessary to cultivate a degree of awkwardness liable to result in physical damage to the young person. Otherwise, before he knows it, he will be saddled with the burden and find himself unable to shake it off. His rights, one after the other, are disappearing. If he has courage enough left to draw a line, let him draw it at the baby. Babes in a house will cease to be "well springs of pleasure" when men are compelled to perform the functions of nursery maids.

PORTO RICAN LOAN FOR PLANTERS.

According to the statements of a staff correspondent in another column, one of the first subjects which the Porto Ricans will expect the new civil government to take up will be some scheme for borrowing on the credit of the island, perhaps $10,000,000, and letting out a considerable part of this sum to the coffee and sugar planters to enable them to restore their estates from the cyclone of last August and to introduce improved appliances.

General Davis, in two reports of last year, one of Sept. 5 and the other of Dec. 15, urged the adoption of some scheme of this sort. He based his recommendation on the fact that the island, since it has no public debt, could easily carry such a burden, and that the planters were in imperative need of some such extraordinary relief. Private individuals and representative delegations likewise urged the plan at Washington, but no action was taken. The people of the island, however, have by no means abandoned the idea, but have been rendered even more urgent in its behalf by their continued distress during recent months. The degree of this distress is indicated by the fact that a great part of coffee plantations have not been cleared up since the cyclone. Cultivation is neglected and people are idle and destitute because the planters are unable to secure money with which to set these in motion.

The policy of such a loan was illustrated in the case of the British island of Mauritius, in the Indian Ocean, after a disaster to its local sugar interests similar to that which befell Porto Rico, though much less severe. The local Legislature instructed the Governor to negotiate a loan for $3,000,000, to be let out to the planters for the restoration of their estates, and the British government not only sanctioned but guaranteed this loan. As a consequence the money was secured at 3 per cent interest, and was placed among the different planters at a corresponding rate. It proved a great boon to them. Their productions speedily recovered and the loans are being paid back in a satisfactory manner.

Whether any similar scheme will be worked out for Porto Rico or not will be decided, at least in the first instance, by the government now to become constituted. Current rates of interest in the island, ranging as they do from 8 per cent to 12 per cent, are evidently ruinous, and some means of at least reducing this drain upon industry would be a great blessing to the planters.

It is creditable to the planters that they are not placing any exclusive reliance upon the suggested government aid. An association called the Agricultural union, and representing coffee estates aggregating 8,875 acres and valued at $1,100,000, now has an agent in this country, who is endeavoring to raise money to refund the existing indebtedness on these properties and to secure a further advance for their improvement.

One of the results of the present distress and of plans for offering better security for loans has been the proposal to form associations of coffee planters and sugar planters, and to build central mills for curing and polishing the coffee and central mills for grinding the sugar cane. Inasmuch as prevailing methods for these processes are of a primitive nature, this idea would seem a promising one.

FUNDS FOR THE GRAND ARMY.

Now that Admiral Dewey has come and gone it is high time to complete the preparations for entertaining the Grand Army of the Republic. The veterans of the civil war have been invited to hold their thirty-fourth annual reunion in Chicago on Aug. 28 to 30. Each year now shows a sad and steady dwindling in the ranks of the brave old boys in blue who saved the union, and the time will soon be past when these annual reunions can bring together their hundreds of thousands as in the past. Chicago should put forth a special effort to make this year's reunion greater and more successful than any that can be hoped for in the future. Let us give the sturdy veterans a national encampment in this city next August that they will remember with pleasure all the rest of their days.

In order to do this the local committee in charge of the arrangements must not be stinted for funds. It requires at least $100,000 to entertain a Grand Army encampment in proper style. Before the intervention of the Dewey celebration the local Grand Army committee had received subscriptions for about one-half of the sum needed, and it should now have no trouble in getting the other $50,000. Having done the handsome thing by the navy, Chicago will now do the same by the army—the veteran army, to which this city contributed so generously of its own sons. It has become the custom as well as the proud privilege of the entertaining city to furnish free quarters and unstinted hospitality to the old soldiers at these annual gatherings. This requires money, and no city should contribute more freely or willingly to such a cause than Chicago.

The old soldiers are coming to this city by a unanimous invitation extended to them a year ago at Philadelphia by the Mayor, the Council, the County board, and also the Governor of Illinois. This invitation was cordially meant, and it should now be cordially seconded by contributions from the business-men of Chicago, as it certainly will be when it is understood that the full amount has not yet been subscribed. The pledges made must be kept and Chicago show that it has space and a warm welcome for every Grand Army man who comes here.

THAT smell of burnt paper comes from the charred remains of the typewritten speech Mr. Brown of Vandalia did not deliver as temporary chairman.

ARE the designing Filipinos trying to persuade General Otis to turn back?

SOMETHING worse than its ordinary river water ails St. Louis now.

THERE was a Hot Time in the Old Town of Peoria last night.

THINGS look threatening also for Professor Gilbert.

THERE is some unavoidable fighting ahead.

AFTER the trouble is over, however——

LET us have peace.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Side Lights on History.

"But this is too radical!" protested King John, looking at the document the Barons wanted him to sign. "It subverts my whole kingdom, gentlemen. I can countenance no such change as that!"

"We will change your countenance if you don't!" sternly answered the Barons.

"That puts a new face on the matter," rejoined King John, affixing his signature with an effort at sprightliness.

Apparently Lucid Interval.

"This," said the man who was driving the visitors through the grounds of the lunatic asylum, "is an inmate who is incurable, but perfectly harmless. He is permitted to wander anywhere he chooses inside the inclosure."

At this the harmless lunatic, sitting on the grass under a tree, with a book in his hand, looked up and saw them.

"Three big men," he called out, "and one poor horse to pull them! And it's Sunday, too! Gentlemen, I'd rather be your prayer book than your horse. It isn't worked as hard!"

And as the party drove on he resumed his book and his ordinary condition of incurability.

Clipping Him.

"Ten miles is not a long distance, my own," said the Impassioned Lover, thinking of the ride on the trolley car. "I shall be here again tomorrow evening, on the wings of electricity."

"How can you, Harold?" pouted the Sweet Young Thing. "You are not a lightning bug!"

Discrimination.

"What is your name?" asked the policeman, drawn to the scene by the crowd of loafers that had assembled.

"It doesn't make any difference what my name is," sulkily replied the man in the stalled automobile. "The last time I was along this way I was in a buggy. My horse balked for two whole hours, and I wasn't asked to give an account of myself."

His Calling.

"What is your occupation?" asked the magistrate, entering the name of John Georgeson on his docket as a "plain drunk."

"I'm a cammon sanner," replied the inebriate, whose nerves were still somewhat shaky.

"A what?"

"A sammer cannon, y'r honor."

"That's something I never heard of before," the magistrate said.

"I didn't get 't right, y'r honor. I'm a cammer sannon. No, that ain't right, either. I'm a sanmer——"

"Where is your home?" interrupted the court.

"Oregon."

"Then you are a salmon canner, are you not?"

"Thass right, y'r honor. You've saved m' life!"

Unsolicited Testimony.

The customer came into the drug store with a torn scrap of paper in his hand.

"Isn't this from one of your advertisements?" he asked.

The druggist took it and read:

"I have tried your Killemsure Cockroach Exterminator, and could not keep house without it."

"Yes," he said. "It is a part of the wrapper that was around the package of the Exterminator you bought here a week or two ago."

"That's what I thought. A big cockroach came running along the breakfast table this morning with this scrap of paper in his jaws. He dropped it down by my plate and got away before I could kill him."

Got It Mixed.

"Bloody riot in St. Louis!" the newsboy shouted at the top of his voice. "Tanner defeated!"

PRESS COMMENT—THE EAST.

Boston.

The outcome of the May strikes is a nearer approach to adjustment of the relations of labor to the cost of living.—Post.

The tariff question is emphatically not a question of the past. American protectionists cannot afford to relax their energies.—Journal.

General Otis, just starting for home, announces that the war in the Philippines is over. It may be as far as he is concerned, but we suspect that General MacArthur will still have considerable fighting to direct.—Globe.

New York.

The army bill, just passed in the Senate, is on the whole favorable to the efficiency and progress of the military establishment.—Herald.

The debts of the civilized nations now add up a total of over $32,000,000,000—most of it incurred in wars. Civilization is under a blanket mortgage to war.—World.

We do not pretend that the Monroe doctrine is a part of international law. We simply inform the nations that we are sailing in a certain direction, and that it will be well for them to steer some other course if they care to avoid a collision with the United States.—Journal.

This nation has long prided itself upon the superiority of its institutions to those of other lands, and upon its greater freedom of action and its keener sympathy with other peoples struggling for freedom. But this country is, after all, a nation among nations, constrained by international law and comity. It may remain free in action, but that does not mean that it is to be a chartered meddler.—Tribune.

Philadelphia.

The trusts are only mischievous in so far as they enjoy special privileges conferred upon them either by Federal or State power. Take away these protective advantages and they are defenseless.—Record.

The light-hearted and light-headed people who say that Bryan's election would do nothing for silver because the Senate is impregnably Republican for six years to come are living in a fool's paradise.—North American.

The present industrial conditions of the country fully warrant the general interest exhibited by workingmen to advance their wages. The one thing that the intelligent and thoughtful workingmen of the country should well appreciate is that organized labor is now undergoing a severe trial of its ability to give the highest measure of protection to wage-workers.—Times.

Pittsburg.

The feeling is well nigh unanimous that if the United States is to build the canal it must have sole control over it in peace or war.—Post.

Unbiased observers who look at the work done in the Philippine Islands in the last two years cannot withhold from General Otis the recognition which is his just due.—Chronicle.

It is impossible to foretell what the German colonies in South America will amount to in the way of weakening the Monroe doctrine. But what is beyond dispute is that in the neglect of South American possibilities the nation has ignored the wise and indisputable policy outlined by Mr. Blaine.—Dispatch.

Buffalo.

The successes of our army in the Philippines have been in spite of Otis' presence, not because of it.—Courier.

It is evident from the extension of the time for the ratification of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty that the administration has no intention of abandoning it, despite the jingo clamor in Congress. And the administration is right.—Express.

All in the Pronunciation.

"That fellow over there," said the visitor, "seems to have a bad cold."

"O, no; he hasn't any cold," replied the snake editor.

"I notice he stops talking every once in a while to sneeze."

"O, that's the war editor. He's merely explaining to the chess editor his views of the operations around Thaba N'Chu."—Philadelphia Press.

Trying Test.

Admiral Dewey may make a mistake occasionally, but he has lost none of his bravery. He stood up at St. Louis and permitted an amateur elocutionist to recite an original poem at him.—Washington Post.

Two of a Kind.

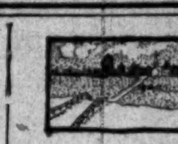
It is not easy to see how the Democratic party can reaffirm the platform of 1896 without also reaffirming the result of the election of that year.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Harmless Anticipation.

The enlargement of Mr. Bryan's front porch may possibly mean that he intends to imitate a Canton feature of 1896.—Washington Post.

Up to Turkey.

It is about time for Mason and Pettigrew to introduce resolutions of sympathy with Turkey.—Baltimore American.



STORIES of and by METHODISTS

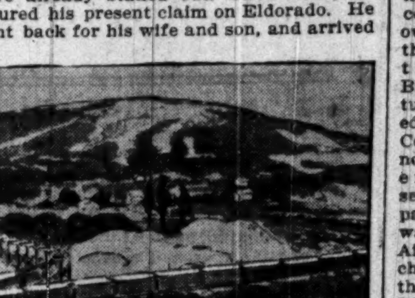


THERE is one lay delegate to the Methodist Conference who less than four years ago was a physical instructor in a Western Y. M. C. A., with little or no property outside of his salary. At present he is down on the list of delegates as a capitalist, and nobody, probably not even Mr. Lippy himself, knows just how rich he is. It is a story of the Klondike, with even more than the usual tale of hardship and perseverance behind it.

Mr. Lippy lives in Seattle now, and goes up to his claim, No. 16 Eldorado, every spring to take charge of the gold washed out by his employés during the winter. Now and then he takes one of his good Methodist brethren with him as a guest. On one of his recent trips the Rev. Edwin M. Randall was Mr. Lippy's companion. Mr. Randall has written a graphic description of the trip. Most interesting is his account of the arrival of the party at the cabin where the winter's washout of gold was in waiting for its owner.

"That night," says Mr. Randall, "we slept with loaded revolvers within reach, the only occupants of a cabin containing several hundred thousand dollars' worth of gold. Later I sat by and saw the yellow treasure weighed out by the hour in quantities of 100 ounces, and meditated upon the wonderful providences in the life of my friend."

Mr. Lippy and his wife, accompanied by Joseph Putraw, who is now his foreman, left Seattle for Alaska in April, 1896. After fearful hardships they reached Forty-Mile City on June 1. There he left his wife and little son in a rude cabin, while he worked for wages in a camp sixty miles away. When news came of the discoveries on Bonanza Creek Mr. Lippy started at once, but arrived only to find that all the claims were already staked out. Then finally he secured his present claim on Eldorado. He went back for his wife and son, and arrived



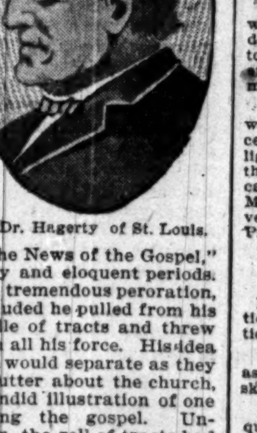
CLAIM NO. 16, ELDORADO, OWNED BY T. S. LIPPY.

just before the death of the little boy. They returned to Eldorado and went to work on the claim, which proved enormously rich. From a single pan as much as $527 in gold has been taken. And the claim is large enough to stand working for a number of years.

While in the city as a member of the conference Mr. Lippy is a guest at the Lexington Hotel.

The Methodist Church has adopted a system in the election of its Bishops which would save much time in political conventions if adopted by them. In the first place, the Committee on Episcopacy, of which most of the leaders in the church councils are members, meets and formulates a recommendation as to the number of Bishops which shall be elected. This recommendation is presented to the General Conference and is usually adopted by them. Then the conference proceeds at once to the election. No nominating speeches or even nominations are allowed. A ballot immediately follows the adoption of the committee's report. Each ballot is written and the full number to be elected is voted for on each ballot. It takes a two-thirds vote to elect. If, for instance, as is likely to be the case at the present conference, it is recommended that four new Bishops be elected, and it should happen that four men each receive two-thirds of the votes cast on the first ballot, the voting will go no further. If only one man gets the required number the members will vote for three candidates on the next ballot, and so on until the number is complete.

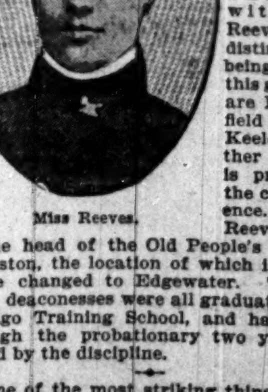
"I was a classmate of the Rev. Dr. Hagerty at Alleghany College," said a gray-haired delegate yesterday, "and I well remember what happened when he got up to deliver his graduating address. All through his college course he had been noted for his ability to make a telling and effective speech, and on this occasion he determined to outdo himself. With that end in view, he had concealed a large roll of tracts in the tail pocket of his long black coat. His speech was entitled "Spreading the News of the Gospel," and was full of fiery and eloquent periods. He wound up with a tremendous peroration, and just as he concluded he pulled from his pocket the big bundle of tracts and threw them from him with all his force. His idea was that the tracts would separate as they left his hand and flutter about the church, thus forming a splendid illustration of one method of spreading the gospel. Unfortunately, however, the roll of tracts had been so tightly compressed in his pocket that they stuck together. Instead of separating, as he had intended, and floating gracefully about the church, they went all together in a lump and as straight as an arrow to the seat in which sat a dignified presiding elder. That venerable gentleman received the full force of the blow on the end of his nose, and all the effect of young Mr. Hagerty's eloquence was lost in the roar of laughter which followed.



Rev. Dr. Hagerty of St. Louis.

Except when the General Conference is in session the Bishops of the Methodist Church have practically absolute authority. When that body meets, however, they become mere nobodies. Except in an advisory capacity they have less influence than the humblest lay delegate, for they are not even allowed to speak on any of the questions which may come up for decision by the conference. Nor do they have any vote. They become for the time being dumb, if not deaf, and only as they are asked for advice do they get even a chance to express their opinions on any subject.

Among the interested attendants at the conference is Miss Reeves, one of the first three young women who were set apart by the Methodist Church to act as deaconesses. The ceremony of consecration was performed in Chicago eleven years ago, in January, 1889. The other two young women who shared with Miss Reeves the distinction of being first in this great field are Miss Canfield and Miss Keeler, neither of whom is present at the conference. Miss Reeves is now at the head of the Old People's Home at Evanston, the location of which is shortly to be changed to Edgewater. The first three deaconesses were all graduates of the Chicago Training School, and had passed through the probationary two years required by the discipline.



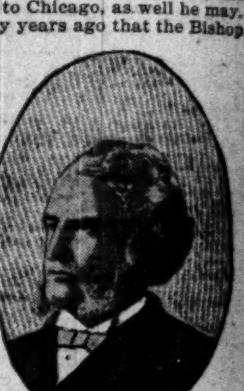
Miss Reeves.

"One of the most striking things in connection with the present conference," said a Southern delegate, "is the great advance which has been made in recent years by the colored members of the church. Some of them are now able to make most eloquent and telling speeches, and almost all of them are men of good education. How different it was in the days when I first went South! I was born in Illinois, and after I had graduated at the Theological Seminary it was thought that I had consumption and had but a short time to live. I weighed less than 100 pounds and was a mere shadow of a man. I was sent South for my health, and was given work as a member of a college or school for colored men. Shortly after my arrival I attended a colored conference as the representative of my college. I had made a speech and a good colored brother got up to reply.

"'We has a most spendiforous college,' he said, 'with a corosal corpse of teachers, ub which our brother heah is a faih sample.'

"As he pointed to me, sitting like a mere ghost in my chair, and called me a 'faih sample of the corpse ub teachers,' the humor of the situation almost overcame me. He was speaking more truly than he realized. And yet the man who made that speech persevered in his ministry, got a good education, and is today a scholarly and most efficient pastor."

Though Bishop Hartzell's present residence is in Africa, he feels much at home when he comes to Chicago, as well he may. It is not so many years ago that the Bishop has forgotten it that he was a little barefooted newsboy, selling papers on the streets of Chicago. Later he attended the Illinois Wesleyan University, and after his college course was over studied theology at the Garrett Biblical Institute. He united with the Central Illinois Conference, and served as a pastor there and elsewhere until, in 1888, he was elected secretary of the Freedman's Aid and Church Extension society. He was chosen Missionary Bishop in 1896 to take up the work so long carried on by the venerable Bishop Taylor, who at the same time was retired as a supernumerary. Since his election he has traveled all over Africa, a water buffalo, trained to carry him on a saddle, being one of the chief methods of transportation employed by him in the interior of the continent.



Missionary Bishop Hartzell.

At the meeting of the Committee on Temperance the other day the members were almost evenly divided in their opinions. One party thought the most effective method of fighting the liquor curse was to hold prayer meetings. The other considered that a more practical method was to vote for temperance candidates. In speaking on behalf of the latter plan one of the delegates told the following story:

"One of our Bishops, traveling in the depth of winter, came to the house of a presiding elder to spend the night. The weather was bitterly cold and the bedroom into which the Bishop was shown had a thick coating of ice on the windows. The elder waited to see the Bishop safely between the feather beds. But when the Bishop, half frozen, jumped into bed without stopping to say his prayers the elder remonstrated with him.

"'You have forgotten to say your prayers,' he said.

"'No,' answered the Bishop. 'I always keep "prayed up" in preparation for nights that are as cold as this.'

"And so," went on the speaker before the committee, "I think the Methodist Church is pretty well 'prayed up' on the temperance question. What we need now is action."

FLAT NOTES.

Miss Pounder (at the piano)—"If you would all talk in the same key, I could accompany you so much better."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Do you like rag-time music?" "Yes," answered the highly cultured young woman reluctantly. "But I always insist that it shall be called 'syncopation' before I give it my approval."—Ohio State Journal.

"He murdered that song," said one critical auditor. "Perhaps," answered the other. "But it is careless of you to say so. He may insist on your bringing up expert handwriting testimony to prove the charge."—Washington Star.

"The tenor," said the first vestryman, "has the vulgar habit of finding fault with the other singers." "'Vulgar' seems a rather strong adjective," replied the second vestryman. "It's just a common habit to a choir."—Philadelphia Press.

"Do you believe that those who can sing and won't sing should be made to sing, Mr. Sourdrop?" asked Miss Screecher, with a coy glance toward the piano. "No, I believe in letting well enough alone," said the mean old thing.—Baltimore American.

"I want to tell you, dear," said Miss Milyuns, whose engagement to Count Vermicelli had recently been announced, "that the Count was delighted with your playing last evening. He said the music just carried him away." "Ah! yes. I can readily understand it," replied the talented Miss Sharpe. "It was a new sensation. A reversal of the old order of things."—New York Press.

PERSONALS.

Members of the John Brown Memorial association are collecting Brown's letters for publication with a memoir.

The Princess of Wales has adopted fencing as exercise and diversion, and has become quite skillful with the foils.

Governor Allen of Porto Rico, among other qualifications for the place, possesses a thorough knowledge of Spanish, which he is said to speak like a native.

Litigation among the heirs of the late Adolph Sutro of San Francisco is likely to result in the scattering of his library of 280,000 volumes, which is one of the finest on the Pacific coast.

The treasurer of the Cosmos club in Washington received General Wheeler's check for $2 dues, and now the club is debating the advisability of keeping the check as an autograph instead of depositing it.

The Leipsic branch of the Pan-Germanic league has drawn up a protest against Professor Max Muller's opologia for England. The protest closes with the words: "You have no longer the right to call yourself a German."

Marcus Daly, the copper king, tells of a man in New York who bears the same name. The other day this man went to a real estate agent in search of a house. He was treated to champagne and expensive cigars, and after being shown luxurious houses explained that he wanted a house for about $20 a month.

Retaliation.

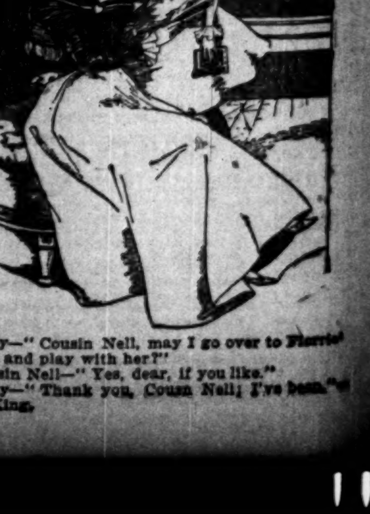
Whenever some one does me wrong,
As quickly as I can
I hurry out amid the throng
To smite some other man.

The Golden Rule I oft recall
Melodious and pat,
I simply hang it on the wall
And let it go at that.
—Baltimore American.

Octopus Again.

Mrs. Meddergrass (reading)—"General Roberts says that his trust in——"

Mr. Meddergrass—"That's jest it. The dadblame trusts is back o' that there Transvaalley war, as I said a month ago."—Baltimore American.



Polly—"Cousin Nell, may I go over to Florrie's house and play with her?"
Cousin Nell—"Yes, dear, if you like."
Polly—"Thank you, Cousn Nell; I've been."—The King.

CROPS ARE IN…

WEATHER BUREA[U] … GENERAL CONDI[TIONS] …

CROPS ARE IN GOOD FORM.

WEATHER BUREAU REPORT SHOWS GENERAL CONDITION PROMISING.

Temperature Conditions Last Week Over Northern and Central Districts West of the Mississippi Highly Favorable—Too Cool in Lake Region, Ohio Valley, and Middle Atlantic States, and Winter Wheat Makes Slow Progress.

Washington, D. C., May 8.—[Special.]—Following is the official summary of crop conditions for last week issued today by the Weather bureau:

"Rain is now generally needed northward of the Missouri and Ohio Rivers, including Kentucky and portions of the middle Atlantic States, the lack of moisture being most seriously felt in Michigan and portions of Wisconsin, Minnesota, and North Dakota, while a large part of Texas continues to suffer from the effects of the excessive rains of the two preceding weeks. Phenomenally heavy rains for the season occurred in California, especially on the southern coast, causing some damage, but on the whole they were greatly beneficial. The temperature conditions over the northern and central districts west of the Mississippi were highly favorable, but it was much too cool in the lake region, Ohio Valley, the middle Atlantic States, and New England, where frequent frosts were more or less destructive.

"The cool, dry weather has retarded corn planting in the States of the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys and lake region, but favorable progress has been made in the middle Atlantic States. In the States of the Missouri Valley the conditions have also been generally favorable for planting, except in Iowa and Nebraska, where, however, a good start has been made. Some corn has been planted in the Dakotas, but in Minnesota farmers are waiting for warmer weather and rain. In the Southern States the reports concerning corn are generally favorable, except in Florida and portions of Texas.

"Owing to low temperatures and absence of rain winter wheat has made slow progress in the States of the Ohio Valley, and complaints of serious injury by fly in Tennessee and rust in South Carolina and Georgia are reported. In the middle Atlantic States and generally to the west of the Mississippi the crop has made good progress, the reports from the Pacific coast being especially favorable.

"Some slight damage to spring wheat by heavy frost and high wind is reported from North Dakota, and the late grain sown in Wisconsin needs rain, but generally throughout the spring wheat region the crop is doing well.

"The previously reported favorable outlook for oats continues unimpaired, except slight deterioration in portions of the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys, where growth has been checked by cool, dry weather.

"Most of the reports respecting fruit continue encouraging, although portions of the lake region, Ohio Valley, and northern New England experienced trying temperature conditions.

Reports of Correspondents.

The following statements are based upon reports from more than 12,000 climate and crop correspondents, collected at State section centers of the climate and crop service of the Weather bureau:

New England, Boston—Heavy rains checked farm work in coast sections, elsewhere weather favorable; too cool for rapid growth of vegetation; general outlook promising.

New York, Ithaca—Cold and dry with two killing frosts, probably damaging fruits; fine weather for work; wheat uneven and spotted; unfavorable outlook; rain much needed.

New Jersey, New Brunswick—Conditions have continued favorable for farming operations; much ground ready for corn; showers on the 3d, 4th, and 5th helpful; wheat, rye, and grass improved; orchard fruits, except apples, in heavy bloom.

Pennsylvania, Philadelphia—Week cool and dry; frosts 4th and 5th generally not damaging, though fear is expressed as to fruit in western portion of State, where frosts were heavy, otherwise the outlook for this crop is excellent; wheat continues to show improvement; warm rains needed for pastures and garden truck.

Maryland and Delaware, Baltimore—Showers of 4th beneficial, but succeeding cold injurious; garden truck killed in extreme west; fruit escaped by narrow margin; wheat, oats, and rye in good condition.

Virginia, Richmond—Excellent week for work; too cool and dry for growth; warmth and moisture needed; winter wheat most promising; tobacco plants doing well; fruit prospect flattering.

North Carolina, Raleigh—Planting corn, cotton, and peanuts, and transplanting tobacco made excellent progress under favorable conditions; warm showers needed.

South Carolina, Columbia—Warm rain needed; rice damaged by freshets; wheat rusting; minor crops and fruits continue promising.

Georgia, Atlanta—Destructive hail-storm in portions of few northern counties on 2d completely ruined fruit and crops along its path; increasing complaint of wheat rust; apples short, other fruits and berries fine.

Fruits Make Good Growth.

Florida, Jacksonville—Favorable week; cane and sweet potatoes promising; pear crop will be short; prospects favorable for grapes; citrus fruits, cassava, melons, and pineapples have made good growth.

Alabama, Montgomery—Favorable, except nights rather cool; peach prospect excellent; apples and pears blighting; gardens and strawberries yielding well.

Louisiana, New Orleans—Excess of sunshine and only scattered showers favorable to farming interests; material improvement in conditions on truck farms.

Texas, Galveston—Dry, warm weather needed for agricultural interests; wheat and oats heading nicely; sugar cane doing well.

Arkansas, Little Rock—Cool nights retarded growth of corn and cotton; potatoes promising in most sections, bugs doing some damage; fruit prospects generally good.

Tennessee, Nashville—Week generally favorable and farm work progressing rapidly; frosts of 4th caused little or no damage.

Kentucky, Louisville—Weather dry and cold until last of week, when it turned warmer and good showers occurred; frosts were general morning of 4th; tender vegetables were injured in central and eastern portions, but not seriously; fruit uninjured.

Missouri, Columbia—Excellent week for field work; corn and cotton planting rushed; wheat, rye, and ots continue in excellent condition; fruit still promising.

Good Weather in Illinois.

Illinois, Springfield—Weather has been favorable for farm work, but too dry and cold for rapid growth of vegetation; good rains at end of week improved conditions for growing; no material damage believed to have been caused by frost; condition of all crops continues good, though some slight deterioration in wheat, oats, corn, and grasses has been caused by dry weather; great progress made in planting.

Indiana, Indianapolis—Cool, dry weather prevailed the greater part of the week; warm rains needed for growing crops; wheat and grasses growing slowly; young clover and timothy look well; oats and flax coming up nicely; tobacco plants and potatoes growing well; rye beginning to head; plowing and corn planting continues, much corn planted; fruit trees and strawberry plants in bloom.

West Virginia, Parkersburg—Continued drought and heavy frost of last week retarded growth of all vegetation; everything now at standstill; fruit had heaviest bloom in years, and appears to be considerably damaged; rain badly needed.

Ohio, Columbus—Dry and cold; favorable for farm work, but all crops growing slowly; warm rains needed; no improvement in wheat.

Conditions in Northwest.

Michigan, Lansing—Heavy frosts on three nights, but fruit and gardens not enough advanced to be injured; dry, frosty weather has checked all growth and retarded germination of oats; wheat continues poor; plowing for corn well advanced; oat seeding begun in upper peninsula and early potato planting nearly finished in lower peninsula.

Wisconsin, Milwaukee—Week cold and dry, with freezing temperature latter part; growth of vegetation checked; seeding nearly completed and early sown grain coming up well; late seeded needs rain; winter wheat and rye making satisfactory growth; week unfavorable for fruit, but damage by frosts believed to be slight.

Minnesota, Minneapolis—Week dry; much scattered light showers in extreme south; severe frosts middle of week, but loss to small grains, vegetables, and fruit probably not serious; flax seeding and potato planting well advanced, but corn planting generally deferred till soil is warmer; pastures growing slowly; early sown grain rooting well and stooling.

Iowa, Des Moines—Week favorable for plowing, which is about completed; corn planting well begun, but weather too cool for vigorous work in that line; reports indicate but little damage to fruits and vegetation from frosts; copious showers at close of week well distributed and beneficial.

North Dakota, Bismarck—Dry, cool weather with heavy frosts and high winds unfavorable for grain, some of which has been slightly damaged; seeding of wheat, oats, rye, and barley finished; considerable flax yet to be sown; corn planting commenced; rain badly needed.

South Dakota, Huron—Cool, generally fair weather; spring wheat, oats, rye, barley, and grass generally in satisfactory condition, and early sown grain stooling nicely; corn planting begun; flax seeding progressing; soil generally amply moist; frost injured plum and small fruit blossoms in some eastern localities.

Nebraska, Lincoln—Warm week, with heavy showers Saturday night and Sunday; excellent week for growth of vegetation and for farm work; plowing for corn well advanced; little corn planted except in few southern counties, where planting is about half done; grass, wheat, and oats growing rapidly; little damage from frosts.

In West and Southwest.

Kansas, Topeka—Favorable week for farm work and the wheat crop; rye heading and wheat beginning to head in southern counties; corn cultivation general in central and southern portions; fruits well set except apricots and pears; tender vegetables damaged by frost in north.

Oklahoma, Oklahoma—Hail caused considerable local damage to crops and fruit generally, wheat, rye, and oats being badly damaged; fruit and berries promise large yields.

Montana, Helena—Seeding finished and some early-sown grain up; potato crop planted; weather beneficial for all crops and vegetation.

Wyoming, Cheyenne—Favorable weather conditions of last week have advanced vegetation and allowed seeding to be completed, except in some of the higher localities.

Idaho, Boise—Temperature above normal; most favorable week of season for growth; grain, grass, and fruit promise large yields; strawberries ripe.

Colorado, Denver—Moderate amount of sunshine and higher temperature beneficial; present outlook for all varieties of trees and small fruit exceptionally fine.

New Mexico, Santa Fé—Warmer, with light rains and less wind; wheat, oats, and alfalfa growing rapidly; reports from all sections favorable, excepting from lower Rio Grande Valley, where they have no water.

Arizona, Phoenix—Cool weather has retarded ripening of early fruit; water for irrigation materially increased from recent rains; conditions favorable for plant growth.

Utah, Nevada, and Coast.

Utah, Salt Lake—Light showers, general on 1st, 5th, and 6th; temperature normal; fine growing weather; all crops in excellent condition.

Nevada, Carson City—Week highly favorable; warm rains benefited vegetation generally; grain and alfalfa made rapid growth; range feed abundant and stock doing well; no frost.

Washington, Seattle—Week warm and dry except gentle showers at close; exceedingly favorable growing weather; winter wheat is well advanced; fruit prospect improved in eastern counties.

Oregon, Portland—Warm and showery; week beneficial to all crops; spring wheat seeding about finished; fall sown grain in fine condition; fruit and hops have made excellent advancement.

California, San Francisco — Unusually heavy rains assure water supply, beneficial to crops; large wheat crop in central and northern portions; all fruits doing well.

Cuba, Havana—Rains occurred except in southwest Havana, southern Matanzas, eastern Santa Clara, and western Porto Principe Provinces, where it is needed; tobacco manipulations retarded by dryness in southwest Pinar del Rio and northwest Santa Clara Provinces; cane planting interrupted in southern Havana and southwest Santa Clara.

RAINS OF BENEFIT TO ILLINOIS.

Good Showers at End of Week Make Conditions Favorable for Growing Crops.

Springfield, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—M. E. Blystone, Illinois section director of the United States Department of Agriculture, issued the following climate and crop bulletin yesterday for the week just ended:

The weather during the last week has been favorable for farm work, and a great deal of it has been accomplished. Recently plowed ground, especially in the central district, is cloddy, and requires much working to put it in suitable condition for planting. That which was plowed earlier is in better condition. The weather for the greater part of the week has been fair, and the soil has generally been too dry to promote rapid growth of vegetation.

In some places the effects of the dry weather had become serious toward the end of the week. Good rains at the end of the week are reported from the greater portion of the State, and consequently a much more favorable condition for growing exists at its end than during its progress. Cool weather during the week also retarded growth. Frosts, in some places, quite heavy, were general throughout the northern district from the 2d to the 5th.

Light frosts occurred at many places in the central and a few places in the southern district. Though a few reporters express fears as to the result of these frosts it is generally believed that no material injury resulted from them.

The condition of wheat and oats continues good, though some slight injury is believed to have resulted from dry weather. In some parts of the southern district wheat is beginning to head. Grasses are doing fairly well, though the growth during the week has generally been slow.

Corn planting is progressing throughout the State, though dry weather has held it back in the central and southern district. Gardens and potatoes are generally growing nicely. Early potatoes are nearly ready for use in parts of the South. The fruit prospects appear not to have suffered by the frost or dry weather of the week and they continue excellent. Strawberries are reported to be ripening in parts of the South.

HELD $2,000,000 IN REALTY.

Chicago Land Holdings of Sidney A. Kent's Estate Estimated at Almost That Value.

Chicago real estate holdings in the estate of Sidney A. Kent, which are now in the hands of the Northern Trust company as executor, are estimated to be worth $1,916,940. In addition there is an interest in the North Waukegan Land and Dock association, and property in Nebraska valued at $174,000. Following is a list of the Chicago property:

Rialto Building, 137 to 153 Van Buren street, corner of Pacific avenue, 174x157 feet, nine stories and basement. Swift commission valuation on the ground, $684,560; building, $594,990; total, $1,279,550. Property under lease to the Chicago Deposit Vault company until 1984.

At 43 and 45 Franklin street, 40x80 feet, improved with a four-story and basement building. Swift commission valuation on the ground, $48,000; building, $16,780; total, $64,780.

At 310 and 314 Clark street, near Van Buren, 56x103 feet, improved with a six-story and basement lodging-house. Swift commission valuation on the ground, $112,660; building, $69,950; total, $182,610.

At 1529 and 1531 State street, 35x120 feet, improved with a three-story and basement stone-front building. Estimated value of the property, $40,000.

Suffield Apartment Building, northeast corner, Wabash avenue and Eighteenth street, 150x175 feet, three-story improvement, also factory building in the rear. Estimated value of the property, $200,000.

On the northeast corner of Wabash avenue and Twentieth street, 105x179 feet, with two and three story improvements. Estimated value of the property, $100,000.

In the vicinity of Forty-seventh and State and Dearborn streets and Armour avenue, quite a number of small houses and flats. Estimated value of this property, $50,000.

The estate of Henry F. Eames and his widow, Mrs. Emily S. Eames, has given to Mrs. Franklin MacVeagh a quitclaim deed to a two-thirds interest in the ninety-nine-year leasehold interest expiring Sept. 1, 1984, in the premises at 2021 and 2023 Wabash avenue, 50x168 feet, for $14,410. Mrs. Eames also has given a quitclaim deed to Mrs. MacVeagh to the premises at 1339 and 1341 State street, 40x143 feet, for $1,500.

Yesterday's Real Estate Transfers.

Oakley-av., 75 n of San Jose, w f, 25x125, May 1 [J. E. Ljunggren to S. Brown Jr.] .$ 1,650
Oakley-av., 275 s of Ainslie, w f, 25x124, April 28 [H. Hausen to E. Rudolph] ... 1,600
Cornelia-av., 300 w of Gross, n f, 25x124, May 7 [M. Neipp to F. W. Rurich] ... 1,950
Magnolia-av., 125 n of Foster, e f, 33½x123, Jan. 9 [Est. of M. E. McDowell to Edw. L. Phillips] ... 1,500
Warren-av., 206 e of Lincoln-st., n f, 25x125, May 3 [S. Palm to C. G. Severson] ... 1,600
Lill-av., 172 w of Seminary, n f, 24x124½, April 2 [B. Gomper to Carl Wittke] ... 4,500
Schuettler-st., 75 e of N. 50th-av., n f, 25x123, March 10 [H. W. H. Koch to Maggie J. Bass] ... 1,000
Troy-st., 271 n of Diversey, e f, 26x125, April 5 [S. L. Duncan to A. C. Clancy] ... 1,800
N. 42d-av., 141 s of Cortez-st., w f, 25x125¼, incumbrance $1,200, May 4 [S. Delamater to Marian L. Curtis] ... 2,000
Lincoln-st., 96 n of Wabansia-av., e f, 44x121, May 1 [H. Johnson to Minnie Sevenson] ... 1,000
Same property, May 26 [J. S. Sheppard to Minnie Sevenson] ... 2,000
Elston-av., 116 s of Cornell-st., w f, 45x134, incumbrance $2,000, May 7 [W. Koch to W. Osner] ... 3,500
Milwaukee-av., 328 s e of Paulina-st., s w f, 24x100, May 1 [Charles H. Kuehn to Nate Sugar] ... 10,000
Washington-st., 88 e of Wood, n f, 40x122, incumbrance $4,500, May 4 [Charles M. Boyden to Hugh D. Moreland et al.] ... 9,000
Sangamon-st., 105 s of Pratt, e f, 25x100, incumbrance $1,200, April 27 [J. Urbanowski to Michael Paluch] ... 1,850
Monroe-st., 125 w of S. 42d-av., s f, 25x121, May 2 [R. E. Sherman et al., by M. in C., to A. Barmm] ... 1,732
12th-st., 300 e of S. 40th-av., s f, 25x112, May 2 [B. Sullivan to Joseph H. Barker] ... 1,200
Jefferson-st., n w cor Monroe, e f, 38½x79½, und. ¼ of und. 2-3 inst., May 7 [J. F. Campbell to H. D. Harper] ... 1,250
Lawndale-av., 120 n of 13th-st., e f, 24x160, May 7 [Thos. Berry to Thos. Foley]. Incumb., $2,000 ... 3,615
Johnson-st., 120 n of 13th-pl., w f, 24x100, April 16 [B. Kausal to S. Garber] ... 3,000
24th-st., n w cor S. 41st-ct., s f, 228 to R. R. R. of W., May 3 [P. W. McManus to C. J. Nordgren] ... 4,000
23d-st., 48 w of Trumbull-av., n f, 24x89, May 4 [J. N. Cunning et al., by M. in C., to M. Jaacks] ... 1,100
Lawndale-av., 145 n of 26th-st., w f, 25x124, May 7 [same to Aug. Moldenhauer] ... 2,400
29th-st., 115 e of Wallace, s f, 25x124 9-10, May 1 [J. O'Donnell to A. Naumann] ... 1,650
Robey-st., 125 s of 36th, e f, 25x124¾, March 20 [G. Earle to A. S. Wilbur] ... 1,400
Wabash-av., 50 n of 33d-st., w f, 37½x174, April 26 [Moses Born to Samuel D. Tippett] ... 14,000
Marshfield-av., 256 n of 47th-st., w f, 24x121, April 24 [E. J. Lyng to M. Byrne] ... 1,050
55th-st., 40 w of Armour-av., s f, 20x92½, April 1 [C. E. Follansbee to P. Wolter] ... 1,030
57th-st., 200 e of Wallace, s f, 25x124¾, April 17 [F. L. Boyd to August Setter] ... 1,700
Madison-av., s e cor 60th-st., w f, 150 1-3x100, May 5 [Ellen C. Thomas et al., by M. in C., to Henry Love Clarke] ... 76,253
Greenwood-av., 112 s of 71st-st., e f, 25x125, May 2 [J. E. M. Westerfield et al., by M. in C., to J. E. Greenebaum] ... 1,900
State-st., e w cor 102d-pl., w f, 25x125, April 5 [A. L. Goerwitz to P. Killewinger] ... 1,000
123d-st., 56 w of Parnell-av., n f, 25x125, April 27 [O. D. Johnson to S. P. Anderson] ... 1,200
110th-pl., 475 w of Princeton-av., s f, 25x125, April 5 [J. A. Hall to P. Killewinger] ... 1,000
L. 10, B. 6, Rogers Park, May 7 [P. L. Touhy et al., by M. in C., to Aug. Moldenhauer] ... 1,400
Ridgeland-av., 166 s of Chicago-av., w f, 60x171 (35th Ward), May 2 [Robert Robinson to Mary E. Jordan] ... 6,000
Churchill-st., 260 e of Hoyne-av., n f, 48x80, and other property, April 10 [Frank L. Umbach to Marie Hanbold]. Incumb., $3,000. Revenue, $8 ... 5,000
Buena-av., 200 w of Sheridan-drive, n f, 40x150, April 30 [Lucy A. Waller to Lucy O. Eddy] ... 5,000
Premises 2021 and 2023 Wabash-av., 50x160, und. 2-3 inst.; leasehold interest for 99 years in above premises created by a certain indenture of lease, between John D. Jennings and Leroy Payne, dated Sept. 1, 1885, at an annual rental of $1,080, with all buildings and improvements, May 1 [Est. of Henry F. Eames, quitclaims, to Emily Eames MacVeagh] ... 14,410
Same as above, und. 1-3 inst., May 1 [est. of Henry F. Eames, quitclaims, to Emily S. Eames] ... 7,205
Premises 1339 and 1341 S. State-st., 40x143, and buildings, May 1 [Emily S. Eames, quitclaims all interest, to Emily Eames MacVeagh] ... 1,500
Belmont-av., 125 e of Paulina-st., 50x125, incumbrance $4,400, May 25, 1895 [John Terborgh to Richard C. Moore] ... 12,000
Same property, Dec. 23, 1895 [Richard C. Moore to Geesje Terborgh] ... 12,000
Belmont-av., 175 e of Paulina-st., s f, 50x125, Dec. 23, 1895 [J. Terborgh to R. C. Moore] ... 3,500
Same property, Dec. 23, 1895 [R. C. Moore to Geesje Terborgh] ... 3,500
Oakley-av., 338 s of Nelson-st., e f, 25x125, May 8 [J. Goede to C. Baumdun] ... 2,000
Premises 1082 W. Congress-st., 25x102, April 17 [M. A. Moore to A. D. Olmstead] ... 2,500
Turner-av., 50 n of 21st-st., e f, 25x125, and other property, revenue $9, Jan. 15 [J. V. Ayer to Bohemian Workingmen's B., L. & H. assn.] ... 1
13th-pl., 275 e of Jefferson-st., n f, 25x90, May 8 [H. Wolf to Louis Siegel] ... 3,025
Ingleside-av., 100 e of 53d-st., w f, 50x156, April 21 [C. J. Bour to Mary L. Bour] ... 7,500
Ellis-av., 506 s of 63d-st., e f, 25x124, May 7 [Annie Bush to Alice Gorman] ... 5,400
Burling-st., 337 s of Willow, w f, 39½ to alley, and other property, May 7 [J. Wangelein to Adolph C. Wangelein] ... 5,000
Rhodes-av., 186 n of 61st-st., w f, 25x123¾, incumbrance $7,800, May 7 [Martin Holmgren et al. to Alfred D. Eddy] ... 12,500
Johnson-st., 116 s of 12th, w f, 48x100, und. ½ inst., incumbrance $7,300, May 7 [A. Vlach to Lippe Bernatsky] ... 2,000
Belmont-av., s w cor Western, n f, 50x150, incumbrance $5,600, May 8 [A. Rettig to Edw. G. Uihlein] ... 8,260

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

April fire losses in the United States and Canada, after allowing an estimate of $12,000,000 for the disastrous conflagration at Ottawa and Hull, Ont., still exceed by over $4,000,000 the losses experienced by insurance companies during the same time in 1899. The total April loss is placed at $25,727,000 by the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, which says: "The great increase of this total over the record for the same months in 1898 and 1899 will be seen by consulting the following table, which exhibits the losses by months for the first four months of the years 1898, 1899, and 1900:

	1898.	1899.	1900.
January	$ 9,472,500	$10,718,000	$11,755,300
February	12,629,300	18,469,000	15,427,000
March	7,645,200	11,493,000	13,349,200
April	8,211,000	9,213,000	25,727,000
Totals	$37,958,000	$49,893,000	$66,258,500

"As far as the insurance companies are concerned, their remedy appears to be to raise rates, but property-owners should in some way be brought to a realizing sense of the need for more care. Buildings should be more safely constructed, better guarded, and irregularity supervised."

A conference will be held at the Sherman House tomorrow morning between a committee composed of Auditor W. H. Hart of Indiana, Auditor Frank Merriam of Iowa, and Insurance Commissioner J. J. O'Shaughnessy of Minnesota, appointed by President E. L. O'Rear of the International Association of Insurance Commissioners, to meet a like committee from the Fraternal congress, an association of the fraternal associations of the country, composed of J. A. Johnson of Kansas, J. W. White of the Modern Woodmen, and D. D. Aiken of the Maccabees. The purpose of the meeting is to consider the fraternal laws now in force in many of the States and to recommend such changes as to make all departmental requirements uniform. The amended law will be submitted to the meeting of the Fraternal congress for its ratification when it convenes in June. The Legislatures of the different States afterwards will be asked to adopt it.

The Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance company is preparing to move to quarters in the new Marshall Field Building, the John Hancock has moved to the Association Building, and the Royal Union Mutual to the Continental Bank Building.

New York, May 8.—[Special.]—Pending the satisfactory adjustment by the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company of Baltimore of a $75,000 bond, which it issued to a city contractor who defaulted on his work, Controller Coler will not accept the company as surety for city employés or contractors. President Bland of the United States Fidelity holds that the company is not legally liable under the bond in question, and is anxious to have the contract passed upon by the court, offering meantime to deposit the entire amount involved with a city trust company as an evidence of good faith and financial solvency. The United States is known as the Croker-Freedman company, and does a large business with city officials and employés. It has bonded Controller Coler for $200,000.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:
Koesker & Zander, 2½-story frame residences, 2412 and 2414 N. 42d-av. ... $ 4,800
F. Bergman, 1-story frame cottage, 837 112th-st. ... 1,000
Armour & Co., 5-story brick factory, 1041 31st-pl. ... 60,000
B. Kramer, 2-story frame residence, 704 Thome-av. ... 4,000

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Stanislaus Domanoski, Frances Schawe	25—20
Albert J. Gage, Alice Maud Ferrell	29—27
Franczszek Leszczynski, Wiktorija Pamlicki	26—17
Frederick Crane, Agnes Maxwell	29—26
John Hatt, Bridget Flanagan	41—41
David C. Riley of Cresco, Ia., Jennette Baker of Chicago	27—24
Augustus J. Wright, Margaret Hagerty	23—23
Charles Sorenson, Maud Chambers	19—27
John Boland, Annie Diehl	30—21
Walter E. Colladay of Decatur, Ill., Marie Bennett of Chicago	21—19
Fredrick W. Fraska, Lokadia Kwarczyuska	27—26
John Gorry of Danville, Ill., Josie Mitchell of Wellsbury, W. Va.	34—33
William Agnew of Oil City, Pa., Belle Gregory of Chicago	49—44
William Schneider, Annie Leseth	24—26
Ole H. Huber, Annie M. Edwards	50—42
John Johnson, Alvina C. Wischrua	23—22
John A. Huckenbacht, Barbara Muna	24—22
Szymon Topa, Marie Staszen	25—24
Alvin W. C. Starck, Emilie M. C. Johl	29—26
William A. Match, Emma D. Dillon	31—23
Morris Bass of New York, Hilda Fox	21—21
Joseph B. Griswold, Mary Lewis	24—21
Fred Tent, Emma Hafshers	27—18
J. Grant Teller, Bertha Cithbertson	36—28
Dezera D. Dezetter, Loretta M. Jefferson	23—19
Joseph Hoywood, Mollie Watkins	37—37
Joseph Maukons, Josefa Sedzewicaty	22—25
Albert F. Malmgren, Jennie C. Anderson	28—23
Ernest J. Glassco of Hamilton, Canada, Winona G. Watson of Toronto, Canada	27—27
Caulton March, Josephine Blasie	33—32
George Story, Emma Fairbanks	32—22
Joseph B. Griswold, E. Ray Lewis	22—20
Herman A. Krueger, Ida Horn	22—20
James Fetherston, Annie Ryan	68—25
George H. Peton, Frances A. Rapp	31—25
Moses H. Farrell, Amelia C. Baur	37—26
John K. Ahern, Mollie O'Rourke	45—26
Frank S. Reichart, Lottie M. Billerbeck	31—31
John J. Rafferty, Mary Devitt	38—26
Morton J. Tompkins, Rose L. Neverman	21—21
Samuel Miller, Lena Linder	38—35
Frank Edelmeier, Clara Stubinger	23—19
Gregory Kapustka, Wiktorija Maziarka	25—19
Orefry Dankeza, Zuzefa Modrzejenwska	24—18
William McLean, Grace Brockenfroff	38—34
Oscar P. Berglung, Freda Brandell	31—26
Willis B. Porter, Pearl Taylor	30—18
John F. Hoefke, Meta Gartelman	23—22
John M. Crowe, Clara A. Halbrecht	36—20
Henry Van Dyke, Katie Bos	29—21
Philip J. Brown, Mary Langfeldt	24—22
Charles Pulaski, Mary Schweltzer	33—23
Delbert J. Propst, Minnie Farrell	30—28
George F. Winfield of Philadelphia, Pa., Margaret Goodwin, same	36—30
John M. Lindgren, Annie M. Loibe	26—27
Ignaz Kowalcek, Mary Szopdzak	23—20
Grant H. Voirhies, Annie Nolan	24—28
Ernest Carlson, Caroline Ehrencrona	26—23
Luke Nolan, Lizzie Novotrig	29—27
Edward W. Olson, Sadie Johnson	21—22
Fred Schaak, Josephine Patske	26—19
Compton L. Hyde, Josephine Foote	24—23
Elmer C. French, Sarah L. Stephans	46—44
Matthew S. Hanprick, Florence Fischer	26—24
Frederick M. Hughes, Florence E. Hall	35—25

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SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT, EXperienced salesman; city or road; only respectable firms willing to pay salary or salary and commission please answer. Address E 818, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN BY A young man; 5 years' experience paper business. Address E 604, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSE CARPENter or keeping real estate; capable of taking charge of work in any line of building trade; long experience and A1 reference. Address E 962, Tribune office.

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SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN BY first-class, experienced man; best of references furnished. Address D 823, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, Swedish, as coachman and work around house; references. Address E 857, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; single and sober; careful driver; city or country; best city ref. Address E 860, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG HANDY MAN; take care horse, lawn. E 851, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN; SINGLE; competent; city reference. E 869, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGLISH BUTLER; highest refs. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st. Tel. N. 100.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER, age 25 years; five years' experience; wish to make a change; salary $15 per week. Address E 816, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMpetent stenographer employed during day wants work evenings or Sundays. E 971, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office man; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address E 969, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; BY gentleman with machine; moderate salary. Address E 813, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS ELderly man, as janitor, houseman, or care of horse; handy with tools; good references; small place; moderate wages for steady place. E. A. FOOTE, 45 Eldredge-ct.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED gardener and houseman, or care of horse and garden; 5 years last place. R. PINNELL, 389 N. State-st.

SITUATION WANTED — HAVE FINE TEAM driving horses; want position selling or advertising, city or country. F 177, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 22 years, iron marker and bundler, or any other kind of work. Address E 852, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, neat appearing, and with good habits. Address E 863, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS JANITOR OR house man by experienced, handy young man, steady or otherwise; ref. E 980, Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

MAY 7—LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING sixty-five [$65] dollars, ticket from Omaha to San Francisco, also ticket to Omaha, with other papers; keep money, return balance to 31 S. Canal-st. No questions asked. WINNE & KELLOGG, D. D. SHATTUCK.

LOST—BOARD OF TRADE CERTIFICATE, name of M. P. Connolly, No. 2065, dated Oct. 23, 1876. A. V. BOOTH.

LOST—2 WHITE-HANDLED BEAR RAZORS; initials "C. C. M." engraved on; liberal reward for return to R. 703 Chicago Stock Ex. Building.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—MAMMA: WHERE EVER YOU are please come back to us. GLEN.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—"ON SPECIAL CREDIT AT CASH PRICES."
"From head to toe" we clothe a single person or a family complete.
"From parlor to kitchen" we furnish a home. We operate a special credit department store for salaried people, and those in moderate circumstances, and invite your inspection.
Established 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 217 and 219 State-st., 2d and 3d floors.

PERSONAL—IF YOUR HAIR OR BEARD IS GRAY, USE WARD'S WALNUT OIL. Colors in one application; sunny-brown, brown, and dark-brown; expressed free on receipt of price, $1 and $1.50. MME. J. WARD, 1103 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL — A RARE OPPORTUNITY—WE are making first-class, silk-lined throughout, men-tailored ladies' garments in any style at $40; we also make suits where goods are furnished from $15 up; fit and workmanship guaranteed. GOTTLIEB & BROWN, suite 207, 134 Van Buren-st.

PERSONAL—THE BEST $4 PANTS AND THE FINEST $15 SUIT OR OVERCOAT made in the U. S.; every GARMENT TRIED ON and GUARANTEED to fit at BECWAR BROS., 177 and 179 ADAMS-ST., N. E. COR. FIFTH-AV., 2d floor.

PERSONAL—FREE—AT 2:30 P. M. AND 8 P. M. SHARP, LECTURES ON PALMISTRY AND MENTAL THEPATHY. ZANCIG'S TEMPLE OF PALMISTRY, 185 MICHIGAN-AV., LELAND HOTEL.

PERSONAL—WRINKLES, POCK MARKS, ALL traces of old age, discolorations, blackheads removed; a limited number of patients received at residence. Address or call at office. J. ELIZABETH TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—GO TO CONLY'S FOR ACCORDION, KNIFE AND FAN PLEATINGS; also buttons covered while you wait; tucking, cording, buttonholes, etc., etc. R. 6, 88 State-st., and 29 Sherman-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently removed at your home, without pain or harm [no electricity], by skilled lady operator; four years' successful practice in Chicago. Address for interview D 905, Tribune office.

PERSONAL — HIGH-CLASS TAILORING ON CREDIT. No deposit required. THE S. B. SHEARER CO., 8th floor, Woman's Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts destroyed forever by electric needle; eyebrows and foreheads perfectly shaped; ten years' experience. MME. STIVER, 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—THE CELEBRATED WELTMER'S $25 mail course, complete for $1. 10 lectures teaches you hypnotism, personal magnetism, magnetic healing. R. FRANCIS, 223 Reaper Block.

PERSONAL—SHREWD LAWYER CONDUCTS uncontested cases without ads. or delay; small fee on installments; witnesses secured. Address E 812, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red nose, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — GENTLEMEN FURNISHING their own cloth, we will cut, make, and trim suits for $7.50. LAVERY & CO., 301 Times-Herald Bldg.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—ROACHES AND BEDBUGS EXterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State.

PERSONAL—LADIES, SEND FOR OUR BOOK "Woman" free; tells you everything; no woman safe without it. Renaud Drug Co., 161-163 State-st.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS EXTERMINATed; 17 years' experience. F. E. Brown, 158 31st.

PERSONAL—LADIES, GET A FREE SAMPLE of Marbourg's skin food. 34 Monroe-st., R. 35.

PERSONAL—DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ON easy payments. LOFTIS & CO., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—DR. GRAHAM TREATS ALL FEmale troubles; $5. 301 Chicago Opera-House.

PERSONAL—N. E. ANDREWS, 291 WABASH, chiropodist; corns, bunions, ingrown nails.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—MAKE $250 BY OCTOBER ON LOT we offer for $300; cor. Union-av. and 73d-st. LONG, 520 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—TEN R.I.P.A.N.S FOR 5 CENTS at druggist; one gives relief.

EXCURSIONS AND TRAVEL.

$110 CHICAGO TO PARIS AND RETURN, everything included. Side trips Switzerland, Germany [Passion Play], Italy. Illustrated pamphlet free. Arnesen Tourist Agency, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, exp. office assistant; good writer; accurate figures; $6. Address E 877, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GOOD DANISH girl, first-class cook, in a good private American family with party preferring to keep the servant and can treat them well; I prefer my own room; I have kept my places for years. 3658 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN wants to go out washing by the day or cleaning. Call 238 N. Clark, 1st flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS Swedish girl for general housework; wages, $5. Call 3125 Fields-av., 2d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY THE DAY, FIRST-class laundress; also housecleaning. 2456 Wentworth-av., top flat.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN GIRL, COMpetent general housework. 3816 Rhodes-av., Flat 1.

SITUATION WANTED—BY DANISH GIRL, general housework. 4233 Langley-av., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED — DAY WORK OR housecleaning. 2704 Dearborn-st., 2d flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CHAMBERMAID by a Norwegian girl. Address E 849, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—DAY WORK; ANYthing; colored lady. 3003 La Salle-st. M. McCoy.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT SECOND girl in private family. 186 31st-st., Flat 4.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS cook and laundress; city refs. E W 866, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY COOK and second girl. 5058 State-st., Flat G.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED housekeeper would care for house during absence of family; no salary; highest references. Address E 827, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT and experienced person to take care of home for party going away for the summer; references. Address E 867, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSES MADE BY lady late from Marshall Field's; will go out by the day; good fitter, stylish. 88 Lytle-st., West Side.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED dressmaker; first-class work. McDowell system. MRS. C. JOHNSON, 28 Clybourn-av.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COMPANION TO children, by Catholic young lady; no objection to travel. Address TEACHER, Rendville, Ohio.

SITUATION WANTED—AS NURSE FOR INvalid or maid for elderly lady by respectable Swede; refs. 222 Belle Plaine-av.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSING OR LIGHT housekeeping; good ref. 97 29th-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK; also fine waitress, Scotch maid, and others; most excellent and desirable servants. There is no question that we have the highest grade, best trained domestics in Chicago.
GEO. E. TAYLOR, 1462 Michigan-av.

SITUATION WANTED—NEW ADDRESS, 2446 Indiana-av. The best of domestics, all nationalities, at the old reliable Bureau Registry. MRS. JONES, proprietor. Tel. S. 227. Est. 20 years. No branch offices.

SITUATIONS WANTED—SMITH'S, 10 THROOP-st. [established 18 years—Ladies desiring competent, reliable, well-trained domestics, with verbal refs., can be promptly supplied at Mrs. Smith's.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOKS, SECOND, GENeral housework girls, and nurses furnished; best references; highest wages paid to competent help. MRS. GRIST, Flat B, 289 43d. Tel. Drexel 5701.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY RECOMMENDS her Scotch maid, who is accustomed to travel. BIGGS, 67 Rush. Tel. N. 100.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COOK, SECOND, GENeral girls, given prompt attention. MISS BROWN, 529 N. Clark-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FOR BEST OF SERVants with good references, Miss Mandel, 175 31st.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RAPID, ACCURate stenographer and general office assistant; 4 years' experience; good education; Remington, Smith Premier, or Jewett operator. E 850, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRApher; good writer and speller; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address E 968, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRApher; $15 weekly; A1 references. E 854, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER; 2½ years' experience; rapid, accurate, educated; reasonable salary. E 832, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS LAdy stenog., thoroughly compentent; moderate salary. Address E 875, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOG., new beginner, bright, intelligent, accurate; $5. Address E 876, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer with two years' exp.; accurate, willing. Address E 879, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STRICTLY 1ST-CLASS typewriting, 1-3 usual rates. E K 257, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG GIRL STEN., 6 months' exp.; wages $5.50. E 856, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXP. ACCURATE young lady stenog.; $6. Address E 878, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED Danish girl, best references, wishes to cross the Atlantic with a lady or family who need a maid or nurse. K. JENSEN, 2227 Calumet-av.

SITUATION WANTED—PRIVATE MILLINER will call at residence if desired. Removed to 4343 Langley-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY as companion to lady or children; good reader and generally useful. Address E 953, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG FRENCH teacher, as interpreter or companion to Europe; reply by mail. 581 E. 62d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG VIENNA LAdy, just arrived, would like to obtain a position as nurse governess. Address E 817, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A REFINED FRENCH lady desires position as an experienced traveling companion; references. E 866, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE YOUNG Swedish woman as lady's maid; good sewer and packer. K. 222, Belle Plaine-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY PIanist, first-class sight reader, as accompanist to orchestra. Address D J 329, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

LAST SALE OF SHARES
On the installment plan at 5 cents per share.
Par value, $1, fully paid, non-assessable and no personal liability.
May 12, 8 o'clock p. m., prices will be advanced.
Installment plan—5 cents per share:
250 shares, $1 down, $1 per month; total, $12.50.
500 shares, $2 down, $2 per month; total, $25.
1,000 shares, $4 down, $4 per month; total, $50.
CASH—100 SHARES, $3.50.
500 SHARES, $15.
1,000 SHARES, $27.
ALL MONEY PAID TO A BONDED TRUSTEE AND PAID OUT ONLY UPON DULY AUDITED VOUCHERS.
The stockholders will elect an inspector soon, who will visit the mines at our expense and report to them.
CALL OR WRITE. WE INVITE INVESTIGATION.
Make all checks, etc., payable to S. M. MOULTON, Trustee. Address TRUNAGAIN ARM GOLD MINING CO., Rooms 721-22, 185 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

WRITE TODAY FOR OUR COMPLETE BOOKlet explaining how to make your money earn you a salary; of value and interest to everybody; our plan is conservative and profitable to both large and small investors; commence right and earn an income. CHAS. B. HYLAND & CO., 7 Exchange-pl., Boston.

PATENTS AT AUCTION. PATENTEES DESIRING TO REALize cash for their inventions at the great sale in June, address G. W. KEELER, Manager, 43 Liberty-st., New York.

CIGAR STAND—PROMINENTLY LOCATED INside loop, clearing easy $100 monthly; no reasonable offer refused; circumstances compel immediate sale. Particulars, LINDGREN, 99 Randolph-st., Room 18.

FOR SALE—OWING TO DEATH OF OWNER, the grocery business at No. 379 State-st.; stock, fixtures, and good will; is a going concern; stock can be inspected. Send bids to WM. DILLON, 801 Ashland Block.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 25-ROOM TRANsient hotel, near Palmer House; old stand; clearing $400 monthly. Particulars, GOLSEN, Tacoma Bldg.

$50 TO $100 INVESTED IN ZINC MINING often brings thousands of dollars in a few months. For particulars call or write to GREGG & CO., 707, 218 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—A DRUG STORE CLEARING $150 a month; invoice $2,000; part time payments; old stand, but clean stock; no fancy fixtures. Address Box 146, Terre Haute, Ind.

HERE IS AN OPPORTUNITY FOR BRIGHT young man—One-half interest in best paying, old established office business in Chicago; should pay you $200 every month. LEMON, 167 Dearborn-st., 517.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS STOCK OF HARDware, good location, in one of the best towns in southern Michigan. Address Lock-Box 2395, Battle Creek, Mich.

$2,000 AND A PARTY WANTED TO ACT FOR A large corporation; money absolutely safe and interest guaranteed; salary from $100 to $150 a month. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

CASH FOR SHOE STOCKS, DRY GOODS, clothing, and other merchandise. Address H. MORGUS, 126 Market-st.

$3,500 BUYS 1-3 INTEREST IN A FACTORY; salary of $1,560 a year; office of V. President; incorporated. 50 McCullough Blk., Davenport, Ia.

FOR SALE—1ST-CLASS BLACKSMITH SHOP, money maker; big bargain. 930 W. Van Buren.

BUSINESS-MAN WITH CAPITAL WANTED; very good profits in the business. E 602, Tribune.

LAUNDRY FOR SALE—INQUIRE ROOM 515, 36 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BOOK STORE. 153 Canalport-av.; or exchange.

$350 BUYS 12-STOOL LUNCHROOM, OLD ESTab., doing $15 a day; rent $15. 380 Dearborn.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

FRED BENDER, EST. 1883, MANUFACTURER and jobber of combination showcases, mirrors, and general store fixtures, 538-542-544 Wabash-av., 1906-1908 Wabash-av. Tel. South 226, Tel. Harrison 2027.

AUCTION SALE—TUESDAY, MAY 15, AT 11 sharp, in Cobb Building, South Chicago, beautiful new drug store outfit; also restaurant fixtures; also lot of furniture, plumbers' goods; private sale will continue each day until date of sale.

12-FT. TAILOR'S OAK WALL CASE AT A BARgain; letterpress, $2.25; typewriter stand, $2; typewriting machines, $12.50; roll-top desk, $11. BAKER, 47 Dearborn-st.

OFFICE DESKS AND CHAIRS, TYPEWRITER cabinets, letter files; bargains; lowest prices in the city. STAFFORD BROS., Steinway Hall.

FOR SALE—2D-HAND BARBER SHOP FURniture. Address E 976, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERK—MUST HAVE NICE ADDRESS, a high school graduate living at home, accurate and rapid; salary, $8 to start; give age, experience, and references. Address E 830, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, experienced, in wholesale house; give age, references, how long employed, and reasons for leaving; salary $15 per week. E 858, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—EXPERIENCED; STATE AGE and salary expected. Address in own handwriting. E S 69, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—REGISTERED ASSISTANT. Address E 835, Tribune office.

EXPERIENCED HARDWARE CLERK—STATE your experience, reference, and salary expected. Address E 862, Tribune office.

GROCERY AND DEPARTMENT STORE clerks residing west of Ashland-av., receiving small salary, to investigate soliciting life insurance; $15 weekly upwards can be made by any industrious man; rapid promotion and a bright future for ambitious men. Inquire Prudential Insurance Co., cor. Van Buren-st. and Ogden-av.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS MAN—EXPERIenced; down-town. C W 673, Tribune office.

REGISTERED ASSISTANT DRUGGIST—C. E. MARSHALL, 3500 Cottage Grove-av.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 19 YEARS OF AGE TO do office work; must write good hand and have A1 references; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address F O 210, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR FIRE INSURANCE OFfice, general agency; must have experience. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected, E 603, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED, IN RETAIL men's furnishings. 147 Washington-st.

YOUNG MAN—SOME EXPERIENCE SELLING shoes. 382 W. Madison.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—GOOD, FOR EXclusive mediums. R. 1528-29, 315 Dearborn-st.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS—MEN OF ABILity. GEO. BARLEON, Room 418, 30 La Salle.

BOOKMEN—WE ALWAYS HAVE ATTRACtive sellers, with high commission; our men all making money. F. E. FUNK, 211 Madison, 5th floor.

CANVASSERS—CITY AND COUNTRY; NO EXperience; easy work; ready sale; large commission. Address Pfeiline Art Co., 394 S. Hermitage-av., Chicago, near Harrison-st.

INDUSTRIAL INS. MEN—BY HARTFORD Life; intermediate department; W. Side. J. T. BROWNLEE, Plymouth Bld., Van Buren and Dearborn-st.

INSTALLMENT MEN—GOOD, TO SELL OUR cameras; city or country; $1 down, 25c per week. Metropolitan Camera Co., 575 Wells-st.

LIFE INSURANCE SOLICITORS — FIRST-class, to sell our special $5,000 endowment installment policy; age 35, only $39.35 yearly; A1 contract. Renewals. 811 Ashland Block.

MAN—A BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT MAN FOR special work; must be educated, a fluent talker, and a willing worker. J. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

MEN—AMBITIOUS, WITH OR WITHOUT EXperience, to represent the Michigan Mutual Life Ins. Co.; "gilt edged" ordinary insurance from $100 to $5,000 issued on the monthly payment plan; regular ordinary rates and options; ordinary, industrial and fraternal men given a chance to build up and own their business. Apply at 315 Dearborn-st., Room 1615.

MEN—EXPERIENCED BOOK AND INSURance, to represent a large Eastern house; only men accustomed to large incomes need apply; extraordinary advantages. EDWARD T. KELLY, Manager, 1508 Fisher Bldg.

SALESLADIES—10, AT ONCE. LEONARD MANDEL DRY GOODS CO., 31st-st. and Indiana-av.

SALESMAN—OF GROCERY BUSINESS EXperience, with good record and address, by a Chicago leading wholesale grocery house, for well established route; an exceptional opportunity for a thorough posted, pushing salesman, and good salary to right party; state age, reference, and full particulars of past experience. Address E 836, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BRIGHT, QUICK, ENERGETIC man, capable of interesting and handling the best people in Chicago; special experience not essential; tact and energy all that is required; salary and commission. Address F O 773, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BRIGHT, QUICK, ENERGETIC man, capable of interesting and handling the best people in Chicago; special experience not essential; tact and energy all that is required; salary and commission. Address F O 773, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WELL DRESSED, OF PLEASING personality, and thoroughly capable; give details as to age, experience, and other qualifications; salary and commission. Address F O 771, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—WELL DRESSED, OF PLEASING personality, and thoroughly capable; give details as to age, experience, and other qualifications; salary and commission. Address F O 771, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE MAN; SALARY, $70; must reside in outside town, invest $180, and manage branch office for baking powder manufacturer; permanent position; describe yourself. Address MANAGER, 2938 Cot. Grove-av., Chicago.

SALESMAN — CHANDLER'S MULTI-DUPLIcating paper and cabinet; just out; sells itself; needed in all offices; a harvest for agents. Call and see it. F. M. Moore, Room 7, 52 W. Jackson-blvd.

SALESMAN—A HIGH-CLASS SPECIALTY, NOT willing to work for less than $50 a week, who will appreciate an opportunity better than any heretofore offered; references; advertising experience preferred. 210 First Nat. Bank Bldg.

SALESMAN—CANVASSER—I HAVE EXCELlent seller, 700 per cent profit; $7 capital places you in position to make $18 upwards weekly; either sex investigate. 650 Madison-st., 1st flat.

SALESMEN—IF $50 OR $75 WEEKLY WILL interest you DON'T OVERLOOK THIS AD.; if already employed and you desire a side line good for $18 or $20 per week DON'T OVERLOOK THIS AD. We have something entirely new which appeals to every American home; live men or women can make from $2 to $4 per day AFTER supper; a complete line of our samples, WORTH $4 [the goods we will send you actually sell for $4] will be forwarded prepaid to any address on receipt of fifty two cent stamps, PROVIDING YOU WILL AGREE TO ACT AS OUR AGENT. We are making this offer for the month of May only, in order to get a number of agents started quickly; those who start in now will get the "cream." $4 worth of goods, prepaid, for 50 two-cent stamps. Write at once. Parisian American Art Association, 56 Fifth-av., Chicago.

SALESMEN—CLARK'S PATENT ADJUSTABLE mirror for milliners, hatters, tailors, clothiers, hair dressers, dry goods stores, dressmakers, private residences, and all other places where a mirror is used. Recommended and in use by Marshall Field & Co., Mandel Bros., D. B. Fisk & Co., The Fair, Hub, A. M. Rothschild, Siegel, Cooper & Co., and other leaders. Exclusive territory to good parties. No competition. Write for circulars and terms. Consolidated Mirror Works, sole owners and controllers, 84 Adams-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN — THREE GOOD HUSTLING salesmen for Indiana and Michigan; must be intelligent, well dressed, and able to mingle with best people; salary and commission; yearly contract; worth $2,500 per year to right man; references required. Address F J 316, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FOR CITIES, COUNTIES, AND State ast of Mississippi River; can make $200 to $400 per month; best and simplest chemical fire extinguisher in the market. W. P. MINOR, Room 45, 88 Washington-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN — GOOD, HUSTLING, WELL-APpearing, intelligent men to handle Stoddard's Lectures; most satisfactory book proposition on market; liberal advances to men with good references. J. D. KENYON, 1506 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN—CITY, TO SELL TAILORING; big inducements to men having large acquaintance and good references; complete outfit furnished. WORLD'S TAILORING CO., 717 Medinah Temple.

SALESMEN—SOME GOOD, PUSHING, TO place stock of a Missouri copper mining company in Chicago, on commission; good proposition. Address H 415, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—CITY AND TRAVELING, CALLing on steam trade, to handle boiler compound; good commission. Address F 557, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—1ST-CLASS, ON NEW PATENTed portraits; no competition; good commission; city and State rights to responsible parties. R. B. MIDDLEMISS, 5489 Jefferson-av.

SALESMEN—$15 SODA FOUNTAIN; BEST side line on earth; no charged tank required. FOX & CO., B 303, 156 Washington-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN—TWO—WORTH $20 A WEEK. DR. Reed Cushion Shoe Co., 69 Clark, R. 304.

SALESMEN—TEA AND COFFEE BUSINESS; salary or commission. Address F R 179, Tribune.

SOLICITOR — ALSO COLLECTOR; INDUSTRIal fire insurance. 221 Rialto Building.

SOLICITORS—15 EXPERT RETAIL GROCERY "CALL FOR ORDER" SOLICITORS; ONLY THOSE OF PLEASING ADDRESS, IN POSSESSION OF GOOD MORNING ROUTES FROM STORES IN GOOD DISTRICTS OF THE SOUTH, WEST, AND NORTH DIVISIONS; SALARIES $12 TO $18 PER WEEK; STATE FULL PARTICULARS OF EXPERIENCE TO RECEIVE CONSIDERATION. ADDRESS F O 713, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

SOLICITORS—FOR "OUR ISLANDS AND Their People as Seen with Camera and Pencil," introduced by General Joseph Wheeler, covering the journey made by author and photographer twelve Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Isle of Pines, the Philippines, the Hawaiian group and superb Samoa; illustrated with twelve hundred brilliant photographs taken by our own artist, with authors; descriptive matter by distinguished authors; in cash; semi-monthly payments; commissions paid liveries and men make $12 to $20 per day; no delivery for description, collections by solicitor. Address BUREAU FOR terms Chicago Record's PEOPLE," 132 "OUR ISLANDS AND THEIR La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

SOLICITORS—LIFE — wants to secure 6 INSURANCE COMPANY work in Chicago; good able solicitors for special Tribune office. salary. Address F O 772.

SOLICITORS—LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY wants to secure 6 capable solicitors for special work in Chicago; good salary. Address F O 772, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—IF YOU CAN SELL LIFE INSURance and make $25 a week we pay you $100 a week to work for us. Call 525 Title Bldg.

SOLICITORS—SUBSCRIPTION, TO SELL SHIPping guides. 926 Monadnock Block.

TRAVELING SALESMAN—BY OLD ESTABlished house; must be of good appearance and address; bond required; permanent position to right man. Box 814, Chicago.

TRAVELING SALESMEN — WHO DESIRE first-class article for side line; good commission. Write CARR, 11 So. Water-st., Chicago.

Boys.

BOY—GOOD, HANDY, BRIGHT BOY, EXPERIenced in feeding Gordon presses; chance to learn fine advertising composition. MAHIN ADVERTISING CO., 200 Monroe-st.

BOYS—IN LARGE HOUSE TO WORK IN stock; $4 to start; state age, experience, etc. Address F O 200, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Boys.

TELEPHONE BOY—IN INSURANCE OFFICE; salary $4 per week. Address E 839, Tribune office.

Trades.

BLACKSMITH [HORSESHOER]—STEADY JOB to good, sober man; give references. E. E. REMINGTON, Buchanan, Mich.

CARPENTERS—150 FRAMERS AND 100 FINishers; wages 35 cents per hour. Apply at the Builders and Traders' Exchange, 207 New York Life, Omaha, Neb.

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LINOTYPE OPERATOR — ADDRESS THE News, Champaign, Ill.

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PAPERHANGER (ONE) — AND TWO GOOD house painters; none but good men need apply. Long jobs. F. CRAWSHAW, Delavan, Ill.

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TAILOR—FOR NEW AND OLD WORK; GOOD pay; steady. 3916 Cottage Grove-av.

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TAILORS—STEADY WORK; GOOD COATmakers, at once. 4730 State-st. DAVIS.

TAILORS—COATMAKERS; GOOD HANDS. 1011 Unity Building, 79 Dearborn-st.

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VEST MAKERS—TO TAKE WORK HOME; ALso tailor. MILLER, 331 W. Van Buren-st.

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AT LAST—HOUSES LIGHTED BY BATTERies; cheapest and best light; we also want agents for our table lamps, carriage and bicycle lights, fan motors with batteries, cap lights, necktie lights, and everything electrical; largest makers in the world and we undersell all. Agents wanted. Send for new catalogue, just out. Ohio Electric Works, Cleveland, O.

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RELIABLE AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN AND county to represent and sell our improved gasoline vapor lamps; no torch required; adjustable flame; polished brass; seven styles; handsome designs; guaranteed safe; good profits to reliable agents. Write Studebaker Gasoline Lighting Co., Dept. O., 552 Main-st., Kansas City, Mo.

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WANTED — EXPERIENCED, RELIABLE agents to sell our wonderful lighting system; strongest, most satisfactory, and economical light known; appeals to every merchant. BRINGHAM & CO., 11 Dearborn-st.

$2,500 CAN BE MADE DURING NEXT SIX months by hustling agents handling our white and fancy rubber collars, cuffs, bosoms, and neckties; patented and guaranteed goods; write for plan. M. & M. MFG. CO., Springfield, Mass.

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AGENTS WANTED — GREATLY IMPROVED, simple make gasoline lamp; 100 candle-power; quick lighting; 1c daily; portable; don't pay high prices. Planet Mfg. Co., Dept. 56, St. Louis, Mo.

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IF YOU CAN SUCCESSFULLY INTRODUCE ME to a gentleman or lady of means willing to invest from $300 to $3,000 in a very profitable undertaking please address F 518, Tribune office.

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AGENTS—WE WANT TEN MORE GOOD CANvassers for city and country; good territory; hustlers coining money. McHUGH, 34, 92 La Salle-st.

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AGENTS—WE WILL RECEIVE AND CONsider applications from agents this week; now ready for big business. Kinney Kooker Kabinet Co., 315 Dearborn.

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WANTED—LOCAL DEPUTIES, MAN OR WOMan, for fraternal insurance; good pay for good work. Address F 441, Tribune office.

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Stenographer, mfg. experience	75
Stenographers, two claim	50
Voucher clerk, freight	75
Freight claim clerk, clothing experience, office	50
Stock men, boys	$3-$4

Merchants ... Exchange, 746, 108 La Salle-st.

MEN—TO LEARN BARBER TRADE; SPECIAL advantages today for busy season now. We had twenty-seven calls today for our graduates to work in city. 20 ads. in the daily papers contain an average ... join. Call or write, MOLER COLLEGE, ... Wabash-av.

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COOKS—10, $6; 5 SECOND, $5; 50 HOUSEwork girls; also young girls; good places waiting. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cottage Grove.

FIRST-CLASS COOKS, SECOND AND GENERal girls at once; highest wages for reference; good places waiting. MISS SQUIER, 186 E. 53d.

GIRLS—GENERAL HOUSEWORK, SECOND, and cooks; places waiting. Miss Cavill, 186 53d.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

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PLEASE CALL AT
STROUP'S BUREAU,
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TELEPHONE CENTRAL 1395.
LARGEST AND MOST
CENTRAL BUREAU IN CHICAGO.
WE HAVE BEEN LONG ESTABLISHED.
HAVE FILED GOOD REAL ESTATE BOND
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IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR
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WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING ORDERS.
HAVE VACANCIES AT ALL TIMES.

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GENERAL WORK IN FACTORIES, HANDling lumber, sawyers, mill hands, etc.

GENERAL WORK IN MACHINE SHOPS, lathe and bench work, drill press hands, electricians, engineers, firemen, oilers, etc.

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MARRIED AND SINGLE MEN FOR STOCK, dairy, and fruit farms, $20, $35, and up per month.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER AND STEN.	$ 8.00
Bookkeeper and sten., exp. in pub. house	18.00
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Correspondent and stenographer	15.00
Graphophone operator, Rem.	12.00
Stenographer, Rem.	12.00
Boy, age 17, for shipping-room	6.00
Office boy, for ins. office	4.50
Office and errand boys	$3 to 5.00

NO REGISTRATION OR ADVANCE FEES.

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Stenographer under 30, very rapid	25
Foreman wholesale grocery shipping-room	25
Salesman for city wholesale grocery	
Salesman for retail gents' furnishings	15
Shipping clerk, wholesale clothing	15
Stenographer, man under 25	14
Insurance policy writer	12
Office clerk, extra good penman	12
Bill clerk, experienced young man	10
Young man, good writer	8
Boy for insurance office	6
Boy, wholesale lumber office	5
Boy, West Side wholesale house	4

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185 Dearborn-st.

AUDITORS,
BOOKKEEPERS,
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STENOGRAPHERS,
OFFICE CLERKS,
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PLACED WITH LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES.
NO CHARGE BEFORE SECURING POSITION.
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185 DEARBORN-ST.

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FARM HANDS—10; $20, $22, $25 PER MONTH. GOODE, 119 S. Canal-st.

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STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT, CAPABLE, AND experienced male stenographer, who has had experience in mail order business in the machinery line, and able to take care of their correspondence. Address fully and at once, giving nature of experience and references. E 853, Tribune office.

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CASHIER—IF YOU HAVE FROM $150 TO $200 to invest and act as cashier this will pay you $75 a month; see us. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

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MAN—AN EDUCATED MAN WITH GOOD business qualifications; permanent and profitable employment for the right person. Apply 10 to 12, Rand-McNally Bldg., Room 414.

MANAGER—FOR BRANCH OFFICE IN SOUTH Bend, Elkhart, Goshen, Plymouth, Peru, Marion; salary and commission to good, responsible men; $100 required; none other need apply. Address E 841, Tribune office.

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OPERATOR—EITHER MALE OR FEMALE, TO run French accordion pleating machine. CHICAGO STRAW WORKS, 263-265 Wabash-av.

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THREE EXPERIENCED YOUNG MEN INSPECtors. Apply at once. Mr. Wheeler, CARSON, PIRIE, SCOTT & CO., State and Washington-sts.

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THE BOSTONIAN KENNELS ARE PREPARED to board a few approved small dogs for the summer months. The best of food, exercise, and attention. Families leaving the city can be sure of extra accommodations for their pets. For particulars address Bostonian Kennels, 41 River-st., Chicago.

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PARTNER WANTED—ENERGETIC YOUNG man to furnish one thousand dollars, take position, and half interest in good established business; no brokers or agents. Address E 874, Tribune office.

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BILL CLERK—YOUNG LADY, EXPERIENCED, plain writer, good at figures; $6 start. Room 401, 52 Dearborn-st.

GIRL—SOUTH SIDE OFFICE GIRL, FAMILIAR with books and authors; $3 to $4 at first. Address, don't call, Parmelee Library, 1841-3 Wabash.

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COOK—GOOD, AND CHAMBERMAID; GOOD wages. 2516 Indiana-av.

COOK—AND LAUNDRESS. 3330 Calumet-av.

COOK—COMPETENT; MUST BE GOOD LAUNdress; references required. 2801 Michigan-av.

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GIRL—GOOD, GENERAL HOUSEWORK AND cook. 3769 Lake-av., Flat J.

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GIRL—EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRL; $5 week. 3854 Cottage Grove-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family; good pay; Swedish preferred. Apply 3512 Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family; spring cleaning over. 4442 Berkeley-av., east of Cottage Grove-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $5 week. 9 Madison Park, near 50th-st. and Madison-av.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR general housework in a family of two adults. 4729 Lake-av., 2d flat, south.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; no washing; refs. 541 Jackson-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good, plain cook; 5 in family; best wages. 338 Oakwood-blvd.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 4036 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 222 43d-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 146 Ashland-blvd.

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Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

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DRESSMAKERS—AT ONCE; ALSO PAID APprentice. MEYER, 3158 Indiana-av.

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FINISHERS—ON CUSTOM COATS; GOOD PAY; steady work. 164 Randolph-st., Room 14.

GIRL HELPERS—HAND SEWING AND MAchine. Apply at once. JACKSON, 314 Venetian Bldg.

GIRLS—TO SEW BUTTONS AND SLEEVES ON custom coats. 183 Clark-st., R. 20.

MACHINE GIRLS AND BASTERS—ON CUStom vests. 157 Gault-ct. LINDQUIST.

MILLINERY MAKERS AND PREPARERS—7, at once. 2138 Michigan-av.

SEAMSTRESSES — TO MAKE ALTERATIONS on ladies' garments. Apply third floor, State-st. MARSHALL FIELD & CO., RETAIL.

SKIRTMAKERS—AND GIRLS TO WORK ON ladies' coats. 410, 57 Washington-st.

YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—LEARN dressmaking, ladies' tailoring; small wages while learning. 40 Dearborn-st., Room 32.

Housekeepers.

COOK—WIDOWER WITH BOY OF 14 REQUIRES a good plain cook and housekeeper for small country club, twenty miles from city; no washing; no other help except Saturday and Sunday. Good references given and required. Small salary, but other inducements for superior person. Box 408, Downer's Grove, Ill.

HOUSEKEEPER—AN INTELLIGENT WOMAN used to directing servants, as housekeeper in a small family; wages $35 per month. Address E 977, Tribune office.

HOUSEKEEPER—NEAT, COMPETENT YOUNG woman, at once; give name and full particulars. Address E 840, Tribune office.

Nurses.

NURSE—COMPETENT; MIDDLE-AGED WOMan; for young infant; bring references. 37 Indiana-av., Flat 4.

Agents Wanted.

LIBERAL PAY TO LADIES WITH SPARE time who can advertise our silk waists, petticoats, etc., effectively among their friends; simple without expense; manufacturers. 806, 21 Quincy-st.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS; PLEASANT AND profitable line; experience not essential; goods easily sold. T. W. JOHNSON, 28 Van Buren, 2d floor, 10-12 a. m.

LADIES WANTED—TO SELL MODEL SHIRT supporters; also model skirts; latest up-to-date petticoat made; profits large. Write for terms. Model Garment Co., 161 E. Superior-st.

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LADIES—LOOKING FOR POSITIONS, PLEASE CALL; WE ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING ORDERS. HAVE VACANCIES AT ALL TIMES. WE HAVE BEEN LONG ESTABLISHED. HAVE FILED GOOD REAL ESTATE BOND WITH THE STATE AND ARE RELIABLE. Positions at general office work, demonstrators, cashiers, reception ladies, typewriter stenographers, clerks, salesladies, entry clerk collectors, bookkeepers, timekeepers, ladies for traveling nurses, managing housekeepers, working housekeepers, telephone girls, etc. STROUP'S BUREAU, 199-201 S. Clark-st., 2d floor. One block from The Fair. Tel. Cnt. 1395. Read our ad. in Male Help column.

ADDRESSERS	$ 6
Stenographer, Yost	12
Stenographer, exp. in law	12
Bookkeeper and stenographer	15
Bookkeeper and stenographer	9
Typewriter to fill in names	6

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 Dearborn-st. or 92 La Salle-st.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING AND manicuring. Prepare now for summer resort position; big wages during the season; more demand for graduates than can be supplied. Four weeks' term completes. Face treatment also taught. Call or write for catalogue. Moler College, 435 Wabash.

180 SO. CENTER-AV., NR. MADISON, SCANDInavian office furnish best help; cooks, 2d nurses, dining-room, kitchen, laundress, housekeeper, and general housework girls. MRS. BERG. City and Country supplied.

EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD PLACES WAITING, both city and country; everyone wanting first-class position should call. GEO. E. TAYLOR, 1462 Michigan-av. Established 1880.

GIRLS—600 GIRLS FOR CITY AND COUNTRY, hotels, restaurants, and housework; positions free; best positions. 118 5th-av. Chicago Employment Agency. Branch office, 3537 Prairie-av.

GIRLS—HIGHEST WAGES; GOOD PLACES waiting; moved to 175 31st-st. MRS. MANDEL.

COOK—FIRST-CLASS, PROTESTANT; PRIvate family. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, FOR SOUTH Water-st. commission house; must be quick, accurate, and willing to do other clerical work; position permanent. Address E 978, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY; ONE WITH NEWSpaper experience preferred; permanent position offered. Address E 838, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITER—YOUNG LADY, BEGINNER, with machine. Apply 7 p. m., R. 209, 17 Quincy-st., opp. Great Northern.

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR—GOOD, FOR EXclusive mediums. R. 152-29, 315 Dearborn-st.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR LADIES AND GIRLS to make $8 to $10 a week; nice, pleasant work that can be done at home. Call or write with stamp, Ideal Home Work Co., 18 Washington-st., Room 45.

BUSINESS-WOMAN—OF EXPERIENCE, OVER 28 years old, who understands bookkeeping, as joint manager of office; salary, $10. Room 1622, Masonic Temple.

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GIRLS—WHO UNDERSTAND KNITTING ON Lamb machine; we will also teach beginners; steady work; well lighted, modern building. FRIEDLANDER, BRADY & CO., 1245 State-st.

LADIES—$3 DAILY CAN BE MADE INTROducing our entirely new article for ladies' use; we have positively best and quickest seller on market; universal demand; large profits; we have many agents making over $25 weekly; don't delay, but write today. The Victoria Co., 114E 4th-av., N. Y.

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LADIES—TEN, MIDDLE-AGED, TO SELL VENerina Tablets; good pay and steady work. Call R. 810 Security Bldg.

LADIES, GIRLS, BOYS—BICYCLE FREE; SELL only FORTY-NINE ORDERS coffee, tea, or toilet soaps. Aaron Coffee Co., 134 E. Van Buren-st.

LADIES—TO MAKE $1 TO $3 A DAY; EASY work; new field. BARLOW, 4206 Ellis-av.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

LADY—ONE IN EACH TOWN IN ILLINOIS, Indiana, and Iowa, to sell Venerina Tablets; good pay and steady work. Samples mailed free. Address National Pharmacal Co., 188 Madison-st., Chicago.

MEN AND WOMEN—TO MAKE $10 TO $15 weekly working for us during spare time; no canvassing; we take all your work; send stamped envelope for full instructions and work to be done. Imperial Supply Co., Odd-Fellows' Bldg., Phila.

OPERATORS—ON WHEELER & WILSON MAchines; experienced in tucking and shirring chiffons; good pay. MME. C. GOLDENSON, 303 Blue Island-av.

PLAYERS — INFLUENTIAL, LEGITIMATE; lady and gentleman; high comedy played, vaudeville. Address E K 541, Tribune office.

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YOUNG LADY—PLEASANT, TO REPRESENT La Caroline's Cream Foam. 408 Inter Ocean Bldg.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

FREE! FREE! FREE! Patterns cut to measure free Friday for pupils entering school before the 15th. Will make a suit free. Fine tailor system taught. Positions guaranteed. Lessons, 50 cts. 901 Champlain Bldg., State and Madison-sts.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING, making, and tailoring; all styles of imported patterns cut to measure. Palais Royal, 157 State-st. Take elevator in store.

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CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 209 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting, ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut.

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Oldest, most famous, and successful medium now before the public, has decided to locate in Chicago. He is the greatest living exponent of clairvoyancy and has established a position in his profession that no other medium can hope to attain. Truthful in his predictions, reliable in his advice, no matter what troubles you may have with yourself or others, come and he will advise you with a certainty higher than human power. Professor Ring is recognized by the press, medical fraternity, and scientists generally as the foremost medium in the country and should not be classed with so-called card-readers, fortune tellers, astrologers, and similar humbugs.

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Hours for consultation are from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

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FOR THIS WEEK,
FEE $1.00.
PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS, MEDIUMS.
ADVICE ON BUSINESS, CHANGES,
TRAVELS, LOVE, FAMILY AFFAIRS.
CALL AND BE GUIDED.
70 EAST 16TH-ST.
Two doors east of Michigan-av.

THE ZANCIGS—4—PALM READERS—4
They give advice in all affairs in life from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m. daily.
Sunday, 10 to 10 p. m.
Full life reading, 50c; with chart, $1.00.
185 Michigan-av., Leland Hotel.

THE GREATEST WONDERS—ALL THE RUSsian sisters, writing mediums and healing clairvoyants; there is nothing in this world or the spirit world but what they can tell and advise you in. Call and be convinced. Office at 128 S. Clark-st., Room 10. Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

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I SHALL READ HANDS ONE MORE WEEK for ONE DOLLAR, POSITIVELY the last week. Hours, daily from 9 to 8; Sundays from 10 to 6. CARL LOUIS PERIN, PALMIST, 227 Michigan-av., three doors south from the Auditorium Annex.

PROF. BRAMLEY, FAMOUS ASTROLOGER, IN order to demonstrate ability will amaze you with the absolute truth of past and future for 10 cents and stamps; inclose date of birth; write today. 216 W. 12th-st., Cincinnati, O.

UNA F. SILVA, THE ONLY SILVA, RECOGnized as the most wonderful medium that has ever visited Chicago; go and see her; many people like her. 138 E. 22d-st., near Michigan-av.

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MME. ROMA, GYPSY FORTUNE TELLER, card reader, and palmist; just arrived. Ladies, 50c; gents $1. 189 W. Madison-st., hrs., 9 to 9 p.m.

MISS NETTIE, CLAIRVOYANT, WILL BE AT 525 W. Lake-st., Flat A; permanently located.

PROF. L. G. KEY, ASTROLOGER—30 YEARS' experience, 12 in Chicago. 1406 Masonic Temple.

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LOOK EVERYWHERE ELSE—

BUT WE HAVE WHAT YOU WANT.

IT'S EASY TO GET.

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The "LOFTIS" is the most up-to-date bicycle built and has attracted more attention than any other wheel this year. Three nickel crowns, nickel flush joints, one-piece crank, expanders at the head and seat-post, adjustable handlebar. Seamless tubing; best equipment, and Morgan & Wright tires, etc.

$30 CASH. $32.50 ON EASY TERMS.
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Old wheels taken in exchange.
Great bargains in second-handed wheels.
OPEN EVENINGS and SUNDAYS UNTIL 2 P.M.
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TODAY AND NEXT WEEK OUR SALES WILL surpass all previous ones. This week we have on sale 425 used bicycles in good condition, which we will sell from $6 to $15. All standard makes, sizes, and colors. All bicycles shipped to all sections of the country and offered at retail lower than most dealers can obtain the same kind at wholesale. See our Lehigh at $24.75, $5 down and 3 mo.'s time. We can give you bargains in most any make of wheel on the market.
PHALIN-BENNETT CO.,
65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75 E. 31st-st.-blvd.

RAMBLER BICYCLES—
The 21 year old favorites
"Are the Best Rambler Ever Built."
1900—$40.
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Bring in your old wheel and see what we can do for you. Big snaps in second hand wheels.
Open Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday eve'gs.
MONDAY IS OUR BARGAIN DAY.
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128 Dearborn-st., near Madison.

GREATEST BICYCLE BARGAINS IN AMERICA, the OLD RELIABLE CO. at same old place. BROWN-LEWIS CO., 293 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE—2D-HAND DIAMOND FRAME Crescent wheel. GOULDING, 58 S. Canal-st.

THISTLE BICYCLES.
271 Wabash-av.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BARGAIN—TOP AND OPEN DELIVERY, GROcery, laundry, bread, milk, and candy wagons; surreys, buggies, harness, whips, etc.; painting and repairing; cash and monthly payments. 3538-3550 State-st. C. J. HULL.

FOR SALE—5-GLASS LANDAU, NEARLY new, double harness made. C. P. Kimball. Cost $850; good as new; will give bargain. 4846 Michigan-av.

FORTY HORSES, FIT FOR ALL USES, broughams, runabouts, goddards, landaus, buggies, etc.; will sell cheap. Palace Livery, 638 43d-st.

NOTICE—HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR ALL grades of horses, sound or crippled; ambulance sent for disabled ones; send card to TOMMELIN, 316 W. Lake-st. or telephone Monroe 778.

A SOUND THOROUGHBRED KENTUCKY SADdle horse, $125. Inquire at PARKER BROS.' Livery, 5321 Lake-av., or of DR. TAYLOR, Windermere Hotel.

BARGAIN—A FINE NEW, LOW-WHEELED rubber-tired runabout. 111 Laflin-st., cor. Van Buren-st.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT PNEUMATIC TIRE runabout, used few times; also handsome trap, best make. Barn, 3251 Michigan-av.

$250 BUYS FINE SOUND 6-YEAR-OLD PAIR of chestnut cobs, used in city 5 months; cost $950. 194 35th-st.

MUST SELL; FINE RUBBER-TIRE TRAP, EXtension-top surrey, harness. 3008 State-st.

FOR SALE — FINE HAND-MADE EXTENSION top carriage. Apply 211 Superior-st.

CHEAP—CARRIAGES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS —Broughams, victorias, and surreys. 2634 Indiana.

TALKING MACHINES.

WE ARE SELLING THE WONDERFUL NEW Columbia Graphophone for the marvelously low price of $10. This is one of the best talking machines manufactured, and is complete in every detail. Little cost, much pleasure. No trouble; easy terms; $1 down and $1 per week. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., diamond merchants and jewelers, 103 State-st. West Side store, 605 W. Madison-st. Open evenings.

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONES, $5 UP; THE MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF RECORDS IN CHICAGO; RECORDS EXCHANGED, 30C. GEO. G. GREENBURG, 591 W. MADISON.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ANDREWS, 480 S. STATE-ST., PAYS HIGHEST price for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing, old jewelry, and seal garments, etc.; mail orders attended to; evening dresses a specialty.

MEYERHOFF, 626 W. CONGRESS-ST., PAYS highest prices for ladies', gents' cast-off clothing.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

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GRAVEL ROOFING ESTIMATES FURNISHED free. J. J. HATTEN, 4705 State. Tel. Drex. 6022.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3901 LAKE-AV.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED rooms for two; table choice; half block from I. C. station.

210 33D-ST., FLAT D—DESIRABLE FURnished front room, near Indiana-av.; board optional; terms moderate.

107 37TH-ST., THE ANDERSON—2 AND 3 ROOM suites, furnished and unfurnished, fronting Ellis Park; very desirable; table first-class; cable, I. C.

4802 LAKE-AV., ONE BLK. FROM KENWOOD sta., I. C.—Desirable rooms, board; reasonable.

3946 LAKE-AV.—LARGE FURNISHED OR UNfurnished room for two, near I. C.; ref.

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, BEAUTIFUL rooms, with good board; detached house; refs.

5724 WASHINGTON-AV.—FRONT AND SIDE rooms; board optional; I. C. express.

309 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE, HANDSOME rooms fronting lake; choice table; modern home.

2446 MICHIGAN-AV.—HANDSOME DETACHED stone residence; board for refined people.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS; BOARD; TICKets, 21 meals; steam heat; home cooking.

4311 PRAIRIE—ROOM, GOOD BOARD, FOR gentlemen; close 43d elevated; home comforts.

3602 LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFUL FRONT ROOM, overlooking lake; lavatory; also single room.

3157 PRAIRIE-AV.—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board; private home; refs.

4215 ELLIS-AV.—NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT and other large rooms; superior table.

5601 MADISON-AV.—HANDSOME ROOM WITH board; home comforts; fine location; I. C.

3925 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED room with board; good location.

West Side.

718½ W. ADAMS-ST.—SUITE AND OTHER nicely furnished rooms; choice table; mod.; ref.

51 WARREN-AV.—FURNISHED PARLORS, single or en suite; gentlemen preferred.

North Side.

MAISON DU NORD, 16 ASTOR-ST., NR. DIVISion-st. and Lake Shore drive—Unique, artistic; for people of refinement; reasonable.

NICE SOUTH ROOM, EXCELLENT TABLE; good neighborhood; walking distance; $7. Address E 809, Tribune office.

69 LINCOLN PARK-BLVD. — NICELY FURnished rooms, $2 up, with or without board.

476 LA SALLE-AV.—BACK PARLOR, SINGLE room, or en suite; choice table.

408 LA SALLE-AV. — BACK PARLOR AND large front room; choice table; reasonable.

411 DEARBORN-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOM, first-class board and service; walking distance.

HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, CONNECTING with bath; good private table. E 811, Tribune.

Hotels.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D-ST. AND LAKE-AV.—10 minutes to city; steam heat, electric light, elevator service; cuisine and accommodations first-class. Telephone Oak. 192.

THE ARDMORE, 205 CASS-ST.—FURNISHED rooms, single or en suite; cuisine and accommodations first-class; easy walking distance from business center.

GRANADA HOTEL, RUSH AND OHIO-STS.—Rooms, single and en suite; first-class cafe in connection; prices moderate. Tel. North 977.

LA VITA HOTEL, COR. CHICAGO-AV., AND Dearborn-av., 10 minutes' walk from Courthouse; elevator, fine rooms, choice table.

THE MELROSE, 390 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—Beautiful suite of rooms, family desiring to board for the summer; special rates.

COLUMBIA HOTEL, N. W. COR. 31ST AND State-sts.; $2 per week and upwards.

Miscellaneous.

SINGLE ROOM, YOUNG GENT; MIDDLE room, running water, couple; convenient to trains; terms reasonable. E 906, Tribune office.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—YOUNG MAN, ROOM AND BOARD, North Side; private family only; ref. if required. Address E 828, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—WOODSTOCK, APARTMENTS AND cafe, n. w. cor. Wabash-av. and 28th-st., one block from South Side elevated; single rooms or 3 and 4 room apartments, furnished or unfurnished; 4, 6, and 8 room flats for housekeeping; excellent table board, $5 per week; rents, $25 to $45. Apply at building or to H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—SUITE OF TWO FRONT ROOMS for two young men or two ladies employed; reasonable. MRS. EDDY, 42 42d-st., near I. C. railroad.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM [TO ONE gentleman]; private family; Lake-av., near Oakland sta., 39th-st. Address E 805, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS, S. S. BLVD., WITH OR without board; very desirable; modern; private home; tel.; large grounds. F O 206, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FURNISHED PLEASANT ROOM; private family. Call evenings. 6 47th-st., 4 D flat.

TO RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM, FURnished, reasonable, convenient to Ill. Central and L road. Flat E, 6456 Ellis-av.

TO RENT—TO WORKING WOMEN; REAR room, closet, hot water, bath, use kitchen. 39 Michigan. $7 month. Address E 873, Tribune.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM OR PART OF flat; modern conveniences. 2340 Calumet-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—1816 MICHIGAN-AV., LARGE, DEsirable rooms, handsomely furnished.

TO RENT—EXCEPTIONALLY PLEASANT room; family of 2. 3342 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE OR double; $6 up. Mrs. Fries, 2302 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—4231 WABASH-AV., 3D FLAT—FURnished connecting rooms, or single. Hutchins.

TO RENT—HOME COMFORTS; ALSO FURnished basement. 422 Wabash-av.

TO RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS; privilege of kitchen. 3041 Groveland-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—SUITE OR TWO NICELY FURnished connecting rooms; modern. 557 Jackson-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—393 E. SUPERIOR-ST., UNDER NEW management, furnished light housekeeping rooms; parlor, single, and en suite; all conveniences.

TO RENT—241 DEARBORN-AV., FRONT ROOM; clean, new, handsome furniture; all conveniences; gentleman and wife; also single room.

TO RENT—173 GOETHE-ST., NEAR DEARborn, pleasant rooms for gentlemen; bath, private family.

TO RENT—LARGE PARLOR AND OTHER rooms; modern; private home. 353 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen. 133 N. State, Flat 2.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, ONE block from Lincoln Park. 459 North-av.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 OR 3 ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, south of 18th-st., east of Wabash-av.; rooms with private family preferred. Address E 806, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY LADY, EMPLOYED, room; Lincoln-av., Sedgwick, or Larrabee lines, near North Side L. Address E 979, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—3522 MICHIGAN-AV.

RESIDENCE—Modern, brown stone, 13 extra large rooms, hot water heat, east front; barn. Immediate possession.

AMERICAN TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, TRUST DEPARTMENT.

TO RENT—WHY LIVE IN DARK FLATS WHEN you can get strictly modern and all light flats in this desirable location at reduced rental? We must rent the following; make offers for them:
5820 South Park-av., 1st floor, 7 r.
1015-17 E. 59th-st., 2d and 3d, 5r.
6021 to 6031 Vernon-av., 6 and 7 rooms.
6037 Vincennes-av., 2d and 3d, 8 r.
5943 Indiana-av., 1st, 7 rooms.
Unheated—6045 Rhodes-av., 4 rooms.
ROSS & BOOMER, 1070 E. 61st, near elevated.

TO RENT—
Prairie-av., near 35th-st., 14-room house, completely and elegantly furnished, including china, silverware, and linens; $80 per month.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—BY M. I. REIS & CO.,
3558 Cottage Grove-av.
One of the finest stone-front 10-room houses on South Side; convenient to I. C. and cable. 32 Bryant-av.

TO RENT—2118 MICHIGAN-AV., FOUR-STORY stone-front house; 15 nice, light rooms; all newly papered, painted, or calcimined; natural gas or coal for furnace and range. Call Wednesday.

TO RENT—5207 MADISON-AV., ELEGANT 9-room residence, furnace, hardwood floors, etc.; near I. C.; $45.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—MODERN HOUSES.
305 and 313 E. 41st-st., 9 rooms, $40 and $45.
6350 Greenwood-av., 9 rooms, steam heat, $37.50.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NORTH OF 22D-st., several desirable houses, suitable for residences or business; will alter to suit tenants. HONORE BROS., 1524 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—KENWOOD HOME, NEAR 47TH-st. and Ellis-av.; 12 large rooms, furnished or unfurnished; large lot; beautiful home.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—AT REDUCED RATES—KENWOOD, and in Madison Park—Modern houses, $35 to $60; near express, cable, and trolley cars. A. W. GREEN, office 184 50th-st. Telephone.

TO RENT—3238 RHODES-AV., 8 ROOMS, MODern; $37.50.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—2211 WABASH-AV., 9 ROOMS; RENT moderate.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—3570 AND 3574 VINCENNES-AV.—9-room brick dwellings, all conveniences. T. M. WIGNALL, 84 Washington-st., 4th floor.

TO RENT—3418 VERNON-AV., DESIRABLE stone front modern residence, 11 rooms, $55. T. F. ANDREWS, 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 37.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—FURNISHED 3-STORY stone front, 10 rooms, hardwood floors, finish; freshly decorated; low rental. 615 Roanoke Bldg.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR THE summer; reasonable to right party. Inquire 5621 Washington-av.

TO RENT—NEW 10-ROOM HOUSE, 3543 INDIana-av. W. M. CRILLY, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—DWELLING, 2907 WABASH-AV. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 142 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—
31 46th-st., modern 11-room stone front residence, near Kenwood station and electric cars.
3156 Groveland-av., 3-story and cellar brick, 10 rooms; $35.
1507A Michigan-av., 3-story and basement stone front, 9 rooms; hot water heat; $75.
5202 Kimbark-av., modern brick residence, 12 rooms; $65.
295 53d-st., 2-story and cellar brick, 9 rooms, $50.
310 41st-st., 2-story and basement brick, 10 rooms, furnace; $30.
3839 Vincennes-av., 3-story and basement stone front, 14 rooms; $25.
Send for printed list.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—
168 Ashland-blvd., 2-story and basement stone front, 10 rooms, hardwood floors; $50.
302 Irving-av., 2-story and basement brick, 10 rooms; $25.
242 S. Leavitt-st., 2-story and basement brick, 13 rooms, furnace; $30.
222 Ogden-av., 2-story brick, 10 rooms, bath, $25.
31 Campbell Park, 2-story and basement brick, 10 rooms, $30.
Send for printed list.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—SALE, OR EXCHANGE—10 CHOICE 7-room modern steam heated brick residences on Flournoy and Lexington-sts., near Western-av. Agent on premises daily. HABERER & DELFOSSE, 55 Washington-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 10-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Jackson-blvd. and Lincoln; $30. STEWART, 81, 164 La Salle. Hours, 12 to 1.

TO RENT — 445 WASHINGTON-BLVD. — 18 rooms; furnace heat; $75.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—410 WARREN-AV., ELEGANT 12-room residence; will decorate to suit; $37.50.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—1805-19 HARRISON, MODERN 8-R. houses, $30. 29 Lexington, 8-r. house and barn, $25. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—HOUSES—

234 Dearborn-av., 14 rooms; steam heat	$150
379 Ontario-st., 15 rooms; hot water heater	100
381 Ontario-st., 12 rooms; steam heater	75
327 Belden-av., 11 rooms; steam heat	75
374 Ontario-st., 14 rooms; furnace	70
376 Ontario-st., 14 rooms; furnace	70
20 Chalmers-pl., 12 rooms; furnace	60
306 Belden-av., 10 rooms; furnace	50
2468 Kenmore-av., Edgewater, 8 rooms, furnace	50
58 St. Clair-st., 10 rooms; furnace	45
511 Fullerton-av., 10 rooms; furnace	45
497 Fullerton-av., 10 rooms; furnace	45
24 Lincoln-av., 9 rooms; furnace	30
4 Burton-pl., 9 rooms; furnace	35
16 Burton-pl., 9 rooms; furnace	35
377 Ohio-st., 10 rooms; furnace	35
379 Ohio-st., 10 rooms; furnace	35

OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—
706 N. Park-av., 10-room brick residence, handsomely decorated, $40.
60 Bellevue-pl., 3-story and basement brick, 12 rooms, furnace.
65 Florimond-st., 2-story and cellar brick, 8 rooms, furnace, $25.
168 Locust-st., 2-story, cellar, and attic brick, 9 rooms, furnace.
234 Evanston-av., 2-story frame, 9 rooms, $22.50.
1353 Sheffield-av., 2-story attic frame and stone cellar, 8 rooms, furnace, barn, $40.
413 Lincoln-av., 10-room frame, furnace, $30.
Send for printed list.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MODERN HOUSES ON GROUNDS of McCormick Theological Seminary; Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-avs.; Northwestern elevated station on property. Inquire of agent on premises or of OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—532 GARFIELD-AV., NEAR LINcoln Park, 3-story stone front, 9-room residence; open for inspection; rent reduced to $40 month. H. F. WILLIAMS, 620, 97 Clark-st.

TO RENT—HOUSE, NORTH SIDE; MODERN 9-room stone front, steam heated and hot water at my expense; near La Salle-av. and Eugenie-st. Keys in renting office, 681 Wells-st. Open Sunday.

TO RENT—BY E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 WASHington-st.—15 Lane-pl.; modern brick, 14 rooms, $40. Key at 409 Center-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—IRVING PARK, $25, 9 ROOMS, HOT water heat, bath, closet, and gas, hardwood floors, on large corner lot, plenty of shade trees. $18, 9-room cottage, corner lot, hardwood floors, bath, closet, and gas; will sell to good party with references on small monthly payments.
A. G. GOODRIDGE,
2309 N. 42d-ct., Irving Park.

TO RENT—7-ROOM HOUSE, AT MORTON Park—Hardwood floors, bath, furnace, and all modern conveniences; lot, 50x126 to alley; $22. WILLIAM W. WEARE, Owner, 290 Old Colony Building.

TO RENT—LAKE FOREST, FOR SUMMER OR longer, my home, furnished, 16 rooms, large grounds, stable, etc.; can be inspected daily and Sunday, or address C. H. LAWRENCE, 901 Tacoma Building.

TO RENT—IN BEAUTIFUL HINSDALE, TEN-room house, 3 years old, cost $5,000, electric lights, hard and soft water, bath and toilet; for rent furnished during June, July, Aug., Sept., $50 per month. Apply Suite 610, 172 Washington-st.

TO RENT—HOUSES AT MORTON PARK, 6 AND 7 rooms; rent $10, $15, and $22; 5c car fare. WILLIAM W. WEARE, Owner, 290 Old Colony Bldg.

TO RENT—ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE and convenient homes in Waukegan; summer, furnished, or yearly unfurnished.
GEO. G. NEWBURY & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — NORWOOD PARK, 25 MINUTES' ride; beautiful residence, 12 rooms; modern improvements; large grounds, stable; pure water. JAMES A. MILLER, 129 So. Clinton-st.

TO RENT—AT WINNETKA—THE LLOYD place; large furnished house; 9 bedrooms; stable, etc., etc. W. H. KING, 21 Tribune Bldg.

TO RENT—EVANSTON HOUSE, 8 ROOMS; bath, furnace; $25. STEWART, 81, 164 La Salle.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTtages [Cape Cod], Harwich, Mass.; furnished homes; wide piazzas, open fireplaces, bathrooms, set tubs, careful sanitation, pure running water; cool, breezy; pine forest country; directly on seashore; delightful bathing, driving, sailing, rowing, golf; no tramps. J., 71 E. 87th-st., New York.

TO RENT—SUMMER HOME ON BEAUTIFUL lake, northern Ill.; cottage ten rooms and bath, completely and nicely furnished; good transportation, markets, etc. HOMER L. KRAFT, 1410, 204 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—A SMALL FURNISHED summer cottage near Milwaukee, within 3 hours' ride from Chicago, around any of the Wisconsin lakes; prefer a small cottage in the country, from 1 to 2 miles from the small lakes; must not be near any summer hotels. Summer hotels need not answer. State location and price for 3 months, June, July, and August. Address F O 730, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat with yard, 2d floor, 6 rooms, near Rogers Park; rent not to exceed $40. MRS. F. B. NORTON, Ontario Hotel, Ontario and State.

WANTED — TO RENT — HOUSES, STORES, flats to rent; collect rent; pay taxes, manage estate. H. W. BUCHMAN, 3101 State-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—IN VILLE-MARIE, 4506 AND 4508 Indiana-av., 6-room choice new apartments; Flemish, mahogany, and oak finish; elaborate sideboards, consoles, mantels, gas logs, halltrees, tiled bath, and electric fixtures; elegantly decorated; all outside rooms. See janitor on premises. A. A. CANAVAN, 80 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 5067.

TO RENT—WHY LIVE IN SECOND-CLASS LOcality when you can get LAKE SHORE flats in beautiful Kenwood, with steam, hot water, polished oak floor, for $30; also have them on Alley L and Rock Island; $17 up; all prices cut; see list. OWNER, 175 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

TO RENT—5705 AND 5707 DREXEL-AV., TWO beautiful, light, 6 and 7 rooms each, entirely modern, every room strictly hardwood floors, porcelain tubs and sinks, laundry in basement, all new and janitor service; open for inspection; $28 and $30 to desirable tenants.

TO RENT—3759-3961 LAKE-AV., MAGNIFIcent 6-room apartments in new building; hardwood floors, consoles, mantels, steam heat, etc.; overlooking Lake-av. and the lake; only $35.00. Agent on premises, or
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—"THE RICHELIEU," 3806-3808 Ellis-av., beautiful 5 and 6 room apartments; steam heat, hardwood floors, etc.; one block from cable; near I. C. station; $30 up.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HYDE PARK, $30 TO $35, 8-ROOM modern apartments with all conveniences; all light rooms; southern exposure; choicest location; time from bldg. to Van Buren-st., only 17 minutes. Keys 1st flat, 5217 Kimbark-av.

TO RENT—YES, WE HAVE THE NOBBIEST 4 and 5 room flats in town, $17 up. See 434 46th-st., 3d flat, neatest, lightest, best kept; also 6237-6239 Cottage Grove-av., close by elevated, 4 and 5 rooms, $18 up. OWNER, 175 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

TO RENT—"THE GINEORA," S. E. COR. 64TH and Parnell-av., one block from C. & E. I.; elegant 5 and 6 room flats, steam heat, hot water, etc.; $22.50 up. Agent on premises, or
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—6 AND 7 ROOM FLATS, ALL MODern conveniences, $15 to $22. 6322 Stony Island-av., facing Jackson Park. Take Alley L, I. C., cable, or electric. Apply Flat G.

TO RENT—THE HAMPDEN, COR. 39TH AND Langley-av., 5 and 6 room flats; electric light, steam heat, artesian water, elevator, telephone; excellent service; fine cafe. Mgr.'s office in bldg.

TO RENT—5538 CORNELL-AV., ELEGANT 7-room apartment, near I. C. express trains; steam heat, hot water, hardwood floors, etc.; $35.00.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—6247 MONROE-AV., 1 BLOCK FROM I. C. and L stations; modern 6-r. flats; marble halls, velvet carpeted stairs.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—6405 JACKSON-AV., 2D FLAT; steam heat, hot water, etc.; $30.00.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—4939 CHAMPLAIN-AV.—REDUCED to $25; choice, modern, light 6-room flats; heat, hot water; janitor service.

TO RENT—ELEGANT MODERN 4-ROOM FLATS —Anita Bldg., 3126 and 28 Forest-av. Steam heat. KINNEY & STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS FROM $12 UP, WABASH-AV. and 23d, "The Follansbee"; cor. State and 23d, "The Palo Alto." Office 174 23d. Phone S. 1172.

TO RENT—5-ROOM STEAM-HEATED FLATS in "Henrietta," cor. 45th and Evans-av.; all light rooms; rents reduced; janitor.

TO RENT — 3020 MICHIGAN-AV.—9-ROOM flat; gas, bath, hot water heating system; reasonable.

TO RENT—ELEGANT ALL LIGHT 2D FLAT, 194 Oakwood-blvd.; steam heat by gas; convenient to Lake Shore trains and cable.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 8-ROOM FLATS, 3118-20 Indiana-av.

TO RENT — LENOX FLATS, 3-4 ROOMS; steam, etc.; $13, $17. 3533 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT — APARTMENTS, $10 UP; STEAM heat, hot water, gas ranges, etc. 2829 Calumet.

TO RENT—4714 EVANS-AV., 4 AND 6 ROOM flats, $20, $30; heat, hot water, janitor, etc.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—CALUMET-AV.

APARTMENT BUILDINGS,

Nos. 4711 to 4759 CALUMET-AV.

High-class modern apartments; 7 rooms and bath; all large, light, and well ventilated; with hardwood floors and finish; parlor consoles, oak halltree, and sideboard in every suite with all modern conveniences, including public telephone; rental, $35 and $37.50; location unsurpassed for attractiveness and convenience; one block from 47th-st. electric, Alley "L" station, and Grand-blvd.; three blocks only from Washington Park.

A gentleman of ample means has just acquired this property and is now making extensive, high-class improvements, beautifying the grounds, both front and rear, with trees, flowers, and shrubbery, making leases only to private families, for residence purposes strictly, and sparing neither effort nor expense to make it the most select and attractive residential property in Kenwood.

For inspection apply on premises, to MANAGER.

TO RENT—BY M. WALKER & CO., NORTHwest corner 63d-st. and Monroe-av. "Phone Oakland 208, and 204 Dearborn-st. 'Phone Main 2591. Modern apartments, steam heat, janitor service.

NEW BUILDING—Midway Plaisance and Kimbark-av., 4, 5, 7, and 8 rooms; interior in mahogany, curly birch, and quarter-sawed oak; consoles, sideboards, china closets, refrigerators, polished oak floors; magnificent view of the midway; steam heat and hot water; rental $30 to $65 per mo.; only two blocks from I. C. express trains, 12 minutes down-town, and three blocks from L station; flats can be seen today. Agent on premises.

NORTHWEST CORNER MADISON-AV. AND 61st-st., new building, 5, 6, and 7 rooms, large and very light, all outside light, polished oak floors, consoles, mantels, sideboards, refrigerators, steam heat, and hot water; 2 blocks from express trains and elevated, and close to Midway. Agent on the premises; $30 to $42.50 per mo.

TOWER COURT—NEW BUILDINGS—High grade, 6210 to 6218 Madison-av., 5 and 7 room flats, strictly high grade; large, light rooms; polished oak floors; $27.50 to $40; only one block from I. C. express trains and elevated railroad station.

TO RENT—
S. e. cor. Washington-av. and 50th-st., choice 6-room steam-heated apartments; janitor will show.
5336 Cornell-av., 6 and 7 room apartments; steam heat; janitor will show; $45 to $55.
4256 Langley-av., 2d flat, 4 rooms; steam heat, hot water, range; $18.
341 43d-st., 3d flat, 4 rooms; steam heat, hot water, range; $20.
288 to 290 E. 55th-st., 8 rooms; steam-heated flats; $25 to $27.50; janitor will show.
2926 and 2928 Indiana-av., 7-room apartments; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges; $50 and $55; janitor will show.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
THE VINCENNES APARTMENT HOTEL,
36TH-ST. AND VINCENNES-AV.
CHOICE SUITES, 2 AND 3 ROOMS; ALSO SINGLE ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; ALL HOTEL SERVICE.
EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE; AN IDEAL FAMILY HOUSE; THOROUGHLY FIRST-CLASS; MODERATE RATES; EXCELLENT CUISINE. INSPECTION INVITED.

TO RENT—ATTENTION—JUST COMPLETED. Elegant new 8-room stone front apartments; mahogany finish, consoles, mantels, halltrees, washstands between connecting rooms, tile bathrooms, carpeted stairs, elaborate sideboards, refrigerators, etc.; all rooms extra large and light; $40 to $47.50, worth $75. 5816 to 5824 Prairie-av., one block 58th-st. station Alley "L." Examine these and ring us up. NEWBURY & CO., 204 Dearborn. Tel. Central 1055.

TO RENT—LES TOURS, COR. 44TH AND INDIana-av., a few choice 5 and 6 room flats; steam heat, hardwood floors, janitor service, marble, and tapestry hung entrance, carpeted halls, etc.; $35 up.
N. w. cor. Berkeley-av. and 42d-place, 5, 6, and 7 rooms, $25 to $35; steam heat, hardwood floors, etc.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.
Branch office, 47th and Calumet-av.

TO RENT—THE PALOS,
215 East 31st-st.

3 rooms,	4 rooms,	5 rooms,	6 rooms,
$20.	$25.	$30.	$25 and $35.

Elevator, hot water heat, hot water, laundry, hardwood floors. DON'T FAIL TO SEE THEM. Office of building open all day and evenings. Telephone South 1094. C. R. GLEASON & CO., agents.

TO RENT — 5447 AND 49 LAKE-AV., 4 AND 5 room flats; new; modern; all light rooms; steam heat; near I. C. R. R. station; $17 to $25. Agent on premises.

TO RENT—THE FLORENCE, N. E. COR. 46TH-st. and Woodlawn-av., 2 7-room flats in handsome modern building, $37.50 and $42.50. This will interest any one wanting flat in Kenwood. Only 2 blocks from 47th-st. I. C. R. R. station. See janitor in building or C. R. GLEASON & CO., Agents, 43d-st. and Greenwood-av.

TO RENT—MODERN FLATS, HEATED—
4720 Calumet-av., 7 rooms, $30.
3960 Langley-av., 6 rooms, $30.
3960 Langley-av., 4 rooms, $18.
169-179 E. 39th-st. [no heat], 4 rooms, $10 and $12.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—746, 748, AND 750 WASHINGTON-blvd., between Hoyne and Leavitt; elegant modern stone-front flats, 6 and 7 rooms; steam heat, hot water, hardwood finish, large back porch, janitor service; up to date in every respect; few vacancies at reduced rates to first-class tenants; prices, $30, $35, and $37.50. For further particulars see janitor on premises, or H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—52 HAMILTON-AV., 1ST AND 2d floors, 9 rooms, bath, w. c., and furnace ......
642 Jackson-blvd., 2d flat, 6 rooms, steam heat, hot water, gas range, janitor service. $25.00
2070 Jackson-st., 3d flat, 7 rooms, steam heat, hot water, etc. 30.00
Send for printed list.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—$25; NEW, MODERN IN EVERY particular, with large front and rear yards; upper flat, 7 rooms, of two-story stone front detached house, 1355 Congress-st., near Sacramento-av., within 2 blocks three lines cars, Met. L, Van Buren, or Harrison-st. trolleys; see it. Owner.

TO RENT—FINE NEW 7-R. STEAM-H. FLAT, $25; 1257 Fulton-st., 2 minutes' walk to the Lake-st. California-av. station; 4-r. modern steam-h. flat, $15; 281 W. North-av. A. S. TERRILL, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—$16—ELEGANT, NEW, STEAM heated, 4-room flat; hot water, gas ranges, and finest open plumbing; janitor on premises. 2090 Wilcox-av.

TO RENT—NEW, EXTRA HIGH-GRADE 5-room flats; nothing finer; look at them; $25 to $30; cor. Congress and Western-av.
N. ATCHISON, 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 8 AND 9 ROOM FLATS; large rooms; 4 and 5 bedrooms; 28 feet wide; 3 bays each flat; perfect light, steam heat; choice location; rent reasonable. 219 Oakley-blvd.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES; MOST SElect district. Inquire of MR. BETTLESON, 1624 Monroe-st.

TO RENT—468 COLORADO-AV., 6-R. FLAT, $20. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—606 OGDEN-AV., 5 ROOMS $20
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—129 PEORIA, COR. ADAMS, 1ST flat, brick bldg., 6 r., new decorations; $20; mod.

North Side.

TO RENT—"THE BELDEN," 295 BELDEN-av., handsome stone front building, modern; 2d and 3d floor flats, 7 rooms and bath each, $40 to $50; steam heat, polished floors in every room, gas grates, sideboards, refrigerators, hot water at all times, gas ranges, laundry, attic and basement storerooms; near express station N. W. L. See janitor or H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
Very fine 9 and ten room apartments near north end of Lincoln Park and overlooking the Lake Shore-drive; light and air on all sides; large outside porches; steam heat, electric light, polished floors, tiled bathrooms; 1st floor suitable for doctor. Call at 1935 Oakdale-av., or
Tel. M. 5043. MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS—

13 Wisconsin-st., 7 rooms, steam heat	$45
14 Lincoln-av., 6 rooms	25
751 Wells-st., 6 rooms	20
240 Hampden-ct., 7 rooms, steam heat	35

OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

TO RENT—4 TO 6 ROOM FLATS, 2D AND 3D; modern, steam heat, gas ranges, and janitor services; open for inspection; will decorate to suit. 1177 and 1179 Rokeby-st. CHAS. KUNKEL & CO., Telephone Lake View 422. 592 Sheffield-av.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS 4 AND 5 ROOM heated apartments in new bldg., cor. North Park-av. and Wisconsin-st.; everything up to date; ½ blk. from Lincoln Park and all N. Side car lines. J. S. WOOLLACOTT, 1022 Chicago Opera-House.

TO RENT—THE CLEVELAND, S. W. COR. Cleveland and Fullerton-avs., elegant 5 to 7 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, etc.; $25 up. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—34-36 ELAINE-PL., ONE BLOCK west of Evanston-av. and north of Roscoe-st., two blocks from L station; 7-room apartment; steam heat, janitor service.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FLATS ON NORTH PARK-AV., BEtween Eugenie and Florimond-sts., 6 rooms, strictly modern, $27.50 and $30; steam heat, hot water, gas range, large, light rooms. Apply renting office, 681 Wells-st. Open Sunday.

TO RENT—1625 BRIAR-PL., 7-ROOM FLATS, modern, marble entrance. Inquire of janitor or S. RICHARDSON, owner, 142 La Salle-st., Room 2, Otis Block.

TO RENT—448 BELDEN-AV., 3D FLAT—6 rooms, bath, hardwood floors, steam heat, gas range; a nice flat; only $25.
A. B. TITCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., R. 29.

TO RENT—459-461 LA SALLE-AV., NEAR LINcoln Park, beautiful 8 and 9 room apartments; steam heat, gas range, etc.; $30 up. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — "THE CHAISER," 54 AND 56 Grant-pl., 6-room flats; steam heat, etc; $37.50 and $30.00.
SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—5 TO 6 R. FLATS, IN "OTTAWA," n. w. cor. State and Chicago-av.; $22.50 to $27.50. See janitor, or C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS, 6 AND 7 ROOMS, NEAR south end Lincoln Park; free electric light, steam heat, hot water, polished floors, etc.; new bldg.; $35 and $40. Apply renting office, 681 Wells.

TO RENT—8-ROOM MODERN FLAT, LARGE lawn. Inquire 2d bell, 267 Fremont-st., near Belden.

TO RENT—A STEAM HEATED 6-ROOM FLAT at 10 Scott-st.
W. H. KING, 21 Tribune Building.

TO RENT—7 AND 11 BURTON-PL., FINE LOcation, block south of Lincoln Park, strictly modern six room apartments; rental $35.

TO RENT—5-ROOM FLATS, TWO BLOCKS from N. West. Elevated. 1336 Rokeby.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—1921 DEMING-PL., EAST OF Clark-st., 2d and 3d apartments, 7 rooms, newly decorated; steam heat, hardwood floors throughout; open for inspection; $45.
491 Dearborn-av., 2d apartment, 8 rooms, steam heat, hardwood floors throughout.
481 and 483 Belden-av., 7 and 8 room steam heated apartments; $35 to $45.
1308 Dunning-st., 2d flat, 7 rooms, furnace heat.
1718 Roscoe-st., 1st apartment, 7 rooms, steam heat, hot water, range; $40.
532 La Salle-av., cor. Oak-st., 2d apartment, 6 rooms, steam heat, hot water, gas range; $50.
245 Oak-st., 3d apartment, 5 rooms, steam heat, hot water, gas range; $35.
176 North-av., 3d floor, 8 rooms, bath; $18.
Send for printed list.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
IN THE DUBUQUE BUILDING,
Corner Rush and Indiana-sts.; walking distance.
Fine modern flats of 4,
5, 6, and 7 rooms, with plenty of closets; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, icebox, janitor, and elevator service furnished.
Rents reasonable; $27.50 to $55. Call at building or apply to A. B. TITCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., R. 29.

TO RENT—1625 BRIAR-PL., 7-ROOM FLATS; modern; nothing better. See janitor.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES ALL OVER the city. Call or send for printed list. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT OF 6 or 7 rooms; must be first-class in every respect; will rent until Nov. 1 or for a year; best of references. Address M. I. REIS, 3558 Cottage Grove-av.

WANTED—TO RENT—APARTMENT AND OTHER buildings carefully managed. E. ORRIS HART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cen. 2449.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—306 DEARBORN-ST., LARGE store, with heat, fronting on two streets; $80. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, 419 47TH-st., nr. cor. Cottage Grove-av.; steam heat; fine location. W. A. PRIDMORE, 234 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 118 LA SALLE-ST., SUITAble for furnishing goods or shoes.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE STORE AT 48 VAN Buren-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 142 La Salle-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—STORES—1010 HARRISON-ST., CORner Leavitt; 277 Jackson-blvd., corner Morgan-st.; 209 W. Adams; and 263 Lincoln-st.; low rent.

North Side.

TO RENT—DOUBLE STORE, WITH NEW grocery and market fixtures; good business street, North Side. E. STOCK, 374 E. Division-st.

TO RENT—STORES, GOOD LOCATION, $12 AND $15 per month. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—STORES—30X80 AND COR. 30X110, with light basement, shelved; best corner in city of 5,000, 60 miles s. w. Chicago; old furniture and dry goods stores. Address G J 52, Tribune office.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—TWO ROOMS, CONNECTING WITH my real estate office, 608 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.; fine chance for a wide-awake, responsible man in same business. C. L. JENKS.

TO RENT—OFFICE, 33X40, CENTRALLY LOcated and handsomely furnished; possession at once. For particulars call or address WILLIAM W. WEARE, 290 Old Colony Building.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE STEAM HEATED OFfices in Haymarket Theater Building. Elevator till 11 p. m. daily. See janitor.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES IN BUILDing s. w. cor. State and Van Buren-sts. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 142 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES; NEW BUILDING, COR. 47th-st. and Cottage Grove-av.; steam heat and hot water. W. A. PRIDMORE, 234 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—PRIVATE OFFICE AND DESK room in a pleasant front suite on second floor; use of telephone. Call Room 23, 84 Adams-st.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE OFFICES AT 196 LA Salle-st. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 142 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM. ROOM 403, 92 STATE-st.

TO RENT—DESK AND 'PHONE IN PLEASANT office. 133 Dearborn, R. 95, Hartford Bldg.

TO RENT—DESKROOM, WITH STENOG. SER. 'Phone, desk, Dun's, vault, $10. 520 Ashland Blk.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—LOFTS IN MY NEW FACTORY building, 153-9 S. Jefferson-st.; everything first-class; passenger and freight elevators; steam heat, electric power; good light; building open for inspection. JOSEPH DOWNEY, owner, 132 La Salle-st.

Barns.

TO RENT—25 BLUE ISLAND-AV., FINE STAble and basement, 25x125, suitable for stable or undertaking; $35. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—LARGE BARN, 41 AND 43 NORTH Peoria-st. Inquire of WOLF, SAYER & HELLER, cor. Fulton and Peoria-sts.

TO RENT—BARN, WITH THREE LIVING rooms above. 329 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT—GENUINE SACRIFICE—
Corner store, 100x100 ft.
Lake and Carpenter-sts.
Factory storage or stable.
Worth $2,000; sacrifice $1,000 per year.
1007, 155 La Salle-st. Central 437.

TO RENT—OFFICE, 33X40, CENTRALLY LOcated and handsomely furnished; possession at once. For particulars call or address WILLIAM W. WEARE, 290 Old Colony Building.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—GIRARD BUILDING, 300-306 DEARborn-st., space, with power and heat; $50. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—224-226 E. WASHINGTON-ST., space with heat and power; 1,600 sq. ft.; $40. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—COMPLETE LIST OF BUILDINGS, stores, floors, offices, and hotels in down-town district. S. LOUDENBACK & CO., 95 Dearborn.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL AND WANTED.

FOR SALE—10-ROOM FLAT, COMPLETELY furnished; arranged for roomers; Ontario-st., near Clark. Address E 833, Tribune office.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA—
GRADUATE OF EDINBURG, SCOTLAND.
Not connected with any other down-town office.
My ONLY address is
78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR.
Practice limited EXCLUSIVELY to all diseases and complications of women, which are treated by me PERSONALLY by improved and scientific methods. Elegant and strictly private home for ladies remaining under my care. Special attention given to CONFINEMENTS. Also tumors, cancer, misplacements, chronic inflammation successfully cured, WITHOUT the use of the knife. Letters receive my personal attention. Confidential advice and consultation free. Hours, 9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 1.

MRS. B. NATHAN, GRADUATE OF ROYAL University of Vienna and DOCTOR OF OBSTETRICAL CASES; 29 years' experience in confinement cases; takes ladies before and during confinement, with best care; terms reasonable, at my home, 61 Elizabeth-st., near W. Madison; consult with me before going elsewhere; advice and consultation free; take two to work for room and board; telephone 1246 Monroe.

STRICTLY PRIVATE—
BEST MEDICAL SERVICE.
Home for ladies before and during confinement; regular physician in attendance. MRS. CZARRA, 279 W. Adams-st. Telephone 951 Ashland.

STATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 76 E. MADIson-st., Chicago—We cure blood poison, nervous debility, and all diseases of men. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10-12.

DR. H. L. NAHIN—PHONE CENTRAL 2206. 155 STATE-ST., 3D FLOOR. Skillful, scientific treatment diseases of women. Relief guaranteed in the most complicated cases.

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FOR SALE—DEARBORN-ST., NEAR HARRIson, 25, 50, or 100 ft.; a positive sacrifice. Wabash-av., near 12th-st., 25 ft.; very cheap. H. PORTER & BRO., 175 Dearborn-st., Sole Agts.

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FOR SALE — 4205 GRAND-BLVD., THREE-story stone front modern residence; fine interior; cabinet finish in cherry and oak; all rooms beautifully decorated in artistic designs; hardwood floors throughout; elegant marble bath with shower; new style electric light, combination fixtures; two-story pressed brick stable in rear. Special low price made if sold this month. Open for inspection. Apply to HART & FRANK, 128 and 130 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN AT EGGLESTON, 18 minutes on Rock Island to city; fine, large lot, 75x133, with beautiful shrubbery and lawns; two-story frame house, 9 large rooms, heated by hot water; large lawn and chicken coop; owner in fruit business in Florida needs money; will sacrifice; make offer. 419 W. 75th-st., cor. Homan-av. FRED J. KERR, 802, 215 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE MODERN residence, 3418 Vernon-av.; has 11 rooms; will make low price and terms easy for purchaser; possibly might accept part payment in other property. T. F. ANDREWS, 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 37.

FOR SALE — RARE CHANCE FOR EXCELlent investment; finely located store and flat building, nearly new; yearly rental $3,300; will sell equity very cheap for cash; amount required $1,200. Address E 911, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—IN NEW WAREHOUSE DISTRICT, South Clark-st., between 17th and 22d-sts., 1,000 feet frontage; large tracts; five corners; railroad connection. C. L. JENKS, 608 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—
Rock-faced 3-story 6-flat building, 7 and 8 rooms; modern; best location Woodlawn; 10% gross rental will leave $10,000, 6%; price $25,000. E. RAMSDELL, 508, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FOUR LOTS, 25X125 EACH, ON Winchester-av.; 50 ft. north of 73d-st., west front; these lots will be sold at half value for quick sale; here is an opportunity; a positive sacrifice. ROSS & BOOMER, 1065 E. 61st-st., near elevated.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—34 E. 29TH-place; elegant 11 r. brick res., near Calumet-av.; cost $10,000; price $4,800. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—WENTWORTH-AV., the n. e. cor. 66th-st., 30-ft. lot, with buildings; might accept part payment in other good property. T. F. ANDREWS, 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 37.

FOR SALE—MODERN DETACHED HOUSE, worth $8,000, for $6,250; Washington Park-pl., near 49th. L. M. SMITH & BRO., 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL STONE FRONT modern residence, 4420 Berkeley-av. Inquire JOHN C. FETZER, Agent, 7E. Monroe-st., Tel. Central 1776.

FOR SALE—50X165 ON KIMBARK-AV., NEAR 64th-st., with good 10 r. res., only $5,250; ground worth more. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—2-STORY BRICK FLAT, MICHIgan-av.; price $3,500; mtg. $2,500; want $1,000 cash for equity; snap. Address D 906, Tribune.

FOR SALE—6204 KIMBARK-AV., MODERN 9-room house; lot 40x165; the most desirable property in Woodlawn.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Building.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE ON ROCK ISLAND R. R., 25 minutes to city; clear; $800. Address H 177, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CHOICE BUSINESS FRONTAGE, 54x117 feet, near Alley L station; $200 per foot; will divide. O. L. BENEDICT, 134 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—EGGLESTON—MODERN HOUSE worth $11,000, for $9,500; Yale-av., near 72d-st. Address E 829, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD—GREAT SACRIFICE; stone front house, 9 rooms; all modern improvements; snap. Call 615 Roanoke Bldg.

FOR SALE—SOME BARGAINS IN ENGLEwood vacant. PERKINS & CO., 91 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—MY RESIDENCE, 3816 MICHIGAN-av. W. M. CRILLY, 167 Dearborn-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—BRICK HOUSE on Fillmore-st., near Douglas-blvd.; street is paved with asphalt; cement sidewalks. JOHN H. JOHNSON, 70 Adams-st., 2d floor.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN — LAKE-ST., NEAR Kedzie-av., 72x185, with improvements and power thrown in; $6,000 equity, cash $3,800; is rented; pays 10 per cent. CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—8-ROOM FRAME RESIDENCE, Central Park-av., near Garfield Park; all improvements; lot 48x119; price $2,500; $500 cash. Address H 176, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SNAP, ¼ PRICE—CARROLL-AV., west of Wood-st., 75x123 ft. to alley; price for one week $45 per foot. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. Cor. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—PREMISES 615 Carroll-av. GOULDING, 58 Canal-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—GREATEST BARGAIN ON NORTH Side—Owner of handsome private residence, colonial style, on Fullerton-av., near N. Clark-st.; wants to move to South Side; elegant 3-story brick and stone mansion, detached; lot 50x175; all modern improvements; susceptible of alteration into 3 flats; great bargain at $26,000; favorable terms. For particulars address E 868, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN PARK — CHOICE home, 10 large rooms, fine finish throughout with mantels, grates, bookcases, refrigerator, etc.; lot 50x175; $10,000; might consider small vacant or improved in part payment. HENRY CHOATE, Montrose and Evanston-avs.

FOR SALE—RAVENSWOOD—601 BERTEAU-av., 2 flats, 6 rooms each; lot 33x140, corner, $4,750; will take lot as part payment. JAMOT BROWN, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—BR. FACTORY, N. S., 10,000 ft. floor, br. office, bldg. lot 75x102; great bargain. E. STOCK, 374 E. Division-st.

FOR SALE—MELROSE-ST., NEAR THE LAKE Shore drive, 40 feet; $150 per foot. H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MY EQUITY IN NEW MODERN 6-room house in Berwyn; hardwood floors throughout; two blocks of C., B. & Q. R. R. and street cars; purchaser to assume $2,900; easy payments; notes paid in advance to July, 1901; must leave city June 1st; will take most any price; spot cash. Address H 203, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—7-ROOM HOUSE AT MORTON Park—Hardwood floors, bath, furnace, and all modern conveniences; lot 50x126 to alley; payments to suit. WILLIAM W. WEARE, Owner, 290 Old Colony Building.

FOR SALE—FINE 10-ROOM MODERN HOUSE, Austin; will sell at great sacrifice or exchange for clear vacant, clear, small modern house, or good stock of merchandise. Apply or address owner, 85 Dearborn-st., Room 412.

FOR SALE—$1,500 BUYS 7-ROOM SUBURBAN home, stone foundation, near depot, on the "Q."; worth $2,500; only $500 cash, $15 month, including interest. See owner, O. E. TAYLOR, 115 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—WELL LOCATED NORTH EVANSton corner; 100x160, at a BARGAIN if taken at once; cash or time. PERKINS & CO., 91 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—ON EASY PAYMENTS—COTTAGE at Morton Park—6 rooms and bath; lot, 37½x125; $1,700. WILLIAM W. WEARE, Owner, 290 Old Colony Building.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK AND AUSTIN houses, $3,000, $4,000, $5,000, $6,500; modern; any terms; also to rent. WEAGE & ROSE, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN RESIDENCE IN KENILworth; corner; 175x150; stable; hardwood finish; hot water heating; $22,500. S., 814 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—HOMES AT PALOS PARK; 1-ACRE lots on wooded hills, plateaus, $300; $10 cash, bal. monthly; fare 13c. Monson & Co., 144 La Salle.

FOR SALE—IN EVANSTON, A CENTRALLY located 9-room house; good yard; $5,500. A. B. TITCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., R. 29.

FOR SALE—BERWYN AND LA VERGNE property. R. C. HARDING, 1105 Tacoma Bldg.

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FOR SALE—BARGAINS—SIX ACRES, HIGHland Park, on Sheridan drive, close to lake, $2,900; make all cash offer; nine acres east of rwy., only $1,100. Between one and two acres in N. W. Side, ripe, snap for cash, 240x500, S. Winnetka, riparian, $45 ft. 175x212 Lakeside, east of N. W. Rwy., $1,000.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO., 108 La Salle-st.

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FOR SALE—MAINE COAST—SELECT SHORE lots at Harpswell, Maine, best of water, fine yachting and fishing, restriction as to building. For free illustrated book and plans, address L. H. SPAULDING, 35 4th-av., Haverhill, Mass.

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FOR SALE—DELAVAN LAKE—2 CHOICE LOTS —adjoining—with 5-room cottage; abundance of shade; cash only. MRS. THOMAS, 626 W. Monroe-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$6,000; 120 ACRES ON BANK OF lake, southwest Michigan; large house, two barns, well, windmill, tenant house, apples, peaches, cherry, plums, timber, fine rolling landscape, richest loam soil, 3 miles to good town; fare to Chicago, $1.25. GILBERT, 160 Washington.

FOR SALE—
Cheapest and best manufacturing property of 6 or more acres within 40 miles of Chicago; splendid improvements and on belt line. For particulars see E. RAMSDELL, 508, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—1,500 ACRES FINEST LAND IN Texas, twenty miles from Houston; $7,000; must be sold; act quick. Address E 958, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—CHATEAU DE ST. LEGER, AT ST. Germain-en-Laye, France (35 min. from Paris); 34½ acres; price, 800,000 francs. Apply to MR. RICHARDIERE, 9 r. Richepanse, Paris, who delivers visiting permits, or to MR. MAHOT, notary.

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WANTED—NEARBY FARM OR SUBURBAN place for $6,000 equity in a good property on Ontario-st., near Franklin. A. B. TITCOMB, 177 La Salle-st., R. 29.

WANTED—7 OR 8 ROOM HOUSE, 63D TO 67TH, Cottage Grove-av. to Jackson Pk.; $4,000 to $5,000; for a two-story frame near 31st and Indiana-av., clear, $5,000. Address E 821, Tribune.

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WANTED—GOOD INCOME PROPERTY WORTH about $25,000, for cash and clear city lots. RIXSON & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

WANTED—WELL LOCATED SOUTH SIDE VAcant; must be a bargain; owners only. WALTER H. BROWNE, 510, 100 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—A CHOICE, STRICTLY MODERN residence with ample ground, north of Goethe, south of North-av., and east of Dearborn-av. Client will pay cash from $40,000 to $75,000.
CARL LOTZ,
Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance,
Room 600, Chicago Opera-House.

WANTED—RENEW $6,000 MORTGAGE ON MY store and flat building; will not pay more than 5 per cent; no commission. Address E 606, Tribune.

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CLEAR FARMS FOR PAYING FLAT EQUITIES.
40 acres, Naples, Scott Co., Ill. $1,200
80 acres, near Michigan summer resort 1,800
160 acres bordering on Oklahoma 2,500
640 acres, long leaf pine timber 3,200
Elegant Fla. fruit ranch 12,000
Central Trust Co., Suite 201 Herald Bldg.

EQUITIES IN IMPROVED FARMS TO EXchange for Chicago improved, vacant, merchandise, or livery stable; these are bargains; also grazing lands in Texas, good land for stock or farm purposes. Call on owner, Room 608, 21 Quincy-st.

EXCHANGE — 4,500 ACRES TENNESSEE land, $27,000, clear; consider first-class flats; will assume. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

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TO EXCHANGE—TWO 10-ROOM MODERN brick residences on North Side boulevard for clear north shore acres. E. A. HALSEY, 107 Dearborn-st., Room 48.

TO EXCHANGE—132 E. NORTH-AV., MTGE. $3,000; want vacant or smaller improved. SAM BROWN JR., 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

WHAT HAVE YOU TO TRADE FOR CHICAGO vacant real estate worth $30,000, incumbrance $9,000? Address S 921, Tribune office.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, repayable in monthly payments.
Amount of payment made to suit borrower; every payment reduces the amount of interest, and payments can be made in advance, interest ceasing the day of payment.
By this method borrower makes a 6 per cent savings bank of his own paper.
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MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent, without commissions, attorney's fees, or charges for papers.
SPECIAL FUND to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest.
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ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

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On choice real estate,
with privilege of prepayment.
Prompt inspection.
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95 Dearborn-st., Main Floor.

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ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY
from 4 to 6 PER CENT,
according to amount of security.
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$4,000 WANTED ON $10,000 BRICK FLATS near Leavitt and Madison.
$500, $1,000, $1,500 to loan on or before; no commission. STEWART, 81, 164 La Salle.

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Lowest rates. No publicity.
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DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO CALL ON
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You can borrow any amount you want on
EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES,
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ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.
Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly.
No charges taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.
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MAIN OFFICE OF
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WEST SIDE BRANCH OFFICE, 161 W. MADISON-ST., HAYMARKET THEATER BUILDING, ROOM 12.

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Room 512, 164 Dearborn-st., cor. Monroe.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

I WILL MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., AT LOWEST POSSIBLE RATE, AND LOWER THAN CAN BE OBTAINED ELSEWHERE. PARTIAL PAYMENTS ALLOWED AT ANY TIME AND INTEREST REDUCED PROPORTIONATELY. NO COMMISSION TO PAY. PLEASE CALL AND GET TERMS.
L. F. HOPKINS,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
LAKE VIEW BRANCH OFFICE,
555 LINCOLN-AV. [UPSTAIRS].
LAKE VIEW OFFICE IS OPEN 8:30 A. M. TO 8:30 P. M.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
Title and Trust Building.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE—
110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.
WEST SIDE OFFICE—
567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR,
CORNER CLARK.
301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD.
LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL.

WE LOAN AT
3% 3% 3% 3% 3% 3%
ON CHATTEL SECURITIES.
SUITE 309, 134 MONROE-ST., COR. CLARK.

SOUTH SIDE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, etc. I am a private party, loaning my own money, at low rates; loans paid up at any time; everything confidential. Office open evenings.
ALFRED W. HOPKINS, 528-30 W. 63d-st.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and a friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time and payment to suit borrower. A. H. WILLIAMS, 69 Dearborn-st., Room 28.

THE RAILWAY EMPLOYES' SUPPLY CO., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st. Loans to salaried people; also household supplies furnished on time and easy payments at cash prices.

$15 TO $250 TO LOAN. RANKIN, ROOM 540, 53 Dearborn-st.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

RECEIVER'S SALE—
State of Illinois, County of Cook, ss.
Superior Court of Cook County, in Chancery.
Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, trustee, and William L. Bull and Anson Maltby, trustees, vs. The Ferris Wheel Company, a corporation, Alfred Barker, Edwin S. Hartwell, Charles T. Yerkes, Malcolm Jamieson, John Coates, Harlow N. Higinbotham, Le Grand Smith, Chicago Edison Company, a corporation, Abraham S. Farber, Abram Levine, and James S. Ward, The R. J. Gunning Company, a corporation, The Chicago Bill Posting Company, a corporation; The American Advertising and Bill Posting Company, a corporation; World's Columbian Exposition, a corporation; Standard Oil Company, a corporation; John Dolese, Jason H. Shepard, Jacob R. Custer, Lester O. Goddard, Joseph A. Griffin, Ralph R. Bradley, receiver; and the unknown holders and owners of certain of the bonds of The Ferris Wheel Company, dated February 1st, 1895, for $1,000 each, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, payable three years after date, and described in and secured by a trust deed of even date from said The Ferris Wheel Company to Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, trustee, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Cook County, Illinois, in Book 5,257 on page 6, as Document No. 2,180,906, Gen. No. 203,910.

Public notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order made and entered by said court, in the above entitled cause, on the second day of May, A. D. 1900, I, Luther V. Rice, receiver of all the property and assets of said The Ferris Wheel Company, will, up to and until Thursday, the 10th day of May, A.D. 1900, at the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at Room 665 Rookery Building, in the City of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, receive sealed bids or proposals for the structural and cast iron in the structure known as "The Ferris Wheel," situated on the premises known as "Ferris Wheel Park," on North Clark street, between Diversey avenue and Wrightwood avenue, in the City of Chicago aforesaid, comprising:
300 tons of chilled cast iron.
150 tons of cast iron.
220 tons of bar iron.
200 tons of steel beams and channels.
895 tons of heavy steel built sections.
90 tons of forged shafting.
It is guaranteed that above specified material is of the best quality. All of said material will be delivered on the ground at said Ferris Wheel Park to the purchaser thereof, ready for loading on wagons, and said purchaser will be required to take said material off said premises as fast as delivered on the ground. Said bids or proposals must, when submitted, be accompanied by a certified check, amounting to ten per cent thereof, to the order of Luther V. Rice, receiver; said check shall be retained by said receiver until all of said material has been fully paid for, when said receiver shall return said check to said purchaser. Said bids shall be opened at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, on said 10th day of May, 1900, or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit, in open court, before the Honorable Phillip Stein, in the room usually occupied by him as a courtroom, in the Court House, in the City of Chicago. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids or proposals. The said purchaser must each Saturday pay pro rata for such of said material as delivered on the ground during the week preceding.
I will also, as receiver, as aforesaid, at the time, place, and upon the terms and conditions aforesaid, except as hereinafter specified, receive bids or proposals for the entire property and assets of said The Ferris Wheel Company, comprising leaseholds, plate glass, engines, boilers, brick buildings, chairs, tables, ranges, ice boxes, and said structure known as "The Ferris Wheel," standing and as now located, full and detailed information as to which can be had from said receiver or his solicitors.
The said purchaser of the said property, if it be sold as now standing, shall, upon acceptance of his bid, pay the entire purchase price.
Dated Chicago, Illinois, May 4th, A. D. 1900.
LUTHER V. RICE,
Receiver of The Ferris Wheel Company.
JAMES C. HUTCHINS,
BROWNING & SHEPARD,
Receiver's Solicitors.

MINES AND MINING.

CONSOLIDATED MINING EXCHANGE—Weekly call of stocks.
Especial attention given to stocks of the different States and Territories not listed on any exchange.
Offers of purchase or offers of sale open to the public, subject to rules for listing, which can be obtained by written application to the "Mining Review and Metallurgist," 215 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WANTED—MINE MANAGER HOLDING ILLInois certificate, capable of handling large mine; state salary. Address F O 207, Tribune office.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

A RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JEWELRY FIRM WILL SELL DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY ON MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS; NO SECURITY REQUIRED; GOODS DELIVERED FIRST PAYMENT; GET CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS., 103 STATE-ST., 5TH FLOOR. OPEN SATURDAYS TILL 10 P. M.

$1 CASH AND $1 A WEEK FOR A 14-KT. filled case, warranted 25 years, with fine 15-jeweled Elgin movement; have every modern improvement; this is an exceptional watch for the price; watch delivered on 1st payment. STRELITZ BROS., wholesale jewelers, 3d floor, 167 Dearborn.

CASH, FULL VALUE FOR OLD GOLD, SILver, and diamonds. McVicker's Theater Building, 3d floor. Take elevator. LOGUE.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton—Full value paid for diamonds, old gold, duplicate wedding presents; responsible parties only.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR OLD gold, silver, diamonds, and all kinds of old furs. Send postal; will call. ANDREWS, 480 S. State-st.

SPOT CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, OLD gold and silver. BREDT & CO., Room 508, 87 E. Washington-st., or 67 E. Washington, 5th floor.

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS' ALBUMS, SUPplies; price list free. F. WOLSIEFFER, 75 State.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

W. W. KIMBALL CO.,
Manufacturers of
PIANOS AND ORGANS.
IN BUSINESS IN CHICAGO FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY.
You have finished housecleaning.
You are ready for a piano.
Do your choosing now. The stock is large and complete. All the newest designs and colorings in choicest woods.
Perhaps you would like to exchange your square piano or your organ for a new piano.
We will send a representative to your house, without charge, to examine your old instrument, and tell you how much we will allow you for it towards a handsome, durable, dependable
NEW-SCALE KIMBALL.
Piano buyers should deal with a responsible house—one whose reputation for stability and reliability is unquestioned—one whose record of success is a guaranty of absolutely fair treatment.
A big stock of USED UPRIGHT PIANOS for bargain hunters.
A FEW REMINDERS.

Connor (rosewood)	$ 90	New England	$125
Billings & Richmond	95	Decker & Son	135
Wheelock	100	Bauer	140
Ernest Gabler	115	Ellington	145
Estey (walnut)	115	Estey	150
Emerson	125	Steinway	150
Mathushek	125	Kimball	190
Schaeffer	125	Chickering	175
Stoddard (walnut)	135	Hallet & Davis	185

Decker Bros.' baby grand, antique oak, practically new $350
Kimball baby grand, mahogany; shows no trace of wear 390
SQUARE PIANOS, used, good repair .... $15 to $50
A line of new EASTERN MADE PIANOS, in walnut, oak, and mahogany finish $125
New Hallet & Davis pianos (remaining from our recent sale), $245 to $375; former prices, $350 to $650.
Used Reed organs, $10 to $25.
New Reed organs, $35 and up.
ONE PRICE. PLAIN FIGURES.
EASY PAYMENTS.
W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857],
S. W. Cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK—
SLIGHTLY USED UPRIGHTS FROM RENTAL AT STARTLINGLY LOW PRICES!
We offer a wide choice of nearly new uprights returned from rental at the prices of ordinary second-hand instruments. Do not fail to arrange for an early visit of inspection. By far the greatest bargains in the city in instruments of a desirable grade.
Other bargains are:
Large Chickering upright, $195; Chase upright, $150; Fischer upright, $100; Leland mahogany upright, $150; Hale upright, $85; extra-large Harrington mahogany upright, $200; Weber mahogany upright, $225; Schaaf upright, $75; Fischer upright, $165; Arion upright, $75; Steinway grand, discontinued pattern, thoroughly renovated, $300; large mahogany Knabe upright, $350; new Steinway mahogany grand, discontinued style, at a bargain; Steinway upright, $250; fine Steinway square, $150; Sterling mahogany upright, $200; Marshall & Wendell upright, $90; handsome colonial mahogany Krakauer upright, been rented, only $285; Decker Bros. upright, very low; Stone square, $15; Bradbury upright, $100; Mendelssohn mahogany upright, $150; Estey upright, $175; Hazelton mahogany upright, $225; two new Steinway uprights of discontinued style at a sacrifice; Knabe oak baby grand, $450; Huntington oak upright, $175; Norris & Hyde mahogany upright, $175; Fischer upright, $150; Keller mahogany upright, $190; Knabe mahogany upright, latest model, from rental, $375; fine new discontinued style Fischer, very low. And many others.
Easiest installment terms will be granted. Handsome scarf and modern stool included. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list, and also our schedule of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.
New uprights of special design at $130 to close out the line.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinways and Knabes sold only by us. Visitors are always welcome.
LYON & HEALY,
Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

ADAM SCHAAF— ESTABLISHED 1873.
PIANOS.
Awarded medal and diploma, World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893.
Warranted for ten years.
Genuine rosewood, mahogany, birch, butternut and figured oak cases,
$150, $165, $175, $200 each.
Good second-hand upright pianos, various makes,
$85, $100, $125, $150 each.
We sell on small monthly payments.
To rent—$3 and $4 per month—high-class new upright pianos; one year's rent allowed if purchased.
Pianos tuned, moved, stored, and exchanged.
ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 West Madison-st., corner Union-st.

THE BEST GUARANTEE
for any piano purchaser
IS THE PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION OF MERIT backed by the general satisfaction of previous purchasers.
THE MANY-TONE "CROWN" PIANO
invites the most exacting tests and comparisons, as to
ITS DISTINCTIVE CAPABILITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS.
IT REPRESENTS THE HIGHEST ATTAINMENTS in scientific pianomaking, EMBODYING IN ITS CONSTRUCTION the best achievements of the past in combination with THE HIGHEST DEVELOPMENTS OF THE PRESENT.
SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS.
THE ANGELUS ORCHESTRAL piano player enables anybody to play the piano.
GEO. P. BENT, Mfr.
Salesrooms: 209 Wabash-Ave. 249 Washington-Boul.

VOSE PIANOS.
VOSE PIANOS.
ESTABLISHED IN 1851.
Buy of the manufacturer. The remarkable tone quality of the Vose piano is well known to musicians. But the thousands of our pianos in daily use here in Chicago are our best testimonials. New designs of case arriving daily. Other makes of pianos at lowest prices. Easy terms if desired. New pianos rented.
VOSE & SONS' PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, 248 WABASH-AV.

BAUER PIANOS—
BAUER PIANOS.
Our present stock of slightly used and second-hand pianos [returned from renting, used in concerts, etc.], includes a number of desirable bargains. Late styles in FRENCH WALNUT, MAHOGANY, OAK, etc. Some of them would pass for new; all are in first-class condition and offered at attractive prices.
Easy payments if desired. Inspection invited.
JULIUS BAUER & CO.,
224-226 Wabash-av.

BEFORE PURCHASING A PIANO BE SURE and see the MATCHLESS EMERSON. We will take the greatest pleasure in explaining its fine points. A few genuine bargains in slightly used uprights, fully warranted, are on hand. Cash or installments. EMERSON PIANO CO.,
JOHN W. NORTHRUP, 207 Wabash-av. Manager.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR SECURING a good standard upright piano, somewhat used; Chickering, Weber, Fischer, Steinways, Schumanns, and Arions, at prices ranging from $90 upward; a handsome upright piano for $165; payments $5 per month. Pianos to rent; rent allowed if purchased. Steger Piano Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS! BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

STORY & CLARK PIANO CO. WISH TO ANnounce that they are now in their new warerooms, 255 Wabash-av., with a fine stock of new styles in Story & Clark pianos, prices ranging from $350 to $700. STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT ON LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent on purchase of an "EVERETT" piano. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 200 to 206 Wabash-av.

$110 BUYS A FISCHER UPRIGHT; $135 BUYS a Chickering upright; $165 buys a Steinway upright. Sole agents for Shoninger and Estey pianos and organs. THOMPSON MUSIC CO., 269 Wabash-av., near Van Buren-st.

SOHMER AND J. O. TWICHELL PIANOS FOR sale by J. O. TWICHELL, 223 Wabash-av.

SOME SPECIAL BARGAINS THIS WEEK IN pianos returned from renting, and if you want a new piano be sure you buy a Chase, Hackley, or Carlisle. Sold only at 259 Wabash-av.

CHICKERING, GABLER, PACKARD, AND Pease pianos are represented in Chicago solely by CLAYTON F. SUMMY CO., 220 Wabash-av. Send for bulletin of second-hand pianos.

IF YOU WANT A FINE OLD VIOLIN FOR A reasonable price send postal and call. TIETGEN, 222 N. Clark-st.

FOR SALE—MAGNIFICENT CABINET GRAND Becker Bros.; sacrifice at less than half value. Call evenings at 1069 Taylor-st.

STRONG & LEIMERT, 257 WABASH-AV.—Representing D. H. Baldwin & Co., mfrs. pianos, organs; all grades, prices, styles; easy terms.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND POOL TAbles; rented tables with privileges of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 Wabash-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AVOID EXCESSIVE PERSPIRATION, RASHes, prickly-heat, chafing, perspiring, and tired feet by using "MARVEL MATA-OLOR"; destroys all odor; relieves instantly; perfectly harmless; recommended by physicians for children and adults; price, $1; particulars free; agents wanted. THE MARVEL COMPANY, E. 150 Pine-st.

STREET CAR RIDES 1C EACH, CHEAPER than walking; 25 rides 25c. See American Street Ry. Coupon Co., 601 Marquette Bldg.

$10 FOR NAMES OF PARTIES WHO WILL take life insurance. E 845, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CARDS.

1,000 CARDS, 50 CENTS; BILLHEADS, ETC., $1.25; letterheads, $1.50; pamphlets, catalogues, and circulars cheap. FANTUS & SON, 183 Clark.

EXCURSIONS AND TRAVEL.

CALIFORNIA AND NORTH PACIFIC COAST—PHILLIPS-JUDSON COMPANY, by special service given to their personally conducted through Pullman tourist sleeping car excursions, enables passengers for California and Pacific Coast points to make the journey in the most pleasant and comfortable way possible at the least expense. Leave Chicago every Thursday and Saturday via Chicago & Alton Ry., over the "Scenic Route," by way of Kansas City and the Denver & Rio Grande R. R. For particulars write or call on PHILLIPS-JUDSON CO., 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

AROUND THE WORLD.
The magnificent new twin-screw yacht
PRINZESSIN VICTORIA LUISE
OF THE HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
constructed specially for cruising and carrying a limited number of first-class passengers (no others), will leave in August next on an extended tour, touching Lisbon, Gibraltar, Nice, Genoa, Athens, Constantinople, Jaffa (Jerusalem), Alexandria (for Cairo and the Pyramids), Port Said, Ismailia, Bombay (overland tour to Ahmedabad, Jeypore, Delhi, Agra, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Benares, and Darjeeling), Colombo, Calcutta, Singapore, Manila, Hongkong (Canton, Macao), Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe (Hiogo, Osaka, Nara and Kioto), Yokohama (Enoshima, Kamakura, Miyanoshita, Tokio and Nikko), Honolulu, Hilo (Kilauea), San Francisco.
RATES ON APPLICATION.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—
FAST EXPRESS SERVICES.
CHERBOURG, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.
Lahn .... May 15 | Kaiser W. d. Gr. June 5
K'serin Mar. Th. May 22 | Lahn .... June 12
Saale .... May 29 | Trave .... June 16
Departure 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw Passenger Service.
SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.
G. Kurfürst. May 24, 1PM | Fr. d. Gr. .. June 21, noon
Barbarossa.. June 7, noon | Bremen .... July 5, 10 AM
CHERBOURG, PARIS, BREMEN.
Main.... May 17, NOON | Bremen .. May 31, NOON
Mediterranean Service.
GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.
Ems .... May 12 | Werra .... May 19
Departure 11 A. M.
OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y.
H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO.,
General Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE—
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON [LONDON].
Sailing Wednesday at 10 a. m.
Shortest and most convenient route to London.
Excellent connections at Paris.
SS. St. Paul .... May 16 | SS. St. Paul .... June 6
SS. St. Louis .... May 23 | SS. St. Louis .... June 13
SS. New York .... May 30 | SS. New York .... June 20
PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL.
Sailings every Saturday.
SS. Pennland .... May 12 | SS. Waesland .... May 26
SS. Rhynland .... May 19 | SS. Belgenland .... June 14
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP.
Sailings every Wednesday at noon.
SS. Southwark .. May 16 | SS. Kensington .. May 30
SS. Westernland. May 23 | SS. Noordland .... June 6
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Telephone Central 1111. 143 La Salle-st.

CUNARD LINE. ESTABLISHED 1840.
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE NEW TWIN-SCREW STEAMSHIPS,
"IVERNIA" and "SAXONIA,"
600 feet long, 13,900 tons.
"Ivernia" sails from NEW YORK May 26.
"Saxonia" sails from BOSTON June 9, July 14.
Other regular sailings from NEW YORK:
Etruria ...... 12 May, 9 June, 7 July, 4 Aug.
Campania ...... 19 May, 16 June, 14 July, 11 Aug.
Lucania ...... 2 June, 30 June, 28 July, 25 Aug.
Advance engagements recommended.
RECORD PASSAGE—5 DAYS, 7 HRS., 23 MIN.
No cattle carried on above ships.
F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—
TWIN SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH [LONDON] CHERBOURG [PARIS] AND HAMBURG.
K. Friedrich .... May 10 | A. Victoria ...... May 24
Columbia .... May 17 | F. Bismarck .... May 31
TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, AND HAMBURG.
Also N. Y. to CHERBOURG and HAMBURG.
Patricia .... May 12 | Phoenicia .... May 26
G. Waldersee .... May 19 | Pennsylvania .... June 2
PARIS HOTEL ACCOMMODATION reserved if secured before departure.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE,
N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMERS—
NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY.
Ethiopia .. Noon, May 12 | Anchoria .. Noon, May 26
Furnessia .. Noon, May 19 | C. of Rome. Noon, June 2
Astoria .... June 9, July 14
City of Rome .... June 30
Furnessia .... June 23, July 28
RATES QUOTED TO PARIS DIRECT.
Or with tour embracing Scotland, England, and Ireland. Berths must be reserved now for best accommodation. ANCHOR LINE GENERAL OFFICE, 176 Jackson-blvd. Tel. Main 1565.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE.
French line—New York to Havre—Paris in one week.
Sailing every Thursday at 10 a. m.
La Champagne .. May 10 | L'Aquitaine ...... May 24
La Gascogne .... May 17 | La Touraine .... May 31
Fast Express Steamers. Company special vestibuled train Havre-Paris in four hours. Cabin reservations now ready for Paris Exposition.
LOW RATES—UNEXCELLED SERVICE.
M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE—
NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.
Oceanic ...... May 16 June 13 July 11 Aug. 8
Teutonic ...... May 23 June 20 July 18 Aug. 15
Germanic ...... May 30 June 27 July 25 Aug. 22
Majestic ...... June 6 July 4 Aug. 1 Aug. 29
Cymric ...... June 12 July 17 Aug. 21 Sept. 25
RESERVATIONS SHOULD BE MADE WITHOUT DELAY.
S. TENNEY FRENCH, General Western Agent,
Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

BEAVER LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, Montreal, Quebec, to Liverpool and Londonderry. Lowest rates in all classes.
Lake Superior .... May 11 | Lake Ontario .... May 18
Best route to the Paris exposition. Tourist tickets, $115 and upward for the round trip, including all expenses.
NEW TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS.
C. F. WENHAM, General Agt., 182 S. Clark-st.
Telephone Central 1569.

SHORT ROUTE TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION. HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE. New York, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer, 3½ hours distant from either Paris or London. New twin-screw steamers Potsdam, Statendam, and Rotterdam. Rates, 1st-class, $75 and up; 2d-class, $45 and up. Other steamers carry one class of cabin passengers, $55 and upward. Holland-American Line, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—VIA HONOLULU.
Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: AMERICA MARU, May 19; PEKING, May 29; GAELIC, June 6. For rates, freight, or passage, apply to W. G. NEIMYER, Agent, 238 Clark-st., Chicago.

AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA—
BY PRINCE LINE'S NEW STEAMERS.
CABIN $75 AND UPWARDS.
Spartan Prince .. May 12 | Trojan Prince .... June 23
Tartar Prince .... June 2 | Spartan Prince .... July 14
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 61 Broadway, N. Y.
Romano & Schiarone, G. W. Agts., 355 S. Clark-st.

DOMINION LINE—
FAST TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.
BOSTON—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
S. S. NEW ENGLAND, 11,600 TONS, MAY 23.
MONTREAL—LIVERPOOL.
S. S. DOMINION, MAY 13.
Richards, Mills & Co., 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

GAZE'S ESCORTED TOURS [57TH YEAR] TO EUROPE and Paris Exposition; programs sent free; choice steamer berths; travel tickets everywhere. HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of spring parties and excursions. 234 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS FOR MILWAUkee and Racine, 8 p. m. daily; fare $1. To Grand Haven, Muskegon, and Grand Rapids, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 7:45 p. m. Ticket office and docks foot of Michigan-av. Tel. Central 76.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE—TO ST. JOSEPH, Benton Harbor, and Grand Rapids. Daily 12 o'clock noon, except Sats. and Sundays. Sats. 11:30 p.m. Fare $1. Docks foot Wabash-av. T. Cen. 2162.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

WABASH RAILROAD — DEPOT, DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 91 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday], M. 1619; depot, H. 755.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibule Limited.	*11:00 am	* 4:55 pm
Peoria and Springfield Ex.	† 2:30 pm	† 2:05 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:15 pm	* 7:30 am
Peoria and Texas Limited	*11:00 am	* 4:55 pm
Peoria and Texas Express	* 9:15 pm	* 7:30 am
Forrest Accommodation	† 4:35 pm	† 9:50 am
Montpelier Accommodation	† 7:05 am	†10:55 am
Detroit, N. Falls, & N. York	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls, & Bost. Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont., & Can. Ex.	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
Cont. Lim.. N. Y., Boston	*12:02 n'n	* 2:40 pm

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st., bet. Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. 'Phone Cent'l 1767.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Prairie State Exp.—St. Louis.	* 9:00 am	9:30 pm
The Alton Limited—St. Louis.	*11:00 am	4:30 pm
The Alton Limited—Peoria	†11:00 am	4:30 pm
Peoria and Kansas City	* 3:00 pm	1:30 pm
Bloomington Accom.	† 4:50 pm	10:30 am
Joliet Express	† 5:10 pm	7:45 pm
Kas. City, Denver & Calif'a	* 6:00 pm	8:45 am
St. Louis Palace Express	* 9:00 pm	7:15 am
St. Louis & K.C. Midnight Spl.	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
Peoria & Springf'ld Night Ex.	*11:30 pm	7:15 am

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. 'Phone Cent. 2037.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Galesburg & Fort Madison	† 7:28 am	† 5:02 pm
Kansas City, Oklahoma, Tex.	* 7:28 am	* [illegible]
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth	† 1:00 pm	† [illegible]
Streator and Joliet		†12:35 pm
Lemont, Lockport & Joliet	† 5:08 pm	† 8:42 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Tex.	* 6:00 pm	* 8:45 am
K. City, Calif. & Mexico	*10:00 pm	* 9:50 pm

The California Limited leaves Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 8 p. m.

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 195 Clark-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville	† 8:00 am	†5:40 pm
St. Elmo and Thebes	† 8:00 am	D†9:15 pm
Ind. Min. Spgs. & T. Haute. D	†11:05 am	†1:45 pm
N. Orleans & Florida Spec. D	* 1:50 pm	D*9:15 pm
Chicago & Nashville Lim.	* 7:00 pm	D*8:00 am
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	*9:03 am

D—Dining cars on these trains.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY. CO.—CITY OFFICE 230 S. Clark-st. 'Phone Har. 2357. Depot, 12th-st. and Park row. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Oshkosh, Eau Claire, Ashland, Ironwood & Pacific Coast.	*2:45 am / *6:15 pm	* 9:45 am / †11:05 am
Duluth and Superior	*6:15 pm	* 9:45 am
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah	†8:35 am / †1:30 pm	†1:10 pm / * 6:25 pm
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire	†8:35 am	* 6:25 pm
Waukesha Local	†4:00 pm	†10:15 am

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket office, 193 Clark-st. Tel. Central 721. Oakley-av. and Wells-st. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Colorado Special," D. Moines, Omaha, Denver	*10:00 am	*8:30 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 6:30 pm / *10:30 pm	*7:42 am / *9:30 am / *8:30 pm
Des Moines, Omaha	* 6:00 pm	*8:55 am
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	*10:30 pm	*7:42 am
Sioux City, Omaha	* 6:00 pm / *10:30 pm	c9:55 am / *9:02 am / *8:30 pm
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	† 6:00 pm	c9:02 am
Dixon, Sterling, C. Rapids	*12:35 pm	†12:25 pm
Black Hills & Deadwood	*10:30 pm	*7:42 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	*8:30 am
Duluth Limited	*10:00 pm	*9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Mad.	* 9:00 am	*12:25 pm
Eau Claire	*10:15 pm	*7:45 am
Winona, La Crosse, Madison.	† 9:00 am	†6:05 pm
Winona, La Crosse & Western Minnesota	† 3:00 am / *10:15 pm	†6:45 pm / *7:00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Appleton, Green Bay	† 8:00 am / †11:30 am	†6:10 pm / †1:15 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Jct.	† 3:00 pm	*1:15 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	k 3:00 pm	†4:00 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood & Rhinelander	† 3:00 am / * 5:00 pm	c7:30 am / *9:30 am
Oshk'h, G. Bay, Men'minee	a 3:00 pm	†9:30 am
Marquette & L. Superior	* 8:00 pm	*7:30 am
Green Bay, Florence, Hurley	† 3:00 am	*7:30 am

Davenport, Rock Island—Lv. *10:00 a. m., †12:31 p. m., *10:30 p. m.
Rockford and Freeport—Lv. *7:25 a. m., a8:45 a. m., †10:10 a. m., †4:45 p.m., a6:45 p.m., †11:40 p.m.
Rockford—Lv. *3 am., †9 am., a2:02 pm., †6:30 pm.
Beloit and Janesville—†3:00 a. m., a4:00 a. m., *9:00 a. m., †4:25 p. m., †4:45 p. m., †6:30 p. m.
Janesville—†5:05 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *10:00 p. m., *10:15 p. m.
Milwaukee—Lv. †3 a. m., a4 a. m., †7 a. m., *8 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †2 p. m., *3 p. m., *5 p. m., *8 p. m., *10:30 p. m. *Daily. †Ex. Sun. aSun. kDly to G. Bay. cEx. Mon. ‡Ex. Sat. aDly to Menom.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2199 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Mil., G. Bay, Marquette	† 3:00 am	† 9:45 pm
Milwaukee	† 7:00 am	† 1:45 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville.	† 8:20 am	† 5:55 pm
Milwaukee, St. Paul, Mpls.	* 9:00 am	* 9:45 pm
Wausau, Tomahawk, etc.	† 9:00 am	† 9:45 pm
Milwaukee, Mad. & West	* 9:00 am	* 4:00 pm
Milwaukee	†11:30 am	*11:15 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville.	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 2:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Milwaukee, G'n Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	† 1:10 pm
Milwaukee	† 3:00 pm	† 6:05 pm
Mad., P. du Chien & West	† 3:00 pm	†11:30 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville.	† 4:00 pm	†10:25 am
Milwaukee, Mad., Janesville	† 5:00 pm	* 1:10 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	* 6:15 pm	* 9:15 am
Rockford and Beloit	† 6:15 pm	† 9:35 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, S'x City, Des Moines	* 6:15 pm	* 9:35 am
Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls. The Pioneer Limited	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
Milwaukee, St. Paul, Mpls.	* 9:55 pm	* 7:00 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq't. The Copper Country Lim.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Milwaukee—St. Paul—Mpls.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, etc.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Ced. Rap.—K. City—S'x City.	†10:35 pm	† 7:15 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota.	†10:35 pm	† 7:15 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver	*10:35 pm	* 7:15 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. ‖Ex. Mon. §Sun. only.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY. Passenger Station: Van Buren, near Clark-st. City ticket office, cor. Adams and Dearborn-sts.

Trains—	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Des Moines	* 2:50 am	† 4:45 pm
Illinois & Davenport Mail	† 9:00 am	† 7:50 pm
Des Moines & Iowa Mail	† 9:00 am	† 2:00 pm
Peoria	† 9:00 am	† 2:00 pm
Washington & Oskaloosa	† 9:00 am	† 4:45 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	† 5:45 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 4:05 pm	† 9:50 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	† 4:00 pm	*10:45 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	† 4:00 pm	† 7:50 am
Peru Accommodation	† 5:02 pm	† 8:40 am
Joliet Special	† 5:00 pm	† 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, L'v'nworth, Atch., Colo. & Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	† 5:45 pm	† 4:45 pm
Omaha, Lincoln, Fairbury	* 6:30 pm	*10:45 am
Local to Davenport	† 1:00 pm	* 7:50 pm
Big Five to Denver, C. Spr'gs, Pueblo, via Omaha and Lincoln, Composite Libr'y Buffet Car, Dining car service.	*10:00 pm	† 7:59 am
Cedar Rap., St. Paul & Min.	*10:00 pm	† 8:00 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Joe, Des Moines, Omaha, Tex. & Col.	*11:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Peoria & Davenport	*11:30 pm	† 7:00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3831 MAIN. Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local to Burlington, Ia.	† 8:20 am	† 2:00 pm
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle.	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockf'd, Forreston.	† 8:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Local points in Ill. and Iowa.	†11:30 am	† 7:00 am
All points in Texas	*11:30 am	* 2:30 pm
Galesburg & Quincy	†11:30 am	† 2:30 pm
Clinton, Moline, Rock Island.	†11:30 am	† 2:30 pm
Fort Madison & Keokuk	† 4:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
Denver, Utah, California	* 4:00 pm	* 8:30 am
Ottawa and Streator	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Sterling, Rochelle, Rockford.	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Lincoln, Omaha, C. Bluffs	* 5:50 pm	* 8:30 am
Kansas City & St. Joseph	* 6:10 pm	* 9:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 8:50 am
Quincy and Kansas City	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	*10:55 pm	* 2:00 pm
Omaha, Lincoln, Denver	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Salt Lake, Ogden, California	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S.D.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park Row. Trains for the South [except fast mail] can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city ticket office, 99 Adams-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Spec.	* 8:30 am	* 9:20 pm
N. Orleans & Memphis Lim.	* 5:20 pm	*11:40 am
Monticello, Ill. & Decatur	* 5:30 pm	*11:40 am
St. Louis Diamond Special	* 9:10 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis Daylight special	*11:20 am	* 8:30 pm
Springfield & Decatur	*11:20 am	* 8:30 pm
Cairo Day Train	* 8:35 am	† 7:00 pm
Springfield & Decatur	† 9:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Fast Mail—Memph., N. Orl'ns	† 3:00 am	* 7:00 am
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 5:30 pm	†11:40 am
Southern Express	* 8:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Kankakee & Champaign	† 3:15 pm	†10:20 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 5:15 pm	*10:20 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls.	* 5:15 pm	*10:20 am
Omaha, Denver, S. Francisco.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	* 1:40 pm	*10:00 am
Dubuque, Ft. Dodge & Lyle	*10:05 am	† 2:30 pm
Rockford & Dubuque Exp.	† 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLE Leaf Route, Grand Central Station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams-st. 'Phone 2380 M.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, K. City, St. Jos.	* 6:30 pm / *10:30 pm	* 9:30 am / * 9:30 am
Des Moines, Marshallt'n	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 am
Sycamore & Byron Local	* 3:10 pm	*10:25 am

EASTERN.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE — CHICAGO Union Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station, at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Mansfield and Pittsburg	† 7:30 am	*7:45 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10:00 am	*5:10 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	*5:10 pm
The Keystone Express	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Columbus and the East	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Baltimore and Washington	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:30 am	*5:00 pm
Mansfield and Pittsburg	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
Baltimore and Washington	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	*9:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:15 pm	*7:15 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:15 pm	*7:15 am
Columbus and the East	* 9:15 pm	*7:15 am
Youngstown and Newcastle	*11:30 pm	*7:45 am
Pittsburg and the East	*11:30 pm	*7:45 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams St. and station, 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 53d St. April 29, 1900.

	Leave	Arrive
Mail and Express	† 6.45 am	† 2.20 pm
Grand Rapids and Muskegon	† 7.15 am	† 1.30 pm
New York and Boston Special	*10.30 am	* 4.00 pm
Grand Rapids Express	†12.00 n'n	† 5.00 pm
Fast Eastern Express	* 3.00 pm	* 8.55 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 4.30 pm	†11.10 am
Grand Rapids Express	† 5.00 pm	†10.20 pm
Detroit Night Express	* 9.35 pm	* 6.30 am
Atlantic Express	*11.30 pm	* 7.20 am
Saginaw and Bay City Sleeper	†11.30 pm	* 7.05 am
Grand Rapids Express	†11.30 pm	* 7.05 am
Muskegon Sleeper	†11.30 pm	† 7.05 am

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. §Ex. Monday.

THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R. and B. & A. Rys.—Station Van Buren-st. and Pacific-av. [on Elevated Loop] and 22d-st. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

*Daily. †Ex. Sun.	No.	Leave.	Arrive.	No.
Day Express, local			† 7:15 pm	
Buff., Alb'y & N.Y.	6	* 8:30 am	* 7:50 am	3
N. Y. & Bos. Spl.	10	*10:30 am	* 4:00 pm	21
New England Ex.	16	* 2:00 pm	*11:50 am	15
Lake Shore Lim.	22	* 5:30 pm	* 4:30 pm	19
Elkhart Accom.	176	† 5:43 pm	†10:00 am	173
N. Y. & Bos. Ex.	28	* 9:00 pm	* 7:10 am	27
Buffalo & the East.	32	* 3:00 am	* 9:00 pm	23

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STAtion. Ticket office, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette & Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	† 8:30 am	† 5:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	*11:45 am	* 6:40 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati		† 6:50 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	† 8:20 pm	†10:35 am
Lafayette & Louisville	* 8:30 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 8:30 pm	* 7:23 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

ERIE LINES [CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILroad]—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station. 'Phone 965 Main.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	†7:30 am	† 6:25 pm
New York and Boston	*3:00 pm	* 5:20 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo	*3:00 pm	* 5:20 pm
Rochester & Huntington Ac.	†4:10 pm	†10:00 am
New York & Boston	*9:20 pm	* 7:35 am
Columbus & Norfolk, Va.	*9:20 pm	* 7:35 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, 12TH-ST. AND Park Row, and 22d, 39th, 53d, and 63d-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Lafayette & Louisville	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington	†1:00 pm	†6:40 pm
Lafayette & Louisville	*8:30 pm	*7:15 am
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	*8:30 pm	*7:15 am

BALTIMORE & OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. Ticket office, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

Trains—Daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Y. & Wash. vest. limited	10:20 am	9:00 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Pitts. vest. lim.	3:30 pm	9:00 am
Columbus & Wheeling Exp.	7:00 pm	7:30 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Exp.	8:30 pm	7:30 am

NICKEL-PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, Van Buren-st., near Clark-st., on Elevated Loop. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	10:35 am	6:10 pm
New York Express	2:30 pm	9:30 am
New York and Boston Express	10:30 pm	7:40 am

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st., and Auditorium Annex. 'Phone Central 2057.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

DR. BARRY'S "ARDEN MASSITER" FALLS SHORT OF SUCCESS.

It Shows a Wealth of Learning and Much Beauty of Style, but Its Characters Are Not Real or Convincing—Mrs. M. E. M. Davis' Novel, "The Queen's Garden," Contains the True Atmosphere of Southern Life, but Its Love Story Is Less Pleasing.

EACH succeeding book of Dr. William Barry seems to grow more lofty, more erudite, farther removed from the real heart and life of things. "The New Antigone" was interesting, "The Two Standards" was readable, but his latest, "Arden Massiter" (Century company), is heavy and unconvincing. The world seems to have stolen a march upon the learned doctor, for the characters, events, and whole atmosphere of the book are distinctly of the middle ages, despite the fact that it aims to be as modern as possible. So deep is this impression that it is quite a shock when one first sees the Madonna-faced Princess Costanza walk briskly forth from her father's house clad in a tight-fitting, tailor-made gown.

Arden Massiter is an English journalist, sent from London to Rome as a correspondent for a Socialist newspaper. Through the Cardinal he is introduced to a young Prince, who also has socialistic inclinations, and who invites him to his ancestral home, an old castle situated on a rocky eminence high up the mountain, where the storms of centuries have reduced it to a state of interesting dilapidation. Between this quiet and princely retreat and the low dives and dangerous by-ways of Rome he spends his time; on day basking in the light of the Princess Costanza's glorious eyes and the next the possible victim of every brigand in the Eternal City. His relations with these outlaws lead to the destruction of the village on the Prince's estate and the abduction of the Princess, all of which is laid at his door, and he is driven in disgrace from the castle. He succeeds in capturing the leader of the band of brigands, however, and then all is made clear. The end is tragic.

Dr. Barry's style is elaborate, dignified, and often beautiful. His learning is profound; his frequent classic references and allusions are tastefully and effectively used, and they give him a rhetorical leeway, of which he takes full advantage. But his women are too delicate, beautiful, and good for anything but to pose and pray, and the men are a trifle fiercer and more bloodthirsty and intrepid than is in keeping with the times.

The first half of "The Queen's Garden," by Mrs. M. E. M. Davis (Houghton-Mifflin), is a pretty story. Most of the events are highly improbable, but the author has so infused into her chapters the charm of this wonderful Southern garden that its soft and sleepy atmosphere of dolce far niente is a sort of anesthetic that puts one's credulity to sleep, and everything passes unchallenged. Noel Lepeyre is a veritable Cinderella, who in a single day is transformed from a penniless New England school teacher into the Princess, and no one would dream she had not been a Princess all her life. Her aunt, Mme. Chrétien, who has never laid eyes upon her, is the fairy godmother. The Prince, in the guise of a newspaper reporter, lives next door to Mme. Chrétien. For a few mornings he watches Noel promenading in her garden, and then one moonlight night, unable to bear the existing state of things a minute longer, he makes his way to her, calls her by her first name, and tells her he loves her. She, not in the least surprised, calls him by his first name, and says she loves him, and so they are betrothed. Within a week both are stricken with yellow fever. The aunt, too, falls a victim, and dies, leaving her immense fortune to Noel. After these unhappy events there is one more chapter to tell how Noel and her Prince, each believing the other dead, met in the garden.

The opening chapters are the best. Noel's father, in his early manhood, had left his father's house because of a difference with his sister, but he never forgot the garden, and it was always the scene of the fairy tales he told his little daughter. As Noel wanders about the old inclosure every object recalls some part of the beautiful stories she had heard so long ago. The chapters telling in this delightful way of old associations are charming, and not at all in keeping with the ordinary events of the later love episode, into which the hideous scourge of fever enters so largely.

"The Trials of the Bantocks," by G. S. Street (John Lane), is an interesting little collection of satires, in which the reader is given a glimpse of the Bantock family from its own point of view. The light of virtue is thrown on the Bantocks' faults, and their defects are hidden by a smooth, even wall of dignity. Of the terrible trials that came like battering rams against this wall, shaking to its foundations, the author gives a touching and graphic account.

Mr. Bantock, large, pompous, and prosperous, would have considered himself safe within his fortress but for Merryweather. At any time, under any circumstances, this shabby friend of his youth would call out by way of greeting: "Hello, Bantock!" A thing no one else dared to do. So Merryweather was a continual thorn in Mr. Bantock's flesh, until one day things came to a crisis. Mr. Bantock was sitting in a fashionable hotel with some fashionable friend, when Merryweather passed, slapping him so hard on the back that his sherry spilled in his soup. This was more than flesh and blood could endure, and a position was secured in Australia for Merryweather.

No less heart-rending was Mrs. Bantock's trial with the dreadful governess, who on three occasions, and in the presence of the whole family, presumed to differ with her regarding the merits of some popular authors, and who finally came so near hitting her with a tennis ball that the great woman had to duck and run four steps to get out of the way. Of course, after this the governess had to leave. But the most dreadful of all the trials befell Russell, the eldest son of the house, when some one stole his tall hat, and he had to walk down Piccadilly, on Sunday morning, in a frock coat and pot hat. It was the longest, the most painful and miserable walk of his whole life.

The book is extremely well written, the humor delicate and refined, and the moral obvious.

The half dozen or more short stories grouped by Florence Hull Winterburn, under the title of "Southern Hearts" (Lupton), are not without merit or interest. The characters, which are true Southern types, are worthy conceptions, worthily portrayed, and about the construction of the two or three more pretentious stories there is an adroitness that speaks well for the author's ability.

Another and widely different collection is "Toomey and Others," by Robert Shackleton (Scribners). These stories deal exclusively with New York's submerged tenth, and the brief time required to read them is spent between various tenements and Blackwell's Island. Some of the stories are meant to be pathetic and some humorous, and while the material contained in them is more than adequate they fail to carry conviction with them. The author evidently has something to tell, but just as evidently has not yet learned the art of telling it.

Fresh Literary Notes.

Murat Halstead is preparing a "Souvenir History of the Republican Party," which will shortly be issued by authority of the Republican National committee at Washington.

The Club Fellow, claiming to be the satirical journal of Chicago and the West, is artistically gotten up, takes a novel view point, and tells things in a bright, clever, fearless manner. Its latest cover design by Lyendecker is one of that artist's best.

Fac-similes of two of Mr. E. A. Burbank's famous Indian paintings are striking features of the May number of Truth. The supplement accompanying this number is a fac-simile reproduction of Paul de Longpré's beautiful painting, "Spring's Message."

The Catholic World Magazine for May devotes its editorial page to but one idea, and that is the relation of the administration at Washington to the Catholic Church in our new possessions. It strenuously opposes the sequestration of the property now held by the Philippine friars. It also denounces the Cuban law that calls for civil marriages.

The statue of George Washington, to be unveiled at Paris July 3, is the title page picture in the latest issue of The Little Chronicle, Chicago's weekly newspaper for boys and girls. A funny article tells of a boys and girls' college in Texas supported by buffaloes, and of the efforts of "Buffalo" Jones and "Buffalo Bill" are making to save the bison from becoming extinct.

SHORT STORY of the DAY.

THE WALK. AN OUT-OF-DOOR STUDY.



THEY had come so far that there was scarcely a trace of anything familiar. The others had gone back to the hotel or strayed into different ways, and the two were now quite alone going along the sandy road, their eyes squinting in the glare of the sun, and half blinded by the sweep of earth and sky that stretched away.

She held her skirts out of the dust, and looked about with parted lips. She had lost her first youth, but there burned a clearer, inextinguishable loveliness. The man walking beside her was a partial stranger, if one known to the whole world in circle may still claim the beneficent shade of the word. They had not met two days before, but strangely they had fallen into the reverent silence that is the communion of tried friends, and took in the view with that half smiling, frowning look with which sight recoils from the first dazzling beam of spring.

After some time they came out where the road ran through farm lands, and they could see miles and miles on either hand. There was a smell of new turned earth and a faint perfume of far-off early fruit in bloom.

The man said: "This reminds me of when I was a boy," and turned his head sniffing the fragrant air.

The woman said: "It is likewise——" and did not go on. Then sense was intangible.

When they came to a fallen tree they sat down, and looked over the plowed fields with the hedges budding in faint, misty greens.



"It is like the old valley farm my father used to own," he said in a glow of memory, and they fell to watching a man at the farther end of the field sowing something.

"When I was a boy," he went on, "I had to plow in the early spring with the frost on the ground. I was barefooted, but the place where the oxen had lain was warm, and I used to stand there warming my feet, taking in long breaths."

"I had none of it—only city walls, roofs, chimneys! And yet the season's pass over them. I can remember the feeling of some mornings"—she clasped her hands around her knees, and looked away with the dim reflection of a remote ecstasy in her eyes. "Some of those days, such as this, it seemed to me that things were somehow equal; rich and poor had the same gift if we could but rise to it. The tragedy lies in that we seek a separate, personal good and the one gift transcends our sense of goods."

High priest in the temple of economics, his last altar light glittering in its socket in honor of the unknown god of equalization, he thought, "Does she want my arguments?" And was annoyed to be reminded of them, but the half-mystical chant set some long, still chords vibrating, and when he looked at her again he saw she was still smiling and looking away. He did not understand women, but some impulse seemed stirring in her. She rose to go, an he got up. She was still smiling and looking off. When they came to the strip of green she said: "I had none of it—no nature mood, except what I sensed. I lacked even the maturity of nature, doubly orphaned—so alone," she added with the note of an old plaint in her voice, and then they went on in silence, for the road had dwindled to an indefinite bridle path, and they were walking singly. It was not the way they had come. Sometimes the branches hung so low that they barred the way, and he was forced to go before and press them back. It was cool and green with the young leaves shivering and rustling.

When they neared the end of the woods and the yellow, sunny road came to view with the hotels and cottages and the others sauntering on before, she turned to him with her strange, smiling eyes. "Let me tell you. It was such a long while ago it cannot matter," and then she bit her lips and flushed slowly. "It is strange how things come about."

He was not used to sensing the half-breathed confidences of women, and, straining to seize her meaning, he found himself alone with a strange, new consciousness. Another overhanging branch crossed the way. He pressed it back, and she bent her head to pass, and laughed softly. "It was such a long time ago, and I had no one—no friend—and out of the void—it follows the laws of creation—I constructed a word (which means brotherhood) from the names that the serving folk honored, and the poor with them. I had their word that he was friend to them, and so I fell to loving my names—my vision-folk." Her smile had died out to the faint reflection of a smoldering, wistful thought, and her eyes were upon the long, sandy stretch, where some children were running about. "And that day when they—they turned full cry—you remember?"

His lips shut bolt.

"I started for Morton cottage to prove that there was one faithful——"

He looked at her in a dawning sense, and was about to speak, but she went on in a hurried, hushed fashion, for the others had stopped to wait for them. "They found me on the road, and brought me back, and I cried long into the night. It is such a long while ago, I can tell it like an old tale." And then, in the blinding mist of it, she smiled—eyes, lips, chin, brow together, in one beam, for the child who leaped to her and belted his arms about her waist to walk beside her. "My son," she said, and was for the hand-shaking. "This is—ah, but see, he knows his heroes."

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EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Miss Lilian Bell and Mr. Arthur H. Bogue to Be Married at 6 P. M. Today.

Social events for today:

Wedding of Miss Lilian Bell and Mr. Arthur H. Bogue at 3930 Lake avenue at 6 o'clock.

Meeting of the International Folklore association at the residence of Mr. Franklin H. Head, 2 Banks street, at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. W. J. Bryson, 169 Buena avenue, a luncheon for Mrs. Ernest F. Smith.

Miss Mary McEwen of Chicago will be maid of honor to Miss Wilhelmina Havemeyer, whose marriage to Mr. Andrew L. Stone of Oakland, Cal., will take place on Thursday afternoon, May 17, at St. Paul's Church, Riverside. Mr. James McKee of San Francisco will be the best man, and the bridemaids and ushers will be:

Miss Ethel Havemeyer, Miss Florence MacArthur,
Miss Emma Kirk, Miss Zuergensen of New York.
Miss Hyde of Yonkers, N. Y.,
Mr. N. H. Mundy, Mr. W. A. Havemeyer, Jr.,
Mr. Albert Brayton, Oakland, Cal., Mr. Alfred McEwen.
Mr. H. E. Havemeyer, New York. Mr. George Wheaton, San Francisco.

A reception will follow the ceremony at 4:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Havemeyer.

Mrs. Oliver M. Parsons and Miss Woodman, 3015 Groveland avenue, gave a tea from 3 till 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Miss Booth of Dubuque, Ia. Assisting in receiving were Mrs. Arthur J. Whipple, Miss Ives, Miss Cala Doolittle, and Miss Edith Wilson.

Mrs. A. C. Bartlett, 2720 Prairie avenue, will give a dinner on Tuesday evening, May 15, to be followed by a reading.

A luncheon was given to Mrs. Penoyer L. Sherman yesterday by the retiring board of directers of the Woman's club at the Fine Arts Building.

Toshiro Fujita, the Japanese Consul, and his wife will give an official reception at their residence, 169 East Fifty-first street, tomorrow evening in honor of the marriage of his Royal Highness Yashihito, the Crown Prince of Japan, and Princess Sadako, which will take place at the Tokio Palace tomorrow. The members of the Japanese colony in Chicago will be the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest F. Smith, 61 Cedar street, leave on Friday for the East, and sail for Europe on Aug. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Warshauer of New York are visiting Mrs. J. A. Rothschild, 2633 Michigan avenue. They will be at home on Thursday afternoons and evenings in May.

HOLDS CHILD FOR A DEBT.

Milwaukee Man Keeping Mrs. Ida Collins' 4-Year-Old Daughter Till She Pays $3.75.

Janesville, Wis., May 8.—[Special.]—Mrs. Ida Collins complained to Chief of Police Hogan that Joseph T. Waggoner of 67 Palm street is unlawfully in possession of her 4-year-old daughter, Sarah Collins, and refused to surrender the child until its board bill of $3.75 was paid. Mrs. Collins placed the child in the Waggoner family with the understanding she was to pay for her board at the rate of $1.25 a week. She owed $15.75, of which amount $12 has been paid. The police said they could do nothing

TEACHER SUES DR. ZIEGFELD.

Arturo Buzzi-Peccia Asks $50,000 for Alleged Breach of Contract and Damage to Reputation.

Arturo Buzzi-Peccia, an Italian vocal teacher, formerly employed at the Chicago College of Music, filed suit yesterday in the Circuit Court for $50,000 damages against Dr. Florence Ziegfeld, President of the college. Alleged breach of contract and making of statements damaging to his reputation as a teacher is the ground. Peccia was employed by the college in 1898 under a contract for five years, and was discharged in October, 1899. As reasons for the discharge officers of the college alleged that he did not perform his duty to the institution.

Peccia was brought from Milan upon the recommendation of well known Italian musicians. His first season at the college was successful.

Charles Gauthier, the tenor who sang in the Grau opera company, has been engaged to supply the position formerly occupied by Peccia.

HUNDRED YEARS OLD TODAY.

Francis Anthony of Heyworth, Ill., to Hold a Celebration to Commemorate the Event.

Heyworth, Ill., May 8.—[Special.]—Francis Anthony will celebrate his 100th birthday tomorrow at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. C. Freeman, on a farm near this place. The centenarian is in excellent health and bids fair to live a number of years.

Mr. Anthony was born in the County Tyrone, Ireland, May 9, 1800. He came to New Brunswick at an early age. Five years later he located in New York City, where, in 1826, he married Mary Stewart. In 1826 he moved to Canada, bought a farm in Huntingdon County, Que., and became a farmer. Eleven children, five sons and six daughters, were born to them.

In 1875 Mr. and Mrs. Anthony, with their youngest daughter, came to Illinois and located at Bloomington, near which city two sons had engaged in farming. Mrs. Anthony died in 1890, at the age of 84. Since that time Mr. Anthony has made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Freeman, who is his youngest child. Mr. Anthony has always abstained from liquor and tobacco.

HOMEOPATHS ARE IN SESSION.

Illinois Association Holds Its Forty-fifth Annual Convention in the Masonic Temple.

Homeopaths from all parts of Illinois gathered to attend the forty-fifth annual convention of the Illinois Homeopathic Medical association, held in the Masonic Temple. Dr. George F. Shears of Chicago is the President, and Dr. Edgar E. George is secretary.

Will Not Quit Use of Pipe Lines.

It was rumored yesterday that Waukesha (Hygeia) Water company had decided to sell its pipe line. Secretary A. W. Berker denied the report, saying the company used the line continually and had no intention of quitting its use. The line was built for the World's Fair and pipes were run from Big Bend to Jackson Park. The company has two miles of eight-inch pipe running south from Waukesha. It is not used, and some people believe it may be sold.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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Infanta Maria de las Mercedes.

THE course of true love runs even less smoothly in royal and imperial palaces than in the abodes of people of less exalted rank. For considerations of a dynastic and political character serve to increase the number of obstacles of a more ordinary and commonplace character. Seldom are Princes and Princesses of the blood permitted to follow the dictates of their hearts, and it is no exaggeration to state that the majority of royal marriages are loveless.

Just at the present moment there is a charming maiden of illustrious birth bemoaning her unhappy fate at not being permitted to wed the Prince who has owned her heart for more than two years, and she vows that if she is not permitted to marry him she will remain single to the end of her days, a threat which bids fair to give rise to dynastic and political complications.

The royal maiden in question is the Infanta Maria de las Mercedes, eldest sister of the young King of Spain, and who during the six months that intervened between his birth and his father's sudden demise occupied the throne under the title of Queen Mercedes. Thus the Infanta, although she is barely 20 years of age, is already an ex-Queen, at the same time being next heir to her young brother, and as such invested with the title of Princess of the Asturias.

The Prince to whom she has given her heart is Charles of Bourbon, second son of Don Alfonso of Bourbon, who is titular King of Naples, and of the two Sicilies since the death of his elder brother, ex-King Francis, and who makes his home at Cannes, in the south of France, where he lives with his enormous family of children under the name of Count Caserta. Prince Charles is a man of about 30 years of age, who holds the rank of Captain in the Spanish army, and who served with such gallantry in Cuba against the insurgents that he was decorated by Captain General Martinez Campos with the order of St. Ferdinand, which is the Spanish equivalent of the English Victoria Cross.

Like his elder brother, the Duke of Calabria, married to Princess Marie of Bavaria, he makes his home at Madrid, is entirely without fortune, and dependent on the allowance which the Queen Regent is generous enough to give him.

This poverty, as well as the fact of his being one of the Neapolitan Bourbons who have brought so much sorrow, shame, and disaster upon Spain, renders people of every shade of political opinions throughout the peninsula averse to his becoming the husband of the Princess of the Asturias, and as such a probable King Consort of Spain. Moreover, Prince Charles is the son of a pretender who is renowned for his bigotry and for his altogether reactionary and medieval ideas on the subject of popular government and of the political questions of the day, added to which Prince Charles might through the death of his stout and apoplectic father and of his elder brother (who has only daughters) find himself at any moment in the position of pretender to the throne of Naples and head of the Bourbon movement in Italy, which could not fail to prove embarrassing to Spain.

It is on this ground that the Spanish government and the people are strongly opposed to any marriage between Princess Mercedes and Prince Charles of Bourbon, and that not only the Conservative Premier, Silvelas, but likewise the veteran Liberal statesman and leader, Sagasta, have urged upon the Queen Regent to send Prince Charles from Madrid and to order him to travel abroad—in one word, to banish him from the country—in the hope of breaking off the match.

The Queen Regent is most reluctant to do this. For not only is she fond of Prince Charles, who may be said to have enjoyed until now the free run of the royal palace, but she has likewise told her daughter that she sympathizes with her infatuation and would like her to marry Prince Charles. But she realizes that under present circumstances she would imperil her boy's throne were she to give her official consent as Regent to the match.

I have no intention to embark upon a course of history here in order to show how terribly Spain has suffered at the hands of the Neapolitan Bourbons. But I would merely point out that it is to Princess Christina of Naples, who married King Ferdinand VII. of Spain, that the unfortunate kingdom is indebted for all the numerous Carlist wars which have done so much to destroy the prosperity of the kingdom and to retard its economic development, and likewise for endowing the court of Madrid with a stigma of disrepute and of immorality that caused it to be shunned until it was purified and its good name restored by the estimable woman who now rules Spain as its Regent.

In view of the widespread publicity which has been given in the newspapers of this country to the domestic misfortunes of General Sir William Gatacre, most sensational stories being printed as to the flight to this country of "Lady" Gatacre with a man who was not only Sir William's fellow-officer but likewise his most intimate friend, it is only fair to call attention to the fact that the former wife of General Gatacre never bore the title of "Lady," since he was only knighted by the Queen a couple of years ago. Moreover, the gallant General is by no means a deserted and disconsolate husband, as he has been portrayed, but has been for a number of years married to the Hon. Beatrix Davey, one of the twin daughters of Lord Davey, a Lord Justice of Appeal. There has never, therefore, been but one "Lady" Gatacre, who is passionately devoted to her husband, and who has been with him at all his various stations in India, in Egypt, and, in fact, everywhere he has been excepting in south Africa. On his recall the other day she went as far as Madeira to meet him, welcome him home, and to console him for the treatment to which he has been subjected in being sent back to England. Lady Gatacre is a magnificent rider, and while in India acquired considerable celebrity for her skill in the arduous and dangerous sport of pig-sticking. I would not have referred to the gallant General's domestic misfortunes in connection with his first marriage had it not been for the purpose of correcting the erroneous impression likely to be caused in this country concerning the present Lady Gatacre by the widespread circulation of the stories printed in America about the gallant General's first wife.

Mr. Lardy, the new Secretary of the Swiss Legation at Washington, is the son of the diplomat of that name who has represented the Helvetian Republic for so many years, first as Secretary of Legation, then as Minister resident, and finally as Minister Plenipotentiary at Paris, a post so agreeable that he has declined the highest offices in his own country. The young Secretary of the Swiss Legation at Washington ought to be exceedingly well off, financially speaking. For the wife of the Swiss envoy at Paris is one of the daughters and heiresses of the immensely wealthy Protestant banker, Vernet, who, together with the equally wealthy Calvinist banker, André, may be regarded as the principal pillar of the Gallic Protestant Church and the chief of the entire Protestant community in France.

All sorts of rumors are flying about concerning the Duke of Orleans, there being only one point on which they all coincide—namely: that every country shows a disinclination to offer him any hospitality, having learned by the experience of England the sorry return which he is accustomed to make for this favor. The King of Belgium has declined to permit him to establish his residence in his dominions. The King of Italy has turned an equally deaf ear to his applications for permission to make his headquarters at Turin, where he wanted to buy a palace.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

Vaudeville Attractions.

After an absence of several months Josephine Sabel is back in Chicago, appearing this week at the Chicago Opera-House. She is singing two new songs, but she has not found the successor to "A Hot Time," nor does that one-time favorite rouse the audience in the old familiar way. She sings it as an encore number. At the same theater Patrice is presenting a sketch which is clever in idea. Twisting the Pygmalion-Galatea story into a changed form, Patrice impersonates a great-grandmother who steps from the gilded frame where her portrait has stood and spends an hour in conversation with her great-grandson. Clifford and Huth appear in a song and dance sketch which is pleasing the audiences, and Wormwood's dogs and monkeys are amusing performers. At the Olympic a newly imported quartet of European musical entertainers are the headliners, while McIntyre and Heath are featured at the Haymarket.

Hopkins' Continuous Show.

Hopkins' Theater has returned to the continuous style of performance, and the bill this week comprises "Faust," with vaudeville between acts. Maurice Freeman appears as Mephistopheles, Robert Wayne not having returned to the cast. Mr. Freeman was the leading man with the St. Louis section of the company, which closed its season last week. Miss Hosmer has the rôle of Marguerite, and Robert Cummings that of Faust. Gallando, the clay modeler, and Banks and Nona Winters are the chief vaudeville entertainers, while added diversion is given by the kinodrome, which presents moving pictures of "Cinderella," this year's Drury Lane pantomime.

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